

**SENATE
STATE OF MINNESOTA
NINETY-FIRST SESSION**

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(SENATE AUTHORS: SENJEM)

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OFFICIAL STATUS
Introduction and first reading
Referred to Jobs and Economic Growth Finance and Policy

1.1 A bill for an act
1.2 relating to the state building code; requiring the establishment of a voluntary stretch
1.3 energy code; providing technical assistance for jurisdictions that adopt the voluntary
1.4 stretch energy code; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 216B.241,
1.5 subdivision 9; 326B.106, by adding a subdivision.

1.6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.7 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 216B.241, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

1.8 Subd. 9. **Building performance standards; Sustainable Building 2030.** (a) The purpose
1.9 of this subdivision is to establish cost-effective energy-efficiency performance standards
1.10 for new and substantially reconstructed commercial, industrial, and institutional buildings
1.11 that can significantly reduce carbon dioxide emissions by lowering energy use in new and
1.12 substantially reconstructed buildings. For the purposes of this subdivision, the establishment
1.13 of these standards may be referred to as Sustainable Building 2030.

1.14 (b) The commissioner shall contract with the Center for Sustainable Building Research
1.15 at the University of Minnesota to coordinate development and implementation of
1.16 energy-efficiency performance standards, strategic planning, research, data analysis,
1.17 technology transfer, training, and other activities related to the purpose of Sustainable
1.18 Building 2030. The commissioner and the Center for Sustainable Building Research shall,
1.19 in consultation with utilities, builders, developers, building operators, and experts in building
1.20 design and technology, develop a Sustainable Building 2030 implementation plan that must
1.21 address, at a minimum, the following issues:

1.22 (1) training architects to incorporate the performance standards in building design;

2.1 (2) incorporating the performance standards in utility conservation improvement
2.2 programs; and

2.3 (3) developing procedures for ongoing monitoring of energy use in buildings that have
2.4 adopted the performance standards.

2.5 The plan must be submitted to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and
2.6 house of representatives committees with primary jurisdiction over energy policy by July
2.7 1, 2009.

2.8 (c) Sustainable Building 2030 energy-efficiency performance standards must be firm,
2.9 quantitative measures of total building energy use and associated carbon dioxide emissions
2.10 per square foot for different building types and uses, that allow for accurate determinations
2.11 of a building's conformance with a performance standard. Performance standards must
2.12 address energy use by electric vehicle charging infrastructure in or adjacent to buildings as
2.13 that infrastructure begins to be made widely available. The energy-efficiency performance
2.14 standards must be updated every three or five years to incorporate all cost-effective measures.
2.15 The performance standards must reflect the reductions in carbon dioxide emissions per
2.16 square foot resulting from actions taken by utilities to comply with the renewable energy
2.17 standards in section 216B.1691. The performance standards should be designed to achieve
2.18 reductions equivalent to the following reduction schedule, measured against energy
2.19 consumption by an average building in each applicable building sector in 2003: (1) 60
2.20 percent in 2010; (2) 70 percent in 2015; (3) 80 percent in 2020; and (4) 90 percent in 2025.
2.21 A performance standard must not be established or increased absent a conclusive engineering
2.22 analysis that it is cost-effective based upon established practices used in evaluating utility
2.23 conservation improvement programs.

2.24 (d) The annual amount of the contract with the Center for Sustainable Building Research
2.25 is up to \$500,000. The Center for Sustainable Building Research shall expend no more than
2.26 \$150,000 of this amount each year on administration, coordination, and oversight activities
2.27 related to Sustainable Building 2030. Up to an additional \$150,000 of this amount may be
2.28 used by the Center for Sustainable Building Research to provide technical assistance to
2.29 local jurisdictions which adopt a voluntary stretch code, under section 326B.106, subdivision
2.30 16, that conforms to Sustainable Building 2030. The balance of contract funds must be spent
2.31 on substantive programmatic activities allowed under this subdivision that may be conducted
2.32 by the Center for Sustainable Building Research and others, and for subcontracts with
2.33 not-for-profit energy organizations, architecture and engineering firms, and other qualified
2.34 entities to undertake technical projects and activities in support of Sustainable Building
2.35 2030. The primary work to be accomplished each year by qualified technical experts under

3.1 subcontracts is the development and thorough justification of recommendations for specific
3.2 energy-efficiency performance standards. Additional work may include:

3.3 (1) research, development, and demonstration of new energy-efficiency technologies
3.4 and techniques suitable for commercial, industrial, and institutional buildings;

3.5 (2) analysis and evaluation of practices in building design, construction, commissioning
3.6 and operations, and analysis and evaluation of energy use in the commercial, industrial, and
3.7 institutional sectors;

3.8 (3) analysis and evaluation of the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of Sustainable
3.9 Building 2030 performance standards, conservation improvement programs, and building
3.10 energy codes;

3.11 (4) development and delivery of training programs for architects, engineers,
3.12 commissioning agents, technicians, contractors, equipment suppliers, developers, and others
3.13 in the building industries; and

3.14 (5) analysis and evaluation of the effect of building operations on energy use.

3.15 (e) The commissioner shall require utilities to develop and implement conservation
3.16 improvement programs that are expressly designed to achieve energy efficiency goals
3.17 consistent with the Sustainable Building 2030 performance standards. These programs must
3.18 include offerings of design assistance and modeling, financial incentives, and the verification
3.19 of the proper installation of energy-efficient design components in new and substantially
3.20 reconstructed buildings. These programs shall be available to customers in local jurisdictions
3.21 that adopt a voluntary stretch code under section 326B.106, subdivision 16. A utility's design
3.22 assistance program must consider the strategic planting of trees and shrubs around buildings
3.23 as an energy conservation strategy for the designed project. A utility making an expenditure
3.24 under its conservation improvement program that results in a building meeting the Sustainable
3.25 Building 2030 performance standards may claim the energy savings toward its energy-savings
3.26 goal established in subdivision 1c.

3.27 (f) The commissioner shall report to the legislature every three years, beginning January
3.28 15, 2010, on the cost-effectiveness and progress of implementing the Sustainable Building
3.29 2030 performance standards and shall make recommendations on the need to continue the
3.30 program as described in this section.

4.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 326B.106, is amended by adding a subdivision
4.2 to read:

4.3 Subd. 16. **Voluntary adoption of stretch code.** The Construction Codes Advisory
4.4 Council shall establish a voluntary code of standards for the construction, reconstruction,
4.5 and alteration of public and private commercial and multifamily residential buildings, as
4.6 an appendix of the State Building Code. This voluntary code of standards must conform to
4.7 Sustainable Building 2030 standards, as defined in section 216B.241, subdivision 9. The
4.8 code sections contained in this appendix may be adopted by a local jurisdiction at its election
4.9 and become an official addendum to the baseline energy code in the jurisdictions adopting
4.10 them. In adopting the code sections contained in this appendix, the local jurisdiction may
4.11 not amend them, but may specify a minimum size for the buildings this stretch code will
4.12 apply to. This minimum size must be no less than 10,000 square feet.