This act shall take effect and be in force from When act to and after its passage.

take effect.

Approved March 3, 1885.

CHAPTER 200.

AN ACT FOR AN ACT TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF CONTA-GIOUS OR INFECTIOUS DISEASES AMONG "CATTLE." HORSES.AND OTHER DOMESTIC ANIMALS.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The local board of health of towns, villages and cities, in case of existence in this state of the disease called pleuro-pneumonia among cattle, or farcy or glanders among horses, or any other contagious or infectious disease among domestic animals, shall cause the animals in their respective towns, villages or cities, which are infected, or which have been exposed to infection, to be secured or collected in some suitable place or places within their respective towns, villages or cities, and kept isolated; and when taken from the possession of their owners one-fifth (1) of the expense of their maintenance shall be paid by the town, village or city wherein the animal is kept, and four fifths (4) by the state: such isolation to continue as long as the existence of such disease or other circumstances may render it necessary.

The said local boards of health, when any such animal is adjudged by a veterinary surgeon or physician, by them selected, to be infected with any contagious or infectious disease, may in their discretion order such diseased animal to be forthwith killed and buried at the

expense of such town, village or city.

The said local boards of health may cause all such animals that have been within the state for six (6) months next preceding the adjudication mentioned in section two (2) to be appraised by three (3) competent and disinterested men under oath, at the value thereof at the time of the appraisement, and in making such appraisement the appraisers shall take into consideration the fact of the existence of such disease in such animals, and the amount of the appraisement shall be paid as provided in section one (1), except as provided in section fifteen (15) of this act.

SEC. 4. The said local boards of health may, within their respective towns, villages and cities, prohibit the departure

Animals infeeted with contagious diseases, to be kept isointed-expenses how paid.

Animals may be killedwhen.

Damages, how appraised.

Animals infected probibited from departure, of animals from any inclosure, or exclude animals therefrom.

Prohibit diseased animals from passing through certain localities. SEC. 5. The said local boards of health may make regulations in writing to regulate or prohibit the passage from, to or through their respective towns, villages or cities, or from place to place within the same, of any cattle or other domestic animals, and may arrest and detain, at the cost of the owners thereof, all animals found passing in violation of such regulations, and may take all necessary measures for the enforcement of such prohibition, and also for preventing the spread of any disease among the animals to their respective town, village or city, and the immediate vicinity thereof.

Regulations to be recorded where. SEC. 6. Such regulations shall be recorded upon the records of their respective towns, villages and cities, and shall be published in such towns, villages and cities in such manner as may be provided in such regulations.

Penalty for disobeying orders. SEC. 7. Any person disobeying the orders of said local boards of health, made in conformity with the preceding provisions, or driving or transporting any animals contrary to the regulations made, recorded, and published as aforesaid, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred (100) dollars, nor exceeding five hundred (500) dollars, or by imprisonment of not less than thirty (30) days nor exceeding one (1) year.

Notice to be given if animals suspected of disease—failure —penalty. SEC. 8. Whoever knows or has reason to suspect the existence of any such disease among the animals in his possession, or under his care, shall forthwith give notice thereof to the said local boards of health of the town, village or eity where such animals are kept, and for failure so to do, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty (50) dollars, nor exceeding five hundred (500) dollars, or by imprisonment of not less than thirty (30) days, nor more than one (1) year.

Punishment for neglect.

SEC. 9. Any member of any local board of health who neglect or refuse to carry into effect the preceding provisions shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred (100) dollars, nor more than five hundred (500) dollars for each day's neglect.

Regulations of state board to supersede local boards. SEC. 10. When the state board of health make and publish any regulations concerning the extirpation, care or treatment of animals infected with, or which have been exposed to, any contagious disease, such regulations shall supersede those made by the local boards of health; and said local boards of health shall carry out and enforce all orders and directions of the state board of health to them directed.

Power of state board. SEC. 11. The state board of health, shall have all the power and authority herein conferred upon local boards of health.

In certain cases local board to notify state board.

Sec. 12. The local boards of health, within twenty-four (24) hours after they have notice that any domestic animals

in their respective towns, villages and cities are infected with or have been exposed to any such disease, shall give notice thereof in writing to the state board of health.

The state board of health may make all necessary regulations for the quarantine of such animals, and penalty for needect extirpation of such disease, and may direct local boards of health to enforce and carry into effect all such regulations as may from time to time be made for that end; and any member of any local board of health who refuses or neglects to enforce or carry out any regulation of the state board of health shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred (100) dollars nor more than five hundred (500) dollars for every offense.

Quarantine-

The state board of health, when, in their SEC. 14. judgment the public requires it, may cause to be killed and buried any domestic animals which are infected with or have been exposed to such disease; and except, as provided in the following section, shall cause such animals to be appraised in the manner provided above, and the appraised value of such animals shall be paid, one-fifth $(\frac{1}{k})$ by the town, village or city in which such animals were kept and the remainder by the state.

May cause to be killed animals infected-expense, how

SEC. 15. In all cases of farcy or glanders, the state board of health, having condemned the animal infected therewith, shall cause such animal to be killed, without an praisement. appraisement or compensation to the owner thereof, but may pay the owner an equitable sum for the killing and burial thereof.

When animals may be killed without an ap-

Sec. 16. Any person who fails to comply with the regulation made or an order given by the state board of health shall be punished by fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500) or by imprisonment not exceeding one (1) year.

Punishment for non-compli-

SEC. 17. All appraisements made shall be in writing and signed by the appraisers and certified by the local boards of health or state board of health respectively, to the governor and to the treasurer of the several towns, villages and cities wherein the cattle appraised were kept.

All appraisements to be made in writing.

SEC. 18. The state board of health may examine, under oath, all persons believed to possess knowledge of material facts concerning the existence or dissemination or danger of dissemination of disease among domestic animals; and for this purpose shall have all the power vested in justices of the peace to take depositions and to compel witnesses to attend and testify. All costs and expenses incurred in producing the attendance of such witnesses shall be certified by the state board of health and paid from the treasury of the state upon being certified to and approved by the governor.

State board may examine, under oath, witnesses -expense incurred, by whom paid.

Whenever animals are exposed to contagious suspected animals stage that health mals stagehter-SEC. 19. diseases or killed by an order of the state board of health, mals staughte ed for disease and upon a post-mortem examination are found to have and found not been entirely free from disease, the state board of health disposed of.

to be so, how

shall cause the same to be sold under their direction, first giving to the purchaser notice of the facts and if said purchaser, or any other person, shall sell said slaughtered animals or any part thereof, he shall in like manner give notice to the parties to whom such sales are made, and the proceeds of the sales, made by order of the state board of health, shall be applied in payment of the appraised value of said animals.

Penalty for violation.

SEC. 20. Whoever violates any of the provisions of the preceding section shall be punished by fine not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100) and the cost of prosecution.

Report to be made.

SEC. 21. The state board of health shall keep a full record of their doings and report the same to the legislature unless sooner required by the governor.

May convene local boards. SEC. 22. The state board of health may by order require any two (2) or more local boards of health to act together for the purposes of this act.

Annual appropriation, SEC. 23. The sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000), or so much thereof as necessary, is hereby annually appropriated for the payment of expenses incurred by the state in enforcing this act; said expenses to be approved by the state board of health and by the governor.

When act to take effect.

SEC. 24. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 7, 1885.

CHAPTER 201.

AN ACT TO CHANGE THE RATE OF INTEREST UPON THE SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS HERETOFORE MADE FROM SEVEN (7) TO FIVE (5) PER CENT, BEING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION EIGHT (8) OF CHAPTER THIRTY-EIGHT (38) OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF A. D. ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-EIGHT (1878).

Preamble.

WHEREAS, By the terms of sale of public lands heretofore made the purchasers are required to pay interest at the rate of seven (7) per cent per annum upon the deferred payments of the purchase money due this state on the sale of such lands; and,

WHEREAS, The requiring and receiving of such a high rate of interest on such deferred payments has a tendency to cause, and has heretofore caused a rapid and early payment of all sums unpaid on account of such purchase money,