

place of business all signs, cards, pamphlets, or other printed matter issued shall designate such principal place.

Approved April 22, 1927.

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CHAPTER 355—H. F. No. 489

*An act authorizing and empowering probate courts to appoint an auditor in certain cases and defining his duties.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

**Section 1. Probate Court to appoint auditor.**—The probate court shall have power on its own motion, or upon the petition of an heir, legatee, devisee, or claimant, to appoint an auditor, with or without notice, in any matter in an estate or guardianship involving an annual, partial or final account of a representative or guardian or the amount due on a claim or an offset thereto, and to direct what service shall be made upon the interested parties.

**Sec. 2. Court to fix compensation.**—In the order of appointment the court shall fix the compensation of said auditor and the place where said accounting shall be held.

**Sec. 3. Auditor to file oath and acceptance.**—Before beginning his work said auditor shall file in the probate court his acceptance and oath to impartially and faithfully audit the account or claim referred to him.

**Sec. 4. Powers of auditor.**—The auditor so appointed shall have the same power as the court to set hearings, grant adjournments, compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers and documents, and to hear any and all proper evidence relating to the account or claim.

**Sec. 5. Auditor to make report to the Court.**—The auditor shall report his findings of facts upon which the court shall make its order allowing, amending or disallowing the account or claim as filed within ten days after the last date of hearing thereon unless further time is granted by the court.

**Sec. 6. Expenses to be paid by estate.**—All fees and expenses of the auditor shall be audited by the court and be paid by the representative of the estate as expenses of administration.

Approved April 22, 1927.

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CHAPTER 356—H. F. No. 882

*An act to require counties to appropriate moneys for certain purposes, to certain cities of the fourth class situated in two counties.*