

poor commission of said county upon said poor fund, all for the purpose of furnishing support and poor relief for the poor in said county."

**Sec. 3. Proceedings legalized.**—That any and all acts and things heretofore done or performed by any such county board and/or other county officers of any such county in providing for the sale of any such poor relief bonds, under authority of said Laws 1933, chapter 43, are hereby legalized, and declared valid in all respects.

**Sec. 4. Inconsistent acts repealed.**—All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed in so far, and only in so far as the same shall be inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

**Sec. 5.** This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

✓ Approved March 31, 1933.

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#### CHAPTER 132—H. F. No. 64

*An act to amend Class 3A, Section 1993, Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, relating to classification of property.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

**Section 1. Classification of property.**—That Class 3A, Section 1993, Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927 is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"3A. All agricultural products in the hands of the producer and not held for sale, *all horses, mules and asses used exclusively for agricultural purposes*, and all agricultural tools, implements, and machinery used by the owner in any agricultural pursuit shall constitute Class three "A" (3A) and shall be valued and assessed at ten (10) per cent of the full and true value thereof.

Approved March 31, 1933.

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#### CHAPTER 133—H. F. No. 142

*An act amending Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 9936, relating to the power of courts to suspend sentence in criminal cases.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Suspension of sentence.**—That Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 9936, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

9936.—That the several courts of this state having jurisdiction to try criminal causes shall have power, upon the imposition of sentence by *said court* against any person who has been convicted of the violation of a municipal ordinance or by-law, or of any crime for which the maximum penalty provided by law does not exceed imprisonment in the state prison for ten years, to stay the execution of such sentence *which said court has imposed* whenever the court shall be of the opinion that by reason of the character of such person, or the facts and circumstances of his case, the welfare of society does not require that he shall suffer the penalty imposed by law for such offense so long as he shall thereafter be of good behavior, and at any time after the imposition of sentence in all cases where the sentence imposed is to a county jail, work farm or work house, any such court of this State shall have like power upon application of a prisoner and after notice to the county attorney.

Approved April 1, 1933.

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#### CHAPTER 134—H. F. No. 422

*An act to amend Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 4268, relating to election by employers of farm labor to be, or not to be, bound by Part 2 of the Compensation Act.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Not applicable to certain employments.**—That Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 4268, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

4268. This Act shall not be construed or held to apply to any common carrier by steam railroad, domestic servants, farm laborers or persons whose employment at the time of the injury is casual, and not in the usual course of the trade, business, profession or occupation of his employer; provided, that part 2 of the *compensation* Act shall apply to farm labor if the employer shall have elected to accept the provisions of such part 2 by posting a written or printed statement of his election and filing a duplicate thereof with the Industrial Commission as provided by Section 4271 before the accident occurs to an employe, for which damages or compensation may be claimed, unless the employe shall signify his election, as provided by Section 4271 not to accept or be bound by the pro-