

or board of auditors as the case may be, shall make and deliver to each official concerned a certificate to that effect. Upon the delivery of such certificate to the county auditor, and not otherwise, he shall issue to such official a warrant for his last month's salary.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1913.

CHAPTER 147—H. F. No. 790.

An Act to provide for holding terms of the district court of the Fifteenth judicial district at the village of Beaudette, county of Beltrami, in said district.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **General term of district court for Beaudette, Beltrami county.**—One or more general terms of the district court for the county of Beltrami are hereby established to be held in the village of Beaudette, in said county, in each year at such times as shall be fixed by the order of the judges of said court, made and filed with the clerk thereof at least thirty days before the time appointed for the holding of said court, for the trial of all actions and proceedings, except the trial of criminal actions under indictments, with the same force and effect as though held at the county seat of said county; and said terms shall be in addition to the general terms of said district court held at the county seat of said county, as now provided by law.

Provided, that all proceedings for the registration of title to real estate shall be tried at the county seat of said county.

Provided, further, that no officer having in his custody any of the public records of Beltrami county shall be required to produce any of such records at the trial of any action herein provided for, except at the county seat, save on an order of said court providing for the immediate return of any such records to the proper office.

Sec. 2. **Special terms provided for.**—Special terms of said district court may be held at said village of Beaudette at any time when the judges of said court shall so provide by order.

Sec. 3. **Notice to be given by clerk by two publications.**—The clerk of said court shall give notice of all orders for the holding of any general or special term by publishing the same for two successive weeks in a newspaper published in said village of Beaudette and also in the official newspaper of said county, the last of which publications shall not be less than ten nor more than twenty days before the opening of any such term.

Sec. 4. Judge, sheriff or deputies to be present.—It shall be the duty of one or more judges of the district court, the court reporters, the sheriff or his deputy or deputies, the clerk of the district court or his deputy or deputies, to be present at all terms of court so ordered to be held, to properly attend to the trial and disposition of all cases on the calendar for trial.

Sec. 5. Clerk to keep calendar of actions.—It shall be the duty of the clerk to keep a calendar of actions for trial at such terms, and it shall be the duty of parties litigant entitled to have their action tried in said village of Beaudette as aforesaid to designate the same upon the note of issue to be filed with the clerk of court.

Sec. 6. Beaudette to provide suitable room for holding court.—The village of Beaudette shall, previous to the holding of any term of court in said village, and for each of such terms, without expense to the county of Beltrami, provide suitable rooms for the holding of such terms and a proper place for the confinement of prisoners during the session of any such term; and no adjournment of said court shall be made to the village of Spooner, as hereinafter provided, unless the said village of Spooner shall have previously, without expense to said county of Beltrami, provided suitable rooms for the holding of such term and a proper place for the confinement of prisoners during such term. And the county of Beltrami shall reimburse the clerk of said court and the sheriff and county attorney of said county and their respective deputies and the district judges of said district and the court reporters for their traveling expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of their respective official duties.

Sec. 7. Petit jurors to be drawn in same manner as for other sessions.—Petit jurors for each of said general terms shall be selected, drawn and summoned in the same manner in all respects as for the general terms of said court held at the county seat of said county, except that no person residing south of the 14th standard parallel in said county shall be summoned or required to attend as a juror at any such term.

Sec. 8. Appeal from municipal or justice's court to be tried at Beaudette.—All appeals from municipal courts and from justices of the peace in either civil or criminal actions shall be heard and tried at such terms in said village of Beaudette in all cases where the court appealed from is situated north of the fourteenth standard parallel, being the township line between townships numbers 156 and 157 in said county; provided, that by consent of the parties thereto such appeal may be tried at the county seat of said county.

Sec. 9. Civil actions brought by parties nearer to Beaudette to be tried at that point.—All civil actions brought in the

district court of said county against any party whose place of residence, by the usual route of travel, is situated nearer to the said village of Beaudette than to the county seat of said county shall be tried at the terms of court to be held in said village of Beaudette, unless the place of trial shall be waived by the defendant.

If none of the parties against whom such action is brought shall reside in the county of Beltrami, or if the defendant be a foreign corporation, the action may be tried at the village of Beaudette if the plaintiff therein shall so designate as hereinafter provided, subject to the right of a defendant to remove said action as provided by law.

Sec. 10. What summons shall contain.—Any party wishing to have any civil cause commenced by him in said court tried at said village of Beaudette shall, in the summons issued therein, in addition to the usual provisions, print, stamp or write thereon the words "To be tried at Beaudette"; and in all such cases where any summons contains such specification the case shall be tried at said village of Beaudette, unless the defendant shall have the place of trial fixed at the county seat of said county, as hereinafter provided.

If the place of trial designated in any summons is not the proper place of trial, as specified in this act, the cause shall nevertheless be tried at such place unless the defendant in his answer, in addition to the other allegations of defense, shall plead the location of his residence and demand that such action be tried at the place of holding said court nearest his residence, as herein provided; and in any case where the answer of the defendant pleads such place of residence and makes such demand of place of trial, the plaintiff, in his reply, may admit or deny such allegations of residence; and if such allegations of residence be not expressly denied such cause shall be tried at the place so demanded by the defendant, and if they be so denied, then the place of trial shall be determined by the court on motion.

An action for injuries to real estate or for the recovery of real estate or for the partition thereof or involving the title thereto, shall be tried at the terms of court held at said village of Beaudette where the real estate involved in said action is nearer by the usual route of travel to said village of Beaudette than to the county seat of said county.

Nothing in this act contained shall, however, be construed to abridge the power of the court, for cause shown, to change the place of trial of any such action or proceeding, and the court may, upon motion, for the convenience of witnesses remove the trial of any case from said village of Beaudette to said county seat or from said county seat to said village of Beaudette.

All cases pending in said county at the time this act goes into effect which, if brought after such time, could properly be tried at the terms of court to be held at said village of Beaudette may be tried there upon motion of either party thereto.

Sec. 11. Judge to make rules, etc.—May adjourn to Spooner.—The judges of the district court shall have full power and authority to make all such rules, orders and regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.

The judge or judges holding any of said terms at said village of Beaudette may also, in his, or their, discretion, adjourn the same to some suitable place in the village of Spooner, in said county, to be designated in the order of adjournment, for the trial of any cause or causes pending for trial at said term.

Sec. 12. Not to affect actions commenced prior to Jan. 1st, 1911.—This act shall not apply to or in any manner affect the place of trial of any action based upon a cause of action arising or accruing prior to January 1st, 1911, whether such action be now pending or hereafter commenced.

Sec. 13. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 14. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1913.

CHAPTER 148—H. F. No. 243.

An Act to amend Section 13, Chapter 352, General Laws 1903, as amended by Chapter 115, General Laws 1905, as amended by Chapter 401, General Laws 1909, relating to the suppression of dangerous, contagious and infectious diseases of domestic animals.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Cows valued at \$60, horses at \$125, and where registered not to exceed \$150.—That Section 13, Chapter 352, General Laws 1903, as amended by Chapter 115, General Laws 1905, as amended by Chapter 401, General Laws 1909, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. Whenever the state live stock sanitary board shall decide upon the killing of an animal affected with the disease tuberculosis or glanders, it shall notify the owner or keeper of such decision, when the judgment of the state live stock sanitary board, such animal may be ordered transported for immediate slaughter by the said board, through its executive officer to any abattoir within the state where the United States bureau of animal industry maintains inspection, and said live stock sanitary board shall pay the expense, said transportation and yardage.