dictment was, upon motion of the defendants, and by order of the

court, changed to the county of Saint Louis; and,

WHEREAS, By reason of said trials the said county of Carlton has become indebted to the said county of Saint Louis in the sum of six hundred and twenty-two dollars and eighty-three cents (\$622.83) for which the order of said county of Carlton has been issued to the said county of Saint Louis; therefore,

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the sum of six hundred and twenty-two dollars and eighty-three cents (\$622.83) be appropriated out of any money in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be paid to the county of Carlton to reimburse said county for expenditures incurred in the trial of Daniel Shumway, Thomas Griffin, and Louis Brothbeck in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two (1872), for the crime of murder.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after

its passage.

Approved March 5, 1877.

CHAPTER 237

AN ACT TO EXEMPT PERSONAL PROPERTY FROM ROAD TAX IN
THE COUNTY OF RAMSEY.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section nine (9) of chapter five (5) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three (1873), be amended so as to read as follows:

Every male inhabitant being above twenty-one (21) years, and under the age of fifty (50), excepting paupers, idiots, lunatics, and such others as are exempt by law, shall be assessed not less than

one (1) day, nor more than four (4) days in each year.

Supervisors shall assess a road tax on all real estate and personal property liable to taxation of the town to any amount they may deem necessary, not exceeding one dollar (\$1) on each one hundred dollars (\$100) of value, as valued on the assessment roll of the preceding year. Provided, that personal property shall be exempt from any road tax in the towns of Ramsey county, if the electors of said towns shall so determine at any annual town meeting. They shall affix to the name of each person named in the

list so furnished by the overseers, the number of days assessed to each person for highway labor, and also a description of each tract of land, and the name of the owner, if known, with the valuation thereof, as taken from the assessment roll of the previous year, and the amount of road tax assessed thereon, in a separate column; the list so prepared shall be signed by the supervisors and deposited with the town clerk to be filed in his office.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved March 6, 1877.

CHAPTER 238.

AN ACT TO MAKE PAUPERS A TOWN CHARGE IN CARVER COUNTY.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Each township in the county of Carver, in this State, shall take care of, and bear the expense of its own poor or paupers, in the same way or manner, so far as applicable, as is now

provided for counties to take care of its poor or paupers.

SEC. 2. All applications for aid shall be made to the board of township supervisors, under oath of two (2) credible persons, and upon a proper case being made out for aid to care for a poor person or pauper, the supervisors, or a majority of them, shall order such sum of money or other thing, as they deem best, to be paid to such poor person or pauper, at such time and manner as may be deemed necessary.

The county treasurer of said county shall refund to the town treasurer of each township, the amount of poor fund in his hands, or that may come into his hands, belonging to each

town, or collected from each town.

The general laws of this State, as to residence of poor persons, in order to obtain aid from counties, shall apply to townships in Carver county, and the rule applied to residence in the

county shall apply to residence of poor in towns.

The township board of supervisors shall be superintendents of the poor in their respective townships, and take charge of such paupers, to the exclusion of the county commissioners of said Carver county. Provided, however, that if, upon due application, aid is refused to any poor person or pauper by the board of supervisors the party having applied for the same may appeal from the decision of the board to the chairman of the board of