

thousand inhabitants is hereby authorized and empowered to establish and maintain a rest room, and to use any available funds of such city or village for that purpose.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 18, 1919.

---

CHAPTER 75—H. F. No. 102.

*An act relating to cities in the state of Minnesota which now have or hereafter may have 20,000 and not more than 50,000 inhabitants, and to provide funds therefor.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Sixteen mill tax levy authorized for certain cities. That each city in the state of Minnesota which now has or hereafter may have 20,000 and not more than 50,000, inhabitants, is hereby authorized and empowered to annually levy for the general fund of such city, in addition to the levy for special funds as now established in such city, a tax not exceeding sixteen mills on the dollar of the valuation of all taxable property in such city, according to the last preceding official assessment thereof.

Sec. 2. Application.—The provisions of this act shall apply to every city within the above mentioned class whether existing under general or special law, and for the purposes of this act the population of each city in this state shall be ascertained and determined according to the last census taken under and pursuant to the laws and authority of the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 3. Inconsistent acts repealed.—That all laws in conflict with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 18, 1919.

---

CHAPTER 76—H. F. No. 247.

*An act to amend Section 318, General Statutes of Minnesota for 1913, relating to ballots used in submission of proposed amendments to the state constitution.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Designations or titles of proposed amendments to constitution to be prepared and printed on ballots.—That section 318, General Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1913, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 318. The secretary of state shall also prepare and distribute a ballot printed on pink paper, hereinafter called the "pink

ballot," upon which all propositions and questions to be voted upon throughout the state shall be so printed that the voter may conveniently indicate by a mark (x) either a negative or an affirmative answer to each. *In preparing said pink ballot the secretary of state shall apply an appropriate designation or title, to each such proposition and question, which designation or title shall be approved by the attorney general, shall consist of not more than one printed line and shall be printed in bold faced type not smaller than 8 point nor larger than 10 point, in a line immediately above and preceding the proposition or question to which it shall refer.* Such ballots shall be deposited in a separate box, painted pink. They shall be counted, canvassed, and returned as in the case of the white ballots, and the tally sheets and return blanks shall provide suitable columns and spaces therefor.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 18, 1919.

#### CHAPTER 77—H. F. No. 129.

*An act to amend Section 8 of chapter 344 Session Laws of Minnesota 1917, relating to commitment and petition for discharge of feeble minded persons.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Commitment and discharge of persons under care and custody of state board of control.—That section 8 of chapter 344, Session Laws of 1917, be amended to read as follows:

Section 8. If the person examined is found to be feeble minded, the court shall order him committed to the care and custody of the state board of control, as guardian of his person. Thereafter the board shall have power whenever advisable to place him in an appropriate institution. If, at any time, after study and observation in such institution, the superintendent is of the opinion that a person so committed is not defective, or that his further residence therein is not required for his own or the public welfare, he shall so report to the State Board of Control and the board may thereupon discharge such person from its further care and custody.

*Provided, that any parent, guardian, relative or friend of a person committed, as aforesaid, to the care and custody of the State board of control, may at any time file a petition for a hearing in the probate court of the county in which such person resided or was found when first committed to the care and custody of said board, to establish that further guardianship of the board is not required for the welfare of such person or the public; and upon payment of the necessary traveling expenses, by said petitioner, from the place or institution to which said person is committed to*