SPECIAL LAWS

CHAPTER II.

An Act to incorporate the Village of Chatfield. March 6, 1971.

- SECTION 1. Boundary lines of the village of Obstfield-incorporation of said village.
 - 2. Elective officers-term of office.
 - 3. Persons elected to office to take oath conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties-what officers to give bonds.
 - 4. Of whom Common Council composed-style of all ordinances-when Council to meet-quorum-who to preside at the meetings-record of proceedings to be kept.
 - 5. Duties of President of Council,
 - 6. Duties of Recorder.
 - 7. Duties of Treasurer,
 - 8. Jurisdiction of Justice of the Peace.
 - 9. Duties of Marshal-compensation.
 - 10. When annual election to be held-manner of conducting elections-who to be Inspectors of Election.
 - 11. All the elections by the people shall be by ballot-in case of a tic vote how decided.
 - 18. When qualified as an elector.
 - 18. Council to have control of finances-further powers of Council.
 - 14. Vote necessary to pass all ordinances, etc.-when may be admitted as evidence in any Court.
 - 15. Power herein conferred for the abatement of nulsances not to hinder prosecutions in the Courts.
 - 16. Common Council to examine and audit all accounts-penalty for violation of provisions of this act.
 - 17. All actions shall be brought in the corporate name of the village.
 - 18. In what cases shall warrant be issued-what cases warrant not to be issued.
 - 19. Powers of Marshal and other police officers.
 - 20. How suits may be brought against said village.
 - 21. No laws shall be considered repealing or modifying the same unless expressly set forth in such law.
 - 22. Council to have exclusive control of granting licenses for the sale of liquorspenalty for violation.
 - 28. Common Council to regulate the building or repairing of aldewalks.
 - 24. Expense of building or repairing said sidewalks to become a lien upon adjoining property.
 - 25. How assessment for construction and repairs collected.

- 25. Council to prescribe the width and establish the grade of the aldewalks.
- 27. Have power to regulate and establish the grade of any street.
- 28. How actions brought to recover penalties or damages.
- 29. Continue to be a part of the original townships.
- 30. To pass necessary ordinances to carry into full effect the provisions of this charter.
- 31. When first election to be held,
- 32. Treasurer to report to Council-when-what report to contain-disposition of surplus funds.
- 83. Compensation of Treasurer.
- 34. No member of Council to be interested in any job or contract for village.
- 85. Repeal of former act.
- 36. When act to take effect.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That all the territory embraced in the following boundaries, to wit: The southwest quarter of the northeast quarter, and the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter, and the northwest [quarter] of section number five, except so much of said northwest quarter as lies on Boundary linesthe southwest or lower side of River street, and on the incorporation of northeast or upper side of Winona street, and so much of the east half of the northeast quarter of section number six (6) as is platted and recorded in the office of register of deeds of Fillmore county, all of the above described land being in township number one hundred four (104) north, of range number eleven (11) west; also the south half of section number thirty-one in township number one hundred and five north, of range eleven west, situated in the county of Olmsted, shall be known as the village of Chatfield and shall have the powers generally possessed by corporations at common law, and in addition thereto shall possess the powers hereinafter specially granted, and be capable of contracting and being contracted with, sueing and being sued, pleading and being impleaded in all courts of law and equity, and may have a common seal, and may change and alter the same at pleasure, and also take, hold, purchase, lease and convey real estate, and personal estate, and mixed estate, within or without the limits thereof, as the purposes of the village may require, and the authorities thereof shall have perpetual succession.

SEC. 2. The elective officers of said corporation shall be one president, one recorder, three trustees, one treas-

Elective officers -term of office.

urer and one justice of the peace, and shall each, except the justice of the peace, hold their respective offices for the term of one year and until their successors are elected and qualified. The justice of the peace shall hold his office for the term of two years and until his successor shall be elected and qualified. In addition to the above mentioned officers the council shall have power to anpoint a marshal and such other officers as to said council may seem necessary, and to define the duties of such officers, and to remove such officers at pleasure.

SEC. 3. Each officer, before entering upon the duties of his office, and within ten days after receiving notice of corrs to give bonds his election, shall give notice in writing of his acceptance of the same to the recorder of said village, and shall take and subscribe, before some officer by law authorized to administer oaths, an oath of office to support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the State of Minnesota, and that he will faithfully perform the duties of his office in accordance with the law and the ordinances of said village. And in addition thereto the treasurer, recorder, justice of the peace and marshal shall each give a bond in a sum not less than two hundred dollars, to be determined by said council, conditioned tor the faithful performance of the duties of their respective offices, which bond shall be filed with the recorder of said village.

SEC. 4. That the president, recorder and trustees shall constitute the common council, to which body shall belong all the legislative powers granted by this act to said corporation. All actions of the council intended to have the force of rules or law or authority for contract style of ordinan- shall be by ordinance under the style of "Be it ordained by the common council of the village of Chatfield," but presiding officer no ordinance shall embrace more than one subject. which -to keep records shall be expressed by its title. The common council shall meet for the transaction of business at least once in three months, and at such other times as said council may deem necessary, and a majority of said council shall be a quorum for the transaction of any business. The president, when present, shall preside at all meetings of the common council, but in case of his absence the members present shall choose one of their number to preside during his absence, but no ordinance shall be passed except by the vote of a majority of all the members of the common council. A record in book form shall be

Parsons elected to office to take oath-what offi-

Who to compose the Council--ces-when to most_quorem_

kept by the recorder, in which he shall record all the proceedings of the common council, and ayes and noes upon every o'dinance voted upon shall be entered therein.

That to the president shall belong the execu-SEC. 5. tive powers granted by this act to said corporation, except Duties of Presisuch of said powers as are specially vested in or from dent of Council, their nature must necessarily pertain to the other executive officers of said corporation, whether said officers are created by this act or by the common council. He shall have power to call a meeting of the council by giving such notice thereof as may have been provided by ordinance, or, in default of provision, in such manner as he may deem meet and proper.

SEC. 6. That the recorder shall be the recording of- Daties of Ro-He shall corder. ficer of the village and of the common council. have the custody of the seal of said corporation and all the records thereof not necessarily and specifically appertaining to the other officers thereof. He shall keep all the accounts of the corporation, receive all claims against the same, and draw orders upon the treasurer for moneys payable by said corporation, but no such order shall ever be drawn by said recorder unless the same shall be in full or part payment of a claim against such corporation previously audited and allowed by the common council. He shall also make to the common council, at the close of each official year, a condensed report of all his doings as .such officer during such year; and he shall with all reasonable despatch, make such other reports as the common council shall require.

Sec. 7. That the treasurer shall be the depository of all moneys [belonging] to said corporation. He shall from .such moneys pay upon presentation all orders therefor Dattes of Treasdrawn by the recorder and countersigned by the presi-dent.

SEC. 8. The justice of the peace provided for and Jurisdiction of elected under the provisions of this act shall have and Justice of the possess all the powers and jurisdiction of justices of the Peace. peace provided for and elected under the general laws of the state, and in addition thereto shall have cognizance and jurisdiction of all suits, prosecutions and proceedings for the recovery of any fine, forfeiture or penalty under any by-law, ordinance or regulation of said corporation, or under this act, or for the breach or violation of any such by-law, ordinance or regulation, and in all -cases of assaults, batteries or affrays, not indictable, and

urer.

Jurisdiction of Justice of the Peace. for a breach or violation of any by-law, ordinance or regulation that shall be commenced in the name of the village of Chatfield; and the same proceedings shall be had in all civil and criminal suits or prosecutions before said justice, when not otherwise herein directed, as are established and required to be had in civil and criminal actions by the general laws of the state before justices of the peace, except that no change of venue shall be All fines, forfeitures and penalties imposed by or taken. recorded before said justice in any suit, prosecution or proceeding had and commenced in the name of said village shall be promptly paid by said justice to the treasurer of said corporation for the use thereof. The justice of the peace shall take judicial notice of the by-laws, ordinances and regulations of said corporation, and it shall not be necessary in any action, civil or criminal, before said justice, to plead or refer to the same in any manner whatever in any pleading or complaint, but said by-laws, ordinances and regulations shall in said justice court be held and deemed to be public law. The justice of the peace shall at least once in three months make to the common council a full report of all moneys received. by him for fines, penalties and forfeitures, and shall pay them into the hands of the treasurer, taking his receipt therefor. Any justice of the peace elected or appointed in the village of Chatfield under the general laws of this state and residing within the limits of the corporation. upon filing the bond and oath of office hereinbefore prescribed for the justices of the peace shall have concurrent jurisdiction with justices of the peace elected under the provisions of this act and be subject to the same liabilities and restrictions. In case of prosecutions for a breach or violation of any ordinance, by-law or regulation of said corporation, or of this act, or for an assault, battery or affray not indictable, committed within the limits of said corporation, no appeal shall be allowed when the judgment or fine imposed, exclusive of costs. shall not exceed ten dollars. The fees of justice of the peace shall be the same as allowed and fixed by thegeneral laws of the state for justices of the peace. All. warrants, writs and processes of every nature issued by such justice shall be directed to the marshal appointed. under the provisions of this act, or to the sheriff or any constable of the counties of Fillmore and Olmsted, and may be executed or served by said marshal or by the

sheriff or any constable of either of said counties; and for such purpose said marshal, sheriffs and constables shall have and possess the power and authority which by the general laws of the state they have and possess in the execution or service of warrants, writs and other processes issued by justices of the peace elected under such general laws.

SEC. 9. The marshal appointed under the provisions of this act shall be the ministerial officer of the council, Dutter of Marand shall have and possess all the powers belonging to tion. the constables elected under the general laws of the state, and his compensation shall be fixed by ordinance of the council; and said marshal shall, within the county in which he resides, also have and exercise all the powers, and perform all the duties of, and, when acting as such, receive the same compensation as constables elected under the general laws of the state.

SEC. 10. There shall be an annual election for elective officers herein provided for on the first Tuesday in April Annual election in each and every year, and the polls shall be kept open -how conducted from ten o'clock in the forenoon until four o'clock in the Election. afternoon, and ten days previous notice shall be given by the recorder of the time and place of holding such election, and the officers to be elected, by posting notices thereof in three of the most public places in the village. At said elections the trustees or any two of them shall act as judges of election, and the recorder as clerk of election, and in case of inability or non-attendance of any of said officers the vacancy shall be filled by an appointment made by those officers present. At the close of the polls the votes shall be counted and a true statement thereof proclaimed to the voters present by one of the judges, and the recorder shall make true record thereof, and within five days thereafter he shall give notice in writing to the persons so elected of their election; Provided, That no failure of any recorder to give the notice provided by this section shall, in any manner, invalidate any election.

SEC. 11. All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and each ballot shall contain all the names of the Elections to be persons voted for, with a proper designation of the office by ballot-tie written or printed thereon, and a plurality of votes how decided. shall constitute an election. When two or more candidates for an elective office shall receive an equal number of votes for the same office the election shall be determin-6

cd by the casting of lots in the presence of the village council at such time and in such manner as they may direct.

SEC. 12. All persons entitled to vote for state officers and who shall have resided within the village for thirty days next preceding the election shall be entitled to vote for any officer to be elected under this law, and all officers elected shall possess the qualifications of an elector.

SEC. 13. The common council shall have the management and control of the finances and all the property of the corporation, and shall also in addition to the power herein vested in them, have full power and authority to ces-further pow. make, enact, ordain, establish, publish, enforce, alter, modify, amend and repeal all such ordinances, rules and bylaws, and regulations for the government and good order of the village, for the suppression of vice and intemperance, and for the prevention of crime as they shall deem expe-The common council shall have full power and dient. authority to declare and impose fines, penalties and punishments, and to enforce the same against any person orpersons who may violate any of the provisions of any ordinance, rule, by-law or regulation passed and ordained by them; and all such ordinances, rules, and by-laws and regulations are hereby declared to be, and have the force of law; Provided, That they be not repugnant to the constitution of the United States or of this state, and for those purposes shall have authority by ordinances, rules, by-laws or regulations-

First .- - To license and regulate the exhibitions of common showmen and shows of all kinds, or the exhibition of caravans, circuses, concerts or theatrical performances. billiard tables, nine or tenpin alleys, bowling saloons, and all persons dealing in spirituous, vinous or fermented liquors.

Second.-To prohibit and restrain all descriptions of gambling and fraudulent devices and practices, and all play of cards, dice, or other games of chance, for the purpose of gaming in said village, and to restrain any persons from vending, giving or dealing in spirituous, fermented or vinous liquors, unless duly licensed by the common council.

Third.-To prevent any riots, noise, disturbance and disorderly assemblages in said village, and to provide for the arrest and punishment of any person or persons who shall be guilty of the same, to suppress disorderly houses

When qualified as an elector.

Council to have control of finaners of Council.

or groceries, and houses of ill-fame, and to provide for the arrest and punishment of the keepers thereof, and to authorize the destruction of all instruments used for the purpose of gaming.

Fourth.—To compel the owner or occupant of any grocery, cellar, chandler shop, soap factory, tannery, stable, barn, privy, sewer or other unwholesome or nauseous house or place, to clean, remove or abate the same from time to time, as often as may be deemed necessary for the health, comfort and convenience of the inhabitants of said village.

Fifth.—To direct the location and management of slaughter houses, markets, distilleries and breweries.

Sixth.—To prevent the incumbrance of streets, side- or council, walks, lanes, alleys or public grounds with carriages, carts, wagons, sleighs, boxes, lumber, firewood, or any other material or substance whatever.

Seventh.—To prevent and punish horse-racing, immoderate riding or driving in the streets, to compel persons to fasten their horses or animals attached to vehicles or otherwise, while standing in the street, and to regulate places of bathing and swimming in the waters within the limits of said village.

Eighth.—To restrain the running at large of cattle, horses, swine, sheep, poultry and geese, and to authorize the distraining and sale of the same, and to impose penalties on the owners for violation of the ordinances

Ninth.—To prevent the running at large of dogs, to impose a tax on the same, and to authorize their destruction in a summary manner when at large, contrary to the ordinance.

Tenth.—To prevent any person from bringing, depositing, or having within said village, any putrid carcass, or other unwholesome substance, and to require the removal of the same by any person who shall have any such substance, or putrid or unsound beef, pork, fish, hides or skins of any kind, and on default to authorize the removal thereof, by some competent officer, at the expense of such person or persons.

Eleventh.—To make and establish public pounds and regulations regarding the same, to make and establish public grounds, pumps, wells, cisterns, hydrants and reservoirs, and to provide for and control the erection of water works for the supply of water to the inhabitants.

Further powers of Council, Twelfth.—To establish and regulate boards of health, and to provide hospitals and hospital grounds.

Thirteenth.—To prevent all persons riding or driving any horse, ox, mule, cattle or other animal on the sidewalks in said village, or in any way doing damage to such sidewalks.

Fourteenth.—To prevent the shooting of fire arms or fire crackers, and to prevent the exhibition of any fireworks in any situation which may be considered by the council as dangerous to the village or any property therein, or annoying to any citizen thereof.

Fifteenth.—To prevent open or notorious drunkenness and obscenity in the streets or public places of said village, and to provide for the arrest and punishment of all persons who shall be guilty of the same.

Sixteenth.—To license and regulate butchers' stalls, shops and stands for the sale of game, poultry, butchers' meat, butter, fish and other provisions.

Seventeenth.—To regulate the place and manner of weighing hay and selling the same, and the measuring and selling of firewood, coal and lime, and to appoint suitable persons to superintend and conduct the same.

Eighteenth.—To compel the owners or occupants of buildings or grounds to remove snow, dirt or rubbish from the sidewalk, street or alley opposite thereto, and to compel such owner or occupant to remove from the lot owned or occupied by him, all substances as the board of health shall direct; and in his default, to authorize the removal or destruction thereof, by some officer of the village, at the expense of such owner or occupant.

Nineteenth.—To provide for watchmen, and to prescribe their numbers and duties, and regulate the same, and to create and establish the police of said village, and to prescribe the number of police officers and their duties, and to regulate the same.

Twentieth.—To provide by ordinance for a standard of weights and measures, for appointment of a village sealer, and to require all weights and measures to be sealed by the village sealer, and to provide for the punishment of the use of false weights and measures.

Iwenty-first.—To direct and regulate the planting and preserving of ornamental trees in the streets and public grounds of said village.

Further powers of Council. ment of all persons who shall cause or maintain such nuisance.

Twenty-third.—To remove and abate any nuisance, obstruction or encroachment upon the streets, alleys, public grounds and highways of the village.

Twenty-fourth.—To regulate and license merchants, retailers, taverns, groceries, ordinaries, hawkers, pawn-brokers, money-changers and auctioneers.

Twenty-fifth.—To appropriate money and to provide for the payment of the debts and expenses of the village, to appropriate money for the improvement of roads in said village, or roads leading into the same, and for all other Further powers purposes deemed necessary by the common council for of Council.] the interest and welfare of said village.

Twenty-sixth.—To assume and exercise full control over all public grounds, streets and alleys in said village, and to provide for enclosing, improving and adorning the same.

Twenty seventh.—To do ail acts and make all regulations which may be necessary or expedient for the preservation of health and the suppression of disease, and to make regulations to prevent the introduction into or spread of contageous or infectious diseases in the village, and to make quarantine laws and enforce the same within the village.

Twenty-eighth.—To restrain and punish mendicants, street beggars and prostitutes.

Twenty-ninth.--To prevent the dangerous construction and condition of chimneys, fireplaces, hearths, stoves, stovepipes, ovens, boilers and boiler stacks, and apparatus used in or about any building, and to cause the same to be put in a sate and secure condition when considered dangerous; to prevent the depositing of ashes in unsafe places, and the throwing of ashes in the streets, alleys or highways; to regulate and prevent the carrying on of manufactories dangerous in causing and promoting fires, and generally to establish such regulations for the prevention and extinguishment of fires as they may deem necessary and expedient.

Thirtieth. -- To provide a suitable place in which to confine those who, for the violation of any ordinance, rule or by-law enacted by said council, may be liable to such confinement.

Thirty-first.—Fines, penalties and punishments imposed by the common council for the breach of any bylaw, ordinance or regulation of said village, may extend to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, or both such fine and imprisonment, and to be fed on bread and water, at the discretion of the justice; and offenders against the same may be required to give security for their good behavior and to keep the peace for a period not exceeding six months, and in a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars.

SEC. 14. All ordinances, regulations, resolutions and by-laws shall be passed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the common council, by ayes and noes, and published at least once in the official paper before the same shall be in torce, and shall be admitted as evidence in any court in this state without further proof; they shall be recorded by the recorder in books to be provided for that purpose.

SEC. 15. The power conferred upon the common council to provide for the abatement or removal of nuisances shall not bar or hinder suits, prosecutions or proceedings in the courts according to law. Gambling houses, houses of ill-fame, disorderly taverns and houses or places where spirituous, vinous, fermented or malt liquors are sold without license required therefor, within the limits of said village, are hereby declared and shall be deemed common nuisances.

SEC. 16. The council shall examine, audit and adjust the accounts of the recorder, treasurer, justice, marshaland all other officers and agents of the town at such times as they may deem proper, and also at the end of each year and before the term for which the officers of said village were elected or appointed shall have expired. And the common council shall require each and every such officer and agent to exhibit his books, accounts and vouchers for such examination and settlement, and if any such officer or agent shall refuse to comply with the orders of said council in discharge of their said duties in pursuance of this section, or shall neglect or refuse to render his account or present his books and vouchers to said council or a committee thereof, it shall be the duty of the common council to declare the office of such person vacant, and the common council shall order suits and proceedings at law against any officer or agent of said village who may be found delinquent or defaulting in his accounts or in the discharge of his official duties, and shall make a full record of all such settlements or adjustments.

Vote necessary to pass all ordinances, etc. when may be admitted as evidence.

Power conferred not to hinder prosecutions.

Council to andis accounts—penalty for violation of this act.

SEC. 17. All actions brought to recover any penalty, How actions to fine or torfeiture under this act or the ordinances, police be brought. or health regulations made in pursuance thereof, shall be brought in the corporate name of the village.

SEC. 13. In all prosecutions for any violation of this act, or of any ordinance of the village, the first process med-when not shall be by warrant; Provided, That no warrant shall be to be lamed. necessary in any case of arrest or apprehension of any person or persons while in the act of violating any law of the state of Minnesota or ordinance of the village; but the person or persons so arrested may be proceeded against, tried, convicted and punished, or discharged, in the same manner as if the arrest had been by warrant.

SEC. 19. The marshal and other police officers are Powers vested in hereby vested with all powers of a sheriff or constable Marshal. in the service of writs as granted to them by the laws of the state, and may pursue into any county of this state and take and bring back for trial any offender against the ordinances of said village.

SEC. 20. When any suit or action shall be commenced How suits may be against said village the service therein shall be made by brought against copy left with the recorder of the village.

SEC. 21. No law of this state contravening the pro- How not may be visions of this act shall be considered as repealing, repealed. amending or modifying the same, unless such purpose be expressly set forth in such law.

SEC. 22. The common council shall have the exclu- ave control of sive right to license persons vending or dealing in spiritu- granting licenses ous, vinous, termented, mixed, malt, or intoxicating for the sale of liquors, within the limits of said village of Chatfield, Hquors-penalty for violation. and persons so licensed shall not be required to obtain a license from the board of county commissioners; Provided, That no license shall be granted for less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred dollars per year; *Provided*, *further*, That said common council may grant license for the sale of malt liquors on, or to any druggist for the sale of spirituous or vinous liquors for medicinal or communion purposes on, for a sum not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars per year. Previous to the granting of any such license a bond shall be filed with the recorder and approved by the common council, with the same penal sum, and with the same conditions as are required by chapter sixteen of the general statutes. The common council shall have full power and authority to declare and impose fines, penal-

ties and punishment, and to enforce the same against any person or persons who may violate this section of this act and any ordinance or regulation made in accordance therewith, or who may vend or traffic in spirituous, vinous, fermented, malt or intoxicating liquors unless duly licensed by said common council, said fine to be not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for each and every offense; and in case of conviction under this section of this act and any ordinances or regulations made in accordance therewith, there shall be no appeal allowed from the decision of the justice, when the judgment or fine imposed shall not exceed twenty-five dollars, exclusive of costs.

The cost and expense of building, grading, SEC. 23. paving or repairing sidewalks, shall be at the option of the common council, chargeable to the lots fronting ou said improvement. Whenever the common council shall deem it necessary to construct or repair any sidewalk in the village of Chatfield, they may cause to be notified all owners and occupants of any lot or lots adjoining such sidewalks, if the same can be found, to construct or repair the same at his or their own proper expense and charge, within a certain time designated, by delivering to the owners or occupants of said lot or lots or parcels of land, or by the publication in a newspaper printed and published in said village, for not less than two weeks, of a notice to said owners or occupants, setting forth what work is to be done, and the character of the same, by such owners or occupants, and the time within which they are required to do the same.

SEC. 24. If such work is not done and the sidewalks not built or repaired in the manner and within the time watks, how paid.] prescribed, the common council may order the same to be done at the expense of the lots and parcels of grounds adjoining such sidewalks, and said expenses shall be assessed upon such lots and parcels of lands so chargeable. and when approved by the common council shall become a lien upon said lots and parcels of land, as in case of town, county and state taxes.

SEC. 25. If said assessment be not paid to the treasconstruction and urer of said village ou or before the twentieth day of September in any year, the common council shall cause a statement of the same to be transmitted to the auditor of the county in which the lot or lots or parcels of ground is situated, on or before the first day of October in each

To regulate the building and repairing of sidewalks.

Expenses of building side-

Amessment for repairs, how collected.

year, and the said auditor shall insert the same with the other taxes in the duplicate statement of taxes annually transmitted by him to the county treasurer for collection, and payment thereof shall be enforced with and in like manner as county and state taxes are collected and payment enforced.

SEC. 26. The common council may prescribe the width To prescribe of sidewalks, and establish the grade of the same, and width and entabmay establish different widths in different locations, and walks. may determine the kind of material of which they shall be constructed and the manner of construction.

SEC. 27. The common council shall have power to cs- To establish the tablish the grade of any street in said village and regulate stade of all the grading of the same.

SEC. 28. In any action brought to recover any penalty or damages under this act, or under any ordinance made How actions by the common council, it shall be sufficient to complain brought to recorthat the defendant is indebted to the village to the amount er Anes. of said penalty or damages, and to refer to the act or ordinance under which the same is claimed, and to give the special matter in evidence under it. All civil cases shall be under the control and direction of the common council; they shall have power to settle, compromise or prosecute all such actions on the part of the village, when said village shall be a party, or be interested in such actions, and no person shall be an incompetent juror or witness by reason of being an inhabitant of said village, in an action to which the village shall be a party.

SEC. 29. In all respects not herein provided for that portion of said village lying and being in the county of or the original Fillmore shall be and continue a part of the township of township. Chatfield, and that portion of said village lying and being in the county of Olmsted shall be and continue as part of the township of Elmira.

SEC. 30. The corporation is vested with all powers Powers of the to carry into full force, virtue and effect, all and every corporation. part of the charter of said village of Chatfield, and the acts amendatory thereof, and to carry into execution the same shall have power to pass and ordain all and every ordinance necessary to carry out fully the meaning and intent thereof.

The officers elected on the fourteenth day of when first erec-Sec. 31. February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, don to be held. in accordance with an act entitled "An act to incorporate the town of Chatfield," approved March tenth, one thou-

sand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and subsequent amendments thereto, who shall qualify, are hereby declared tobe the common council of the village of Chatfield, incorporated under this act until their successors are elected and qualified, and shall possess all the powers granted to said common council under this act, and are hereby directed and empowered to call and hold an election under this act on the first Tuesday in April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

SEC. 32. The treasurer shall make and deliver to the village council at least ten days before the annual election to make report. or sooner if required by them, a full and detailed statement of all the receipts and expenditures since the date of the last annual report, and also the state of the treas. ury, which statement shall be filed with the recorder. at the time of making such statement, there shall be found any balance of money in said Treasurers hands belonging to said village, which have accrued under the provisions of this act, the same may be by the order of the village council, transferred to the treasurer of the Chatfield school district, and when so transferred, such moneys shall be under the control of the trustees of said district, to be by them devoted to the use of such district for school purposes as other school moneys are used.

> SEC. 33. The treasurer of said village shall receive for his services the same fees as are allowed by law totown treasurers, provided they shall not exceed the sumof twenty dollars a year.

SEC. 34. No member of the village council shall be Who not to be party to, or interested in any job or contract with the interested is any party to, or interested in any job or contract with the village, and a contract in which any member of said council may be interested, shall be null and void.

SEC. 35. Chapter sixty of the special laws of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, entitled "An act to incorporate the town of Chatfield," and all amendments thereto, so far as such amendments relate to boundaries of said village, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

This act shall take effect and be in force from SEC. 36. and after its passage.

Approved March 6, 1871.

When Treasurer what to contain -disposition of surplus funds.

Compensation for Trensurer.

contract.

Repeal of former ast.

When and to take effect.