WHEREAS, in 1915 and for many years prior thereto the State boards of Grain Appeals have annually established grades of all grain subject to state inspection to be known as "Minnesota Grades," pursuant to the provisions of Section 4452 G. S. 1913, which were well adapted to the grading of grain grown in this State;

WHEREAS, under and pursuant to the provisions of the United States Grain Standards Act, approved August 11, 1916, the Secretary of Agriculture has established grades for grain which are known

as official grain standards of the United States;

WHEREAS, since the establishment of such grain standards, by the Secretary of Agriculture, the Boards of Grain Appeals have designated such grain standards as the "Minnesota Grades," which they are required annually to establish;

WHEREAS, the "Minnesota Grades," in effect prior to such adoption of the federal standards, are much better adapted to the grain grown in Minnesota than such federal standards; therefore

be it

RESOLVED, that the said Boards of Grain Appeals be and they are hereby ordered and required, at the next annual meeting at which they shall establish grades to be known as "Minnesota Grades," pursuant to the provisions of Section 4452 G. S. 1913, to establish as such "Minnesota Grades substantially the grades in effect immediately prior to the adoption of the federal standards as "Minnesota Grades;" and be it further

RESOLVED, that the said boards of Grain Appeals be and they are hereby ordered and required to hold said annual meeting for the year 1921, at as early a date as possible after the 1921 harvest.

Provided, that if, prior to said annual meeting, modifications in the present official grain standards of the United States have been ordered by the Secretary of Agriculture, making the said federal grain standards substantially the Minnesota grades in effect prior to the enactment of the federal grain standards act, especially as to moisture contents, foreign material and test weights, then and in that event the Boards of Grain Appeals may establish such modified federal standards as "Minnesota Grades."

Approved March 18, 1921.

## RESOLUTION No. 7.

Joint resolution by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Minnesota requesting the President by an embargo order, or congress by emergency tariff legislation, to prohibit the importation of agricultural products in such volume as will injure the agricultural industry of this country. WHEREAS, agriculture is the largest single industry in the United

States; and

WHEREAS, foreign countries are taking advantage of economic conditions resulting from the war and the lack of proper tariff legislation, and are exporting agricultural products to this country in such unusual and unprecedented volume as to seriously injure, if not ruin, the agricultural industry of this country; and

WHEREAS, said importations are being stored, horded and held for high prices in anticipation of tariff legislation by this country so that the consumers of this country will not at any time benefit

by said importations;

Now THEREFORE, BE LT RESOLVED by the Senate of the State of Minnesota, the House of Representatives concurring, that the President and Congress be requested, by an embargo order or emergency tariff legislation, to immediately prohibit the importation of any and all agricultural products which injure the agricultural industry of this country; and

BE IT RESOLVED FURTHER that copies of this resolution be sent to the President of the United States, the President of the Senate

and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved April 7, 1921.

## RESOLUTION No. 8.

A concurrent resolution memorializing congress of the United States to enact legislation to prohibit or greatly curtail speculation in farm products.

WHEREAS, owing to a sharp decline of prices during the past eight months, the producers of the United States have suffered great financial loss and have generally been compelled to market their products for less than actual cost of production, with consequent loss and injury to persons engaged in all kinds of business; throughout the United States,

AND WHEREAS, a large part of the decline in the price of farm products and resultant loss and injury to all classes, is admittedly due to the evils of speculation and unfair price manipulation,

Now THEREFORE, be it Resolved by the Senate of the State of Minnesota, the House of Representatives concurring, that we deem it morally wrong and highly detrimental to the interests of agriculture and the consumers to permit the practice now in vogue of selling grain, cotton and other farm products which the seller or his principal does not own at the time of selling, and we therefore condemn the practice known as "Short Selling."

RESOLVED, FURTHER, That we do hereby petition Congress to enact such legislation as will either prohibit "short selling" in the