

trial upon the merits at the next term of said court after the filing of such transcript, unless otherwise ordered by the court; and upon such trial the findings of fact on which such order is based shall be prima facie evidence of the matters therein stated.

During the pendency of such proceedings upon review the order of the commissioner of insurance shall be suspended but in event of final determination against any insurer any overcharge by such insurer during such review shall be refunded to the persons entitled thereto.

Sec. 7. Penalty for violation.—Any fire insurance company or other insurer or rating bureau or representative of any fire insurance company or other insurer or rating bureau guilty of a violation of any of the provisions of this act or orders or findings of the commissioner of insurance made hereunder, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$5,000. In addition thereto the license of any fire insurance company, agent or broker guilty of such violation may be revoked or suspended by the commissioner of insurance. Any rating bureau examined by the commissioner of insurance under the provisions of this act shall pay to the commissioner of insurance for such examination the same fees required for examinations of foreign fire insurance companies.

Sec. 8. Not to apply to county or township companies.—The provisions of this act shall not apply to county or township, mutual insurance companies.

Sec. 9. This act shall take effect and be in force sixty days after its passage.

Approved April 10, 1915.

CHAPTER 102—S. F. No. 500.

An Act to amend Section 327 of the General Statutes, 1913, relating to elections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Occupation and residence of candidates having same names and running for same office to be given on ballot.—That Section 327, General Statutes for 1913, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

327. Like squares shall be placed at the right of the blank lines, and on such lines the voter may write the names of persons for whom he desires to vote whose names are not printed, and in the squares opposite the same he may make marks as in the case of printed names. The first name printed for each office, or group of names if more than one is to be voted for for the same office, shall be that of the candidate of the political party which at the last preceding general election polled the largest number of

votes, the same to be determined by the average vote received by such of its candidates as were not endorsed by any other party; and, in case all of the state candidates of any political party were indorsed or renominated by another party, the position of the candidates of either such nominating or endorsing party shall be determined by taking the average vote of its candidates at the last preceding election wherein they were not so endorsed. In like manner the second and succeeding lines shall be filled with the names of candidates of the other political parties receiving respectively the highest number of votes.

When the surnames of two or more candidates for the same office are the same, each such candidate shall have added thereto not to exceed three words, indicating his occupation and residence, and upon such candidate furnishing to the officer preparing the official ballot such words, they shall be printed on the ballot with and as are the names of the candidates and immediately after his name.

Approved April 10, 1915.

CHAPTER 103—S. F. No. 403.

An Act to authorize the county commissioners of certain counties to issue and negotiate bonds for the purpose of paying the floating indebtedness of such counties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. County boards may issue bonds to take up outstanding floating indebtedness.—The county board of any county in this state may issue and negotiate the bonds of said county to take up the outstanding floating indebtedness thereof now existing. Provided, that the bonds so issued shall be made payable as follows:

One-fifth on December first, 1916; one-fifth on December first, 1917; one-fifth on December first, 1918; one-fifth on December first, 1919; one-fifth on December first, 1920; and shall not bear a higher rate of interest than five per cent (5%) and shall not be sold for less than par and accrued interest from date of issue.

Sec. 2. Levying of taxes for payment of bonds.—The county board of any county in this state that shall have issued and negotiated the bonds of any such county under the provisions of Section 1 of this act, shall levy annually in addition to all other taxes a tax sufficient to pay the annual interest due on said bonds and to pay the bond maturing on the first of December of the following year, which taxes shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner as the general taxes are collected. Provided that no such bonds shall be issued unless the county