

or designated or authorized by law to be set apart or purchased for a state public park, within this state or within three thousand (3,000) feet of the outward boundary lines or limits, fixed by law, of any state park, or who shall in any manner whatsoever hunt with firearms, or have in their possession loaded or charged firearms at any point within three thousand (3,000) feet of the outward limits of, or proposed outward boundary line or limits of any such state park within this state, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine for the first offense of fifty dollars (\$50), for the second offense two hundred dollars (\$200), and for the third or further offense he shall be fined and imprisoned in the county jail not less than ninety (90) days, nor more than one (1) year, and the provisions of this section shall apply to all manner of persons, including Indians, but this law shall not be held to supersede, modify or amend any law or ordinance which provides for the regulation of any public park within the limits of any incorporated city or village within this state.

SEC. 2. All offenses provided for in section one (1) of this act shall be tried and determined under the General Laws of this state applicable to the trial of criminal actions in like causes.

SEC. 3. Any county attorney, whose official duty it is to prosecute offenders who are charged with violating the provisions of this act, who neglects or refuses to prosecute such offenders to a final judgment, or who advises, appears for, or in any way defends, aids or counsels persons charged with offenses under this act, shall be immediately removed from office by the governor of this state.

Neglect of county attorney to prosecute.

SEC. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1901.

## CHAPTER 251.

*An act to provide for the aid of non-resident paupers.*

H. F. No. 319.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Non-resident paupers.

SECTION 1. When any person not having a legal settlement therein shall be taken sick, lame or otherwise disabled, in any town, city or village, or for any other cause shall be in need of relief as a poor person and shall

Supervisor  
or other local  
authority  
to act.

not have any money or property to pay his board, maintenance, attendance and medical aid, the supervisors or other proper authorities shall provide such assistance to such person as they may deem just and necessary, and if he shall die they shall give him a decent burial. They shall make such allowance for such board, maintenance, nursing, medical aid and burial expenses as they shall deem just and order the same to be paid out of the town, city or village treasury. The expenses so incurred shall, if reasonable evidence is presented showing such charge to be a valid one under the provisions of this act, be a charge against the county, the account thereof shall be audited by the county board and paid out of the county treasury, and the amount so paid may be recovered by the county in an action against the town, city or village in which such person so relieved has a legal settlement. It shall be the duty of the authorities within five days after such person so becomes a public charge within their town, city or village, to notify the county auditor and also the county commissioners of the district in which such needy person is found of such fact, and thereupon the county authorities may take charge of such poor person and remove him to the county poor farm or relieve him in such other manner as they may see fit.

Expense paid  
out of county  
treasury,  
may be re-  
covered from  
town, city  
or village.

SEC. 2. All acts or parts of acts in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

SEC. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1901.

## CHAPTER 252.

H. F. No. 401.

"Blind  
pigs."

*An act to prohibit so-called "blind pigs," and other places and devices for keeping, selling or using intoxicating liquors contrary to law; to abolish the practice of handling intoxicating liquors under false and fictitious names; and to effect the confiscation of intoxicating liquor unlawfully handled together with the appliances used in such unlawful handling of intoxicating liquors.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. Every person who shall directly or indirectly keep or maintain, by himself or by associating or combining with others, or who shall in any manner aid, assist or abet in keeping or maintaining any blind