Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1921.

CHAPTER 160-H. F. No. 451.

An act relating to service of summons, notices and orders in any action or proceeding against any express company doing business within the state of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Service of summons and notice on express companies.—In any action or proceeding against an express company, whether domestic or foreign, transacting business in the State of Minnesota, service of summons and of all notices and orders in any action or proceeding wherein such express company is a party may be made by delivering a copy thereof to any agent of such express company within the county in which the action or proceeding is begun, and such service shall have the same effect as though made pursuant to the provisions of Section 7735 General Statutes, 1913; Provided that, if such company shall appear in an action or proceeding by a resident attorney, service of notices or orders in said action or proceeding shall thereafter be made upon such attorney.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after

its passage.

Approved April 7, 1921.

CHAPTER 161-H. F. No. 652.

An act to amend Section 4945, General Statutes, 1913, relating to the State Board of Law Examiners and examination of applicants for admission to practice law.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Board of law examiners—Examinations.—Section 4945, General Statutes, 1913, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

The Supreme Court shall by rule from time to time prescribe the qualifications of all applicants for admission to practice law in this state, and shall appoint a state board of law examiners, which shall be charged with the administration of such rules and regulations and with the examination of all applicants for admission to practice law. The board shall consist of not less than three nor more than seven attorneys at law, who shall be appointed each for the term of three years and until his successor qualifies. The Supreme Court may fill any vacancy in the Board for the unexpired term and in its discretion may remove any member thereof. The board shall have a seal

and shall keep a record of its proceedings of all applications for admission to practice and of persons admitted to practice upon its recommendation. At least three times a year the board shall have examinations and report the result thereof with its recommendations to the supreme court. Upon consideration of such report, the supreme court shall enter an order in the case of each person examined, directing the board to reject him or to issue to him a certificate of admission to practice. The board shall have such officers as may from time to time be prescribed and designated by the supreme court. The fee for examination shall be fixed from time to time by the supreme court, but shall not exceed twenty-five dollars. All fees received shall be paid to the state treasurer and shall constitute a special fund, which is hereby appropriated for the payment of compensation of the members of the said board of law examiners and for their expenses. Payments therefrom shall be made by the state treasurer, upon warrants of the state auditor issued upon vouchers signed by one of the justices of the supreme court. The members of the board shall have such compensation and such allowances for expenses as may from time to time be fixed by the supreme court.

Sec. 2. Inconsistent acts repealed.—All acts or parts of acts

inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1921.

CHAPTER 162-H. F. No. 711.

An act to legalize certain home rule city charters and the acts of the city officers thereunder:

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Certain home rule charters legalized.—In any case where in or for any city or village of this state a home rule city charter has been framed and returned to the chief magistrate or chief executive officer of the city or village by a board of fifteen freeholders appointed and acting under section 36, Article 4, of the Constitution of this state and the laws of this state enacted thereunder, and such charter was signed by at least a majority of such board of freeholders, and such charter has been actually submitted to the qualified voters of such city or village at a general or special election held therein; and such charter has been ratified and adopted by a vote of not less than four-sevenths of the qualified voters voting at such election, and duplicate certificates setting forth such charter have been made and signed by the mayor, chief magistrate or chief executive officer of such city or village, and one of such certificates has been deposited in the office of the secretary of state and the other certificate has been filed for record in the office of the reg-