

or naval forces, or the flag, or the uniform of the army or navy, whether of the United States or of the state of Minnesota, into contempt, scorn, contumely, or disrepute, or wilfully to utter, print, write or publish any language intended to incite, provoke, or encourage resistance to the United States or the state of Minnesota, or to promote the cause of its enemies, or wilfully to display the flag of any foreign enemy, or wilfully by utterance, printing, writing, publication or language spoken, urge, incite or advocate any curtailment of production in this country of any thing or things, product or products necessary or essential to the prosecution of the war in which the United States may be engaged, with intent by such curtailment to cripple or hinder the United States in the prosecution of the war; and it shall be unlawful for any person wilfully to advocate, teach, defend or suggest the doing of any of the acts or things in this section enumerated; and it shall be unlawful for any person within the confines of this state, by word or act, to support or favor the cause of any country with which the United States is at war; or by word or act to oppose the cause of the United States therein.

Sec. 4. **Punishment.**—Any person violating any provision of this act shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment in the state prison or the county jail for not more than twenty years, or both.

Sec. 5. **Superseding chapter 463, Laws of 1917.**—This act shall supersede the provisions contained in chapter 463, Laws of Minnesota, 1917, as to all offenses committed subsequent to the passage hereof, but shall not affect offenses heretofore committed in violation of the provisions of that act or prosecutions therefor or hereafter instituted.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 26, 1919.

CHAPTER 94—H. F. No. 467.

An act to amend Section 8873, General Statutes, 1913, relating to the giving of checks or drafts on any bank or other depository wherein the person so giving such check or draft shall not have sufficient funds or a credit for the payment of the same.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Intent to defraud in case of issuing checks where insufficient funds are deposited.—That section 8873, General Statutes, 1913, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

8873. Any person who with intent to defraud shall make or draw or utter or deliver any check, draft or order for the payment of money upon any bank or other depository, knowing at the time

of such making, drawing, uttering or delivery that the maker or drawer has not sufficient funds in or credit with such bank or other depository for the payment of such check, draft or order in full upon its presentation, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

The making, drawing, uttering or delivering of such check, draft or order as aforesaid, shall be prima facie evidence of intent to defraud.

The word "credit" as used herein shall be construed to mean an arrangement or understanding with the bank or depository for the payment of such check, draft or order.

Approved March 26, 1919.

CHAPTER 95—S. F. No. 4.

An act to amend Section 9248, G. S. 1913, relating to recognizances on appeals or writs of error to the supreme court in criminal cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Admission to bail or appearance before supreme court.—That section 9248, G. S. 1913, be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 9248. If upon appeal or writ of error the defendant shall be admitted to bail he may recognize to the state in such sum as shall be ordered, with sufficient sureties, conditioned for his appearance before the supreme court, and the presentation and prosecution of the appeal or writ of error with effect, and *in harmony with the rules of that court*, to abide the judgment of the court thereon, and in the meantime to keep the peace and be of good behavior, and the trial judge, or a justice of the supreme court on the allowance of a writ of error or after an appeal has been perfected, may in his discretion allow such recognizance in all cases where the death penalty does not apply.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 25, 1919.

CHAPTER 96—S. F. No. 5.

An act amending Section 118, G. S. 1913, relating to the supreme court, and the terms thereof to be held by the justices each year and imposing upon the senior associate justice the duties of the chief justice in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. One term of supreme court each year, and senior associate justice to preside in case of absence of chief justice.—