

ister of deeds for the county in which such city or village lies; and such charter purports to and does continue in force in such city or village certain special and general laws and parts thereof then operative in such city or village by incorporating such laws in such charter, or by reference thereto, or by otherwise continuing such special or general laws in force in such city or village; and such charter has been actually put in operation in such city or village; then in each such case such charter together with all amendments thereof adopted as required by law is hereby legalized, validated and made the lawful city charter of such city or village, including all special and general laws and parts thereof incorporated in such charter, or made a part of such charter by reference, or otherwise made a part of such charter, and operative in such city or village at the time of the adoption of such charter, including among others certain special and general laws authorizing the city or village to issue and sell municipal bonds of the city or village for the purpose therein specified, and all such laws and parts of laws made a part of such city charter as aforesaid shall be and continue in full force and effect in such city or village in so far as and to the extent that the provisions of such charter and of all such laws and parts of laws incorporated therein are not in contravention of any limitation upon the issuance and sale of such bonds contained in or required by the laws of this state relating to the framing and adoption of home rule charters by cities and villages under the provisions of Section 36, Article 4, of the constitution of this state, as amended and in force at the time of the passage of this act.

Sec. 2. Acts of officers legalized.—All acts of the officers of any such city under and pursuant to the provisions of such charter prior and subsequent to the passage of this act are hereby legalized and made valid.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1921.

CHAPTER 163—H. F. No. 752.

An act to make effective judgments entered and to be entered in actions brought by two or more persons to determine adverse claims to real estate.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Judgments made effective in action to determine adverse claims.—That in any action brought by two or more persons to determine adverse claims to real estate or to quiet the plaintiffs' title thereto, and judgment shall have been entered therein in favor of the plaintiffs, and in any action now pending and in which judgment may be entered within three months after the pas-

sage and approval of this Act, determining the rights of the plaintiffs and defendants to the several tracts of such real estate; such judgment shall be of the same force and effect as though separate actions against the defendants, known and unknown, had been brought by the several owners of such real estate as plaintiffs to determine the adverse claims of the defendants and to quiet the title of each plaintiff in each separate tract, and separate judgments had been duly entered in each of such actions adjudging that the defendants had no right, title, claim, lien or interest in or to such real estate or any part thereof: Provided, that any person or persons claiming any right, title, claim, lien or interest in or to any of such real estate adverse to any of the plaintiffs, may, on or before January 1, 1922, but not thereafter, apply ex parte to the court for leave to appear and defend in such action specifying in his or their application the particular tract or tracts in or to which he or they claim any right, title, claim, lien or interest, and the court shall grant such application and fix the time and method of serving answer therein, and such order shall in and of itself vacate the judgment so far, and so far only, as it affects the real estate described in the application, but only in case a copy of the application is filed for record in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which the real estate is located at or before the time of making such application.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1921.

CHAPTER 164—H. F. No. 801.

An act fixing the salary and compensation of the Judge of Probate, and providing for the number of assistants, deputies, clerks and other help thereof and their compensation, in all counties now or hereafter containing not less than 22 and not more than 25 congressional townships, whole and fractional, and having a population of not less than 29,000 inhabitants and not over 31,000 inhabitants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Salary of Judge of Probate, clerk and assistant in certain counties fixed.**—That in all counties in this state now or hereafter containing not less than 22 and not more than 25 congressional townships, whole and fractional, and which now have or hereafter may have a population of not less than 29,000 and not more than 31,000 inhabitants, according to the last preceding federal or state census, the salary and compensation of the Judge of Probate and the assistants, deputies, clerks and other help thereof, and their compensation, shall be as hereinafter provided by this act.

Sec. 2. **Salary—Clerk hire—How paid.**—The salary of the judge of probate of any such county shall be \$3,000.00 per annum.