

SENATE
STATE OF MINNESOTA
NINETY-FIRST SESSION

S.F. No. 2294

(SENATE AUTHORS: WIKLUND, Bigham, Jensen, Marty and Eaton)

DATE
03/11/2019

D-PG
770

Introduction and first reading
 Referred to Health and Human Services Finance and Policy

OFFICIAL STATUS

1.1 A bill for an act
 1.2 relating to health; expanding the maternal death studies conducted by the
 1.3 commissioner of health to include maternal morbidity; amending Minnesota Statutes
 1.4 2018, section 145.901.

1.5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.6 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.901, is amended to read:

1.7 **145.901 MATERNAL MORBIDITY AND DEATH STUDIES.**

1.8 Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** The commissioner of health may conduct maternal morbidity
 1.9 and death studies to assist the planning, implementation, and evaluation of medical, health,
 1.10 and welfare service systems and to reduce the numbers of preventable adverse maternal
 1.11 outcomes and deaths in Minnesota.

1.12 Subd. 2. **Access to data.** (a) The commissioner of health has access to medical data as
 1.13 defined in section 13.384, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), medical examiner data as defined
 1.14 in section 13.83, subdivision 1, and health records created, maintained, or stored by providers
 1.15 as defined in section 144.291, subdivision 2, paragraph (h), without the consent of the subject
 1.16 of the data, and without the consent of the parent, spouse, other guardian, or legal
 1.17 representative of the subject of the data, when the subject of the data is a woman who died
 1.18 or experienced morbidities during a pregnancy or within 12 months of a fetal death, a live
 1.19 birth, or other termination of a pregnancy.

1.20 The commissioner has access only to medical data and health records related to maternal
 1.21 morbidity and deaths that occur on or after July 1, 2000, including the names of the providers
 1.22 and clinics where care was received during or relating to the pregnancy or death. The
 1.23 commissioner has access to records maintained by the medical examiner, coroner, or hospitals

2.1 for the purpose of providing the name and location of any prenatal care received by the
2.2 subject of the data.

2.3 (b) The provider or responsible authority that creates, maintains, or stores the data shall
2.4 furnish the data upon the request of the commissioner. The provider or responsible authority
2.5 may charge a fee for providing the data, not to exceed the actual cost of retrieving and
2.6 duplicating the data.

2.7 (c) The commissioner shall make a good faith reasonable effort to notify the subject of
2.8 the data, or the subject's parent, spouse, ~~other~~ guardian, or legal representative of the subject
2.9 of the data before collecting data on the subject. For purposes of this paragraph, "reasonable
2.10 effort" means one notice is sent by certified mail to the last known address of the subject
2.11 of the data, or the subject's parent, spouse, guardian, or legal representative informing the
2.12 recipient of the data collection and offering a public health nurse support visit if desired.

2.13 (d) The commissioner does not have access to coroner or medical examiner data that
2.14 are part of an active investigation as described in section 13.83.

2.15 Subd. 3. **Management of records.** After the commissioner has collected all data about
2.16 a subject of a maternal morbidity or death study needed to perform the study, the data from
2.17 source records obtained under subdivision 2, other than data identifying the subject, must
2.18 be transferred to separate records to be maintained by the commissioner. Notwithstanding
2.19 section 138.17, after the data have been transferred, all source records obtained under
2.20 subdivision 2 possessed by the commissioner must be destroyed.

2.21 Subd. 4. **Classification of data.** (a) Data provided to the commissioner from source
2.22 records under subdivision 2, including identifying information on individual providers, data
2.23 subjects, or their children, and data derived by the commissioner under subdivision 3 for
2.24 the purpose of carrying out maternal morbidity and death studies, are classified as confidential
2.25 data on individuals or confidential data on decedents, as defined in sections 13.02, subdivision
2.26 3, and 13.10, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).

2.27 (b) Information classified under paragraph (a) shall not be subject to discovery or
2.28 introduction into evidence in any administrative, civil, or criminal proceeding. Such
2.29 information otherwise available from an original source shall not be immune from discovery
2.30 or barred from introduction into evidence merely because it was utilized by the commissioner
2.31 in carrying out maternal morbidity and death studies.

2.32 (c) Summary data on maternal morbidity and death studies created by the commissioner,
2.33 which does not identify individual data subjects or individual providers, shall be public in
2.34 accordance with section 13.05, subdivision 7.