

WHEREAS, the Federal Government from its inception has delegated to itself the control of such sources of taxation as the tariff, excise and income taxes, practically to the exclusion of the States, and

WHEREAS, the States lacking such taxing powers, inaugurated the policy of taxing gasoline as a partial solution of its taxation problem:

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring that we respectfully petition the Congress of the United States to recede from its policy of a national tax on gasoline, so that the State may avail itself of this additional source of income to be levied by it for such purposes as its Constitution or laws may direct.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this resolution be transmitted by the Secretary of State to the Congress of the United States and to the Minnesota delegates in Congress.

Approved February 8, 1935.

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RESOLUTION No. 9 (S. F. No. 378)

*Memorializing the President of the United States of America to proclaim October 11th of each year as "General Pulaski's Memorial Day" for the observance and commemoration of the death of Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski.*

WHEREAS, The 11th day of October, 1779, is the date in American history of the heroic death of Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski, who died from wounds received on October 9th, 1779, at the siege of Savannah, Georgia; and

WHEREAS, The States of Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Nevada, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and other States of the Union, through legislative enactment designated October 11th of each year as "General Pulaski's Memorial Day"; and

WHEREAS, It is fitting that the recurring anniversary of this day be commemorated with suitable patriotic and public exercises in observing and commemorating the heroic death of this great American hero of the Revolutionary War; and

WHEREAS, The Congress of the United States of America has by legislative enactment designated October 11, 1929; October 11, 1931; October 11, 1932; and October 11, 1934, to be General Pulaski's Memorial Day in United States of America:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Senate of the State of Minnesota, and the House of Representatives of the State of Minnesota concurring, that we hereby memorialize and petition the Congress of the United States to pass, and the President of the United States to approve, if passed, the General Pulaski's Memorial Day Resolution now pending in the United States Congress.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Secretary of the State of Minnesota be and he hereby is instructed to transmit certified copies of this Resolution, to the presiding officers of the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States and to each member thereof from the State of Minnesota.

Approved February 8, 1935.

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RESOLUTION No. 10 (S. F. No. 268)

*A joint resolution, memorializing Congress to enact a law providing for the immediate cash payment of the adjusted service certificates held by veterans of the World War.*

WHEREAS, The Congress of the United States has heretofore enacted a law providing for the issuing of Adjusted Service Certificates to veterans of the World War, providing for payment of certain sums of money to each veteran, and pursuant to such law, have issued such certificates, which are now held by millions of veterans of the World War; and

WHEREAS, concerted effort is being made at this time, for ex-service men generally throughout the country, to urge the Congress of the United States to enact into law a bill providing for the immediate cash payment of such Adjusted Service Certificates; and,

WHEREAS, The immediate cash payment of the adjusted service certificates will increase tremendously the purchasing power of millions of the consuming public, distributed uniformly throughout the nation; and will provide relief for the holders thereof who are in dire need and distress because of the present unfortunate economic conditions; and will lighten immeasurably the burden which cities, counties and states are now required to carry for relief, and