

Section 1. **Funding bonds authorized in certain counties.**—The county board of any county in this state having an assessed valuation of not less than \$2,000,00.00 nor more than \$3,000,000.00 wherein warrants drawn upon the General Revenue Fund and Poor Fund have been paid with moneys in other funds; and by reason thereof a shortage exists in the General Revenue Fund and in the poor fund is hereby authorized to issue the funding bonds of such county in an amount not to exceed the sum of \$35,000.00 for the purpose of funding the existing shortage in such funds.

Sec. 2. **Form of bonds—rate of interest.**—Before any bonds shall be authorized or issued under the provisions hereof, there shall be first presented to the county board a certificate signed by the county treasurer and county auditor stating the amount of such existing shortage and the issuance of such bonds shall be authorized by a resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of all members of the county board. The principal of such bonds shall be payable in not less than fourteen annual installments as nearly equal as practicable, the last installment of which shall mature not more than twenty years from their date. Such bonds may be sold in the manner provided by Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 1943, or may be issued to the state, shall bear interest at not to exceed four and one-half per cent per annum, payable annually or semi-annually, and shall be in such form as the county board shall by resolution determine.

Sec. 3. No such bonds shall be issued by any county unless the county board shall adopt the resolution authorizing their issuance under this Act within 90 days after the passage and approval of this Act.

Sec. 4. This Act shall be in force and effect from and after its passage.

Approved December 23, 1933.

CHAPTER 21—H. F. No. 7

An act to amend Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 4276, as amended by Chapter 75, Laws of 1933, relating to the amount which the employer shall pay into the Special Compensation Fund in case of the death of an employe when there are no persons

entitled to compensation, and in cases of loss or loss of use of certain members.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Compensation in case of death in certain cases.**— That Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 4276, as amended by Chapter 75, Laws of 1933, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

4276. If an employe receive an injury which of itself would cause only permanent partial disability, but which, combined with a previous disability, does in fact cause permanent total disability, the employer shall only be liable for the permanent partial disability caused by the subsequent injury.

Provided, however, that in addition to compensation for such permanent partial disability and after the cessation of the payments for the prescribed period of weeks, the employe shall be paid by the state the remainder of the compensation that would be due for permanent total disability, out of a special fund known as the Special Compensation Fund, and created for such purpose in the following manner:

A. *In every case of the death of an employe resulting from an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment where there are no persons entitled to compensation, the employer shall pay to the State Treasurer the sum of \$300.00.*

B. *In every case of the total loss, or the total loss of the use thereof, of a hand, arm, foot, leg, or eye, resulting from an accident arising out of and in the course of an employe's employment, the employer shall pay to the State Treasurer the sum of \$75.00 in the case of a hand, arm, foot or leg, and \$100.00 in the case of an eye.*

Such sums are to be placed into this Special Compensation Fund and to be used to pay the benefits provided by this section. All moneys heretofore arising from the provisions of this section shall be transferred to this Special Compensation Fund. All penalties collected for violation of any of the provisions of this Act shall be credited to this Special Compensation Fund.

The State Treasurer shall be the custodian of this special fund and the Industrial Commission shall direct the distribution thereof, the same to be paid as other payments of compensation are paid. In case deposit is or has been made under the provisions of *paragraph*

A of this section, and dependency later is shown, or if deposit is or has been made pursuant to paragraph B hereof by mistake or inadvertence, or under such circumstances that justice requires a refund thereof, the State Treasurer is hereby authorized to refund such deposit upon order of the Industrial Commission.

Sec. 2. This Act shall be in force from and after its passage.

Approved December 27, 1933.

CHAPTER 22—H. F. No. 72

An act to amend Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 6277, providing for the appraisal of State Lands and improvements thereon, and appointment of Appraisers, and their compensation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Appraisers of school lands.**—That Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 6277, be amended to read as follows:

"6277. Whenever in the opinion of the *Commissioner of Conservation* of the State of Minnesota it will be for the public interest that an appraisal of any of the school or other state lands should be made, he shall appoint one appraiser, who shall be one of the regularly employed state appraisers, and notify the Governor, who shall appoint one appraiser. Such appointment shall be made within 30 days after such notice. Each appraiser shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe an oath, before any person qualified to administer oaths, that he will faithfully and impartially discharge his duties as appraiser, according to the best of his ability, and that he is not interested directly or indirectly in any of the school or other state lands or improvements thereon, and has entered into no combination to purchase the same or any part thereof, which said oath shall be attached to the report made of such appraisal, said appraisers after taking oath of office shall proceed to view and appraise such lands and the improvements thereon and make a report thereof to the *commissioner of conservation* as he may direct. The valuation of such lands and the timber shall each be made and stated separately in the appraisement, and the minimum price established by such appraisal shall be the minimum price for such lands until