heretofore may have leased, or which hereafter may lease, its tracks and right of way to a foreign railroad corporation shall, nevertheless, continue liable to any person injured in person or property in consequence of the negligent operation over-such right of way of the trains of such leasing company to the same extent as if operated by such Minnesota corporation as the owner thereof.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after

its passage.

Approved March 24, 1925.

CHAPTER 88-S. F. No. 112

(Sec. 4604, G. S. 1923)

An act to amend Section 6 of Chapter 436, General Laws, 1923, so as to authorize the soldiers' welfare agent to be appointed and to act as guardian in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Soldiers' Welfare Agent to be appointed.—That Section 6 of Chapter 436, General Laws 1923, be and the same

hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 6. The state board of control shall appoint a soldiers welfare agent to have charge of its activities hereunder and is hereby empowered to employ such assistants and to incur such other expense as may be necessary for the administration of said state soldiers welfare fund and carrying out the provisions of this act; provided that no expense shall be incurred under the provisions of this act in excess of the moneys available in such state soldiers welfare fund. The soldiers' welfare agent may be appointed by the probate court guardian of the person or estate or both of any former service man or woman for whom or for whose estate or for both the appointment of a guardian is found by the court to be necessary, and when so appointed and qualified may act as such. Any compensation received by him for so acting shall be paid into and become a part of the state soldiers welfare fund."

Approved March 24, 1925.

CHAPTER 89-S. F. No. 162

(Sec. 8961, G. S. 1923.)

An act to amend Section 9 of Chapter 344, General Laws 1917, relating to the examination, commitment, care, maintenance, release and discharge of persons alleged to be feeble minded, inebriate or insane, so as to authorize the commitment of certain persons found

to be inebriates or insane, to United States Veterans Bureau neuropsychiatric hospitals, in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Commitment of inebriate or insane persons.— That Section 9 of Chapter 344, General Laws, 1917, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 9. If the person examined is found to be an inebriate or insane the judge shall issue duplicate warrants committing him to the custody of the superintendent of the proper state hospital or to the superintendent or keeper of any private licensed institution for the care of inebriates or insane persons; provided that, if the person so examined and found to be an inebriate or insane is also found to be a veteran of the Spanish-American War, the Philippine Insurrection, the Boxer Rebellion or the World War, the judge may issue duplicate warrants committing him to the custody of the superintendent or other proper officer or authority in charge or control of any United States Veterans Bureau Neuro-psychiatric hospital in this state in which such person will be received and his custody accepted."

Approved March 24, 1925.

CHAPTER 90-S. F. No. 551.

(Not in G. S. 1923)

An act to amend Section 7, Chapter 263, Session Laws 1917, as amended by Chapter 262, Session Laws 1923 and Chapter 285 Session Laws 1921, and Section 5 and 7 of Chapter 263 of the Session Laws 1917 relating to a Court of Conciliation and small debtor's court for the City of Minneapolis.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Removal of cause to municipal court for trial by court or Jury. Procedure.—That Section 7 of Chapter 262, Session Laws of 1923, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 7. Removal of cause to municipal court for trial by court or by jury.—(a) Any person aggrieved by the judgment rendered by said Conciliation Judge, under Section Five of this act, and who is entitled to a jury trial under the Constitution, may have the case removed to said Municipal Court for trial by jury or by the court without jury but no case shall be so removed unless within five days after such judgment is rendered, and after the clerk shall have mailed notice of the entry of such judgment to each of the parties thereto, which notice shall be mailed immediately and shall specify the day on which the time for removal