

*ment be made for the purpose of changing the principal place of the business of such corporation, said certificate shall be published, filed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of such principal place of business immediately prior to such amendment, and shall also be recorded in the county where the business is to be carried on after the amendment.*

“As to a local building and loan association and corporations organized for the establishing, maintaining and operating of hospitals not for profit, the resolution to amend may be adopted as above provided, or by a two-thirds vote of the stockholders or members of the association attending the meeting in person or by proxy.”

Approved April 20, 1929.

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#### CHAPTER 276—S. F. No. 596

*An act authorizing villages, boroughs, and cities of the fourth class to levy and collect taxes and to use the proceeds thereof for certain advertising purposes.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

**Section 1. Cities and villages may levy taxes for advertising purposes.**—That the governing body of any village, borough, or city of the fourth class may, when authorized by the electors thereof as hereinafter provided, annually levy a tax of not to exceed one-half mill on all the taxable property within such village, borough or city, but in no event shall more than \$1,000.00 be raised in any one year for the purpose of advertising the said village, borough or city and its resources and advantages. Such tax shall be levied in the same manner and at the same time as taxes for other municipal purposes are levied, and shall be collected in the same manner. The proceeds of such tax shall be used only for the purpose of advertising such village, borough or city and its resources and advantages; provided, however, that the annual expenditure for such purposes by any such village, borough or city is hereby limited to the sum of \$1,000.00, provided, however, nothing in this act shall permit the levy of any tax in excess of the amount authorized by Chapter 417, General Laws, 1921.

**Sec. 2. To be voted on by city or village.**—Such governing body may by resolution adopted at least 20 days before any general

village, borough or city election provide for submitting to the voters at such election, to be voted upon by ballot, the question of levying a tax as provided in Section 1 hereof. If a majority of the votes cast on the question be in favor of the proposition, the same shall be deemed carried, and the governing body may levy such tax annually for two successive years. No such tax shall be levied thereafter unless again authorized by the electors as herein provided.

Approved April 20, 1929.

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CHAPTER 277—S. F. No. 694

*An act providing for the keeping of public health records of children to prevent crippling and handicapping defects and prescribing duties of the commissioner of education, juvenile court, children's bureau and school officers in regard thereto.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

Section 1. School nurses, etc., shall keep health records of children.—It shall be the duty of every school nurse, school physician, school attendance officer, superintendent of schools, principal, teacher and of the persons charged with the duty of compiling and keeping the school census records to cause a permanent public health record to be kept for every child of school age. Such record shall be kept in such form that it may be transferred with the child to any school which the child shall attend within the state and transferred to the board of health when the child ceases to attend school. It shall contain a record of such health matters as shall be prescribed by the board of health, and of all mental and physical defects and handicaps, which might permanently cripple or handicap the child. Nothing in this act shall be construed to require any child whose parent or guardian objects in writing thereto to undergo a physical or medical examination or treatment. A copy shall be forwarded to the proper department of any state to which the child shall remove.

Sec. 2. To furnish copies of records to juvenile court.—Whenever any child shall be brought into juvenile court, the court shall request and the custodian of the record shall furnish a complete certified copy of such record to the court, which copy shall be received as evidence in the case; and no decision or disposition of the pending matter shall be finally made until such record, if existing, shall be considered.