

7871. When any person duly summoned as garnishee neglects to appear at the time specified in the summons, or within one hour thereafter, he shall be defaulted, and a judgment payable in money shall be rendered against him for the amount of damages and costs recovered by the plaintiff in the action against the defendant, and execution may issue therefor directly against the property of such garnishee; but the court, upon good cause shown, may remove such default, and permit the garnishee to appear and answer on such terms as may be just.

Sec. 2. **Effective September 1, 1919.**—This act shall take effect and be in force from and after September 1, 1919.

Approved April 4, 1919.

#### CHAPTER 185—H. F. No. 655.

*An act to amend subdivision (c), Section 13, Chapter 351, Session Laws of Minnesota for 1917, relating to the liability of employers to compensate employes for personal injury, and fixing a scale of compensation therefor.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Schedule of compensation to be paid in case of certain personal injuries.**—That subdivision (c), section 13, chapter 351, Session Laws of Minnesota for 1917, be amended to read as follows:

(c) For the permanent partial disability, the compensation shall be based upon the extent of such disability. In cases included by the following schedule the compensation shall be that named in the schedule, to-wit:

For the loss of a thumb, sixty per centum of daily wages during sixty (60) weeks.

For the loss of a first finger, commonly called index finger, sixty per centum of daily wages during thirty-five (35) weeks.

For the loss of a second finger, sixty per centum of daily wages during thirty (30) weeks.

For the loss of a third finger, sixty per centum of daily wages during twenty (20) weeks.

For the loss of a fourth finger, commonly called little finger, sixty per centum of daily wages during fifteen (15) weeks.

For the loss of the first phalange of the thumb, or of any finger, shall be considered equal to the loss of one-half of such thumb, or finger, and compensation shall be paid at the prescribed rate during one-half the time specified above for such thumb or finger.

The loss of more than one phalange shall be considered as the loss of the entire finger or thumb; provided, however, that in no case shall the amount received for more than one finger exceed the amount provided in this schedule for the loss of a hand.

For the loss of a great toe, sixty per centum of daily wages during thirty (30) weeks.

For the loss of one of the toes other than a great toe, sixty per centum of daily wages during ten (10) weeks.

For the loss of the first phalange of any toe shall be considered to be equal to the loss of one-half of such toe, and compensation shall be paid at the prescribed rate during one-half the time specified above for such toe.

The loss of more than one phalange shall be considered as the loss of the entire toe.

For the loss of a hand, sixty per centum of daily wages during one hundred and fifty (150) weeks.

For the loss of an arm, sixty per centum of daily wages during two hundred (200) weeks.

For the loss of a foot, sixty per centum of daily wages during one hundred and twenty-five (125) weeks.

For the loss of a leg, sixty per centum of daily wages during one hundred and seventy-five (175) weeks.

For the loss of an eye, sixty per centum of daily wages during one hundred (100) weeks.

For the complete permanent loss of hearing in both ears, sixty per centum of daily wages during one hundred and fifty-six (156) weeks.

For the loss of an eye and a leg, sixty per centum of daily wages during three hundred and fifty (350) weeks.

For the loss of an eye and an arm, sixty per centum of daily wages during three hundred and fifty (350) weeks.

For the loss of an eye and a hand, sixty per centum of daily wages during three hundred and twenty-five (325) weeks.

For the loss of an eye and a foot, sixty per centum of daily wages during three hundred (300) weeks.

For the loss of two arms other than at the shoulder, sixty per centum of daily wages during four hundred (400) weeks.

For the loss of two hands, sixty per centum of daily wages during four hundred (400) weeks.

For the loss of two legs, sixty per centum of daily wages during four hundred (400) weeks.

For the loss of two feet, sixty per centum of daily wages during four hundred (400) weeks.

For the loss of one arm and the other hand, sixty per centum of the daily wages during four hundred (400) weeks.

For the loss of one hand and one foot, sixty per centum of the daily wages during four hundred (400) weeks.

For the loss of one leg and the other foot, sixty per centum of the daily wages during four hundred (400) weeks.

For the loss of one leg and one hand, sixty per centum of the daily wages during four hundred (400) weeks.

For the loss of one arm and one foot, sixty per centum of the daily wages during four hundred (400) weeks.

For the loss of one arm and one leg, sixty per centum of the daily wages during four hundred (400) weeks.

Where an employe sustains concurrent injuries resulting in concurrent disabilities, he shall receive compensation only for the injury which produced the longest period of disability; but this section shall not affect liability for the concurrent loss of more than one member, for which members compensations are provided in the specific schedule and in subsection (e) below.

In all cases of permanent partial disability, it shall be considered that the permanent loss of the use of member shall be equivalent to and draw the same compensation as the loss of that member; but the compensation in and by said schedule provided, shall be in lieu of all other compensation in such cases.

In cases of permanent partial disability due to injury to a member, resulting in less than total loss of such member not otherwise compensated in this schedule, compensation shall be paid at the prescribed rate during that part of the time specified in the schedule for the total loss of the respective member, which the extent of injury to the member bears to its total loss.

All compensations provided in clause (c) of this section for loss of members, or loss of use of members are subject to the same limitations as to maximum and minimum as are stated in clause (a).

In all other cases of permanent partial disability not above enumerated the compensation shall be sixty per centum of the difference between the wage of the workman at the time of the injury and the wage he is able to earn in his partially disabled condition, subject to a maximum of twelve dollars (\$12.00) per week. Compensation shall continue during disability not, however, beyond three hundred (300) weeks.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 4, 1919.

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#### CHAPTER 186—H. F. No. 693.

*An act to amend Chapter 89, Session Laws of Minnesota for 1915, relating to an act fixing the clerk hire for county treasurer in certain counties.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Clerk hire for treasurers in certain counties.**—In each county of this state, containing not less than fifty-five (55) nor more than fifty-seven (57) congressional townships, *whole or fractional*, and having an assessed valuation of not less than five million dollars (\$5,000,000.00) nor more than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000.00) the county treasurer thereof shall be allowed for clerk hire for the year 1915 and each year thereafter, not less than four hundred eighty dollars (\$480.00) nor more than twelve hun-