

in controversy, whether the claim of the plaintiff or a counterclaim on the part of the defendant exceeds the sum of *fifty dollars (\$50.00)*, and the judge is satisfied said counterclaim is in good faith, the case shall be forthwith dismissed and dropped from the docket without prejudice; but if the amount involved in the controversy be fifty dollars (\$50.00) or less, or if said judge is of the opinion that the counterclaim, if any, therein in excess of *fifty dollars (\$50.00)* is not in good faith, he shall retain jurisdiction and shall proceed summarily to hear and determine the cause and to enter judgment in his docket. The conclusion of the judge as to the good faith of any counterclaim shall be final and conclusive on all parties for the purpose of the jurisdiction of this court. In case such judgment is not removed by demand of either party to said municipal court within five days of the entry thereof, as provided in this act, and said judgment remains unsatisfied, said judgment or order of said judge, shall upon the payment of the fee of one dollar (\$1.00) as hereinbefore provided, be docketed in said municipal court by said clerk and shall thereupon be and be enforced as the judgment of said municipal court or said judge may retain jurisdiction for the collection and satisfaction of said judgment by payment to him, but no execution shall issue from said conciliation court.

(b) By its terms, said judgment may provide for its satisfaction by payment into court, either in a lump sum or in installments and in such amounts and at such times as to said judge may under the circumstances of the case seem just and reasonable.

(c) The conciliation court shall be subject to the direction of the judge thereof, but the judges of said municipal court may prescribe rules of procedure, methods of producing evidence and general conduct of the case and the trial thereof under the provisions of this section and the carrying out of all the provisions of this act.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 29, 1921.

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#### CHAPTER 123—S. F. No. 259.

*An act amending Chapter 300, Session Laws of Minnesota for 1919, authorizing the county board in any county of this state now or hereafter having an assessed valuation of all taxable property, exclusive of money and credits, of more than \$250,000,000 and an area of over 5,000 square miles, to build an addition to a district court building in said county.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Counties may build lockups in certain cases.—That Section one (1) of Chapter 300, Session Laws of Minnesota for 1919, be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

"Section 1. That in any county in this state now or hereafter having an assessed valuation, exclusive of money and credits, of over two hundred and fifty million (\$250,000,000) dollars and an area of over five thousand (5,000) square miles where said county, under existing law, is required to furnish and maintain at the expense of the county, a suitable place for holding terms of the District Court at the City of Virginia in said county, the County Board of said county is hereby authorized, whenever it shall by resolution determine that it is necessary and for the best interests of the public, that the building used for court purposes and a temporary jail *or lockup*, should be enlarged, to enter into and contract for and to cause such enlargement of said Court building to be made as it shall determine to be necessary. That for the purpose of defraying the cost of such addition to and enlargement of such court building, including a suitable jail *or lockup* therein, the County Board of said county is hereby authorized to include the cost of such court building addition in the annual tax levy for general county purposes, not exceeding the sum of \$150,000.00 and that at any time after the taking effect of this law, either before or after the voting of such tax levy for such purpose, the County Board is hereby authorized to audit and allow the cost and expense of such court building addition in the same manner as other general claims against said county are paid and to cause orders or warrants to be drawn upon the general fund of said county in payment of said claims not exceeding the total amount appropriated for paying the cost of said improvements.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 29, 1921..

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#### CHAPTER 124—S. F. No. 313.

*An act authorizing the county board in any county in this state, now or hereafter having an assessed valuation of less than \$5,000,000.00, exclusive of money and credits and an area of not less than 70 nor more than 80 full or fractional congressional townships, to levy a tax for county revenue purposes.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

Section 1. 10 mill levy for county revenue in certain counties. —The County Board of any county in the state, now or hereafter having an assessed valuation of less than \$5,000,000.00 exclusive of money and credits, and an area of not less than 70 nor more than 80 full or fractional congressional townships, may levy for county revenue purposes, such amount in excess of existing limitations as may be necessary to defray county revenue expenses, but the total levy