

a fine of not less than twenty-five (25) dollars, nor more than one hundred (100) dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days.

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 11, 1902.

CHAPTER 28.

H. F. No. 33.

An act to prohibit the sale of fish caught in any lake situated partly or wholly within any county of this state having a population of two hundred thousand (200,000) or over, and to provide punishment therefor.

Fish and game.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. Any person who shall sell or offer for sale any fish caught in any lake situated partly or wholly within a county in this state that has a population of two hundred thousand (200,000) people or over shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon the conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred (100) dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail for a term not to exceed ninety (90) days.

Fish prohibited from lakes in counties exceeding 200,000 population.

SEC. 2. This bill shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 6, 1902.

CHAPTER 29.

S. F. No. 68.

An act to amend section twenty-nine (29) of chapter one hundred and thirty-two (132) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three (1883), as amended by chapter two hundred and thirty-eight (238) of the General Laws of one thousand nine hundred and one (1901), being an act relating to infectious and epidemic diseases and the preservation of the public health.

Board of health.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That section twenty-nine (29) of chapter one hundred and thirty-two (132) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three (1883), as amended by chapter two hundred and thirty-eight (238) of the General Laws of one

thousand nine hundred and one (1901) being section seven thousand and seventy-three (7073) of the General Statutes of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four (1894), be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

“Sec. 29. All necessary expenses incurred by any board of health hereinafter referred to, in the general control of contagious and infectious diseases within any town, borough, village or city, shall be a charge in favor of such town, borough, village or city against the county in which the same is situated, and it shall hereafter be the duty of the chairman of any incorporated town, borough, town or village board of health which shall hereafter incur expenses for the control of infectious or contagious diseases in any such town, village, borough, or city, to present a detailed statement thereof giving the name and address, so far as possible, of each person afflicted, duly verified, to the county auditor of the county in which such town, borough, village or city is situated, provided, however, this section shall not be construed to include the expenses of caring for individuals referred to in section fifteen (15) of the act of which this is amendatory, except where such individuals have a legal settlement in the town, borough, village or city in which they are so afflicted, and then only upon the conditions set forth in said section; and thereupon it shall be the duty of such county auditor to place the same before the board of county commissioners of his county at their first meeting thereafter, and it shall thereupon be the duty of the said board of county commissioners to audit the said statement, or so much thereof as the said board shall determine to be just and proper.

Whenever any board of county commissioners shall disallow any such statement, or any part thereof, it shall be the duty of the county auditor of such county, within ten days thereafter, to notify, in writing, the chairman of the incorporated town, borough, town or village board of health, as the case may be, of such disallowance, and such chairman may thereupon, within thirty days after the receipt of such notice, appeal from the action of the said board to the district court by serving a notice of such appeal upon the county attorney and file the same with the clerk of said court. When such notice of appeal shall have been so served and filed with the clerk of the court, as aforesaid, the said clerk shall place the appeal upon the calendar of actions for the ensuing term of the

Contagious diseases. Expenses of cities and villages chargeable to counties.

Exception.

If disallowed appeal to district court.

district court. The court at such term shall fix a day for the hearing of such appeal, and cause notice thereof to be served upon the chairman of the town or village board of health, as the case may be. The said chairman may appear in person or by counsel at the trial thereof. The court shall render judgment as justice shall require, regardless of the action of said board of county commissioners. It shall be the duty of the clerk of the court to issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses when requested so to do, in writing, by the said chairman. No bond shall be required of the board of health taking the appeal herein provided. All expenses incident to such appeal may be allowed by the court, in its discretion, and paid out of the county treasury. When the board of county commissioners shall audit such statement, or any part thereof, the said statement shall be paid out of the county treasury by orders on the treasurer, drawn by the county auditor, and paid out of the general revenue fund of the county, as other claims against the county are paid."

Hearing by
court.

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 11, 1902.

CHAPTER 30.

H. F. No. 40.

An act to regulate the manufacture and sale of lard and of lard compounds and lard substitutes, and of food prepared therefrom; to prevent fraud and to preserve the public health, and to repeal acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Pure food.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. No person shall within this state manufacture for sale, or have in his possession with intent to sell, or offer or expose for sale or sell, as lard, any substance not the legitimate and exclusive product of the fat of the hog. Any lard for purposes of this act shall be deemed adulterated. (1) If any substitute or substitutes has been mixed with it so as to lessen or depreciate its quality, strength or purity. (2) If any valuable or necessary constituent or ingredient has been wholly or in part abstracted from it.

Adulterated
lard pro-
hibited.