

(\$500.00), for each offense, and the failure to provide a building or buildings as hereinbefore required, shall constitute a separate offense for every day or part of the day while such failure continues, and such penalty shall be recovered in a suit brought in the name of the state of Minnesota, in any court having jurisdiction thereof, by the attorney general of the state, or at his direction. All fines and penalties recovered by the state under this act shall be paid into the treasury of the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 6. Effective Sept. 1, 1920.—This act shall take effect and be in force on and after September first, 1920.

Approved April 25, 1919.

CHAPTER 515—H. F. No. 316.

An act to amend Section 3302 and 3359, Chapter 19, General Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1913, entitled an act authorizing board of fire underwriters in any municipality containing fifty thousand inhabitants or more may provide salvage corps fire patrol with competent superintendent for the purpose of discovering and preventing fire, suitable rooms for their accommodation and necessary apparatus to save and preserve property and life at and after a fire, and to provide a platoon system and funds for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Salvage corps and fire patrol.—Every authorized board of fire underwriters in any municipality containing fifty thousand or more inhabitants may provide a salvage corps, a fire patrol with competent superintendent for the purpose of discovering and preventing fires, suitable rooms for their accommodations and necessary apparatus to save and preserve property and life at and after a fire. Such superintendent and patrol subject to the control of the fire chief of the fire department of the municipality may enter any building on fire or in danger of taking fire and endeavor to protect, save or remove the contents or any part thereof during or after the fire, *provided, however, that the employees of said fire patrol salvage corps shall be divided into two platoons or shifts to be known as the day and night shift. The working hours to be as follows: The time of the night shift shall be fourteen hours and that of the day shift shall be ten hours each day, except days for changing from the day shift to the night shift as hereinafter provided; the shift which shall be assigned to day duty shall for the first day thereof remain on duty for the full twenty-four hours of said day. A change of shift from day duty to night duty shall be made every week on Sunday.*

Each employe shall be entitled to a vacation of not less than fifteen (15) days each year with pay. No employes shall be subject

to call or perform any duties in said department out of his regular hours as defined in this section; provided further, that their superintendent may establish such rules as may be necessary to insure attendance of employes in case of a great conflagration and in such case said superintendent may require each and every employe in the protection of life or property notwithstanding said employe has been relieved from duty under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 2. **Payment for maintenance.**—That section 3302, chapter 19, General Statutes of Minnesota for 1913, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: Every domestic and foreign company, except town and farmers' mutual insurance companies, shall pay to the state treasurer on or before April 30, annually, a sum equal to two per cent of the gross premiums less return premiums on all direct business received by it in this state, or by its agent for it, in cash or otherwise, during the preceding calendar year, and if unpaid by said date a penalty of ten per cent shall accrue thereon, and thereafter such sum and penalty shall draw interest at the rate of one per cent per month until paid. In the case of every domestic company such sums shall be in lieu of all other taxes, except those upon real property, owned by it in this state, which shall be taxed the same as like property of individuals, and in the case of every foreign company such sums shall be in lieu of all other taxes, except those upon real and personal property owned by it in this state, which shall be taxed the same as like property of individuals, and except that in addition thereto every foreign fire company doing business in any city wherein a salvage corps has been established pursuant to law for which such company and every foreign company insuring against loss and damage by water to goods and premises arising from the breakage or leakage of sprinklers, pumps or other apparatus erected for extinguishing fires or its agents for it are not otherwise subject to taxation, shall at the same time pay to the treasurer of the duly authorized board of underwriters therein a tax equal to *two and one-half per cent* of the gross direct premiums, less return premiums, received by it during the preceding year upon property located within the corporate limits of such municipalities, upon policies covering loss or damage by fire, lightning, loss or damage by water to goods or premises arising from the breakage or leakage of sprinklers, pumps or other apparatus erected for extinguishing fires, which shall be used by such board for the equipment and maintenance of such corps. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any domestic mutual company insuring its members against loss or damage by tornado, hail or cyclone, or loss of live stock from disease or accident, which pays a salary and compensation to any one officer or member in any year no more than the aggregate sum of one thousand dollars, or to domestic companies organized exclusively to write insurance against loss or damage by cyclone, tornado and windstorm, or any one or more

of them, upon the mutual plan which pay as salary and compensation to any one officer in any one year no more than the aggregate sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000.00).

All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act is hereby repealed.

This act shall be in force and effect from and after March 1, 1920.

Approved April 25, 1919.

CHAPTER 516—H. F. No. 330.

An act to authorize cities in this state now or hereafter having a population of more than 50,000 inhabitants to issue and sell bonds for improving parkways.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. \$600,000 park bonds for Minneapolis.—Any city in this state now or hereafter having a population of over 50,000 inhabitants, is hereby authorized and empowered, acting by and through the common council of such city, by ordinance duly enacted by affirmative vote of not less than two-thirds of all members-elect of such common council, upon request of the board of park commissioners of said city, or of such governing body as may have charge and supervision of the park and parkways of such city, to issue and sell six hundred thousand (\$600,000) dollars par value of the bonds of such city for the purpose of improving parkways, provided not more than three hundred thousand (\$300,000) dollars par value of such bonds shall be issued and sold in any one year.

Sec. 2. To be issued notwithstanding present indebtedness.—The bonds authorized by section 1 of this act, or any portion thereof, may be issued and sold by any such city notwithstanding any limitation contained in the charter of such city or in any law of this state prescribing or fixing any limit upon the bonded indebtedness of such city, but the full faith and credit of any such city shall at all times be pledged for the payment of any bonds issued under this act and for the current interest thereon, and the common council of such city shall each year include in the tax levy for such city a sufficient amount to provide for the payment of such interest and for the accumulation of a sinking fund for the redemption of such bonds at their maturity.

Sec. 3. 30 years at 5%, and form of bond.—No bonds shall be issued by any such city for the purpose hereinabove mentioned to run for a longer term than thirty years or bearing a higher rate of interest than five per cent, but the place of payment of the principal and interest thereof and the denominations in which the same shall be issued shall be such as may be determined upon by the common council, and may be in the form of coupon bonds, or registered certificates, so called. All such bonds shall be signed