This Document can be made available in alternative formats upon request

1.1

1.2

1.3

State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

A bill for an act

relating to solid waste; establishing product stewardship program for packaging

NINETY-SECOND SESSION

н. г. №. 4132

03/10/2022 Authored by Jordan, Hollins, Wazlawik, Berg and Hornstein The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources Finance and Policy

1.3	materials; establishing labeling requirements; requiring reports; requiring rulemaking; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115A.
1.5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.6	Section 1. [115A.1421] DEFINITIONS.
1.7	(a) For purposes of sections 115A.1421 to 115A.1443, the terms defined in this section
1.8	have the meanings given.
1.9	(b) "Brand" means a name, symbol, word, or mark that identifies a product, rather than
1.10	its components, and attributes the product to the owner of the name, symbol, word, or mark.
1.11	(c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.
1.12	(d) "Compost" means a stable humus-like material produced by the controlled biological
1.13	decomposition of organic matter through active management, but does not mean sewage,
1.14	septage, or materials derived from sewage or septage.
1.15	(e) "Compostable" means packaging that is certified by an independent third-party
1.16	certifier as capable of becoming compost through controlled aerobic biological
1.17	decomposition.
1.18	(f) "Contaminant" means a material that is:
1.19	(1) set out for recycling collection and is not properly prepared and on the list of materials
1.20	accepted for recycling collection by a recycling collection program; or
1.21	(2) shipped to a recycling end market and is not accepted or desired by that end market.

Section 1. 1

03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739

2.1	(g) "Contamination" means the presence of one or more contaminants in recyclable
2.2	materials in an amount or concentration that negatively impacts the value of the material
2.3	or negatively impacts a processor's ability to sort the material.
2.4	(h) "European article number" or "EAN" means a 13-digit barcode used for product
2.5	identification purposes.
2.6	(i) "Franchisee" means a person granted a license by a franchisor to use the franchisor's
2.7	trade name, service mark, or related characteristic and to share in the franchisor's proprietary
2.8	knowledge or processes under an oral or written agreement for a definite or indefinite period.
2.9	(j) "Franchisor" means a person that grants a license to a franchisee to use the person's
2.10	trade name, service mark, or related characteristic and to share in the person's proprietary
2.11	knowledge or processes under an oral or written agreement for a definite or indefinite period.
2.12	(k) "Low-volume producer" means a producer that sold, offered for sale, or distributed
2.13	for sale in or into the state during the previous calendar year products contained, protected,
2.14	delivered, presented, or distributed in or using more than one but less than 15 tons of
2.15	packaging material.
2.16	(l) "Material recovery facility" means a facility that receives, processes, and sells or
2.17	otherwise distributes postconsumer materials for recycling.
2.18	(m) "Minnesota Tribal governments" has the meaning given in section 10.65, subdivision
2.19	2, clause (4).
2.20	(n) "Municipality" means a statutory or home rule charter city, town, or regional
2.21	association acting on behalf of a city or town.
2.22	(o) "Nonreusable packaging" means packaging that is not reusable.
2.23	(p) "Packaging material" means any part of a package or container, including material
2.24	used for containing, protecting, handling, delivering, transporting, distributing, and presenting
2.25	a product that is sold, offered for sale, imported, or distributed in the state, including through
2.26	Internet transactions. Packaging materials includes bags and secondary or transport
2.27	packaging. Packaging material does not include:
2.28	(1) a discrete type of material intended to be used for long-term storage or protecting a
2.29	durable product that can be expected to be usable for that purpose for a period of at least
2.30	five years;
2.31	(2) a beverage container; or
2.32	(3) packaging that is reusable.

Section 1. 2

03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739

(q) "Political subdivision" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 11. 3.1 (r) "Postconsumer recycled material" means new material that is produced from 3.2 recovering, separating, collecting, and reprocessing material originally sold for consumption 3.3 and that would otherwise be disposed of or processed as waste. Postconsumer recycled 3.4 3.5 material does not include postindustrial material, preconsumer material, or material generated by combustion, incineration, pyrolysis, gasification, solvolysis, chemical recycling, or any 3.6 other high-heat or chemical conversion process. 3.7 (s) "Producer" means: 3.8 (1) an entity that manufactures or uses in a commercial enterprise, sells, offers for sale, 3.9 or distributes packaging material in the state under the brand of the manufacturer; 3.10 (2) an entity that is not the manufacturer of packaging material but is the owner or 3.11 licensee of a trademark under which the covered product is used in commercial enterprise, 3.12 sold, offered for sale, or distributed in the state, whether or not the trademark is registered; 3.13 3.14 or (3) an entity that imports packaging material into the United States or the state for use 3.15 in a commercial enterprise, sale, offer for sale, or distribution in the state. 3.16 Producer includes a low-volume producer and a franchisor of a franchise located in the 3.17 state, but does not include the franchisee operating the franchise. Producer does not include 3.18 an entity exempted from the program under section 115A.1423, paragraph (h). 3.19 (t) "Product stewardship organization" means the not-for-profit entity contracted by the 3.20 commissioner and authorized to collect and distribute producer fees. 3.21 (u) "Product stewardship program" or "program" means the program implemented under 3.22 sections 115A.1421 to 115A.1443 by the product stewardship organization to assess and 3.23 collect fees from producers based on the amount, by weight, of nonreusable packaging sold, 3.24 offered for sale, or distributed for sale in or into the state by each producer to pay for: 3.25 (1) investments in product redesign and reusable systems; 3.26 (2) fees to municipalities and political subdivisions; 3.27 (3) certain recycling and waste management programs; and 3.28 (4) investments in reuse and recycling education and infrastructure. 3.29 (v) "Readily recyclable" means packaging material for which the commissioner 3.30 determines that entities that process recyclable material generated in the state: 3.31

Section 1. 3

03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739
114/11////	PHVISOR	('K N/I / N/C ÷	77 116730
0.3/07/22	KE VISOK	CINIVITING	ZZ-(J() 1.) 7

(1) can soft the material, and
(2) are willing to purchase the material in full bales when fully sorted in quantities equa
to or in excess of its supply, based on data from the previous two calendar years.
Readily recyclable does not include packaging material that contains a toxic substance.
(w) "Recycling" has the meaning given in section 115A.03, subdivision 25b.
(x) "Returnable" means that packaging can be conveniently returned after use to a reuse
or return system with an average annual return rate of no less than 80 percent.
(y) "Reusable" means a product that is:
(1) designed to be used repeatedly and is returnable for a number of use cycles that
exceeds those specified in section 115A.1435;
(2) free of toxic substances;
(3) safe for washing and sanitizing according to applicable food safety laws; and
(4) capable of being recycled at the end of use, with the exception of ceramic products
(z) "Toxic substance" means a chemical or class of related chemicals listed in section
115A.1437 or a chemical designated as a chemical of high concern by the Department of
Health under section 116.9402.
(aa) "Unit" means each discrete component of a package or container, including materia
that is used for containing, protecting, handling, delivering, transporting, distributing, and
presenting a product that is sold, offered for sale, imported, or distributed in the state,
including through Internet transactions.
(bb) "Universal product code" or "UPC" means a standard for encoding a set of lines
and spaces that can be scanned and interpreted into numbers for product identification
purposes. Universal product code includes any industry-accepted barcode used for product
identification purposes in a manner similar to a UPC, including but not limited to an EAN
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec. 2. [115A.1422] PRODUCT STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM.
(a) Sections 115A.1421 to 115A.1443 establish a product stewardship program by which
producers of packaging material that participate in a product stewardship organization mus
make changes to their products' design to reduce packaging consumption and waste and
must pay fees based on the weight and type of packaging material sold, offered for sale, or
distributed for sale in or into the state.

Sec. 2. 4

03/07/22	DEMICOD	CKM/NG	22-06739
13/11////	REVISOR	(K \/ / \/ (+	77-06/39
03/01/22		CIXIVITIO	44-00137

5.1	(b) The product stewardship organization must assess and collect fees from producers
5.2	and establish and manage the packaging responsibility account under section 115A.1430
5.3	to be used to award grants to eligible projects that reduce packaging waste by investing in
5.4	reuse and refill systems; recycling infrastructure; and reuse, refill, and recycling education
5.5	in the state.
5.6	(c) The commissioner must conduct a statewide needs assessment to determine the
5.7	barriers and opportunities to reduce packaging waste and increase waste reduction, reuse,
5.8	and recycling.
5.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
5.10	Sec. 3. [115A.1423] PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITIES; EXEMPTIONS.
5.11	(a) Beginning two years after the effective date of this section, a producer may not sell,
5.12	offer for sale, or distribute for sale in or into the state a product contained, protected,
5.13	delivered, presented, or distributed in or using packaging material unless the producer
5.14	complies with all applicable requirements of this section.
5.15	(b) Notwithstanding a producer's failure to comply with all applicable requirements of
5.16	this section with respect to a type or types of packaging material, the commissioner may
5.17	authorize the sale or distribution for sale in or into the state of another product or products
5.18	of the producer that are contained, protected, delivered, presented, or distributed in or using
5.19	a different type or types of packaging material for which that producer complies with all
5.20	applicable requirements of this section.
5.21	(c) A producer must annually report to the product stewardship organization:
5.22	(1) the total amount of packaging material, by weight, sold, offered for sale, or distributed
5.23	for sale in or into the state by the producer in the previous calendar year;
5.24	(2) the total amount of packaging material, by unit, sold, offered for sale, or distributed
5.25	for sale in or into the state by the producer in the previous calendar year;
5.26	(3) the percentage of all packaging material the producer sold, offered for sale, or
5.27	distributed for sale into the state through Internet transactions; and
5.28	(4) all information necessary for the product stewardship organization to meet its
5.29	obligations under section 115A.1426.
5.30	(d) A producer must annually report to the commissioner information necessary for the
5.31	commissioner to make a determination of the producer's compliance with:
5.32	(1) the nonreusable packaging reduction requirements of section 115A.1434;

Sec. 3. 5

03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739
03/01/22	ILL VIDOR	CICIVITIO	22 00137

).1	(2) the reuse system requirements of section 113A.1433,
5.2	(3) the recycling or postconsumer recycled material requirements of section 115A.1436
5.3	(4) the toxic substances in packaging requirements of section 115A.1437; and
5.4	(5) the labeling requirements of section 115A.1441.
5.5	(e) A producer that is not a low-volume producer must describe the methods used to
5.6	determine the amount reported under this section for each type of packaging material
5.7	associated with the producer's products, a description of the characteristics of each type of
5.8	packaging material, and a list of the producer's brands and the UPCs of the products
5.9	associated with each type of packaging material.
5.10	(f) A producer that is unable to fully satisfy the reporting requirements of this section
5.11	because of failure to obtain sufficient information regarding the characteristics of the
5.12	packaging associated with the producer's products sold, offered for sale, or distributed for
5.13	sale in or into the state may alternatively report an estimate of the total amount of that
5.14	packaging based on unit quantities and a description of methods used to calculate the
5.15	estimate.
5.16	(g) A producer must pay fees established by the commissioner under section 115A.1428
5.17	to the product stewardship organization.
5.18	(h) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, a producer is exempt
5.19	from sections 115A.1421 to 115A.1443 in any calendar year in which:
5.20	(1) the producer received less than \$2,000,000 in total gross revenue during the previous
5.21	calendar year; or
5.22	(2) the producer sold, offered for sale, or distributed for sale in or into the state during
5.23	the previous calendar year products contained, protected, delivered, presented, or distributed
5.24	in or using less than one ton of packaging material in total.
5.25	(i) Within 30 days of receiving a request from the commissioner, a producer claiming
5.26	an exemption under this section must provide to the commissioner sufficient information
5.27	to demonstrate that the producer meets the requirements for an exemption under paragraph
5.28	<u>(h).</u>
5.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. 6

00/05/00	DELUCOD		22 0 (52)
(1/2/(1/////)	DEVISOR	('K N/I / N/I ÷	777 1167/30
03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739

	(a) Consistent with the requirements of this section, the commissioner must select and
en	ter into a contract with one product stewardship organization to operate a product
ste	ewardship program.
	(b) Consistent with applicable competitive bidding requirements under state purchasing
lav	vs, the commissioner must issue a request for proposals for operating a product stewardship
or	ogram. The proposals must address operation of the program for ten years and must
in	elude, at a minimum:
	(1) a description of how the bidder will administer the program, including mechanisms
or	processes to assist producers in reporting required information and to share methods by
wl	nich packaging material used by a producer may be modified so as to reduce the producer's
fe	e obligations and comply with the targets for reduction and reuse required in section
11	5A.1435 and targets for recycling or postconsumer recycled material required in section
11	5A.1436;
	(2) a description of how the bidder intends to solicit and consider input from interested
pe	rsons, including but not limited to producers, political subdivisions, environmental
or	ganizations, waste management and recycling establishments, and reuse system operators
re	garding the bidder's operation of the program;
	(3) a description of how the bidder intends to establish and manage the packaging
res	sponsibility account;
	(4) a financial assurance plan that ensures all funds held in the packaging responsibility
ac	count under section 115A.1430 are immediately and exclusively forfeited and transferred
	or otherwise made immediately available to the commissioner when the product
	wardship organization's contract with the commissioner is terminated by the commissione
	expires, unless the product stewardship organization enters into a new contract with the
co	mmissioner before the organization's existing contract expires;
	(5) a proposed budget outlining the anticipated costs of operating the product stewardship
pr	ogram, including:
	(i) identification of any start-up costs;
	(ii) a description of the method by which the bidder intends to determine and collect
pr	oducer fees during the initial start-up period of program operations; and
h1,	
	(iii) methods that will be used to reimburse or require additional fees by producers after
the	e initial start-up period, based on producer reporting of the actual amount of packaging

7 Sec. 4.

7.33

03/07/22	DEMICOD	CKM/NG	22-06739
13/11////	REVISOR	(K \/ / \/ (+	77-06/39
03/01/22		CIXIVITIO	44-00137

8.1	material sold, offered for sale, or distributed for sale in or into the state during the initial
8.2	start-up period; and
8.3	(6) a certification that the bidder will not share, except with the commissioner, information
8.4	provided to the bidder by a producer that is identified by the producer as proprietary
8.5	information. The certification must include a description of the methods by which the bidder
8.6	intends to ensure the confidentiality of the information.
8.7	(c) In accordance with state purchasing laws, the commissioner must enter into one
8.8	contract with a bidder that has submitted a proposal that meets the requirements of this
8.9	section. The commissioner must select the product stewardship organization within one
8.10	year of the date on which the final program rules are adopted.
8.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
0.12	Soc. 5 (115 A 1425) DDODUCT STEWADDSHID ODC ANIZATION.
8.12	Sec. 5. [115A.1425] PRODUCT STEWARDSHIP ORGANIZATION;
8.13	OBLIGATIONS.
8.14	(a) The product stewardship organization must:
8.15	(1) collect and compile data from producers according to section 115A.1426;
8.16	(2) collect fees due from producers according to section 115A.1428;
8.17	(3) use fees collected from producers to fund the needs assessment required in section
8.18	<u>115A.1429;</u>
8.19	(4) distribute funds from the packaging responsibility account according to section
8.20	<u>115A.1430;</u>
8.21	(5) offer technical support to producers;
8.22	(6) fund third-party, independent audits of inbound and outbound recyclable material
8.23	generated in the state and disposal of inbound and outbound materials and litter audits that
8.24	are conducted at least annually; and
8.25	(7) comply with rules adopted to implement sections 115A.1421 to 115A.1443.
8.26	(b) A product stewardship organization may not make campaign contributions, lobby,
8.27	or bring administrative or court actions against the commissioner, any third-party inspectors,
8.28	or any other party in connection with the program.
8.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 5. 8

03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739

R	EQUIREMENTS.
	A product stewardship organization must annually submit to the commissioner and make
av	ailable on its publicly accessible website a report that includes, at a minimum, the following
in	formation for the previous calendar year:
	(1) contact information for the product stewardship organization;
	(2) a list of participating producers and the brands and the UPCs of products associated
W	th each producer;
	(3) the total amount, by both weight and number of units, of each type of packaging
n	aterial sold or offered for sale within the state;
	(4) the total amount, by both weight and number of units, of packaging material sold or
of	fered for sale in the state that is reusable;
	(5) a complete accounting of payments made to and by the product stewardship
<u>)1</u>	ganization during the previous calendar year;
	(6) a list of any producer noncompliance known to the product stewardship organization
ır	d the steps the product stewardship organization is taking to bring noncompliant producers
n	to compliance;
	(7) a description of the infrastructure and education grants made by the product
st	ewardship organization in previous calendar years and an evaluation of how those grants
in	creased access to recycling and reuse systems in the state;
	(8) an assessment of the progress made toward achieving program goals, including but
nc	ot limited to the goals established in sections 115A.1434 to 115A.1436;
	(9) an assessment of whether the fee schedule for producers adopted by the commissioner
ur	der section 115A.1428 has been successful in incentivizing improvements to the design
of	packaging material, including increases in the percentage of reusable packaging and
de	creases in overall quantity of packaging by number of units;
	(10) an assessment of whether the investments made under sections 115A.1432 and
11	5A.1433 have been successful in increasing the amount of packaging material that is

readily recyclable or reusable packaging and in incentivizing improvements to the design

Sec. 6. 9

of packaging material;

9.29

9.30

03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739

10.1	(11) any proposals to change the program or modify investments in education and
10.2	infrastructure designed to achieve program goals to reduce the amount of packaging material
10.3	used, increase access, or otherwise increase program efficiency;
10.4	(12) results of representative inbound and outbound audits of recyclable material
10.5	processed and sold by material recycling facilities in the state, waste characterization of
10.6	municipal solid waste being disposed of in the state, and litter audits;
10.7	(13) results of a third-party financial audit of the product stewardship organization; and
10.8	(14) any additional information required by the commissioner.
10.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
10.10	Sec. 7. [115A.1427] COMMISSIONER'S RESPONSIBILITIES.
10.11	(a) Within one year of the effective date of this section, the commissioner must adopt
10.12	rules under chapter 14 setting fees for producers according to section 115A.1428. Fees must
10.13	be set at a rate that will incentivize reductions in overall packaging and the adoption of
10.14	reuse systems, increase postconsumer recycled material, and promote using recyclable
10.15	packaging.
10.16	(b) The commissioner must revise fees:
10.17	(1) at least every three years to reflect new data received about material use and
10.18	management; or
10.19	(2) whenever the targets established in sections 115A.1434 to 115A.1436 are not met.
10.20	(c) Within six months of the effective date of this section, the commissioner must conduct
10.21	a reduction, reuse, and recycling needs assessment according to section 115A.1429 to
10.22	identify barriers and opportunities for reducing, reusing, and recycling packaging.
10.23	(d) The commissioner must evaluate the program each year to ensure its proper
10.24	functioning and to prevent fraud, waste, or abuse in expending money.
10.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
10.26	Sec. 8. [115A.1428] ASSESSMENT OF FEES.
10.27	(a) The commissioner must establish the manner in which producer fees on packaging
10.28	materials are calculated. Producer fees must be calculated based on:
10.29	(1) the packaging material type; and

Sec. 8. 10

11.1	(2) the quantity of each packaging material type, by weight, that the producer sells, offers
11.2	for sale, or distributes in the state.
11.3	(b) At a minimum, the commissioner must establish fees on the following packaging
11.4	material types:
11.5	<u>(1) paper;</u>
11.6	(2) cardboard;
11.7	(3) corrugated cardboard;
11.8	(4) generic paper or cardboard;
11.9	<u>(5) wood;</u>
11.10	(6) glass;
11.11	(7) polypropylene;
11.12	(8) polyethylene terephthalate (PET);
11.13	(9) high-density polyethylene (HDPE);
11.14	(10) expanded polystyrene (EPS);
11.15	(11) low-density polyethylene (LDPE);
11.16	(12) polystyrene;
11.17	(13) bioplastics;
11.18	(14) plastic film;
11.19	(15) other plastics;
11.20	(16) steel or ferrous;
11.21	(17) aluminum;
11.22	(18) tinplate;
11.23	(19) generic metals; and
11.24	(20) ceramics.
11.25	(c) Fees must reflect:
11.26	(1) the net cost of curbside collection, commercial collection, or transfer station operation;
11.27	(2) on-site processing costs for each readily recyclable packaging material type;
11.28	(3) management cost of nonreadily recyclable packaging:

Sec. 8. 11

00/05/00	DELUCOD		22 0 (52)
(1/2/(1/////)	DEVISOR	('K N/I / N/I ÷	777 1167/30
03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739

12.1	(4) transportation cost for each packaging material type;
12.2	(5) the commissioner's cost to administer sections 115A.1421 to 115A.1443;
12.3	(6) the product stewardship organization's administrative costs; and
12.4	(7) any other program costs determined by the commissioner.
12.5	(d) Fees for each type of packaging must be structured to promote environmentally
12.6	beneficial packaging design. Fees must be higher for packaging material that is not readily
12.7	recyclable than for packaging material that is readily recyclable. No fee may be established
12.8	on packaging that is reusable.
12.9	(e) The fee schedule adopted under this section must provide for a flat fee option to be
12.10	assessed on a tiered basis so that a low-volume producer pays no more than \$500 per ton
12.11	of packaging and no more than \$7,500 in total annual fees.
12.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
12.13	Sec. 9. [115A.1429] STATEWIDE REDUCTION, REUSE, AND RECYCLING
12.14	NEEDS ASSESSMENT.
12.15	(a) Within six months of the effective date of this section, the commissioner must conduc
12.16	a statewide needs assessment to identify barriers and opportunities for reducing, reusing,
12.17	and recycling packaging.
12.18	(b) The commissioner must issue a request for proposals to conduct the needs assessment
12.19	The proposals must include, at a minimum, a description of how the bidder will conduct a
12.20	statewide needs assessment that, at a minimum, includes an evaluation of:
12.21	(1) current barriers affecting the establishment of reduction and reuse programs;
12.22	(2) opportunities to establish reduction and reuse programs;
12.23	(3) current needs affecting recycling access and availability;
12.24	(4) opportunities to improve access to recycling;
12.25	(5) the capacity, cost, and needs associated with collecting and transporting recyclable
12.26	material;
12.27	(6) the processing capacity, market conditions, and opportunities in the state and
12.28	regionally for recyclable material;
12.29	(7) barriers to the marketability of recyclable materials generated in the state and potentia
12.30	solutions;

Sec. 9. 12

00/05/00	DELUCOD		22 0 (52)
(1/2/(1/////)	DEVISOR	('K N/I / N/I ÷	777 1167/30
03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739

(8) the amount, by weight, of material that is recycled by each material recovery faci	lity
that accepts packaging material from the state;	
(9) consumer education needs with respect to reuse systems, recycling, and reducin	g
contamination in collected recyclable material;	
(10) the following costs:	
(i) net cost of curbside collection, commercial collection, or transfer station operation	on;
(ii) on-site processing cost for each readily recyclable packaging material type;	
(iii) management cost of nonreadily recyclable packaging;	
(iv) transportation cost for each packaging material type; and	
(v) any other program costs determined by the commissioner;	
(11) the availability of employment opportunities in recycling and reuse systems fo	<u>r</u>
women and minorities;	
(12) the sufficiency and implementation of local government requirements related t	<u>:0</u>
multifamily housing recycling services; and	
(13) the location of landfills, incinerators, and transfer stations within the state, the	
socioeconomic conditions surrounding the sites, and the permitted pollution levels at e	ach
facility.	
(c) The commissioner must update and revise the needs assessment every three year	rs,
using money from the packaging responsibility account established in section 115A.14	30.
(d) Within 18 months after the effective date of this section, the commissioner must	<u>t</u>
submit a report on the results of the needs assessment to the chairs and ranking minorit	t <u>y</u>
members of the senate and house of representatives committees with primary jurisdicti	on
over environment policy and finance.	
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.	
Sec. 10. [115A.1430] PACKAGING RESPONSIBILITY ACCOUNT ESTABLISHI	ED:
AUTHORIZED EXPENDITURES.	<u> </u>
(a) The product stewardship organization must establish and manage a packaging	
responsibility account according to this section. The product stewardship organization m	<u>ıust</u>
deposit into the account all fees received from producers.	

Sec. 10. 13

03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739

(b) Beginning one year after the first payment of fees by producers, and annually
thereafter, the product stewardship organization must reimburse the commissioner from the
packaging responsibility account for the commissioner's costs associated with administering
sections 115A.1421 to 115A.1443, including:
(1) costs associated with performing, revising, and updating the needs assessment, as
required under section 115A.1429; and
(2) costs incurred by the commissioner in adopting rules and in administering and
enforcing sections 115A.1421 to 115A.1443 before the effective date of the contract entered
into by the commissioner and the product stewardship organization.
(c) Beginning one year after the first payment of fees by producers, and annually
thereafter, the product stewardship organization must retain a portion of the money in the
packaging responsibility account to pay the costs associated with its administration of the
product stewardship organization, as provided under section 115A.1431. Reimbursement
may include costs associated with the formation of the product stewardship organization.
(d) Beginning one year after the first payment of fees by producers, and annually
thereafter, the product stewardship organization must distribute all revenues in the packaging
responsibility account remaining after the reimbursements under paragraphs (b) and (c) and
in section 115A.1431, paragraph (b), in the following proportions and for the following
purposes:
(1) 50 percent of the money must be used for recycling infrastructure and education
grants, according to section 115A.1432;
(2) 25 percent of the money must be used for reuse infrastructure and education grants,
according to section 115A.1432; and
(3) 25 percent of the money must be distributed to political subdivisions and Minnesota
Tribal governments to address recycling needs in those communities according to section
<u>115A.1433.</u>
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec. 11. [115A.1431] ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.
(a) Beginning one year after the first payment of fees by producers, and annually
thereafter, the product stewardship organization must reimburse the commissioner from the
packaging responsibility account for all costs incurred in administering sections 115A.1421
to 115A.1443, including but not limited to:

Sec. 11. 14

00/05/00	DELUCOD		22 0 (52)
(1/2/(1/////)	DEVISOR	('K N/I / N/I ÷	777 1167/30
03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739

15.3 product stewardship organization; (3) costs incurred during rulemaking (4) costs incurred reviewing grant products incurred in reviewing composition and individual producers. (5) costs incurred in reviewing composition and individual producers. (b) Beginning one year after the first thereafter, the product stewardship organization are program, which cost must be annually volume the product stewardship organization as EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is Sec. 12. [115A.1432] GRANTS FOR	payment of fees by producers, and annually nization must retain money in the packaging the cost of administering the product stewardship erified by a third-party financial audit paid for by required in section 115A.1426, clause (13).
(3) costs incurred during rulemaking (4) costs incurred reviewing grant pro 15.6 and (5) costs incurred in reviewing comp 15.8 organization and individual producers. (b) Beginning one year after the first 15.10 thereafter, the product stewardship organ 15.11 responsibility account sufficient to pay t 15.12 program, which cost must be annually v 15.13 the product stewardship organization as 15.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is 15.15 Sec. 12. [115A.1432] GRANTS FOR	payment of fees by producers, and annually nization must retain money in the packaging the cost of administering the product stewardship erified by a third-party financial audit paid for by required in section 115A.1426, clause (13).
(4) costs incurred reviewing grant products. (5) costs incurred in reviewing comports. (6) costs incurred in reviewing comports. (7) costs incurred in reviewing comports. (8) description and individual producers. (9) Beginning one year after the first of thereafter, the product stewardship organism responsibility account sufficient to pay to program, which cost must be annually votable product stewardship organization as (8) EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is Sec. 12. [115A.1432] GRANTS FOR	payment of fees by producers, and annually nization must retain money in the packaging the cost of administering the product stewardship erified by a third-party financial audit paid for by required in section 115A.1426, clause (13).
15.6 and (5) costs incurred in reviewing comports organization and individual producers. (b) Beginning one year after the first thereafter, the product stewardship organization responsibility account sufficient to pay to program, which cost must be annually votable the product stewardship organization as EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is	payment of fees by producers, and annually nization must retain money in the packaging the cost of administering the product stewardship erified by a third-party financial audit paid for by required in section 115A.1426, clause (13).
15.7 (5) costs incurred in reviewing composition and individual producers. 15.8 (b) Beginning one year after the first thereafter, the product stewardship organism responsibility account sufficient to pay to program, which cost must be annually votable the product stewardship organization as the product stewardship organization as EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is Sec. 12. [115A.1432] GRANTS FOR	payment of fees by producers, and annually nization must retain money in the packaging he cost of administering the product stewardship erified by a third-party financial audit paid for by required in section 115A.1426, clause (13).
organization and individual producers. (b) Beginning one year after the first thereafter, the product stewardship organism responsibility account sufficient to pay to program, which cost must be annually votable the product stewardship organization as EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is Sec. 12. [115A.1432] GRANTS FOR	payment of fees by producers, and annually nization must retain money in the packaging he cost of administering the product stewardship erified by a third-party financial audit paid for by required in section 115A.1426, clause (13).
15.9 (b) Beginning one year after the first 15.10 thereafter, the product stewardship organ 15.11 responsibility account sufficient to pay t 15.12 program, which cost must be annually v 15.13 the product stewardship organization as 15.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is 15.15 Sec. 12. [115A.1432] GRANTS FOR	he cost of administering the product stewardship erified by a third-party financial audit paid for by required in section 115A.1426, clause (13).
thereafter, the product stewardship organisms. responsibility account sufficient to pay to program, which cost must be annually votable the product stewardship organization as EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is Sec. 12. [115A.1432] GRANTS FOR	he cost of administering the product stewardship erified by a third-party financial audit paid for by required in section 115A.1426, clause (13).
responsibility account sufficient to pay to program, which cost must be annually votable the product stewardship organization as EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is Sec. 12. [115A.1432] GRANTS FOR	he cost of administering the product stewardship erified by a third-party financial audit paid for by required in section 115A.1426, clause (13).
program, which cost must be annually v the product stewardship organization as EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is Sec. 12. [115A.1432] GRANTS FOR	erified by a third-party financial audit paid for by required in section 115A.1426, clause (13).
 the product stewardship organization as EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is Sec. 12. [115A.1432] GRANTS FOR 	required in section 115A.1426, clause (13).
15.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is 15.15 Sec. 12. [115A.1432] GRANTS FOR	
15.15 Sec. 12. [115A.1432] GRANTS FOR	
	s effective the day following final enactment.
	RECYCLING AND REUSE
15.16 INFRASTRUCTURE AND EDUCAT	ION.
15.17 (a) Any interested person, municipali	ty, business, organization, or institution may apply
15.18 to the product stewardship organization	for a grant to carry out a project or projects to
15.19 <u>improve recycling or reuse infrastructure</u>	e or provide educational programming or materials
15.20 <u>regarding recycling or reuse.</u>	
(b) A project is eligible to receive a g	grant under this section only if it fulfills needs
15.22 <u>identified in the needs assessment conduc</u>	cted under section 115A.1429 and assists producers
to meet the requirements of section 115.23	A.1435 or 115A.1436.
15.24 (c) Reuse grants may be used to inve	st in collection systems, washing systems, and
(e) Rease grants may be used to mive	
	ion and to make capital expenditures on new and
	
technology for tracking and data collections emerging recycling technology, equipments.	
technology for tracking and data collections emerging recycling technology, equipments.	ent, or facilities.
technology for tracking and data collections technology for tracking and data collections emerging recycling technology, equipment (d) A grant awarded for reuse infrast following goals:	ent, or facilities.
technology for tracking and data collections technology for tracking and data collections emerging recycling technology, equipment (d) A grant awarded for reuse infrast following goals:	ent, or facilities. ructure or education must meet at least one of the ng material from nonreusable to reusable;

Sec. 12. 15

03/07/22	DELUCOD	CKM/NG	22-06739
(1/2/(1//////)	REVISOR	(`V N/I/N/I ÷	777 1167 7211
U 3/ U 1 / 2. 2.	NEVIOUS		/./.=UU / 19

(4) develop reuse instructions that are, to the extent practicable, consistent statewide,	<u>,</u>
easy to understand, and easily accessible; and	
(5) develop, in consultation with local governments and other stakeholders, reuse outrea	ch
and education programs and materials that are coordinated across regions of the state.	
(e) The commissioner must review all grants proposed to be awarded by the product	
stewardship organization under this section. No grant may be awarded under this section	<u>n</u>
that has not been approved by the commissioner.	
(f) The commissioner must approve or deny a grant award proposed by the product	
stewardship organization within 90 days of receiving a request for review from the produ	<u>ıct</u>
stewardship organization.	
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.	
Sec. 13. [115A.1433] GRANTS TO POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS AND MINNESOT	<u>ΓΑ</u>
TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS.	
(a) The commissioner must adopt rules specifying the manner in which the product	
stewardship organization must provide funding to political subdivisions and Minnesota	
Tribal governments to address recycling needs, as determined by the needs assessment	
under section 115A.1429.	
(b) Political subdivisions and Minnesota Tribal governments are eligible to receive	
funding only if they provide recycling services to all residents or members within their	
jurisdictional control.	
(c) Two or more political subdivisions or Minnesota Tribal governments that provide	<u> </u>
recycling services may elect to jointly receive funding, provided that they demonstrate the	<u>ıat</u>
their recycling services are interconnected.	
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.	
Sec. 14. [115A.1434] NONREUSABLE PACKAGING REDUCTION	
REQUIREMENTS.	
(a) A producer must reduce the total amount of nonreusable packaging by unit, on average	ge
and in the aggregate, across its brand according to the following schedule, measured by the	he
length of time following the selection of the product stewardship organization under section	on
115A.1424:	
(1) by ten percent, two years after;	

Sec. 14. 16

03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739
114/11////	PHVISOR	('K N/I / N/C ÷	77 116730
0.3/07/22	KE VISOK	CINIVITING	ZZ-(J() 1.) 7

	(2) by 20 percent, four years after;
17.2	(3) by 30 percent, six years after;
17.3	(4) by 40 percent, eight years after; and
17.4	(5) by 50 percent, ten years after.
17.5	(b) The reductions required in paragraph (a) must be measured against the total amount
17.6	of packaging the producer sold, offered for sale, or distributed for sale in the state during
17.7	the calendar year in which this section became effective. For producers that did not sell,
17.8	offer for sale, or distribute for sale any packaging during the calendar year in which this
17.9	section became effective, the reductions required in paragraph (a) must be measured against
17.10	the first calendar year for which there is data on the amount of packaging the producer sold,
17.11	offered for sale, or distributed for sale in the state.
17.12	(c) The reductions required in this section may be achieved by eliminating nonreusable
17.13	packaging or by transitioning to a reuse model.
17.14	(d) A producer must report its compliance with the requirements of the applicable clause
17.15	of paragraph (a) to the commissioner.
17.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
17.17	Sec. 15. [115A.1435] CRITERIA FOR NUMBER OF USES IN REUSE SYSTEMS.
	Sec. 15. [115A.1435] CRITERIA FOR NUMBER OF USES IN REUSE SYSTEMS. The commissioner must adopt rules that specify the minimum number of reuse cycles
17.18	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
17.18 17.19	The commissioner must adopt rules that specify the minimum number of reuse cycles
17.18 17.19 17.20	The commissioner must adopt rules that specify the minimum number of reuse cycles required for each type of packaging material to be considered reusable, including but not
17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21	The commissioner must adopt rules that specify the minimum number of reuse cycles required for each type of packaging material to be considered reusable, including but not limited to:
17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22	The commissioner must adopt rules that specify the minimum number of reuse cycles required for each type of packaging material to be considered reusable, including but not limited to: (1) cups: a minimum of 125 uses;
17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23	The commissioner must adopt rules that specify the minimum number of reuse cycles required for each type of packaging material to be considered reusable, including but not limited to: (1) cups: a minimum of 125 uses; (2) clamshells: a minimum of 50 uses;
17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23	The commissioner must adopt rules that specify the minimum number of reuse cycles required for each type of packaging material to be considered reusable, including but not limited to: (1) cups: a minimum of 125 uses; (2) clamshells: a minimum of 50 uses; (3) plates: a minimum of 63 uses; and
17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23 17.24	The commissioner must adopt rules that specify the minimum number of reuse cycles required for each type of packaging material to be considered reusable, including but not limited to: (1) cups: a minimum of 125 uses; (2) clamshells: a minimum of 50 uses; (3) plates: a minimum of 63 uses; and (4) glass bottles: a minimum of 20 uses. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23 17.24 17.25	The commissioner must adopt rules that specify the minimum number of reuse cycles required for each type of packaging material to be considered reusable, including but not limited to: (1) cups: a minimum of 125 uses; (2) clamshells: a minimum of 50 uses; (3) plates: a minimum of 63 uses; and (4) glass bottles: a minimum of 20 uses. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 16. [115A.1436] RECYCLING OR POSTCONSUMER RECYCLED
17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23	The commissioner must adopt rules that specify the minimum number of reuse cycles required for each type of packaging material to be considered reusable, including but not limited to: (1) cups: a minimum of 125 uses; (2) clamshells: a minimum of 50 uses; (3) plates: a minimum of 63 uses; and (4) glass bottles: a minimum of 20 uses. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23 17.24 17.25	The commissioner must adopt rules that specify the minimum number of reuse cycles required for each type of packaging material to be considered reusable, including but not limited to: (1) cups: a minimum of 125 uses; (2) clamshells: a minimum of 50 uses; (3) plates: a minimum of 63 uses; and (4) glass bottles: a minimum of 20 uses. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 16. [115A.1436] RECYCLING OR POSTCONSUMER RECYCLED

Sec. 16. 17

03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739
05/07/22	TEL VIDOR	CILITI	00,57

18.1	(i) 50 percent, five years after the selection of the product stewardship organization;
18.2	(ii) 80 percent, eight years after the selection of the product stewardship organization;
18.3	<u>and</u>
18.4	(iii) 90 percent, 12 years after the selection of the product stewardship organization; or
18.5	(2) incorporates, on average and in the aggregate, the following amount, by weight, of
18.6	postconsumer recycled material:
18.7	(i) 50 percent, five years after the selection of the product stewardship organization;
18.8	(ii) 80 percent, five years after the selection of the product stewardship organization;
18.9	and
18.10	(iii) 90 percent, 12 years after the selection of the product stewardship organization.
18.11	(b) In determining a producer's compliance with this section, a producer must rely on
18.12	the state data regarding packaging sales and material use, if available, or may alternatively
18.13	rely on the same type of data applicable to a region or territory of the United States that
18.14	includes the state.
18.15	(c) If a producer elects to rely on data regarding packaging sales and materials used
18.16	derived from data applicable to a region or territory of the United States that includes the
18.17	state, the producer must:
18.18	(1) prorate the regional or territorial data to estimate the state-specific figures based on
18.19	market share or population in a manner that ensures that the percentage of postconsumer
18.20	recycled material calculated for beverage containers sold in the state is the same percentage
18.21	as calculated for the larger region or territory; and
18.22	(2) document the methodology used to estimate the state-specific figures calculated
18.23	under clause (1).
18.24	(d) The commissioner may assess an administrative penalty under section 116.072 against
18.25	a producer that fails to comply with this section, calculated as follows:
18.26	(1) the commissioner must add the total amount by weight in pounds of postconsumer
18.27	recycled material and the total amount by weight in pounds of material that is not
18.28	postconsumer recycled material used by the producer in all the packaging the producer sold,
18.29	offered for sale, or distributed for sale in the state during the previous calendar year. Unless
18.30	otherwise determined by the commissioner, the figure calculated under this clause must be
18.31	calculated using the information reported by the manufacturer under paragraph (b);

Sec. 16. 18

03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739

19.1	(2) the commissioner must multiply the figure calculated under clause (1) by the
19.2	applicable minimum postconsumer recycled material percentage required under paragraph
19.3	(a), clause (2), during the previous calendar year;
19.4	(3) the commissioner must subtract from the figure calculated under clause (2) the total
19.5	amount by weight in pounds of postconsumer recycled material used by the producer in all
19.6	products the producer sold, offered for sale, or distributed for sale in packaging in the state
19.7	during the previous calendar years; and
19.8	(4) the commissioner must multiply that figure calculated under clause (3) by \$0.20. If
19.9	the figure calculated under this clause is less than or equal to zero, the commissioner may
19.10	not assess an administrative penalty.
19.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
19.12	Sec. 17. [115A.1437] TOXIC SUBSTANCES IN PACKAGING.
19.13	(a) Beginning one year after the effective date of this section, no person may manufacture.
19.14	knowingly sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in the state packaging
19.15	or reusable products containing any of the following toxic substances above the practical
19.16	quantification limit:
19.17	(1) ortho-phthalates;
19.18	(2) bisphenols;
19.19	(3) perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS);
19.20	(4) lead and lead compounds;
19.21	(5) hexavalent chromium and compounds;
19.22	(6) cadmium and cadmium compounds;
19.23	(7) mercury and mercury compounds;
19.24	(8) benzophenone and its derivatives;
19.25	(9) halogenated flame retardants;
19.26	(10) perchlorate;
19.27	(11) formaldehyde; and
19.28	(12) toluene.

Sec. 17. 19

03/07/22 REVISOR CKM/NG 22-067

(b) Beginning one year after the effective date of this section, no person may manufacture, 20.1 knowingly sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in the state packaging 20.2 20.3 or reusable products containing: (1) polyvinyl chloride; 20.4 20.5 (2) polystyrene; or (3) polycarbonate. 20.6 20.7 (c) Beginning three years after the effective date of this section and every three years thereafter, the commissioner must, in collaboration with the Department of Health, designate 20.8 at least ten but no more than 20 toxic substances in packaging, unless the commissioner 20.9 determines that fewer than ten chemicals meet the definition of toxic substances. If the 20.10 commissioner determines that fewer than ten toxic substances meet the definition, the 20.11 commissioner must publish a detailed statement of findings and conclusions supporting the 20.12 determination. 20.13 (d) Within 180 days of designating a toxic substance under paragraph (a), the 20.14 commissioner must adopt rules to prohibit the newly designated toxic substance in packaging, 20.15 with an effective date no later than two years after the rules are adopted. 20.16 (e) Beginning three years after the effective date of this section, a person may petition 20.17 the commissioner to add a chemical or chemical class to the list of toxic substances in 20.18 packaging. A petition must contain information that supports designating the chemical or 20.19 chemical class as a toxic substance in packaging. Within 90 days of receiving a petition, 20.20 the commissioner must either grant or deny the petition and publish a written explanation 20.21 of the reasons for the decision. If the commissioner grants the petition in whole or part, the 20.22 commissioner must designate the chemical or chemical class as a toxic substance in 20.23 packaging and adopt rules within 180 days to prohibit the newly designated chemicals in 20.24 packaging, with an effective date no later than two years after the rules are adopted. 20.25 (f) A producer that violates this section is subject to penalties according to the 20.26 commissioner's rules. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any producer, distributor, 20.27 retailer, or other responsible party that violates this section is subject to a fine for each 20.28 violation and for each day that the violation occurs in an amount of not more than \$200,000. 20.29 20.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 17. 20

03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739

21.1	Sec. 16. HISA:1436 ANNOALT RODUCT STE WARDSHITT ROOKAW REFORT.
21.2	(a) Beginning one year after the product stewardship organization begins to collect fees
21.3	from producers, and on an annual basis thereafter, the commissioner, with the assistance of
21.4	the product stewardship organization, must submit a product stewardship program report
21.5	to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives
21.6	committees with jurisdiction over environment policy and finance.
21.7	(b) The report must include, at a minimum:
21.8	(1) a list of all participating producers and the brands of products associated with each
21.9	producer;
21.10	(2) the number of units of packaging and type of packaging products, both nonreusable
21.11	and reusable, that were sold, offered for sale, or distributed in the state;
21.12	(3) a list of all packaging materials that are readily recyclable in the state;
21.13	(4) results of an audit of inbound and outbound readily recyclable packaging material
21.14	processed and sold within the state;
21.15	(5) a waste characterization study that specifies the quantity in tons of packaging material
21.16	in the waste stream, according to types of uses;
21.17	(6) a statewide litter survey that identifies the quantity of packaging material in litter
21.18	according to types of packaging material and the brands that produce the material;
21.19	(7) a list of the amount of packaging material, by packaging material type, sold or offered
21.20	for sale in the state that year;
21.21	(8) a description of grant awards made under section 115A.1432;
21.22	(9) the compliance of producers with the toxic substances ban under section 115A.1437;
21.23	and
21.24	(10) an assessment of program performance.
21.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
21.26	Sec. 19. [115A.1439] PRODUCER COMPLIANCE INFORMATION.
21.27	The product stewardship organization must provide the commissioner with a regularly
21.28	updated list of producers that are participating in the program and a list of UPCs of products
21.29	for which each producer has complied with the program's requirements and, if known to
21.30	the product stewardship organization, a list of producers that are not participating in the

Sec. 19. 21

00/05/00	DELUCOD		22 0 (52)
(1/2/(1/////))	DEVISOR	('K N/I / N/I ÷	77 06730
03/07/22	REVISOR	CKM/NG	22-06739

	the information under this section on the agency website.
<u>E</u>	FFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec	c. 20. [115A.1440] ENFORCEMENT.
<u>(</u> a	a) The commissioner must enforce sections 115A.1421 to 115A.1443 under sections
115.0	071 and 116.072. The commissioner may request a certificate of compliance from a
prod	ucer that attests that a producer's products meet the requirements of sections 115A.1421
<u>to 11</u>	5A.1443 and is signed by an authorized official of the producer. The commissioner
must	post any certificate of compliance on the agency website for public access.
<u>(l</u>	b) The commissioner may bring a civil action to enjoin the sale, distribution, or
impo	ortation into the state of a packaging material in violation of sections 115A.1421 to
115A	<u>x.1443.</u>
<u>(c</u>	c) The penalties provided for in this section may be recovered in a civil action brought
by th	e attorney general.
<u>E</u>	FFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec	c. 21. [115A.1441] LABELING.
<u>(</u> 8	a) A producer must affix a label to all packaging material sold, offered for sale, or
distri	buted for sale in or into the state containing information from one of the following
claus	ses, in a format approved by the commissioner:
<u>(</u>]	1) the percentage of postconsumer recycled material in the packaging material;
<u>(2</u>	2) whether the packaging material is readily recyclable and how to recycle it; or
<u>(3</u>	3) whether the packaging material is compostable.
<u>(l</u>	b) All packaging material sold in the state must conform with the uniform labeling
syste	m required by this section. Packaging that does not meet the requirements of this section
may	not be sold, offered for sale, or distributed for sale in the state beginning two years
after	the effective date of this section.
<u>E</u>	FFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec	e. 22. [115A.1442] ANTICOMPETITIVE CONDUCT.
<u>(</u> a	a) A producer that organizes collection or recycling under sections 115A.1421 to
115A	1.1443 is authorized to engage in anticompetitive conduct to the extent necessary to
1131	1.1 12 and an included to the chieff he constitute contains to the chieff he constity to

Sec. 22. 22

03/07/22	DEVICOD	CKM/NG	22-06739
13/11////	REVISOR	(K \/ / \ (+	77-06/39
03/01/22	ILL VISOR		44-00137

23.1	plan and implement its chosen organized collection or recycling system and is immune from
23.2	liability under state laws relating to antitrust, restraint of trade, unfair trade practices, and
23.3	other regulation of trade or commerce.
23.4	(b) An organization of producers, an individual producer, and a producer's officers,
23.5	members, employees, and agents who cooperate with a political subdivision that organizes
23.6	collection or recycling under sections 115A.1421 to 115A.1443 are authorized to engage
23.7	in anticompetitive conduct to the extent necessary to plan and implement the organized
23.8	collection or recycling system, provided that the political subdivision actively supervises
23.9	the participation of each entity. An organization, entity, or person covered by this paragraph
23.10	is immune from liability under state law relating to antitrust, restraint of trade, unfair trade
23.11	practices, and other regulation of trade or commerce.
23.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
23.13	Sec. 23. [115A.1443] RULEMAKING.
23.14	The commissioner must, no later than one year after the effective date of this section,
23.15	adopt rules according to chapter 14 necessary to implement, administer, and enforce sections
23.16	115A.1421 to 115A.1443.
23.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 23. 23