purposes, and to collect and apportion a part thereof to the various towns, and to repeal inconsistent acts," and providing for the restoration and reinstatement of former acts applicable to such counties which were repealed by said Chapter 200.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Laws repealed.—That Chapter 200, General Laws

1923, be and the same hereby is repealed.

Sec. 2. Purpose of act.—The purpose of this act is to make ineffective the provisions in Chapter 200, General Laws 1923, made applicable to counties of the area, population, and assessed valuation therein described, and to restore, reinstate, and make applicable all former statutes covering the subject matter of said Chapter 200 to the same extent as though said chapter had not been enacted.

Approved March 5, 1925.

CHAPTER 43—S. F. No. 158.

An act providing for the designation or change of school house sites at the annual or any special meeting or election of an independent school district in any county now or hereafter having a population of not less than 400,000 inhabitants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. School districts to fix or change sites of school buildings.—That any independent school district in any county now or hereafter having a population of not less than 400,000 inhabitants may, at the annual meeting or at any special meeting or election called for that purpose, have power to designate an original site or change an existing site by the designation of a new site for a school house, and provide for building or otherwise placing a school house thereon, when due and proper notice has been given of such proposed action, by a majority vote of those present and voting at such meeting or election.

Approved March 5, 1925.

CHAPTER 44-S. F. No. 278.

An act to validate certain bonds heretofore purchased by the state board of investment with the funds of the State of Minnesota. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Definition.**—The word "municipality" as used herein shall be held to mean and include the various counties, cities, villages, boroughs, towns and school districts in the State of Minnesota.

Sec. 2. Certain bonds legalized.—Whenever the state board of investment shall have heretofore purchased with the funds of the

State of Minnesota the bonds of any municipality in this state, the validity of any such bond shall never be questioned except on the ground that the same and the loan made thereon was not approved by the state board of investment; that the bond in question made the entire bonded indebtedness exceed fifteen (15) per cent of the assessed valuation of the taxable property of the municipality issuing such bonds: that such bonds bear a lower rate of interest than three (3) per cent; that such bonds run for a shorter period than five years, or for a longer period than twenty years; or that the principal thereof was never paid by the state to, or received by the officers of the municipality issuing the same; and no change of the boundary lines of any such municipality shall relieve the real property therein at the time of the issuing of such bonds from any liability from taxation to pay for the same, and all such bonds so purchased are hereby declared to be the valid and subsisting indebtedness of each municipality respectively issuing the same.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after

its passage.

Approved March 5, 1925.

CHAPTER 45—S. F. No. 155.

(Not in G. S. 1923)

An act to amend Section 9 of Chapter 115, Special Laws Minnesota 1885, entitled, "An act to establish a municipal court in the City of Winona," as amended by Chapter 14, Section 1, Special Laws of 1889.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Duties of clerk of the municipal court.—That Section 9 of Chapter 115, Special Laws 1885, as amended by Chapter 14, Section 1, Special Laws 1889, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 9. The clerk of the municipal court shall have the custody and care of all the books, papers and records of said court. He shall be present by himself or deputy, at all trials and sessions of the court, and when the court is not in session he shall attend at his office at all suitable hours for the performance of such official duties as may be required of him, unless absent from sickness or by consent of the judge. And in case of the absence of both clerk and deputy, the judge may appoint some person temporarily to the position. He may swear all witnesses and jurors, and administer all oaths and take acknowledgments. He shall keep minutes of all proceedings and enter all judgments and make up and keep the records of the court, under the direction of the judge, and when the judge