the year 1905, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4273. When a new county is created, the clerk of the district court thereof shall transcribe into his records all the docket entries relative to judgments for the payment of money, including real estate tax judgments, against lands situated in such new county, rendered within the ten years next preceding such creation and docketed in the counties from which such new county was set off, and such transcribed entries shall have the same effect as transcripts of dockets of judgments made by the clerk of court of the county where the originals were docketed and filed in another county. For such transcription the clerk shall receive from the new county fifteen cents for each judgment.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 12, 1907.

CHAPTER 160—S. F. No. 74.

An Act to create the office of inspector of apiaries; to provide for the suppression of contagious diseases among bees and to appropriate money therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Governor to appoint a state inspector of apiaries.—Section 1. The governor shall appoint a state inspector of apiaries for the term of two years and until his successor qualifies. Vacancies shall be filled by like appointments for the unexpired term.

Duties.—Sec. 2. Said inspector shall, when notified of the existence of foul brood or other infectious diseases among apiaries, examine all reported apiaries and all others in the same locality and ascertain whether or not such disease exists, and if satisfied of its existence, shall give the owner or person who has charge of such apiaries full instructions as to the manner of treating them. Within a reasonable time after making such examination, the inspector shall make another examination thereof, and if the condition is such as in his judgment renders it necessary, he may give notice to the

owner or person in charge of such apiaries, prohibiting the sale, barter or removal of any bees, honey or appliances from such affected apiary.

Inspection of infected hives.—Sec. 3. After inspecting infected hives or fixtures, or handling diseased bees, the inspector shall, before leaving the premises or proceeding to any other apiary, thoroughly disinfect any portion of his own person and clothing, and any tools or appliances used by him which have come in contact with infected material, and shall see that any assistant or assistants with him shall likewise thoroughly disinfect their persons and clothing and any tools and implements used by them.

Sale of foul broods prohibited.—Sec. 4. Any bee keeper who shall be aware of the existence of foul brood in his apiary, or who shall receive notice from the inspector as provided in section 2 of this act, and who shall sell, barter, give away or remove any such apiary, or any honey, appliances or bees from such apiary, and any beekeeper who shall refuse to allow the inspector to examine his apiary, honey and appliances, shall be fined not less than \$10 nor more than \$100 or be imprisoned in the county jail not less than 10 days nor more than 30 days.

Annual report.—Sec. 5. The inspector of apiaries shall make, at the close of each calendar year, a report to the governor, stating the number of apiaries visited, the number of those diseased and treated, the effect of such treatment, and the disposition made of such apiaries.

Compensation.—Sec. 6. The compensation of said inspector of apiaries for services and expenses is hereby fixed at one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per year and there is hereby appropriated out of money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated the sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) each year for the maintenance of said inspector of apiaries

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect immediately after its passage.

Approved April 12, 1907.