

CHAPTER 24.

AN ACT AMENDING SECTION NINETEEN (19) OF CHAPTER ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN (116) OF THE GENERAL STATUTES RELATIVE TO CHALLENGING JURORS.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That section nineteen (19) of chapter one hundred and sixteen (116) of the General Statutes be and the same is [hereby] amended so as to read as follows :

Chapter 116 of
general stat-
utes amended.

SECTION 19. A challenge for implied bias may be taken for all or any of the following causes and for no other.

First. The consanguinity, or affinity within the ninth degree, to the person alleged to be injured by the offense charged or to the person on whose complaint the prosecution was instituted or to the defendant, or to any one of the attorneys either for the prosecution or for the defense.

Challenge of
jurors for im-
plied bias.

Second. Standing in relation of guardian and ward, attorney and client, master and servant, landlord and tenant, or being a member of the family of the defendant, or of the person alleged to be injured by the offense, or on whose complaint the prosecution was instituted, or in his employment on wages.

Third. Being a party adverse to the defendant in a civil action, or having complained against, or been accused by him, in a criminal prosecution.

Fourth. Having served on the grand jury which found the indictments, or on a coroner's jury which inquired into the death of the person, whose death is the subject of indictment.

Fifth. Having served on a trial jury, which has tried another person for the offense charged in the indictment.

Sixth. Having been one of a jury formerly sworn to try the same indictment and whose verdict was set aside, or which was discharged without a verdict, after the cause was submitted to it.

Seventh. Having served as a juror, in a civil action, brought against the defendant for the act charged as an offense.

Eighth. If the offense charged is punishable with death, the entertaining of such conscientious opinions, as would preclude his finding the defendant guilty, in which case he shall neither be permitted nor compelled to serve as a juror.

SEC. 2. This act is to take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 11, 1878.