

city, except that the signatures to the coupons attached to such bonds, if any, may be lithographed thereon, and none of said bonds shall be sold at less than their par value and accrued interest, and then only to the highest responsible bidder therefor.

Sec. 4. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 25, 1907.

CHAPTER 414—S. F. No. 886.

An Act to provide for the trial of certain actions and proceedings in cities and villages of over 6,000 population that are more than fifty (50) miles distant from the county seat in the county in which said cities or villages are located.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

Order and notice.—Section 1. Except as hereinafter provided, one or more terms of the district court shall be held during each year in all cities and villages in this state which at any time shall have a population of more than 6,000, which are situated fifty miles or more by the usual traveled route by rail from the county seat of the county in which said village or city may be situated. The time and place of holding such terms of court shall be fixed by the order of a judge of said court, made and filed with the clerk thereof at least thirty days before the time appointed to hold said court. Such order may be special as to each term of court to be held, or it may be a general order providing the times and places at which such terms shall be held, until the further order of the court. Such clerk shall cause published notice of said order to be made for two successive weeks in a newspaper published in the city or village where such terms shall be appointed to be held, the last of which publication shall be had not less than ten nor more than twenty days before the opening of any such term. At such terms of court, with the limitations hereinafter provided, all matters cognizable before the court, except the trial of issues of fact by a jury, may be brought on for hearing, trial and determination.

Place of trial—how determined.—Sec. 2. The business to be transacted at any such term shall be such as may be brought before the court by consent of parties, and, if in any case or proceeding the parties shall fail to agree with respect to the place of hearing or trial thereof, when one or more of such parties shall reside within such county, and more than fifty miles distant from the county seat thereof, the matter in dispute may be submitted to the court eight days or more before any such term, and the court shall thereupon determine the place of hearing or trial, having consideration of the residence and convenience of the parties, and the hearing or trial shall thereupon be had at the place so fixed; *provided*, that in case cities or villages having the population herein provided for, shall at any time exist within fifteen miles of each other, it shall not be necessary to fix or hold terms of court in both of such places, but the terms of court may be held in either, as a judge of this court may from time to time determine.

Court room—how provided.—Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of every such city or village in which such term of court shall be appointed to be held as aforesaid, to provide therefor a suitable room or building to hold the terms of court as shall be so designated by said judges, at the expense of said village or city.

Calendar.—Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the clerk to keep a calendar of actions for trial in any such city or village, and it shall be the duty of parties litigant entitled to have their action tried in any such city or village, as aforesaid, to designate the same upon the note of issue to be filed with the clerk of court.

Duties of judges and sheriffs.—Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of one or more judges of the district court, the sheriff or his deputy or deputies, the clerk of the district court, or one or more of his deputies, to be present at all terms of court, so appointed to be held, to properly attend to the trial and disposition of all cases on the calendar for trial, for any such city or village.

Records.—Sec. 6. All records, orders, judgments, of any term of a court so held shall finally be deposited and recorded in the county clerk's office at the county seat of the county.

Traveling expenses.—Sec. 7. The judges of the district

court shall have full power and authority to make all such orders as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this act, and shall have the power to direct the county commissioners of any such county to pay the necessary traveling and other expenses connected with holding said terms of court, not otherwise provided by law.

Provided, that nothing in this act shall prevent the change of venue of the trial of civil actions as otherwise provided by law.

Sec. 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 25, 1907.

CHAPTER 415—S. F. No. 892.

An Act to amend section 2977 of the Revised Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905, relating to fees to the state by banks and other financial institutions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Fees.—Section 1. That section 2977 of the Revised Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

“2977. **Schedule of fees**—All banks organized under the laws of this state shall pay annually, on or before June 30, into the state treasury, the following sums: Those having a paid-up capital of fifty thousand dollars or less, ten dollars; or more than fifty thousand dollars and not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, twenty dollars; or more than one hundred thousand dollars and not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars, twenty-five dollars; of more than three hundred thousand dollars and not exceeding four hundred thousand dollars, thirty-five dollars; of more than four hundred thousand dollars and not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars, forty dollars; of more than five hundred thousand dollars and not exceeding six hundred thousand dollars, fifty dollars; and of more than six hundred thousand dollars, seventy-five dollars. All trust companies so organized shall so pay the following sums: Those having a paid-up capital of one hundred thousand dollars and not ex-