

said order is not obeyed within 30 days, or such shorter time as may be named in the order, the board itself shall take charge of and provide for such child."

Sec. 3. What are children's homes.—Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 4569, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"4569. Any person who receives for care or treatment or has in his custody at any one time one or more infants under the age of *fourteen* years, unattended by a parent or guardian, for the purpose of providing *such child or children* with food, care and lodging, except infants related to him by blood or marriage, shall be deemed to maintain an infants' home.

The word "person" where used in this act shall include individuals, partnerships, voluntary associations and corporations; provided, however, that this act shall not be construed to relate to any institution under the management of the state board of control or to its officers or agents, nor to any person who has received for care alone, children from not more than one family during any period of 30 days.

This act shall not apply to any person who receives for care, only children in the care or custody of a private child welfare agency, if such agency is approved by the state board of control to select persons to care for such children. The state board of control is hereby empowered to grant such approvals to such private welfare agencies as in its judgment will select only persons to care for such children who would otherwise be eligible to receive and hold a license under this act, and upon its own motion or after investigations occasioned by complaint of any citizen to the Board it may revoke such approvals when it believes such revocation to be for the public good.

Approved April 5, 1935.

CHAPTER 113—H. F. No. 476.

An act fixing the salaries of county commissioners in all counties now or hereafter having an area of not more than 23 nor less than 20 full and fractional congressional townships and having an assessed valuation of not more than \$6,000,000.00, exclusive of moneys and credits.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Salaries of county board in certain counties.— In all counties of the State now or hereafter having an area of not more than 23 nor less than 20 full and fractional congressional townships and having an assessed valuation of not more than \$6,000,000.00, exclusive of moneys and credits, the county commissioners shall receive a salary of \$420.00 per annum, payable in monthly installments and in the same manner as salaries of other county officers are now paid.

Sec. 2. Mileage of county board in certain counties.— The county commissioners in any such county shall receive five cents per mile for every mile necessarily travelled in attending meeting of the county board and the performance of committee work authorized by the county board, payable on verified claims approved by the county board.

Approved April 4, 1935.

CHAPTER 114—H. F. No. 531.

An act amending Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 237, relating to municipal courts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

Section 1. Compensation of judges of municipal court.— Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 237, is hereby amended so as to read as follows :

"237. Whenever the common council of any city of the third or fourth class, where any municipal court heretofore has been or hereafter shall be organized, shall fail to fix the salary of the municipal judge, as provided for by law, or the mayor shall not approve the salary fixed by the council, such judge shall receive as his compensation until such salary shall be so fixed and approved the same fees as is provided for in *Laws 1895, Chapter 229, Section 32*, and shall, in addition to his duties as such judge perform the duties incumbent on the clerk of such municipal court, and jurors in such municipal court may by resolution adopted by its common council or governing body and approved by its mayor, be compensated in the same manner as in justice court.

The common council in cities of the fourth class, having a population of less than 5,000 inhabitants, which heretofore has been or hereafter may be incorporated under the laws of this state, and which have not organized a municipal court at