

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 7, 1925.

CHAPTER 49—S. F. No. 364.

(Secs. 3847, 3848, G. S. 1923.)

An act to amend Sections 58 and 59 of Chapter 495, General Laws 1921, the "Minnesota Dairy and Food Law," as amended by Chapter 172, General Laws 1923, relating to Minnesota brands for butter and licenses to use the same.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Dairy and food commissioner may authorize brands in certain cases.**—That Section 58 of Chapter 495, General Laws 1921, as amended by Chapter 172, General Laws 1923, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 58. The commissioner may authorize the use of such stamp, brand or label only by such persons manufacturing butter who comply with the following rules:

(a) Cream must be received from all patrons at least three times per week from the 1st day of May up to and including the 30th day of September in each year, and not less than two times per week from the 1st day of October to and including April 30th thereafter.

(b) Cream must be delivered in good condition, in individual producer's cans, and when delivered must not show an acid test above $3/10$ of 1%.

(c) After such cream has been delivered to the creamery or factory it shall be pasteurized at a temperature of at least 145 degrees Fahrenheit, vat pasteurization for at least thirty minutes, and in the flash system pasteurization at a temperature of at least 180 degrees Fahrenheit.

(d) Butter made from such cream at such factory or creamery shall score at least 92% at the time of manufacture and within 15 days thereafter.

Sec. 2. **Application for license and penalty.**—That Section 59 of Chapter 495, General Laws 1921, as amended by Chapter 172, General Laws 1923, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 59. Any person desiring to use the stamp, brand or label described in this act, in the manufacture or sale of butter shall make written application for a license therefor to the commissioner which application shall describe the creamery or factory by location and name in which such butter is to be manufactured, and give

such other information as the commissioner may require. A license may be granted by such commissioner to such person to use such stamp, brand or label at the creamery or factory described in the application, if the commissioner shall find, on investigation, that all the provisions of law have been complied with. Such license shall state that the stamp, brand or label provided for in this act may be used in connection with the manufacture or sale of butter from the creamery or factory described in such license. Such creamery or factory so described shall be given the same number as the serial number of the license.

No person shall use, in the manufacture or sale of butter, such stamp, brand or label without first having obtained a license therefor. Such license so granted may be revoked by the commissioner if any of the provisions of this act are not complied with. All licenses shall be numbered in serial order. All applications for license shall be accompanied by a fee of five dollars, which fee shall be returned to the applicant in the event no license is granted.

The commissioner may require any person to whom any such license may be granted to furnish from time to time for examination, samples of butter manufactured in any factory described in the license."

Approved March 7, 1925.

CHAPTER 50—H. F. No. 27.

An act authorizing the renewal of the period of corporate existence of any co-operative creamery association whose period of duration has expired less than eight years prior to the passage hereof without renewal thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Corporate existence of co-operative creameries renewed in certain cases.**—Any co-operative creamery association whose period of duration has expired less than eight years before the passage of this act and which has continued to carry on its business without a renewal of its said period, may renew the period of its corporate existence from the date of expiration of said period of duration for an additional term not exceeding twenty years from date of such expiration, with the same force and effect as if such renewal had been effected before its said period of duration expired, by taking the proceedings provided by law for the renewal of the corporate existence of such corporation in cases where such renewal is made before the end of its period of duration. Provided, however, that the proceedings to obtain such renewal shall be taken within six months after the passage of this act. And provided further, that this act shall not affect any pending litigations nor