RESOLUTION No. 13.

A concurrent resolution authorizing the railroad and warehouse commission to investigate, determine the proper method of requiring the purchaser of grain, subject to dockage, to reimburse the producers and to report to the next legislature its findings as to proper legislation to enact for that purpose.

WHEREAS, Under the present standards of grading grain, wheat, rye and flax are subject to dockage or a weight discount for foul seeds, weed seeds, foreign material and other substances other than

the grain which is being graded, and

WHEREAS, Such dockage has a recognized commercial value

after being cleaned from the grain.

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, By the house of representatives of the state of Minnesota, the senate concurring, that the railroad and warehouse commission before the convening of the next session of the legislature institute an investigation to determine the proper method of requiring the purchaser of grain, which is subject to dockage, to reimburse the producers for the same and to report to the next legislature its findings as to the proper legislation to enact for the purpose.

Approved April 25, 1919.

. RESOLUTION No. 14.

Joint resolution memorializing congress of the United States to enact legislation requiring aliens residing in foreign countries, desiring admission to the United States, to make application to authorized representatives of the United States in such foreign countries, and providing for an investigation by such representatives.

WHEREAS, The present system of admitting aliens to our land by examination after they arrive is illogical and inimical to the best interests of our country and work a hardship on those who seek admission because having reached our shores before any physical or other tests have been applied or any investigation or effort been made towards their proper location in this country, they are thrown into the maelstrom of our social, economic and industrial system; and,

Whereas, Neither property nor a literacy qualification for admission conserve the best interests of the United States or of the persons seeking admission for the reason that many prospective immigrants to the United States have insufficient means at their disposal to pay for the passage of themselves and other members of their family and have a sufficient amount on hand after landing at an American port to meet the property tests, or, in a large num-