SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-FIRST SESSION

A bill for an act

relating to education; providing for nonexclusionary pupil disciplinary policies

S.F. No. 1584

(SENATE AUTHORS: PRATT, Housley, Hoffman and Anderson, P.)

DATE 02/21/2019 D-PG

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OFFICIAL STATUS

Introduction and first reading Referred to E-12 Finance and Policy

and practices; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 1.3 121A.41, by adding a subdivision; 121A.42; 121A.45; 121A.46, subdivisions 2, 1.4 3, by adding subdivisions; 121A.47, subdivision 2; 121A.53, subdivision 1; 1.5 121A.55; 121A.61; 121A.67, by adding a subdivision. 1.6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: 1.7 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision 18 to read: 1.9 Subd. 12. Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices; alternatives to pupil 1.10 removal and dismissal. "Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices" means 1.11 policies and practices that are alternatives to removing a pupil from class or dismissing a 1.12 pupil from school, including positive behavioral interventions and supports and alternative 1.13 education services, that require school officials to intervene in, redirect, and support a pupil's 1.14 behavior before removing a pupil from class or beginning dismissal proceedings. 1.15 Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices include but are not limited to the policies 1.16 1.17 and practices under sections 121A.031, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (1); 121A.575, clauses (1) and (2); and 121A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (q). 1.18 1.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.

Section 1. 1

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.42, is amended to read:

121A.42 POLICY.		1	2	1.	A	.42	P	O	\mathbf{L}	IC	Y.
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- (a) No public school shall deny due process or equal protection of the law to any public school pupil involved in a dismissal proceeding which may result in suspension, exclusion, or expulsion.
- (b) School officials are encouraged to use nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and
 practices before beginning dismissal proceedings.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.45, is amended to read:

121A.45 GROUNDS FOR DISMISSAL.

- Subdivision 1. **Provision of alternative programs.** No school shall dismiss any pupil without attempting to provide alternative educational services or use nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices before dismissal proceedings, except where it appears that the pupil will create an immediate and substantial danger to self or to surrounding persons or property.
- 2.16 <u>Subd. 1a.</u> **Definitions.** For purposes of this chapter, "willful" or "willfully" means deliberate, intentional, and knowing.
- Subd. 2. **Grounds for dismissal.** A pupil may be dismissed on any of the following grounds for:
- 2.20 (a) (1) willful violation of any reasonable school board regulation. Such regulation must
 2.21 be that is specific and sufficiently clear and definite to provide notice to pupils that they
 2.22 must conform their conduct to its requirements;
- 2.23 (b) (2) willful conduct that significantly disrupts the rights of others to an education, or 2.24 the ability of school personnel to perform their duties, or school sponsored extracurricular 2.25 activities; or
- 2.26 (e) (3) willful conduct that endangers the pupil or other pupils, or surrounding persons, including school district employees, or property of the school.
 - Subd. 3. Parent notification and meeting. If a pupil's total days of removal from school exceeds ten cumulative days in a school year, the school district shall make reasonable attempts to convene a meeting with the pupil and the pupil's parent or guardian before subsequently removing the pupil from school and, with the permission of the parent or

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guardian, arrange for a mental health screening for the pupil. The district is not required to pay for the mental health screening. The purpose of this meeting is to attempt to determine the pupil's need for assessment or other services or whether the parent or guardian should have the pupil assessed or diagnosed to determine whether the pupil needs treatment for a mental health disorder.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Administrator notifies pupil of grounds for suspension.** At the informal administrative conference, a school administrator shall notify the pupil of the grounds for the suspension, provide an explanation of and explain the evidence the authorities have, and. The pupil may present the pupil's version of the facts and ask questions but is not required to do so. A school administrator must inform the pupil that the pupil may is not required to present the pupil's version of the facts.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Written notice of grounds for suspension. A written notice containing of
 grounds for suspension must be personally served upon the pupil at or before the time the
 suspension is to take effect and served upon the pupil's parent or guardian electronically or
 by mail within 48 hours of the conference. A written notice required under this section must
 contain:
- 3.21 (1) the grounds for suspension;

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- 3.22 (2) a brief statement of the facts;
- 3.23 (3) a description of the testimony;
- 3.24 (4) documents indicating the nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices initially
 3.25 used with the pupil, if applicable;
- 3.26 (5) the length of the suspension;
- 3.27 (6) a readmission plan, that includes the pupil's date of return to school;
- 3.28 (7) a request for a meeting with the pupil's parent or guardian consistent with subdivision
 3.29 3a; and

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(8) a copy of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56, shall be personally served upon the pupil at 4.1 or before the time the suspension is to take effect, and upon the pupil's parent or guardian 4.2 by mail within 48 hours of the conference. 4.3 The district shall must make reasonable efforts to notify the parents of the suspension by 4.4 telephone or electronically as soon as possible following the suspension. In the event a pupil 4.5 is suspended without an informal administrative conference on the grounds that the pupil 4.6 will create an immediate and substantial danger to surrounding persons or property, the 4.7 written notice shall must be served upon the pupil and the pupil's parent or guardian within 4.8 48 hours of the suspension. Service by mail is complete upon mailing. 4.9 4.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to 4.11 read: 4.12 Subd. 3a. Parent notification and meeting; suspension; mental health screening. (a) 4.13 After suspending a pupil from school, a school official must make reasonable attempts to 4.14 convene a meeting with the pupil and the pupil's parent or guardian within 30 calendar days 4.15 4.16 of the dismissal. The purpose of the meeting is to engage the pupil's parent or guardian in developing a plan to help the pupil succeed in school by addressing the behavior that led 4.17 to the dismissal. 4.18 (b) If a pupil's total days of removal from school exceeds ten cumulative days in a school 4.19 year, the school district must make reasonable attempts to convene a meeting with the pupil 4.20 and the pupil's parent or guardian before subsequently removing the pupil from school and, 4.21 with the permission of the parent or guardian, arrange for a mental health screening for the 4.22 pupil. The district is not required to pay for the mental health screening. The purpose of 4.23 this meeting is to attempt to determine the pupil's need for assessment or other services or 4.24 whether the parent or guardian should have the pupil assessed or diagnosed to determine 4.25 whether the pupil needs treatment for a mental health disorder. 4.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. 4.27 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to 4.28 read: 4.29 Subd. 5. **Minimum education services.** School officials must give a suspended pupil 4.30 a reasonable opportunity to complete all school work assigned during the pupil's suspension 4.31 and to receive full credit for satisfactorily completing the assignments. The school principal 4.32

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or other person having administrative control of the school building or program is encouraged to designate a district or school employee as a liaison to work with the pupil's teachers to allow the suspended pupil to (1) receive timely course materials and other information, and (2) complete daily and weekly assignments and receive teachers' feedback.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. Complaint procedure. A party to a suspension under this section may file a signed, written complaint with the commissioner alleging that the requirements of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56 have not been met. Upon receiving a signed, written complaint, the commissioner must conduct an independent investigation. The complainant must have an opportunity to submit additional information to the commissioner, and the school board shall have an opportunity to respond to the complaint. The commissioner must review all relevant information and make an independent determination as to whether the school board or school is violating or has violated a requirement of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56. Within 30 days of receiving the complaint, the commissioner must issue a written decision to the complainant that addresses each allegation in the complaint and contains findings of fact and conclusions. If the commissioner finds that the school board or school failed to meet the requirements of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56, the commissioner shall order corrective action that may include compensatory education for the pupil or training for school staff, if appropriate. Complaints must allege a violation that occurred not more than 180 days prior to the date that the complaint is received. The party filing the complaint must forward a copy of the complaint to the school or school board.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.47, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Written notice.** Written notice of intent to take action shall must:

- $\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ be served upon the pupil and the pupil's parent or guardian personally or by mail;
- 5.28 (b) (2) contain a complete statement of the facts, a list of the witnesses and a description of their testimony;
- (e) (3) explain the grounds for expelling the pupil instead of imposing nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices under section 121A.41, subdivision 12;
 - (4) state the date, time, and place of the hearing;

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education status.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.55, is amended to read:

121A.55 POLICIES TO BE ESTABLISHED.

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- (a) The commissioner of education shall promulgate guidelines to assist each school board. Each school board shall establish uniform criteria for dismissal and adopt written policies and rules to effectuate the purposes of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56. The policies shall emphasize preventing dismissals through early detection of problems and shall be designed to address students' pupils' inappropriate behavior from recurring. The policies shall recognize the continuing responsibility of the school for the education of the pupil during the dismissal period. The alternative educational services, if the pupil wishes to take advantage of them, must be adequate to allow the pupil to make progress towards meeting the graduation standards adopted under section 120B.02 and help prepare the pupil for readmission.
- (b) An area learning center under section 123A.05 may not prohibit an expelled or excluded pupil from enrolling solely because a district expelled or excluded the pupil. The board of the area learning center may use the provisions of the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act to exclude a pupil or to require an admission plan.
- (c) Each school district shall develop a policy and report it to the commissioner on the appropriate use of peace and school resource officers and crisis teams to remove students pupils who have an individualized education program from school grounds.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.61, is amended to read:

121A.61 DISCIPLINE AND REMOVAL OF STUDENTS PUPILS FROM CLASS.

Subdivision 1. **Required policy.** Each school board must adopt a written districtwide school discipline policy which includes written rules of conduct for students <u>pupils</u>, <u>minimum potential</u> consequences for violations of the rules, <u>parental notification requirements</u>, and grounds and procedures for removal of a <u>student pupil</u> from class. The <u>board must develop the policy must be developed</u> in consultation with administrators, teachers, employees, pupils, parents, community members, law enforcement agencies, county attorney offices, social service agencies, and such other individuals or organizations as the board determines appropriate. A school site council may adopt additional provisions to the policy subject to the approval of the school board.

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Subd. 2. Grounds for removal from class. The policy must establish the various grounds
for which a student <u>pupil</u> may be removed from a class in the district for a period of time
under the procedures specified in the policy. The policy must include a procedure for
notifying and meeting with a student's pupil's parent or guardian to discuss the problem that
is causing the student pupil to be removed from class after the student pupil has been removed
from class more than ten five times in one school year. The grounds in the policy must
include at least the following provisions as well as other grounds determined appropriate
by the board:

- (a) (1) willful conduct that significantly disrupts the rights of others to an education, including conduct that interferes with a teacher's ability to teach or communicate effectively with students pupils in a class or with the ability of other students pupils to learn;
- (b) (2) willful conduct that endangers surrounding persons, including school district employees, the student pupil, or other students pupils, or the property of the school; and
- (e) (3) willful violation of any rule of conduct specified in the discipline policy adopted by the board.
 - Subd. 3. **Policy components.** The policy must include at least the following components:
- (a) rules governing student pupil conduct and procedures for informing students pupils of the rules;
 - (b) the grounds for removal of a student pupil from a class;
- (c) the authority of the classroom teacher to remove students pupils from the classroom pursuant to procedures and rules established in the district's policy;
 - (d) the procedures for removal of a student pupil from a class by a teacher, school administrator, or other school district employee;
 - (e) the period of time for which a student pupil may be removed from a class, which may not exceed five class periods for a violation of a rule of conduct;
- (f) provisions relating to the responsibility for and custody of a student pupil removed from a class;
- (g) the procedures for return of a student pupil to the specified class from which the student pupil has been removed;
- (h) the procedures for notifying a student pupil and the student's pupil's parents or guardian of violations of the rules of conduct and of resulting disciplinary actions;

Sec. 12. 8 (i) any procedures determined appropriate for encouraging early involvement of parents
or guardians in attempts to improve a student's pupil's behavior;
(j) any procedures determined appropriate for encouraging early detection of behavioral
problems;

(k) any procedures determined appropriate for referring a student pupil in need of special education services to those services;

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- (l) the procedures for consideration of whether there is a need for a further assessment or of whether there is a need for a review of the adequacy of a current individualized education program of a student pupil with a disability who is removed from class;
- (m) procedures for detecting and addressing chemical abuse problems of a <u>student pupil</u> while on the school premises;
 - (n) the minimum potential consequences for violations of the code of conduct;
 - (o) procedures for immediate and appropriate interventions tied to violations of the code;
- (p) a provision that states that a teacher, school employee, school bus driver, or other agent of a district may use reasonable force in compliance with section 121A.582 and other laws;
- (q) an agreement regarding procedures to coordinate crisis services to the extent funds are available with the county board responsible for implementing sections 245.487 to 245.4889 for students pupils with a serious emotional disturbance or other students pupils who have an individualized education program whose behavior may be addressed by crisis intervention; and
- (r) a provision that states a <u>student pupil</u> must be removed from class immediately if the <u>student pupil</u> engages in assault or violent behavior. For purposes of this paragraph, "assault" has the meaning given it in section 609.02, subdivision 10. The removal shall be for a period of time deemed appropriate by the principal, in consultation with the teacher.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.
- 9.27 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 121A.67, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 3. Parent notification. A school administrator must make and document efforts to immediately contact the parent or guardian of a pupil removed from a school building or school grounds by a peace officer or school resource officer unless such notice is specifically prohibited by law. If a pupil is secluded, a school administrator must make

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- reasonable efforts to notify the pupil's parent or guardian of the seclusion by the end of the same school day.
- 10.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later.

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