

regulations relating to the public health; provided further, that the governing body of any city may in its discretion permit any lodge or society, not organized and maintained for profit, to conduct public dances without being licensed as herein provided.

Sec. 6. To be thoroughly lighted.—Every licensed public dance hall shall be brightly illuminated while in public use and dancing therein while the lights are extinguished, dimmed or turned low so as to give imperfect illumination is hereby prohibited and made a violation of this act.

Sec. 7. Persons under 18, and others, prohibited from halls.—No keeper, proprietor or person in charge of any licensed public dance hall shall permit to be or remain therein any unmarried person under the age of eighteen (18) years, or any intoxicated person or any prostitute or any person of known immorality.

Sec. 8. Penalty for violation.—Any firm, person or corporation violating any of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred (\$100) dollars or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding ninety (90) days.

Sec. 9. Inconsistent acts repealed.—All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 28, 1913.

CHAPTER 571—H. F. No. 720.

An Act to create a public education commission, and to define its powers and duties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Public education commission.—A commission is hereby created, consisting of seven members, to be known as the public education commission, and to be constituted as herein-after provided.

Sec. 2. Membership of.—The superintendent of public instruction shall be one of said commission, and the remaining members shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, and within twenty days of the passage of this act. Vacancies arising by resignation or otherwise shall be filled by the governor. The term of the commission shall expire by limitation two years after the passage and approval of this act.

Sec. 3. Meetings of commission.—The commission shall meet on the call of the superintendent of public instruction, with-

in thirty days of its appointment. Five members shall constitute a quorum. The commission may elect a secretary, and shall cause a record to be kept of its proceedings.

Sec. 4. Duties of commission.—It is the purpose, and shall be the duty, of said public education commission to make careful study and investigation of conditions in this state with respect to public education, including the public school system and public educational institutions, and the relation of the educational institutions one to another and to the public school system; to revise, collate, and make a digest of all laws and decisions relating to or touching public education in this state; to recommend a general plan for the organization and administration of public education and public educational institutions. The general purpose of the commission shall be to effect economy and efficiency with respect to the several branches of public education in this state, and to devise plans and make recommendations for the teaching of vocational and industrial education in the high schools of the state.

Sec. 5. Members to receive expenses.—The members of the commission shall receive their personal and traveling expenses incurred in connection with their work, but shall receive no compensation for their services; they are authorized to pay for such clerical and other services and incidental expenses as may be deemed necessary; they may fix the compensation of the secretary for the time given to the service of the commission. The public printer is directed to do such printing as may be necessary for the said commission.

Sec. 6. Report to governor.—The said commission shall report the result of its work to the governor not later than December 1, 1914, to be by him transmitted to the legislature.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 28, 1913.

CHAPTER 572—H. F. No. 722.

An Act prohibiting any person under eighteen years of age from playing pool, billiards or bowling in public places unless accompanied by his parent or guardian and providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Persons under 18 years prohibited from playing pool, etc., in public places.—Any person under the age of eighteen years or who is a minor pupil in any school, college or university is prohibited from playing pool, billiards or ten pins or