

prepare and have printed, at the expense of their respective municipalities, the necessary tally sheets and ballots for such election. The ballots shall be printed on yellow-tinted paper, but without the fac-simile of the signature of the county auditor. The ballots shall contain no party designation of any candidate, and the names of the candidates for each office shall be arranged on the ballot alphabetically, according to the surname of such candidate. The ballots shall be counted, tallied and preserved as in general elections, except that the town clerk or village recorder shall be the final custodian of such ballots, of his respective municipality. A sample ballot shall be posted at the place of election at least two (2) days before such election by the officer whose duty it is to prepare such ballot.

**Sec. 3. Offenses and penalties.**—All of the provisions of laws now in force relating to offenses and penalties in connection with general elections are hereby made applicable to town and village elections.

**Sec. 4.** This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 8, 1913.

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#### CHAPTER 211—H. F. No. 270

*An Act to authorize and encourage the creation of municipal forests and to provide for the levy of a tax therefor.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

**Section 1.** May accept donations of land for forestry purposes—Donor may give same his name perpetually—Proceedings under condemnation and tax levy for maintenance.—Any city, village or town in this state, by resolution of the governing body thereof, may accept donations of land that such governing body may deem to be better adapted for the production of timber and wood than for any other purpose, for a forest, and may manage the same on forestry principles. The donor of not less than one hundred acres of any such land shall be entitled to have the same perpetually bear his or her name. The governing body of any city, village or town in this state, when funds are available or have been levied therefor, may, when authorized by a majority vote by ballot of the voters voting at any general or special city or village election or town meeting where such question is properly submitted, purchase or obtain by condemnation proceedings, and preferably at the sources of streams, any tract of land for a forest which is better adapted for the production of timber and wood than for any other purpose, and which is conveniently located for the purpose, and manage the same on forestry prin-

ciples; the selection of such lands and the plan of management thereof shall have the approval of the state forester. Such city, village or town is authorized to levy and collect an annual tax of not exceeding five mills on the dollar of its assessed real estate valuation, in addition to all other taxes authorized or permitted by law, to procure and maintain such forests.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 8, 1913.

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CHAPTER 212—H. F. No. 304.

*An Act to amend Section 27 of Chapter 344, General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, relating to the preservation, propagation, protection, taking, use and transportation of game and fish and certain harmless birds and animals.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Taking or killing of waterfowl prohibited one hour after sunset or one hour before sunrise.**—That Section 27 of Chapter 344, General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 27. No person shall at any time hunt, *take*, shoot, or *kill any duck, goose, mudhen or other water fowl* in this state between *one hour after sunset and one hour before the following sunrise*, and no person shall at any time make use of, hunt with, or shoot from any floating battery, sink boat, sunken barrels, boxes, tubs, floating blinds or any similar device whatever on the waters of this state.

Approved April 8, 1913.

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CHAPTER 213—H. F. No. 313.

*An Act to legalize, in certain cases, proceedings for extending the period of corporate existence of corporations.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Certain corporate existence legalized.**—That in any case where a corporation, created by and under the laws of this state, shall have within the period of its corporate existence, initiated, in good faith, proceedings authorized by law for the extension of its corporate existence, which said proceedings were taken in the month of March, 1911, and where a resolution then adopted has not been filed, recorded and published, as provided by law, within the period of its corporate existence, that said