

increase their facilities and extend their pipes, mains and water system and erect and provide all necessary and proper appliances and appurtenances in connection therewith.

SEC. 2. This act shall be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 13th, 1895.

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## CHAPTER 264.

S. F. No. 685.

*An act to regulate the construction and management of city and village lockups.*

Lockups.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. The common council of any incorporated city or legally organized village in the State of Minnesota is hereby authorized and empowered to purchase, build or lease, and maintain and regulate one or more lockups for the detention of persons charged with offenses against the ordinances and by-laws of said city or village, or for the confinement of persons sentenced to imprisonment for the violation of such ordinances and by-laws. It shall also be lawful, under such regulations as such council may prescribe, to use such lockup for the the temporary detention of any prisoner arrested under due process of law.

Cities and villages may build and maintain.

SEC. 2. It shall be unlawful for any city or village council to lease or purchase or to make final adoption of plans for the building of any lockup or for repairs costing more than one hundred (\$100) dollars until the plans of said lockup or said repairs shall have been approved by the state board of corrections and charities; and no contract for the purchase or lease or erection of any city or village lockup shall be valid or of binding effect unless the suggestions and criticisms of the said board of corrections and charities shall have been placed on file in the office of the city clerk or the village recorder, as the case, may be before the execution of said contract.

To be approved by state board of charities, &c.

SEC. 3. It shall be unlawful for the state board of corrections and charities to approve any plan for a village lockup unless the said lockup shall contain at least two separate rooms, and unless it is to be constructed of fire-proof material, or is to have all wood-work, within and without the building, except window frames and window sash, thoroughly covered with tin, sheet iron, or other fire proof material.

To be kept  
clean.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the chief of police or the village marshal, as the case may be, to see that the lockup and the bedding therein is kept at all times clean, wholesome and free from vermin. It shall be his duty to cause the lockup to be swept daily and thoroughly cleansed with water at least once in two weeks unless it is unoccupied.

How confined.

SEC. 5. It shall be unlawful to keep male and female prisoners in the same room or to keep insane persons, or children under sixteen (16) years of age in the same room with other prisoners. So far as practicable, each prisoner in the lockup shall be kept in separate cell.

Register.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the chief of police or the village marshal, as the case may be, to keep a true and exact register of all prisoners committed to the lockup and all persons admitted to the lockup as lodgers in such form as the state board of corrections and charities may prescribe; and the same shall be kept in a book to be provided by the city or village.

Matron.

SEC. 7. It shall be the duty of the mayor of every city or village in which such a lockup is located to appoint some discreet and competent woman of good character as matron for each lockup located in said city or village, who shall have exclusive charge of all women committed to such lockup and shall receive such compensation as the said common council shall from time to time determine, not less than fifty cents (50) for each day when there are female prisoners confined in the lockup.

Liquors ex-  
cluded.

SEC. 8. No officer in charge of any lockup shall deliver or permit any other person to deliver to any inmate of such lockup any spirituous liquor, or any mixed liquor, part of which is spirituous, or any wine, cider, or beer, unless a physician shall certify in writing that the health of such prisoner requires it, in which case he may be allowed the quantity prescribed and no more.

Health officer  
to inspect.

SEC. 9. It shall be the duty of the health officer of every city and village to inspect the lockup once in each year of his official term with reference to its sanitary condition; to make a written report of his inspection to the state board of corrections and charities on such blanks as said board shall prescribe and to present a copy of said report to the city or village council; and the said health officer shall receive from the treasury of said city or village the sum of two (2) dollars for every such annual inspection; *provided* that the said fee shall not be paid until he shall have first filed his report as aforesaid.

SEC. 10. Any officer neglecting the duties prescribed in sections four (4), five (5), six (6), eight (8) and nine (9) of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Misdemeanors.

SEC. 11. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

SEC. 12. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 25th 1895.

### CHAPTER 265.

S. F. No. 643.

*An act to make adjacent lands to an incorporated village used as a cemetery a part of such incorporation.* Villages.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That all lands adjoining any incorporated village in this state used as a cemetery or for burial purposes, or that shall hereafter be used for such purpose, shall be and are hereby made a part of and included in such incorporation. Village cemeteries.

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19th, 1895.

### CHAPTER 266.

S. F. No. 65.

*An act to validate the acts of villages heretofore attempting to be incorporated in Minnesota under an act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of villages and to define their duties and powers and to repeal certain laws in relation thereto being chapter one hundred and forty-five of the general laws of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, approved March 1st, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.* Villages.

Whereas, certain villages have attempted to incorporate under and by virtue of chapter one hundred and forty-five (145) of the general laws of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (1885), being an act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of villages and to define their duties and powers and to repeal certain laws in relation thereto;" and,

Whereas, it appears that such attempted incorporation was not in all respects conducted within the letters of said act; but that notwithstanding said villages