

of the congregation, *board of trustees, chapter or vestry* a successor shall be elected to fill the unexpired term caused by such vacancy.

After said meeting the chairman and secretary shall make a certificate in the form and manner prescribed by *Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, sections 7963, 7977 or 7982, as the case may be*, and such certificate, together with proof by affidavit of the giving of proper notice of the meeting, and the affidavits provided for in *Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, section 7997*, shall be recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds at the county where the place of worship of said consolidated society is located, and thereupon such churches, congregations, *parishes, parish and cathedral*, or societies shall be merged into a new corporation under the name specified in the certificate and the new corporation shall have the rights, powers and privileges and shall be liable for all the obligations of the several corporations so consolidated and all of the property of every kind and nature of the original corporation shall vest in the new corporation, *and, whenever by any will or other instrument which takes effect after such consolidation, any of said original corporations is named as a legatee or devisee, or as beneficiary of any trust therein provided, said new corporation shall take under such will or other instrument and shall receive and become entitled to all the money, property and benefits that the original corporation would have received under such will or other instrument, save as therein otherwise expressly provided.*"

Sec. 4. Certain notices validated.—*All notices given, resolutions adopted, meetings held and other proceedings taken in accordance with the provisions of Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, sections 7996, 7997 and 7998, as amended by this act, shall be valid and effective for all purposes whether the same take place before or after the passage of this act.*

✓ Approved April 24, 1935.

CHAPTER 266—S. F. No. 400

An act to amend Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Sections 5769, 5771, as amended by Special Laws of 1933-34, Chapter 27, 5772, 5774, 5775, 5781 and 5782, relating to the practice of chiropody.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Definitions.—That Section 5769, Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927 be amended so as to read as follows:

"5769. The definition of the word 'chiroprody' shall be held to be the *diagnosis or* medical, mechanical or surgical treatment of the ailments of the human hand or foot. It shall also include the fitting or recommending of appliances, devices or shoes for the correction or relief of minor foot ailments, except the amputation of the foot, hand, toes, fingers or the use of anesthetics other than local."

Sec. 2. Registration of practitioners without examination.—That Section 5771, Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, as amended by Chapter 27, Special Session Laws of 1933-34, be amended so as to read as follows:

"5771. Within thirty days after the enactment of this Act, said board shall notify all persons engaged in the practice of chiroprody in this state, of the provisions of the Act, by publication in one or more newspapers in each county, and every practitioner of chiroprody, twenty-one years of age or over and of good moral character who shall make application for registration before the 1st day of July, 1917, and who can prove to the satisfaction of the board that he was engaged in the practice of chiroprody in this state January first, 1917, shall, upon payment of a fee of ten dollars, be registered without examination and shall receive in testimony thereof a certificate signed by the chairman and secretary of said board.

Application for registration shall be made upon blanks furnished by the board and shall be signed and sworn to by the applicant.

All fees received by the board shall, once a month be paid by its secretary into the treasury of the state."

Sec. 3. Registration by examination.—That Section 5772, Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, be amended so as to read as follows:

"5772. Any person not entitled to registration as aforesaid, who shall furnish the board with satisfactory proof that he is 21 years of age or over and of good moral character and who shall provide documentary evidence of preliminary education received prior to entering the study of chiroprody equal to that required for completion of four years work of a first grade high school course and who shall present a diploma or certificate from a school of chiroprody recognized by the board of

chiroprody examiners of this state, having a minimum requirement of *at least three years' course* of at least eight months each, shall, upon payment of a fee of \$25, be examined, and if found qualified, shall be registered and shall receive in testimony thereof a certificate signed by the chairman and secretary of the board.

An applicant who fails to pass an examination satisfactory to the board, and is therefore refused registration, shall be entitled, within one year after such refusal, to a re-examination at a meeting of the board called for the examination of applicants, upon payment of an additional fee of two dollars for each such re-examination, but two such re-examinations shall exhaust his privilege under his original application.

Any person to whom a certificate of registration is granted under the provisions of this act, shall designate himself as a doctor of surgical chiroprody.

Before the first of June in each year every registered chiroprodist shall pay to the board a license renewal fee of two dollars, and in default of such payment the board may, upon hearing and notice, revoke the registration of the chiroprodist in default, but the payment of such fee on or before the time of hearing, together with a penalty of five dollars, shall excuse the default. Such fee may also be collected by the board in a civil action."

Sec. 4. Offenses—Penalties.—That Section 5774, Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, be amended so as to read as follows:

"5774. Any person who shall unlawfully obtain registration under this act, whether by false or untrue statements contained in his application to the board or by presenting to said board a fraudulent diploma, certificate or license or one fraudulently obtained, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars; or by imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than ninety days, and any person not being lawfully authorized to practice chiroprody in this state and registered as aforesaid, who shall advertise as a chiroprodist, in any form, or hold himself out to the public as a chiroprodist, or who, not being duly licensed to practice medicine, osteopathy or chiropractic in this state shall offer to diagnose or treat the ailment of the human foot, or who shall diagnose or treat the ailments of the human foot by medicinal, mechanical or surgical means, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction thereof,

for each offense be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than ninety days; provided that the fitting or recommending of appliances, devices or shoes for the prevention, correction or relief of feet ailments or troubles by shoe dealers or others not holding themselves out to the public as chiropodists shall not be considered the practice of chiropody under the terms of this act."

Sec. 5. **Evidence of practicing.**—That Section 5775, Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, be amended so as to read as follows:

"5775. It shall be deemed prima facie evidence of the practice of chiropody or of holding oneself out as a practitioner of chiropody within the meaning of this act, for any person to *diagnose or treat* in any manner the human hand or foot by medical, mechanical or surgical methods, or to use the title chiropodist or registered chiropodist or any other words, or letters which designate, or tend to designate to the public that the person so treating or holding himself out to treat, is a chiropodist, *or who in manner shall publicly profess to practice or assume the duties incident to the practice of chiropody.*"

Sec. 6. **Compensation and expenses.**—That Section 5781, Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, be amended so as to read as follows:

"5781. Each member of the board shall receive ten dollars for every day actually spent in the performance of his duties in connection with the provisions of this act and the necessary traveling expenses actually incurred, not exceeding five cents per mile each way. The said compensation and traveling expenses and any incidental expenses necessarily incurred by the board or any members thereof, shall, if approved by the board, be paid from the treasury of the state, but only from the fees received under the provisions of this act and paid into the said treasury by the board."

Sec. 7. **Reciprocity.**—That Section 5782, Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, be amended so as to read as follows:

"5782. The board may accept the certificate of license of the board of registration and examination of any other state or territory or any foreign country whose standards of qualifications and requirements for practice are equivalent to those of this state on payment of the required fee of \$50.00 with the endorsement of the *chairman and secretary* of the state board of chiropody examiners."

Approved April 24, 1935.