

or fixing any limit upon the bonded indebtedness of such city but the full faith and credit of any such city shall at all times be pledged for the payment of any bonds issued under this act for the payment of the current interest thereon, and the common council or city council of such city shall each year include in the tax levy a sufficient amount to provide for the payment of such interest as it accrues, and for the accumulation of a sinking fund for the redemption of such bonds at their maturity.

Bonds not to run longer than thirty years at four per cent.—
Sec. 3. No bonds shall be issued by any such city for the purposes hereinabove mentioned to run for a longer term than thirty years, or bearing a higher rate of interest than four per cent per annum, but the place of payment of the principal and interest thereon and the denominations in which the same shall be issued shall be such as may be determined upon by the common council or city council and may be in the form of coupon bonds or registered certificates, so-called.

All of said bonds shall be signed by the mayor, attested by the city clerk and countersigned by the city comptroller of the city issuing the same, and shall be sealed with the seal of such city, except that the signatures to the coupons attached to such bonds, if any, may be lithographed thereon, and none of said bonds shall be sold at less than their par value and accrued interest, and then only to the highest responsible bidder therefor.

This act shall not apply to any city operating under a home rule charter framed pursuant to section 36, of article 4, of the constitution of Minnesota.

Sec. 4. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 24, 1909.

CHAPTER 490—H. F. No. 965.

An Act to amend chapter 120 of the General Laws of 1897, entitled: "An act to prescribe the bounds of senatorial and representative districts, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Lyon, Lincoln and Yellow Medicine to each have one representative.—Section 1. That section one (1) of chapter 120 of the General Laws of 1897, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

“Section 1. That for the next legislature and thereafter until a new apportionment shall have been made, the senate of this state shall be composed of sixty-three (63) members, and the house of representatives shall be composed of one hundred and twenty (120) members.”

Sec. 2. That that subdivision of section two (2) of chapter 120 of the General Laws of 1897, entitled “seventeenth district” be amended so as to read as follows:

The seventeenth district shall be composed of the counties of Lincoln, Lyon and Yellow Medicine, and shall be entitled to elect one (1) senator and three (3) representatives.

The representative districts shall be divided as follows: The county of Lincoln shall constitute one (1) district and shall be entitled to elect one (1) representative. The county of Lyon shall constitute one (1) district and shall be entitled to elect one (1) representative. The county of Yellow Medicine shall be entitled to elect one (1) representative and shall constitute one (1) district.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 24, 1909.

CHAPTER 491—H. F. No. 1056.

An Act authorizing the refundment without interest of the amount of certain tax certificates upon reform school lands where the tax sale occurred and the certificates were acquired prior to the year 1902.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Refundment of tax certificates upon reform school lands.—

Section 1. Any holder of a tax certificate of sale or state assignment certificate, who became the owner thereof prior to the adoption of chapter 2, General Laws 1902, and which describes reform school lands, so-called, or any tract, lot or subdivision thereof and which was sold by the state upon contract prior to the year 1902, to a purchaser, who has since defaulted in the performance of the conditions thereof, so that the land is now owned in fee simple by the state, may petition the board of county commissioners of the county wherein such lands are situated, setting forth fully and fairly all the facts pertaining thereto and said board of county commissioners shall thereupon inquire into the truth of the facts alleged in said petition, and if they are satisfied that the facts are fully and fairly stated therein, they shall so certify to the state auditor of the state of Minnesota. The