

Provided, that when issued and sold, said bonds do not make the net indebtedness of the city exceed 10 per centum of its assessed value, such net indebtedness to be calculated and determined as provided by Section 777 Revised Laws Minnesota 1905.

Sec. 2. Application.—This act shall apply to and legalize all of such bonds as are issued and sold, regardless of whether issued and sold at the same time or at different times.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 17, 1913.

CHAPTER 61—S. F. No. 75.

An Act to restrict the use of common drinking cups.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Use of common drinking cups in public places prohibited.—In order to prevent the spread of communicable diseases, the use of common drinking cups in public places, public conveyances and public buildings, is hereby prohibited.

Sec. 2. Violation a misdemeanor.—Whoever violates the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and be liable to a fine, not exceeding twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each offense.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1st, 1913.

Approved March 12, 1913.

CHAPTER 62—S. F. No. 409.

An Act to provide for the appointment of supreme court commissioners, prescribing their qualifications, the manner of their appointment, their duties, and fixing their term and compensation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Two commissioners of supreme court to be appointed by the court at the same salary as a justice of the supreme court.—The supreme court of the state, upon the taking effect of this act, is hereby authorized and directed to appoint two persons as commissioners of the supreme court, each of whom shall possess the same qualifications, and take a like oath as justices of the supreme court. Such appointment shall be for six years from the date thereof. They shall each receive

the same compensation as a justice of the supreme court, and payable in the same manner; and during their appointment shall not engage in the practice of law. All vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

Sec. 2. Duties of commissioners to be prescribed by the court—Offices to be at capitol—Appointment of stenographers.—It shall be the duty of said commissioners, under such rules and regulations as the supreme court may adopt, to aid and assist said court in the performance of its duties, in the disposition of causes now pending before it, or which shall hereafter be brought into it during the term of office of such commissioners. During his term of office each commissioner shall be provided with an office at the state capitol, suitably furnished, be supplied with stationery, and may appoint a stenographer who shall receive the same compensation, and to be paid in the same manner as stenographers of the justices of the supreme court are now, or may hereafter be appointed and paid.

Sec. 3. Termination of office.—Upon the increase, in the manner provided by law, of the number of associate justices of the supreme court to six, and the appointment and qualification of such additional associate justices, the term of the supreme court commissioners then in office shall terminate, and the office of supreme court commissioners hereby created, shall without further act be abolished.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 12, 1913.

CHAPTER 63—H. F. No. 20.

An Act to permit five-sixths of any jury, in civil actions or proceedings, in courts of record to render a valid verdict after twelve hours' deliberation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Five-sixths of jury may render valid verdict after twelve hours deliberation.—“In all civil actions or proceedings in any court of record of this state, after twelve hours' deliberation, the agreement of five-sixths of any jury therein shall be a sufficient and valid verdict; the deliberation of the jury shall be deemed to have commenced when the officer taking charge of the jury has been sworn, and the clerk shall enter such time in his records.”

Sec. 2. All concurring jurors to sign verdict.—Where the verdict is agreed to by the full membership of the jury the foreman only shall sign the verdict, when less than the full number