

and dollars appropriated as herein provided to such owners respectively paying such assessments, and the remaining balance of said amount of fifteen thousand dollars so appropriated as herein provided equal to the amounts of any and all portions of any such assessments so canceled by the city council and not paid by owners of abutting property assessed therefor may be transferred by the city council and credited to the permanent improvement revolving fund of the city to reimburse said fund in whole or in part for the cost of such paving.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 24, 1915.

CHAPTER 329—H. F. No. 1174.

An Act to provide, in behalf of non-partisan candidates, challengers of illegal voters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota.

Section 1. **Challengers for non-partisan candidates to be appointed by mayor or president of council.**—The mayor of any city or the president of any village shall appoint challengers of illegal voters at elections in each precinct whenever such challengers, or any challenger, shall be petitioned for by the voters of any group supporting any non-partisan candidate or candidates, and the petition of such group shall be for only one person and signed by not less than one-fifth ($1/5$) of the legal voters of such precinct who have not signed any other petition for the appointment of a challenger; and said challengers so appointed shall be the first persons so petitioned for and they shall have all the rights and powers which the challengers representing parties have under the general election law at elections at which party candidates are voted for.

Approved April 24, 1915.

CHAPTER 330—H. F. No. 1180.

An Act to authorize cities of the fourth class to make contracts with adjoining municipalities for the improvement of public highways or streets connecting such cities with adjoining municipalities, or delegate its authority to make such contracts to such adjoining municipality.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Fourth class city may delegate authority to improve highway to adjoining municipality.**—Any city of the fourth

class in this state may delegate to an adjoining municipality the authority to improve any public highway within such city connecting it with such an adjoining municipality or it may make a joint contract with such adjoining municipality for the improvement of such highway, under the joint supervision of both municipalities.

Sec. 2. Authority for payment of money by city delegating authority.—If the authority to improve such highway is delegated to any adjoining municipality by such city it may cause to be paid over from time to time for such improvement during the progress thereof or upon the completion thereof, to such municipality or such contractor as may make such improvement, any money that such city may have in its treasury available for the payment of such improvement.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 24, 1915.

CHAPTER 331—S. F. No. 88.

An Act to amend subdivision 3 of Section 7243 of the General Statutes of 1913, relating to probate courts and authorizing the court to grant allowance to the family of a testate decedent.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Probate court permitted to make allowance for family of a testate decedent.—That Subdivision 3 of Section 7243 of the General Statutes of 1913 be amended so as to read as follows:

“3. The widow or children, or both, constituting the family of the decedent, shall have such reasonable allowance out of his personal estate as the probate court deems necessary for their maintenance during the settlement of the estate according to their circumstances, which in case of an insolvent estate shall not be longer than one year after administration is granted, nor in any case after the distributive share of the widow in the residue of the personal estate has been assigned to her; *and such reasonable allowance may be made by the court when the husband or father has left a will, as well as when he dies intestate, except when the testator makes provision in his will specifically in lieu of all other allowances.*”

Approved April 24, 1915.