the council, and other matters required by this act or the by-laws and ordinances of the city to be published in a public newspaper, bids to state the price per inch for the first insertion, and the price per inch for each additional insertion of all matter so to be published ; said bids to be marked "proposals for advertising," and addressed to the city council of the city of Minneapolis, which bids shall be opened at the next meeting of the city council, and the contract for such publishing awarded to such daily newspaper bidding the lowest thereof, which said paper shall be declared the official paper of the city. Provided, always, that the proprietor or proprietors of such paper shall first enter into a written contract for the performance of the duties required by this and the next succeeding section, and give bond in the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500), with two satisfactory sureties, to be approved by the city council, conditioned for the faithful performance of such contract; and said daily newspaper so designated shall be and remain the official paper of said city, and the contract and bond aforesaid shall be and remain in force for one (1) year, and until said city council shall designate another paper as the official paper of said city in place thereof. But, if each and every of the bids so as aforesaid received shall fix. a price exceeding thirty cents per inch for any first or additional insertion of any such matter, then the city council may reject any or all [of] such bids, and adopt, in the discretion of the council, any other method of publishing such ordinances and official proceedings. Provided, that if any two or more of such bids shall be the same, the city council may proceed to select and appoint by vote one (1) of such papers as such official paper, the proprietors of which shall enter into contract and give bond as aforesaid.

SEC. 12. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved February 16, 1877.

CHAPTER 30.

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT, ENTITLED, "AN ACT TO INCORPORATE THE VILLAGE OF FARMINGTON."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That section two (2) of chapter twenty-six (26) of the Special Laws of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two (1872), be amended so as to read as tollows: Sec. 2. The territory included in said village of Farmington, shall be all of section thirty-one (31), town one hundred and fourteen (114), range nineteen (19) west, in the county of Dakota, except that part of said section which is included in the farm of Mrs. Ann Dewitt.

SEC. 2. Section three (3) of said chapter be and the same is bereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 3. The government of said corporation, and the management of all its municipal concerns, shall be vested in three (3) trustees, one (1) of whom shall be selected by themselves, as president, one (1) treasurer, two (2) justices of the peace, one (1) of whom shall be chosen as village justice by the trustees of said village, one (1) constable, one (1) assessor, one (1) street commissioner, one (1) clerk, who shall be residents of said village. The trustees, treasurer, justices of the peace and constable shall be elected by the qualified voters of said village; the assessor, street commissioner and clerk of said village; shall be appointed by the trustees of said village, and may be removed at any time by said trustees. The trustees and treasurer shall hold their office for one (1) year, and the justices of the peace and constable for two (2) years, and until their successors are elected and qualified. The trustees may fill by appointment any vacancy in any of the village offices.

SEC. 3. Section five (5) of said chapter be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 5. The said village of Farmington and the remaining portions of the town of Empire outside the limits of said village, shall for general township election purposes be and constituted as heretofore one (1) election district or precinct of Dakota county, and the officers of said town of Empire shall conduct such general and township elections, and make returns thereof as is prescribed by the general election laws of this State, and the said town of Empire may hold their general elections and town meetings within ' the corporate limits of the village of Farmington.'

SEC. 4. Section seven (7) of said chapter be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

A majority of the trustees shall be a quorum for the Sec. 7. transaction of business; they shall appoint a clerk, assessor, constable and all necessary police officers, and such other officers as they may deem necessary, and to prescribe by by laws the duty of such officers when not defined by law; the trustees may prescribe what salary the village constable may receive for services rendered other than a peace officer, and they may prescribe what pay and fees other village officers who are entitled to fees shall receive, and may enact ordinances and by-laws for all purposes contemplated by this act, and may affix penalties for violating the same, and they shall have the power of law; but before they shall become law, they shall be signed by the president and the clerk, and shall be published at least twice (2) in some paper published in said village, or be posted up in three (3) public places in said village. for ten (10) days, and the original shall be filed and recorded by

the clerk. 'The style of all ordinances shall be, "The trustees of the village of Farmington do ordain as follows:"

The trustees shall have exclusive power:

First.—To restrain or license and regulate the exhibition of common showmen and shows of all kinds, and the exhibition of circuses, caravans, concerts and theatrical performances; and also to license and regulate all auctioneers, billiard tables, pigeon-hole tables, nine or ten-pin alleys, bowling saloons, batcher shops and butcher stalls, and vendors of butchers' meat, pawnbrokers, taverns, lager beer saloons and victualing houses, and also to restrain or license or regulate the vending, dealing in, or disposing of, and all persons vending, dealing or disposing of spirituous, vinous or fermented or malt liquors; Provided, that not less than fifty (50) nor more than three hundred dollars (\$300) shall be required to be paid per annum for any license for the sale of spirituous, fermented or malt liquors; and for any other license not less than one dollar (\$1) nor more than fifty dollars (\$50), and the tee for issuing license shall not exceed one dollar (\$1). The said trustees may at any time revoke any license granted under this act for any violation of the general laws of this State, this act or any by-law, rule or ordinance of said village, and upon such revocation all moneys paid for such license shall be absolutely forfeited to said village. The said trustees may also regulate or restrain the sale of fresh or butchers' meat within the corporate limits of the said village; Provided further, that said trustees shall have exclusive jurisdiction and control of all matters in the subdivision specified, to the entire exclusion of any control or right to regulate or restrain in said matters by any board, officer, person or municipality of this country, and that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent the voters of said village for deciding for themselves whether license shall be granted in said village to such persons and in such number as the trustees of said village may think proper for the sale of spirituous, vinous, fermented or malt liquors in less quantities than five (5) gallons; and the village clerk is hereby required, upon the petition of ten (10) or more legal voters of said village. at any time not less than twenty (20) days before any annual village election, to give notice, at the time of giving notice of such election, that the question of license will be submitted at said election, which question shall be determined by ballots containing the words, "In favor of license," or "Against license," as the case may be, which ballots shall be determined and canvassed as by this act prescribed for canvassing and determining the votes cast at said election for village officers, and if upon such canvass it is found that a majority of votes cast at such election on that question shall be against license, a certificate of such result shall be filed with the clerk, and said trustees shall not thereafter, until subsequent contrary vote, grant any license for the sale of spirituous, vinous, fermented, malt or intox. icating liquors.

Second.—To restrain and prohibit the use of all gambling devices whatever from being set or used for gambling purposes, and to restrain and prohibit all kinds of gaming, and fraudulent devices and practices.

Third.—To prevent any riots, noises, disturbances, and disorderly assemblages, and to suppress and distrain disorderly houses or groceries, or houses of ill-fame, and to authorize the destruction of all instruments used for the purpose of gaming, and all spirituous, vinous, fermented, mixed, or intoxicating liquors of any kind that may kept for sale or be dealt in contrary to any ordinance of said village, or contrary to the provisions of this act.

Fourth.—To compel the owner or occupant of any grocery, cellar, tallow chandler shop, soap factory, tannery, stable, barn, privy, sewer, or other unwholesome or nauseous house or place, to cleanse, remove, or abate the same, to remove or abate any nuisance injurious to the public health and safety, or repugnant to morality, decency, or good order, and to provide for the punishment of all persons who shall cause or maintain such nuisance, to prescribe what shall constitute nuisances, and provide for the removal or abatement thereof, either under the ordinances or at common or statute law.

Fifth.—To direct the location and management of slaughter houses and markets in said village, and to regulate the storage, keeping, and conveying of gunpowder and inflammable oils, or other combustible material.

Sixth.-To prevent the encumbering of streets, sidewalks, lanes, and alleys.

Seventh.—To prevent immoderate driving or riding in the streets.

Eighth.—To prohibit the running at large of dogs, to authorize the destruction of the same when at large contrary to the ordinances, and to impose fines upon their owners.

Ninth.—To prevent any person from bringing, depositing or having within the village, any putrid carcass or unwholesome substance, and to require the removal of the same by a competent officer, at the expense of such person or persons.

Tenth.-To make, establish, and improve public grounds.

Eleventh.-To prevent damages to sidewalks.

Twelfth.—To prevent the shooting of firearms, crackers, or any other projectiles, and to prevent the exhibition of any fireworks in any place which may be deemed dangerous by the trustees to the village, or any property therein, or dangerous or annoying to any citizen thereof.

Thirteenth.—To restrain drunkards, immoderate drinking of intoxicating beverages, brawling or obscenity in the streets or public places.

Fourteenth.—To compel the owners and occupants of buildings or grounds to remove snow, dirt, or rubbish from the sidewalks, streets, or alleys opposite thereto, and in his default to authorize the removal or destruction thereof by some officer of the village, at the expense of the owner or occupant.

Fifteenth.—To prevent the introduction of contagious diseases into the village.

Sixteenth.—To appropriate money, and provide for the payment of the debts and expenses of the village.

Seventeenth.—To alter, abolish, open, widen, extend, establish, grade, repair, or otherwise improve or keep in repair streets, avenues, lanes, and alleys.

Eighteenth.—To prevent the dangerous construction, placing or continuance of smokehouses, chimneys, fireplaces, stoves, or any pipe or instrument for the conducting of fire, heat or smoke, to authorize the inspection of the same by the fire warden, and to cause the same to be removed or made secure and safe, at the expense of the owner, andto prosecute for the keeping and continuance of the same; to prevent the deposit of ashes in the streets, or in any unsafe place, and to regulate or prevent the carrying on manufactories dangerous in causing or promoting fires.

Nineteenth.—To license and regulate butcher shops and stands for the sale of game, poultry, butchers' meat, butter, fish, and other provisions.

'*Twentieth.*—To regulate the place and manner of weighing and selling hay, and measuring and selling firewood, coal, peat, and lime, and to appoint suitable persons to conduct and superintend the same.

Twenty-first.—To compel the owners or occupants of buildings or grounds, to remove from the lot owned or occupied by him all such substances as the board of health shall direct, and in his default to authorize the removal or destruction thereof by some officer, at the expense of such owner or occupant.

Twenty-second.—To provide for the erection of all needful buildings for the use of the village.

Twenty-third.—To provide for the enclosing, improving, and regulating of the public grounds belonging to the village, and for the adorning of the streets thereof with shade trees, and the protection of the same.

Twenty-fourth.—To provide for the taking from time to time of the enumeration of the inhabitants of the village.

Twenty-fifth.—To restrain and punish vagrants and mendicants, and street beggars and prostitutes.

Twenty-sixth.—To provide a suitable place in which to confine those who, for the violation of any ordinance, rule or by-law enacted by said trustees, may be liable to such confinement.

Twenty-seventh.—To restrain the running at large of horses, cattle, mules, swine, sheep and fowls, and to authorize the distraining, impounding and sale of the same, to make and establish a pound, and appoint a pound master.

Twenty-eighth.—To organize fire companies, hook and ladder companies, and to regulate their government. To establish and maintain pumps, cisterns, reservoirs and drains in said village, and purchase and hold any land necessary for the purposes herein named; to prescribe the limits within which warden buildings may be erected and maintained, to tax every male resident of said vil-

lage over twenty-one (21) and under fifty (50) years of age two (2)

days' labor, or in lieu thereof three dollars (\$3) per annum, to be applied in roads, streets and alleys in said village.

SEC. 4. There shall be added to said chapter twenty-six (26) another section, which shall be as follows, viz.: The trustees, sheriff of Dakota county, justices of the peace, constable and clerk shall be officers of the peace, and may command the peace and suppress in a summary manner all rioting and disorderly behavior within the limits of the village, and for said purpose may command the assistance of all by-standers, and if any person so commanded shall refuse to aid in maintaining the peace, such person shall pay a fine of ten dollars (\$10), said fine to be collected on complaint before any justice of the peace of said village, said person or persons upon conviction to stand committed until said fine is paid, or he is discharged by due course of law.

SEC. 5. An act to amend an act entitled "an act to incorporate the village of Farmington," approved February eleventh (11th), one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six (1876), is hereby repealed.

SEC. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 3, 1877.

CHAPTER 31.

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT ENTITLED, "AN ACT TO REDUCE THE LAW INCORPORATING THE CITY OF STILLWATER, IN THE COUNTY OF WASHINGTON, AND STATE OF MINNESOTA, AND THE SEVERAL ACTS AMENDATORY THEREOF INTO ONE ACT, AND TO AMEND THE SAME."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That subdivision thirty (30) of section two (2) of chapter four (4) of an act of the Legislature of the State of Minnesota for the year A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy (1870), entitled, "An act to reduce the law incorporating the city of Stillwater, in the county of Washington, and State [of Minnesota], and the several acts amendatory thereof, into one act, and to amend the same," approved March third (3d), A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy (1870), and known as chapter three (3) of the Special Laws of A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy (1870), be and the same is amended to read as follows:

Thirtieth .- To regulate and license merchants, retailers, taverns,