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REVISOR

A bill for an act

relating to the operation of state government; appropriating money for the legislature, governor's office, state auditor, attorney general, secretary of state, certain agencies, boards, councils, retirement funds, and military affairs and veterans affairs; creating an ethnic councils account; specifying how legislative and congressional districts must be drawn; evaluating economic development incentive programs; transferring responsibility fiscal notes, local impact notes, or revenue estimates to the legislative auditor; specifying county audits by the state auditor; modifying campaign finance provisions; defining substantial economic impact for rulemaking; changing rulemaking provisions; requiring the legislative auditor to conduct an impact analysis on certain rules; establishing three ethnic councils; requiring a tracking list of agency projects; allowing prepay for certain software and information technology hosting services; changing state budget requirements; limiting a fee or fine increase to ten percent in a biennium; providing free rehearsal and storage space for the state band; modifying notice provisions for state construction and remodeling plans; providing reimbursement for reasonable accommodations; modifying grant agreement provisions; making changes to provisions governing veteran-owned small businesses; changing provisions governing the Office of MN.IT Services; limiting the number of full-time equivalent executive branch agency employees; establishing the healthy eating, here at home program; establishing expedited and temporary licensing for former and current military members for certain occupations; adjusting certain barber board fees for members of the military; modifying provisions governing the National Guard; modifying the Veterans Preference Act; designating an Honor and Remember flag; changing provisions governing pari-mutuel horse racing; changing a fee provision for federal tax liens; changing a contracting provision for the Office of the Commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation; changing certain requirements for corporations; modifying provisions for accountants; changing a farm product lien; adding an exception to the rehabilitation of criminal offenders provisions; limiting railroad condemnation powers over certain properties; providing that school employees and districts are subject to certain group health insurance requirements; changing provisions governing the Metropolitan Council; designating the salary for the chair of the Metropolitan Council; limiting the salary increase for agency heads; establishing the Legislative Surrogacy Commission; prohibiting state funds, tax expenditures, or state indebtedness to fund a major league soccer stadium; limiting compensation for employees in the managerial plan; limiting expenditures for advertising; specifying debt service on a certain parking ramp financing; specifying terms for members of the Metropolitan Council; requiring reports;

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amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 3.971, by adding a subdivision;
2.1
            3.98; 3.987, subdivision 1; 10.43; 10A.01, subdivision 26; 10A.105, subdivision
2.2
            1; 10A.15, subdivision 1; 10A.245, subdivision 2; 10A.257, subdivision 1;
2.3
            10A.38; 14.02, by adding a subdivision; 14.05, subdivisions 1, 2; 14.116;
2.4
            14.127; 14.131; 14.388, subdivision 2; 14.389, subdivision 2; 14.44; 14.45;
2.5
            16A.065; 16A.103, by adding a subdivision; 16A.11, by adding subdivisions;
2.6
            16A.1283; 16B.24, by adding a subdivision; 16B.335, subdivision 1; 16B.371;
2.7
            16B.97, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 16C.03, subdivision 16; 16C.16,
2.8
            subdivision 6a; 16C.19; 16E.01; 16E.016; 16E.03, subdivision 1; 16E.0465;
2.9
            16E.14, subdivision 3; 16E.145; 16E.19, by adding a subdivision; 148.57, by
2.10
            adding a subdivision; 148.624, subdivision 5; 148B.33, by adding a subdivision;
2.11
            148B.53, by adding a subdivision; 148B.5301, by adding a subdivision;
2.12
            148F.025, by adding a subdivision; 153.16, subdivisions 1, 4; 154.003; 154.11,
2.13
            subdivision 3; 190.19, subdivision 2a; 192.38, subdivision 1; 192.501, by adding
2.14
            a subdivision; 197.46; 211B.37; 240.01, subdivision 22, by adding subdivisions;
2.15
            240.011; 240.03; 240.08, subdivisions 2, 4, 5; 240.10; 240.13, subdivisions 5,
2.16
            6; 240.135; 240.15, subdivisions 1, 6; 240.16, subdivision 1; 240.22; 240.23;
2.17
            272.484; 298.22, subdivision 1; 303.19; 304A.301, subdivisions 1, 5, 6, by
2.18
            adding a subdivision; 326A.01, subdivisions 2, 12, 13a, 15, 16; 326A.02,
2.19
            subdivisions 3, 5; 326A.05, subdivisions 1, 3; 326A.10; 336A.09, subdivision
2.20
            1; 364.09; 471.6161, subdivision 8; 473.123, subdivisions 2a, 3, 4; 473J.07,
2.21
            subdivision 3; Laws 2013, chapter 142, article 1, section 10; Laws 2015, chapter
2.22
            3, section 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 2; 3;
2.23
            6; 15; 16A; 16B; 16E; 43A; 138; 197; 383B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014,
2.24
            sections 3.886; 3.9223; 3.9225; 3.9226, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7; 6.48;
2.25
            10A.25, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3, 3a, 5, 10; 10A.255, subdivisions 1, 3; 10A.27,
2.26
            subdivision 11; 10A.30; 10A.31, subdivisions 1, 3, 3a, 4, 5, 5a, 6, 6a, 7, 7a, 10,
2.27
            10a, 10b, 11; 10A.315; 10A.321; 10A.322, subdivisions 1, 2; 10A.323; 10A.324,
2.28
            subdivisions 1, 3; 240.01, subdivisions 12, 23; 349A.07, subdivision 6; 375.23;
2.29
            Minnesota Rules, parts 4503.1400, subparts 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9; 4503.1450.
2.30
        BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
2.31
                                             ARTICLE 1
2.32
                           STATE GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS
2.33
       Section 1. STATE GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS.
2.34
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REVISOR

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the 2.35 agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the 2.36 general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated 2.37 for each purpose. The figures "2016" and "2017" used in this article mean that the 2.38 appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, or 2.39 June 30, 2017, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2016. "The second year" is fiscal 2.40 year 2017. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2016 and 2017. 2.41

APPROPRIATIONS 2.42 Available for the Year 2.43 **Ending June 30** 2.44 2017 2.45 2016

Sec. 2. LEGISLATURE

Article 1 Sec. 2.

2.46

	SF888 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	UES0888-2	
3.1 3.2	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>69,160,000</u>	67,595,000	
3.3	Appropriations by Fund				
3.4	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>			
3.5	General 67,032,000	67,467,000			
3.6 3.7	Health Care Access 128,000 Special Revenue 2,000,000	$\frac{128,000}{0}$			
3.8	The amounts that may be spent for each	<u>l</u>			
3.9	purpose are specified in the following				
3.10	subdivisions.			-1 -01 000	
3.11	Subd. 2. Senate		21,501,000	21,501,000	
3.12	\$1,723,000 of the senate carryforward				
3.13	balance shall cancel to the general fund	<u>on</u>			
3.14	July 1, 2015.				
3.15	Subd. 3. House of Representatives		28,998,000	28,998,000	
3.16	During the biennium ending June 30, 20	17,			
3.17	any reductions from the prior biennium's	<u>s</u>			
3.18	base level appropriation for the house of				
3.19	representatives must be implemented by				
3.20	making equal reductions in expenditures	<u>S</u>			
3.21	for house staff and expenditures for house	<u>se</u>			
3.22	members.				
3.23	During the biennium ending June 30, 20	17,			
3.24	any revenues received by the house of				
3.25	representatives from voluntary donation	<u>S</u>			
3.26	to support broadcast or print media are				
3.27	appropriated to the house of representative	ves.			
3.28	\$3,938,000 of the house carryforward				
3.29	balance shall cancel to the general fund	<u>on</u>			
3.30	July 1, 2015.				
3.31	Subd. 4. Legislative Coordinating Con	nmission	18,661,000	17,096,000	
3.32	Appropriations by Fund				
3.33	<u>General</u> <u>16,533,000</u>	16,968,000			
3.34	Health Care Access 128,000	128,000			
3.35	Special Revenue 2,000,000	<u>0</u>			

4.1	\$1,567,000 of the Legislative Coordinating
4.2	Commission carryforward balance and the
4.3	Revisor of Statutes carryforward balance
4.4	shall cancel to the general fund on July 1,
4.5	<u>2015.</u>
4.6	\$7,132,000 each year from the general fund
4.7	is to the Office of the Legislative Auditor.
4.8	The auditor is requested to do an evaluation
4.9	of Minnesota veterans homes.
4.10	\$435,000 in fiscal year 2017 is for the
4.11	revisor's administrative rules system.
4.12	\$595,000 each year is for the Office of the
4.13	Revisor of Statutes to maintain and improve
4.14	information technology services.
4.15	\$10,000 each year is for purposes of the
4.16	legislators' forum, through which Minnesota
4.17	legislators meet with counterparts from
4.18	South Dakota, North Dakota, and Manitoba
4.19	to discuss issues of mutual concern.
4.20	\$2,000,000 is transferred from the state
4.21	employee group insurance trust fund to a
4.22	rulemaking account in the special revenue
4.23	<u>fund.</u>
4.24	\$2,000,000 for the biennium ending June 30,
4.25	2017, is appropriated from the rulemaking
4.26	account in the special revenue fund to the
4.27	legislative auditor to:
4.28	(1) reimburse executive agencies for costs
4.29	associated with determining if proposed
4.30	rules have substantial economic impact and
4.31	for costs of peer review advisory panels
4.32	for proposed rules that have substantial
4.33	economic impact; and

	SF888 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	UES0	0888-2
5.1	(2) reimburse the legislative auditor for co	osts			
5.2	associated with this process.				
	C 2 COVEDNOD AND LIEUTEN	A NIT			
5.3 5.4	Sec. 3. GOVERNOR AND LIEUTENA GOVERNOR	<u>\$</u>	3,134,00	<u>10</u> § 3,13	4,000
5.5	(a) This appropriation is to fund the Office	e of			
5.6	the Governor and Lieutenant Governor.				
5.7	(b) \$19,000 the first year and \$19,000 the	2			
5.8	second year are for necessary expenses in	the			
5.9	normal performance of the Governor's an	d			
5.10	Lieutenant Governor's duties for which no	0			
5.11	other reimbursement is provided.				
5.12	(c) During the biennium ending June 30,				
5.13	2017, the Office of the Governor may not	<u>t</u>			
5.14	receive payments of more than \$805,000				
5.15	each fiscal year from other executive				
5.16	agencies to support personnel costs incurr	red			
5.17	by the office. By September 1 of each year	ar,			
5.18	the commissioner of management and buc	lget			
5.19	shall report to the chairs and ranking mino	rity			
5.20	members of the senate State Departments	<u> </u>			
5.21	and Veterans Affairs Budget Division and	the			
5.22	house of representatives State Governmen	<u>nt</u>			
5.23	Finance Committee any personnel costs				
5.24	incurred by the Offices of the Governor a	<u>nd</u>			
5.25	Lieutenant Governor that were supported				
5.26	by appropriations to other agencies during	<u>g</u>			
5.27	the previous fiscal year. The Office of the	2			
5.28	Governor shall inform the chairs and rank	ing			
5.29	minority members of the committees before	<u>ore</u>			
5.30	initiating any interagency agreements.				
5.31	Sec. 4. STATE AUDITOR	<u>\$</u>	1,982,00	00 \$ 1,982	2,000
5.32	Sec. 5. ATTORNEY GENERAL	<u>\$</u>	22,897,00	<u>22,89°</u>	<u>7,000</u>

Article 1 Sec. 5.

	SF888 UNOFFICIAL ENGR	OSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	UES0888-2
6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7 6.8 6.9 6.10		2016 20,679,000 1,823,000 145,000 250,000 5,000 in the first	2017 20,679,000 1,823,000 145,000 250,000		
6.11	commissioner of public s		-		
6.12	the Minnesota County A	ttorneys Associ	ation		
6.13	for prosecutor and law en	nforcement train	ning.		
6.14	Sec. 6. SECRETARY (OF STATE	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,198,000</u> <u>\$</u>	6,198,000
6.15	\$420,000 the first year a	nd \$440,000 th	<u>e</u>		
6.16	second year are for the S	Safe at Home			
6.17	program.				
6.18	Any funds available in t	the account			
6.19	established in Minnesota	Statutes, section	<u>on</u>		
6.20	5.30, pursuant to the Hel	p America Vote	Act,		
6.21	are appropriated for the	ourposes and us	ses		
6.22	authorized by federal lav	<u>V.</u>			
6.23 6.24	Sec. 7. <u>CAMPAIGN FI</u> <u>DISCLOSURE BOARI</u>		PUBLIC §	<u>893,000</u> §	893,000
6.25	(a) All unspent funds, es	stimated to be			
6.26	\$150,000, from the Web	site redevelopn	nent		
6.27	project appropriation und	der Laws 2013,			
6.28	chapter 142, article 1, see	ction 7, are cand	celed		
6.29	to the general fund on Ju	ne 30, 2015.			
6.30	(b) \$150,000 in fiscal year	ear 2016 is			
6.31	appropriated to the Cam	paign Finance			
6.32	and Public Disclosure Be	oard to complet	<u>e</u>		
6.33	redevelopment of its We	b site. This			
6.34	appropriation is available	until June 30, 2	2017.		

	SF888 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	UES0888-2	
7.1	(c) By January 15, 2016, the director of	of the			
7.2	Campaign Finance and Public Disclos				
7.3	Board shall report to the chairs and ra				
7.4	minority members of the senate State				
7.5	Departments and Veterans Affairs Bud				
7.6	Division and the house of representati	_ 			
7.7	State Government Finance Committee				
7.8	status of the Web site redevelopment p				
7.9	The report shall include a budget deta				
7.10	total dollars to be spent, completion da	ate of			
7.11	the project, and dollars expended to da	ate.			
7.12	Sec. 8. <u>INVESTMENT BOARD</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>139,000</u> \$	<u>139,000</u>	
7.13	Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATIVE HEAR	INGS §	7,627,000 \$	7,627,000	
7.14					
7.14 7.15	Appropriations by Func 2016	2017			
7.16	General 377,000	377,000			
7.17	Workers'				
7.18	<u>Compensation</u> <u>7,250,000</u>	7,250,000			
7.19	Campaign Violations Hearings. \$11	5,000			
7.20	each year is appropriated from the ger	<u>neral</u>			
7.21	fund for the cost of considering comp	<u>laints</u>			
7.22	filed under Minnesota Statutes, section	<u>n</u>			
7.23	211B.32. These amounts may be sper	nt in			
7.24	either year of the biennium.				
7.25	\$6,000 in fiscal year 2016 and \$6,000	in			
7.26	fiscal year 2017 are appropriated from the				
7.27	general fund to the Office of Administrative				
7.28	Hearings for the cost of considering data				
7.29	practices complaints filed under Minnesota				
7.30	Statutes, section 13.085. These amounts				
7.31	may be used in either year of the bien	nium.			
7.32	\$6,000 is added to the agency's base to be				
7.33	available for the biennium.				
7.34	Sec. 10. MN.IT SERVICES	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,431,000</u> §	2,431,000	

Article 1 Sec. 11.

business purchasing programs.

8.30

8.31

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\$210,000 the first year and \$40,000 the

second year are for increased information

technology associated with supporting small

	SF888 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	UES0888-2		
9.1	\$74,000 the first year and \$74,000 the se	econd				
9.2	year are for the Council on Developmen	ntal				
9.3	<u>Disabilities.</u>					
9.4	Subd. 3. Strategic Management Servi	ces	1,789,000	1,789,000		
9.5	Subd. 4. Fiscal Agent		10,727,000	10,307,000		
9.6	The appropriations under this section ar	e to				
9.7	the commissioner of administration for	<u>the</u>				
9.8	purposes specified.					
9.9	In-Lieu of Rent. \$7,488,000 the first y	ear				
9.10	and \$7,488,000 the second year are for					
9.11	space costs of the legislature and vetera	<u>ns</u>				
9.12	organizations, ceremonial space, and					
9.13	statutorily free space.					
9.14	Relocation Expenses. \$1,284,000 the f	ìrst				
9.15	year and \$864,000 the second year are	<u>for</u>				
9.16	rent loss and relocation expenses related	d to				
9.17	the Capitol renovation project. Relocation	<u>on</u>				
9.18	expenses include only moving of art, fix	tures,				
9.19	renovation supplies, and similar materia	ıls,				
9.20	and may not be used for moving Senator	ors,				
9.21	Senate staff, and related offices and supp	olies.				
9.22	This is a onetime appropriation.					
9.23	Public Broadcasting. (a) \$1,161,000 th	<u>ne</u>				
9.24	first year and \$1,161,000 the second year	ar are				
9.25	for matching grants for public television	<u>ı.</u>				
9.26	(b) \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000	0				
9.27	the second year are for public television					
9.28	equipment grants.					
9.29	(c) The equipment or matching grants i	<u>n</u>				
9.30	paragraphs (a) and (b) must be allocated					
9.31	after considering the recommendations of the					
9.32	Minnesota Public Television Association.					
9.33	(d) \$287,000 the first year and \$287,000) the				
9.34	second year are for community service g	grants				

10.33 10.34	Sec. 13. MINNESOTA MANAGEMENT AN BUDGET	<u>VD</u> \$	18,757,000 \$	18,757,000
10.31 10.32	ARCHITECTURAL AND PLANNING BOARD	<u>\$</u>	325,000 \$	325,000
10.30	Sec. 12. <u>CAPITOL AREA</u>			
10.29	for the second year.			
10.28	radio stations does not cancel and is available			
10.27	the first year for grants to public television or			
10.26	(h) Any unencumbered balance remaining			
10.25	and AMBER Alert Systems.			
10.24	upgrades to Minnesota's Emergency Alert			
10.23	to Minnesota Public Radio, Inc., including			
10.22	the second year are for equipment grants			
10.21	(g) \$207,000 the first year and \$207,000			
10.20	unless specifically authorized by a future law.			
10.19	leading to the operation of new stations			
10.18	must agree that it will not take any steps			
10.17	Minnesota Public Education Radio Stations			
10.16	paragraphs (d) and (e), the Association of			
10.15	As a condition of receiving grants under			
10.14	under Minnesota Statutes, section 129D.14.			
10.13	Minnesota Public Education Radio Stations			
10.12	recommendations of the Association of			
10.11	must be allocated after considering the			
10.10	(f) The grants in paragraphs (d) and (e)			
10.9	equipment under \$500.			
10.8	rental, and purchase of equipment including			
10.7	appropriation may be used for the repair,			
10.6	to public educational radio stations. This			
10.5	the second year are for equipment grants			
10.4	(e) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000			
10.2	emergency information in foreign languages.			
10.1	appropriation may be used to disseminate			
10.1	to public educational radio stations. This			

REVISOR

11.35	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>140,717,000</u> \$	139,537,000
11.34	Sec. 14. REVENUE			
11.33	program more effective.			
11.32	legislative changes needed to make the			
11.31	the program, and recommendations for any			
11.30	to state employees, results achieved under			
11.29	commissioner has promoted the program			
11.28	report must include information on how the			
11.27	in Minnesota Statutes, Section 16A.90. The			
11.26	by July 15, 2015, on the gainsharing program			
11.25	Departments and Veterans Budget Division			
11.24	Finance Committee and the Senate State			
11.23	House of Representatives State Government			
11.22	and ranking minority members of the			
11.21	The commissioner must report to the chairs			
11.20	legislature by January 31, 2017.			
11.19	recommendations to the governor and			
11.18	on implementation progress and make			
11.17	of management and budget shall report			
11.16	established methodology. The commissioner			
11.15	agencies and stakeholders to implement the			
11.14	services, and other commissioners of state			
11.13	commissioners of corrections and human			
11.12	agencies, counties, legislative staff, the			
11.11	consult with representatives of other state			
11.10	Pew-MacArthur Results First, and shall			
11.9	shall engage and work with staff from			
11.8	county governments. The commissioner			
11.7	administered and funded by state and			
11.6	corrections and human services programs			
11.5	Results First framework to evaluate			
11.4	methodology using the Pew-MacArthur			
11.3	a return on taxpayer investment (ROTI)			
11.2	second year are to develop and implement			
11.1	\$156,000 the first year and \$156,000 the			

	SF888 UNOFFICIAL EN	GROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	UES0888-2
12.1	Annroni	riations by Fund			
12.2	<u> </u>	2016	2017		
12.3	General	136,482,000	135,302,000		
12.4	Health Care Access	1,749,000	1,749,000		
12.5	Highway User Tax	2 102 000	2 102 000		
12.6	<u>Distribution</u> Environmental	<u>2,183,000</u>	<u>2,183,000</u>		
12.7	Environmental	303,000	303,000		
12.8	Subd. 2. Tax System	Management		112,101,000	110,921,000
12.9	Appropr	riations by Fund			
12.10	General	107,866,000	106,686,000		
12.11	Health Care Access	<u>1,749,000</u>	<u>1,749,000</u>		
12.12 12.13	Highway User Tax Distribution	2,183,000	2,183,000		
12.13	Environmental	303,000	303,000		
12.15	Base reductions must l	be made from ex	penses		
12.16	related to the capital e	equipment sales t	<u>tax</u>		
12.17	repealed in 2014, and	cannot be applie	ed to		
12.18	compliance activities.				
12.19	Appropriation; Taxp	ayer Assistance	<u>.</u>		
12.20	(a) \$400,000 each year	r from the gener	<u>ral</u>		
12.21	fund is for grants to or	ne or more nonp	<u>rofit</u>		
12.22	organizations, qualify	ing under section	<u>n</u>		
12.23	501(c)(3) of the Intern	nal Revenue Cod	e of		
12.24	1986, to coordinate, fa	cilitate, encouraș	ge, and		
12.25	aid in the provision of	taxpayer assista	nce		
12.26	services. The unencur	nbered balance i	n the		
12.27	first year does not can	cel but is availab	ole for		
12.28	the second year.				
12.29	(b) For purposes of th	is section, "taxpa	ayer_		
12.30	assistance services" m	eans accounting	2		
12.31	and tax preparation se	rvices provided	<u>by</u>		
12.32	volunteers to low-inco	ome, elderly, and	1		
12.33	disadvantaged Minnes	sota residents to	help		

12.35

12.36

them file federal and state income tax returns

and to provide personal representation before

and Minnesota property tax refund claims

	SF888 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT REVI	SOR	SGS	UES0888-2
13.1	the Department of Revenue and Internal			
13.2	Revenue Service.			
13.3	Subd. 3. Debt Collection Management		28,616,000	28,616,000
13.4	Sec. 15. GAMBLING CONTROL	<u>\$</u>	3,959,000 \$	3,959,000
13.5	These appropriations are from the lawful			
13.6	gambling regulation account in the special			
13.7	revenue fund.			
13.8	Sec. 16. RACING COMMISSION	<u>\$</u>	<u>899,000</u> <u>\$</u>	1,081,000
13.9	These appropriations are from the racing			
13.10	and card playing regulation accounts in the			
13.11	special revenue fund.			
13.12	Sec. 17. STATE LOTTERY			
13.13	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section			
13.14	349A.10, subdivision 3, the operating budget			
13.15	must not exceed \$31,000,000 in fiscal year			
13.16	2016 and \$31,000,000 in fiscal year 2017.			
13.17	Sec. 18. AMATEUR SPORTS COMMISSION	<u>ON</u> §	<u>253,000</u> \$	253,000
13.18 13.19	Sec. 19. <u>COUNCIL ON BLACK</u> <u>MINNESOTANS</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>392,000</u> §	392,000
13.20	These appropriations are from the ethnic			
13.21	councils account in the special revenue fund.			
13.22	The general fund base in fiscal years 2018 and			
13.23	2019 for this council is \$392,000 each year.			
13.24 13.25	Sec. 20. <u>COUNCIL ON ASIAN-PACIFIC</u> <u>MINNESOTANS</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>354,000</u> §	354,000
13.26	These appropriations are from the ethnic			
13.27	councils account in the special revenue fund.			
13.28	The general fund base in fiscal years 2018 and			
13.29	2019 for this council is \$354,000 each year.			

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14.1 14.2	Sec. 21. <u>COUNCIL ON AFFAIRS OF</u> <u>CHICANO/LATINO PEOPLE</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	<u>375,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	375,000
14.3	These appropriations are from the ethnic					
14.4	councils account in the special revenue fu	nd.				
14.5	The general fund base in fiscal years 2018	and				
14.6	2019 for this council is \$375,000 each year	ar.				
14.7	Sec. 22. INDIAN AFFAIRS COUNCIL	<u>.</u> <u>.</u>	<u>\$</u>	562,000	<u>\$</u>	<u>562,000</u>
14.8	These appropriations are from the ethnic					
14.9	councils account in the special revenue fu	nd.				
14.10	The general fund base in fiscal years 2018	<u>and</u>				
14.11	2019 for this council is \$562,000 each year	ar.				
14.12 14.13	Sec. 23. MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY	<u>.</u>				
14.14	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	5	<u>\$</u>	22,673,000	<u>\$</u>	22,464,000
14.15	The amounts that may be spent for each					
14.16	purpose are specified in the following					
14.17	subdivisions.					
14.18	Subd. 2. Operations and Programs			22,160,000		22,160,000
14.19	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sect	ion				
14.20	138.668, the Minnesota Historical Society	<u>y</u>				
14.21	may not charge a fee for its general tours	<u>at</u>				
14.22	the Capitol, but may charge fees for speci	<u>al</u>				
14.23	programs other than general tours.					
14.24	\$750,000 the first year and \$750,000 the					
14.25	second year are for digital preservation					
14.26	and access, including planning and					
14.27	implementation of a program to preserve					
14.28	and make available resources related to					
14.29	Minnesota history.					
14.30	\$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the second	<u>ond</u>				
14.31	year are for activities to enhance education	<u>nal</u>				
14.32	achievement through history education.					

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	SF888 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	UES0888-2
15.1	Subd. 3. Fiscal Agent			
15.2	(a) Minnesota International Center		39,000	39,000
15.3	(b) Minnesota Air National Guard Museu	<u>m</u>	34,000	<u>-0-</u>
15.4	(c) Minnesota Military Museum		150,000	50,000
15.5	(d) Farmamerica		190,000	115,000
15.6	(e) Hockey Hall of Fame		100,000	100,000
15.7	Balances Forward. Any unencumbered			
15.8	balance remaining in this subdivision the f	first		
15.9	year does not cancel but is available for the	ne		
15.10	second year of the biennium.			
15.11	Subd. 4. Appropriation Limit			
15.12	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sect	ion		
15.13	290.0681, subdivision 7, paragraph (b),			
15.14	the fiscal year 2016 appropriation for			
15.15	grants in lieu of credit for historic structur	<u>re</u>		
15.16	rehabilitation is \$457,000.			
15.17	Sec. 24. BOARD OF THE ARTS			
15.18	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>7,514,000</u> <u>\$</u>	7,514,000
15.19	The amounts that may be spent for each			
15.20	purpose are specified in the following			
15.21	subdivisions.			
15.22	Subd. 2. Operations and Services		575,000	575,000
15.23	Subd. 3. Grants Program		4,800,000	4,800,000
15.24	Subd. 4. Regional Arts Councils		2,139,000	2,139,000
15.25	Unencumbered Balance Available. Any	<u>/</u> _		
15.26	unencumbered balance remaining in this			
15.27	section the first year does not cancel, but	<u>is</u>		
15.28	available for the second year of the bienning	um.		
15.29	Projects located in Minnesota; travel			
15.30	restriction. Money appropriated in this			
15.31	section and distributed as grants may only	<u>y</u>		

used for the nonprofit administration of the

	SF888 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT RE	EVISOR	SGS	UES0888-2
17.1	grant program under Minnesota Statutes,			
17.2	section 138.912.			
17.3	Sec. 26. BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY	<u>\$</u>	<u>628,000</u> <u>\$</u>	618,000
17.4 17.5 17.6 17.7	Sec. 27. BOARD OF ARCHITECTURE ENGINEERING, LAND SURVEYING, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE, GEOSCIENCE, AND INTERIOR DESIGNATION.	-	<u>774,000</u> \$	<u>774,000</u>
17.8 17.9	Sec. 28. BOARD OF COSMETOLOGISEXAMINERS	<u>\$T</u>	<u>1,346,000</u> §	1,346,000
17.10	Sec. 29. BOARD OF BARBER EXAMIN	ERS \$	<u>317,000</u> \$	317,000
17.11	Sec. 30. HUMAN RIGHTS.	<u>\$</u>	3,505,000 \$	3,505,000
17.12	\$80,000 each year is for operation of an			
17.13	office in St. Cloud.			
17.14 17.15	Sec. 31. GENERAL CONTINGENT ACCOUNTS	<u>\$</u>	<u>750,000</u> \$	500,000
17.16	Appropriations by Fund			
17.17		017		
17.18	General 250,000 State Covernment	<u>-0-</u>		
17.19 17.20	State Government Special Revenue 400,000	400,000		
17.21	Workers'	100 000		
17.22	Compensation 100,000	100,000		
17.23	(a) The appropriations in this section			
17.24	may only be spent with the approval of			
17.25	the governor after consultation with the			
17.26	Legislative Advisory Commission pursuant			
17.27	to Minnesota Statutes, section 3.30.			
17.28	(b) If an appropriation in this section for			
17.29	either year is insufficient, the appropriation			
17.30	for the other year is available for it.			
17.31	(c) If a contingent account appropriation			
17.32	is made in one fiscal year, it should be			
17.33	considered a biennial appropriation.			

Article 1 Sec. 31.

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18.1	Sec. 32. TORT CLAIMS	<u>\$</u>	<u>161,000</u> \$	<u>161,000</u>
18.2	These appropriations are to be spent by the	<u>e</u>		
18.3	commissioner of management and budget			
18.4	according to Minnesota Statutes, section			
18.5	3.736, subdivision 7. If the appropriation f	<u>Cor</u>		
18.6	either year is insufficient, the appropriation	<u>n</u>		
18.7	for the other year is available for it.			
18.8 18.9	Sec. 33. MINNESOTA STATE RETIRE SYSTEM	MENT §	<u>6,552,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,936,000
18.10	These amounts are estimated to be needed			
18.11	under Minnesota Statutes, sections 3A.03,			
18.12	subdivision 2; 3A.04, subdivisions 3 and 4	<u>Ļ;</u>		
18.13	and 3A.115 for the Combined Legislators			
18.14	and Constitutional Officers Retirement Pla	<u>n.</u>		
18.15 18.16	Sec. 34. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION	<u>\$</u>	6,000,000 \$	6,000,000
18.17	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section	<u>on</u>		
18.18	353.505, the state payments to the Public			
18.19	Employees Retirement Association on beh	<u>alf</u>		
18.20	of the former MERF division account are			
18.21	\$6,000,000 on September 15, 2015 and			
18.22	\$6,000,000 on September 15, 2016.			
18.23 18.24	Sec. 35. <u>TEACHERS RETIREMENT</u> <u>ASSOCIATION</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>29,831,000</u> <u>\$</u>	29,831,000
18.25	The amounts estimated to be needed are as	<u>s</u>		
18.26	follows:			
18.27	Special Direct State Aid. \$27,331,000 the	<u>e</u>		
18.28	first year and \$27,331,000 the second year	• -		
18.29	are for special direct state aid authorized			
18.30	under Minnesota Statutes, section 354.436	<u>.</u>		
18.31	Special Direct State Matching Aid.			
18.32	\$2,500,000 the first year and \$2,500,000			
18.33	the second year are for special direct state			

	SF888 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	UES0888-2
19.1	matching aid authorized under Minnesota	<u>L</u>		
19.2	Statutes, section 354.435.			
19.3 19.4	Sec. 36. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND	<u>\$</u>	<u>9,827,000</u> <u>\$</u>	9,827,000
19.5	The amounts estimated to be needed for			
19.6	special direct state aid to the first class			
19.7	city teachers retirement fund association			
19.8	authorized under Minnesota Statutes, sect	ion		
19.9	354A.12, subdivisions 3a and 3c.			
19.10	Sec. 37. MILITARY AFFAIRS			
19.11	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>19,368,000</u> \$	19,368,000
19.12	The amounts that may be spent for each			
19.13	purpose are specified in the following			
19.14	subdivisions.			
19.15	Subd. 2. Maintenance of Training Facil	<u>ities</u>	9,661,000	9,661,000
19.16	Subd. 3. General Support		2,819,000	2,819,000
19.17	Subd. 4. Enlistment Incentives		6,888,000	6,888,000
19.18	If appropriations for either year of the			
19.19	biennium are insufficient, the appropriation	<u>on</u>		
19.20	from the other year is available. The			
19.21	appropriations for enlistment incentives a	<u>re</u>		
19.22	available until expended.			
19.23	Of the funds carried forward from fiscal y	ear		
19.24	2015 to fiscal year 2016, in the enlistmen	<u>t</u>		
19.25	incentives appropriation, \$100,000 is			
19.26	canceled to the general fund to support th	<u>e</u>		
19.27	appropriation to the Minnesota Historical			
19.28	Society for a grant to the Minnesota Milit	ary		
19.29	Museum. \$1,000,000 is canceled to the			
19.30	general fund to support the appropriation	to		
19.31	the Department of Veterans Affairs for rep	<u>pair</u>		
19.32	and betterment of the Minnesota veterans			
19.33	<u>homes.</u>			

	SF888 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	UES0888-2
20.1	Sec. 38. VETERANS AFFAIRS			
20.2	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	65,254,000 \$	67,360,000
20.3 20.4 20.5 20.6	Appropriations by Fund 2016 General Fund 63,253,000 Special Revenue 2,001,000	2017 63,253,000 4,107,000		
20.7	The amounts that may be spent for eac	:h		
20.8	purpose are specified in the following	_		
20.9	subdivisions.			
20.10	Subd. 2. Veterans Services		16,240,000	16,240,000
20.11	Veterans Service Organizations. \$353	3,000		
20.12	each year is for grants to the following	<u>, </u>		
20.13	congressionally chartered veterans serv	rice		
20.14	organizations, as designated by the			
20.15	commissioner: Disabled American Vete	erans,		
20.16	Military Order of the Purple Heart, the	<u>}</u>		
20.17	American Legion, Veterans of Foreign	Wars,		
20.18	Vietnam Veterans of America, AMVET	ΓS,		
20.19	and Paralyzed Veterans of America. The	<u>nis</u>		
20.20	funding must be allocated in direct property	ortion		
20.21	to the funding currently being provided	l by		
20.22	the commissioner to these organizations	<u>S.</u>		
20.23	Minnesota Assistance Council for			
20.24	Veterans. \$750,000 each year is for a g	grant		
20.25	to the Minnesota Assistance Council fo	<u>or</u>		
20.26	Veterans to provide assistance throughout	<u>out</u>		
20.27	Minnesota to veterans and their familie	s who		
20.28	are homeless or in danger of homelessr	ness,		
20.29	including assistance with the following	<u>:</u>		
20.30	(1) utilities;			
20.31	(2) employment; and			
20.32	(3) legal issues.			
20.33	The assistance authorized under this			
20.34	paragraph must be made only to veteran	s who		

	SF888 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT RE	EVISOR	SGS	UES0888-2
21.1	have resided in Minnesota for 30 days prior			
21.2	to application for assistance and according	•		
21.3	to other guidelines established by the			
21.4	commissioner. In order to avoid duplication	<u>1</u>		
21.5	of services, the commissioner must ensure			
21.6	that this assistance is coordinated with all			
21.7	other available programs for veterans.			
21.8	Honor Guards. \$200,000 each year is			
21.9	for compensation for honor guards at			
21.10	the funerals of veterans under Minnesota			
21.11	Statutes, section 197.231. This amount is			
21.12	added to the program's base funding.			
21.13	Minnesota GI Bill. \$200,000 each year is			
21.14	for the costs of administering the Minnesota	<u>1</u>		
21.15	GI Bill postsecondary educational benefits,			
21.16	on-the-job training, and apprenticeship			
21.17	program under Minnesota Statutes, section			
21.18	197.791. Of this amount, \$100,000 is for			
21.19	transfer to the Office of Higher Education.			
21.20	Gold Star Program. \$100,000 each year			
21.21	is for administering the Gold Star Program			
21.22	for surviving family members of deceased			
21.23	veterans. This amount is added to the			
21.24	program's base funding.			
21.25	County Veterans Service Office.			
21.26	\$1,100,000 each year is for funding the			
21.27	County Veterans Service Office grant			
21.28	program under Minnesota Statutes, section			
21.29	<u>197.608.</u>			
21.30	Subd. 3. Veterans Homes	49	,014,000	51,120,000
21.31	Appropriations by Fund			
21.32		017		
21.33		7,013,000		
21.34	Special Revenue 2,001,000 4	<u>1,107,000</u>		

22.1	Veterans Homes Special Revenue Account.
22.2	\$6,108,000 is transferred from the state
22.3	employee group insurance program trust fund
22.4	to the veterans home special revenue account
22.5	in the special revenue fund. The general fund
22.6	appropriations made to the department may
22.7	be transferred to a veterans homes special
22.8	revenue account in the special revenue fund
22.9	in the same manner as other receipts are
22.10	deposited according to Minnesota Statutes,
22.11	section 198.34. Amounts in the account
22.12	are appropriated to the department for the
22.13	operation of veterans homes facilities and
22.14	programs.
22.15	The general fund base in fiscal years 2018
22.16	and 2019 for veterans homes is \$51,120,000
22.17	each year.
22.18	Sec. 39. ETHNIC COUNCILS ACCOUNT.
22.19	The following amounts are deposited in the ethnic councils account in the special
22.20	revenue fund:
22.21	(1) \$ 2,201,000 which is transferred from the state employee group insurance trust
22.22	fund;
22.23	(2) \$871,000 which is transferred from the state elections campaign fund; and
22.24	(3) \$294,000 from the appropriation related to health insurance transparency in Laws
22.25	2014, chapter 312, article 21, section 4, paragraph (a), is canceled to the general fund
22.26	and transferred to the special revenue fund, effective the day following final enactment
22.27	of this section.
22.28	ARTICLE 2
22.29	STATE GOVERNMENT
<i>LL.</i> L J	STATE GOVERNMENT
22.30	Section 1. [2.92] DISTRICTING PRINCIPLES.
22.31	Subdivision 1. Applicability; constitutional duty of legislature. (a) The principles
22.32	in this section apply to legislative and congressional districts.

23.1	(b) Notwithstanding any laws to the contrary, legislative and congressional districts
23.2	must be drawn by the legislature, consistent with the requirements of the Minnesota
23.3	Constitution, article IV, section 3. The legislature may not delegate its duty to draw
23.4	districts to any commission, council, panel, or other entity that is not comprised solely of
23.5	members of the legislature.
23.6	Subd. 2. Nesting. A representative district may not be divided in the formation
23.7	of a senate district.
23.8	Subd. 3. Equal population. (a) Legislative districts must be substantially equal
23.9	in population. The population of a legislative district must not deviate from the ideal
23.10	by more than 0.5 percent, plus or minus.
23.11	(b) Congressional districts must be as nearly equal in population as practicable.
23.12	Subd. 4. Contiguity; compactness. The districts must be composed of convenient
23.13	contiguous territory. To the extent consistent with the other principles in this section,
23.14	districts should be compact. Contiguity by water is sufficient if the water is not a serious
23.15	obstacle to travel within the district. Point contiguity is not sufficient.
23.16	Subd. 5. Numbering. (a) Legislative districts must be numbered in a regular series,
23.17	beginning with house district 1A in the northwest corner of the state and proceeding across
23.18	the state from west to east, north to south, but bypassing the 11-county metropolitan
23.19	area until the southeast corner has been reached; then to the 11-county metropolitan area
23.20	outside the cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul; then in Minneapolis and St. Paul.
23.21	(b) Congressional district numbers must begin with district one in the southeast
23.22	corner of the state and end with district eight in the northeast corner of the state.
23.23	Subd. 6. Minority representation. (a) The dilution of racial or ethnic minority
23.24	voting strength is contrary to the laws of the United States and the state of Minnesota.
23.25	These principles must not be construed to supersede any provision of the Voting Rights
23.26	Act of 1965, as amended.
23.27	(b) A redistricting plan must not have the intent or effect of dispersing or
23.28	concentrating minority population in a manner that prevents minority communities from
23.29	electing their candidates of choice.
23.30	Subd. 7. Minor civil divisions. (a) A county, city, or town must not be unduly
23.31	divided unless required to meet equal population requirements or to form districts
23.32	composed of convenient, contiguous territory.
23.33	(b) A county, city, or town is not unduly divided in the formation of a legislative or
23.34	congressional district if:
23.35	(1) the division occurs because a portion of a city or town is noncontiguous with
23.36	another portion of the same city or town; or

(2) despite the division, the known population of any affected county, city, or too	<u>vn</u>
remains wholly located within a single district.	
Subd. 8. Preserving communities of interest. (a) Districts should attempt to	
preserve identifiable communities of interest where that can be done in compliance wi	<u>th</u>
the principles under this section.	
(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "communities of interest" means recognizate	<u>ole</u>
areas with similarities of interests including, but not limited to, racial, ethnic, geograph	iic,
social, or cultural interests.	
Subd. 9. Data to be used. (a) The geographic areas and population counts used	in
maps, tables, and legal descriptions of the districts must be those used by the Geograph	<u>hic</u>
Information Systems Office of the Legislative Coordinating Commission. The populat	ion
counts will be the block population counts provided to the state under Public Law 94-1	171
after each decennial census, subject to correction of any errors acknowledged by the	
United States Census Bureau.	
(b) Nothing in this subdivision prohibits the use of additional data, as determined	<u>d</u>
by the legislature.	
Subd. 10. Consideration of plans. A redistricting plan must not be considered to	<u>for</u>
adoption by the senate or house of representatives until a block equivalency file showi	ng
the district to which each census block has been assigned, in a form prescribed by the	
director of the Geographic Information Systems Office, has been filed with the director	<u>r.</u>
Subd. 11. Priority of principles. Where it is not possible to fully comply with t	<u>he</u>
principles contained in subdivisions 1 to 8, a redistricting plan must give priority to the	ose
principles in the order in which they are listed in this section, except to the extent that	
doing so would violate federal or state law.	
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactmen	t
and applies to any plan for districts enacted or established for use on or after that date.	_
with upplied to may plant for the control of the co	
Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.971, is amended by adding a subdivision	ı to
read:	
Subd. 8a. Fiscal notes and revenue estimates. The legislative auditor shall	
participate in the fiscal note and revenue estimate process in the manner described in	
section 3.98. Authority of the legislative auditor and duties of employees and entities	
under section 3.978, subdivision 2, apply to the legislative auditor's work on fiscal not	<u>es</u>
and revenue estimates.	

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Sec. 3. [3.9735] EVALUATION OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAMS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them.

- (a) "General incentive" means a state program, statutory provision, or tax expenditure, including tax credits, tax exemptions, tax deductions, grants, or loans, that is intended to encourage businesses to locate, expand, invest, or remain in Minnesota or to hire or retain employees in Minnesota. To be a general incentive, a state program, statutory provision, or tax expenditure must be available to multiple entities, projects, or associated projects or include eligibility criteria with the intent that it will be available to multiple entities, projects, or associated projects.
- (b) "Exclusive incentive" means a state program, statutory provision, tax expenditure, or section of a general incentive, including tax credits, tax exemptions, tax deductions, grants, or loans, that is intended to encourage a single specific entity, project, or associated projects to locate, expand, invest, or remain in Minnesota or to hire or retain employees in Minnesota.
- Subd. 2. Selection of general incentives for review; schedule for evaluation; report. Annually, the legislative auditor shall submit to the Legislative Audit Commission a list of three to five general incentives proposed for review. In selecting general incentives to include on this list, the legislative auditor may consider what the incentive will cost state and local governments in actual spending and foregone revenue currently or projected into the future, the legislature's need for information about a general incentive that has an upcoming expiration date, and the legislature's need for regular information on the results of all major general incentives. Annually, the Legislative Audit Commission will select at least one general incentive for the legislative auditor's evaluation. The legislative auditor will evaluate the selected general incentive or incentives, prepared according to the evaluation plan established under subdivision 4, and submit a written report to the Legislative Audit Commission.
- Subd. 3. **Exclusive incentive schedule.** The legislative auditor's schedule shall ensure that at least once every four years the legislative auditor will complete an analysis of best practices for exclusive incentives.
- Subd. 4. Evaluation plans. By February 1, 2016, the Legislative Audit Commission shall establish evaluation plans that identify elements that the legislative auditor must 25.33 include in evaluations of a general incentive and an exclusive incentive. The Legislative 25.34 Audit Commission may modify the evaluation plans as needed. 25.35

Article 2 Sec. 3. 25

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Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.98, is amended to read:

3.98 FISCAL NOTES AND REVENUE ESTIMATES.

Subdivision 1. **Preparation.** The head or chief administrative officer of each department or agency of the state government, including the Supreme Court, shall prepare a fiscal note at the request of the chair of the standing committee to which a bill has been referred, or the chair of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee, or the chair of the senate Committee on Finance.

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For purposes of this subdivision, "Supreme Court" includes all agencies, committees, and commissions supervised or appointed by the state Supreme Court or the state court administrator. (a) The chair of the standing committee to which a bill has been referred, the chair of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee, and the chair of the senate Committee on Finance may request a fiscal note. The chair of the house of representatives or senate tax committee may request a revenue estimate. A request for a fiscal note or revenue estimate must be filed with the legislative auditor.

- (b) Upon receiving a request for a fiscal note or revenue estimate, the legislative auditor shall request appropriate agencies, offices, boards, or commissions in the executive, judicial, or legislative branch to provide the legislative auditor with an analysis of the financial and personnel impacts of the bill. The analysis must include a clear statement of the assumptions used in the analysis and the extent to which alternative assumptions were considered. Agencies, offices, boards, or commissions shall, after receiving a request from the legislative auditor, submit the analysis in the time and manner requested by the auditor. The legislative auditor may require agencies, offices, boards, or commissions to use the fiscal note tracking system developed and maintained by the commissioner of management and budget for submitting fiscal note information and analysis.
- (c) The legislative auditor shall review the analysis submitted by agencies, offices, boards, or commissions and assess the reasonableness of the analysis, particularly the reasonableness of the assumptions used in the analysis. The auditor may require agencies, offices, boards, or commissions to resubmit their analysis under new assumptions or calculation parameters as defined by the auditor.
- (d) When the legislative auditor accepts the final analysis from all relevant agencies, offices, boards, or commissions, the legislative auditor shall deliver the completed fiscal note or revenue estimate. The note or estimate must contain the final analysis and assumptions submitted to the legislative auditor by agencies, offices, boards, or commissions, and a statement by the legislative auditor as to whether the legislative auditor agrees with the final analysis and assumptions. The auditor must state the reasons for any disagreements and may offer alternative analysis and assumptions for

Article 2 Sec. 4.

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27.1	consideration by the legislature. If the legislative auditor deems these disagreements
27.2	sufficiently large, the legislative auditor may submit an unofficial "unapproved" fiscal note
27.3	to the legislature for public consideration of both the analysis of the agencies, offices,
27.4	boards, or commissions, and of the legislative auditor.
27.5	Subd. 2. Contents. (a) The A fiscal note, where possible, shall:
27.6	(1) cite the effect in dollar amounts;
27.7	(2) cite the statutory provisions affected;
27.8	(3) estimate the increase or decrease in revenues or expenditures;
27.9	(4) include the costs which may be absorbed without additional funds;
27.10	(5) include the assumptions used in determining the cost estimates; and
27.11	(6) specify any long-range implication.
27.12	(b) The A revenue estimate must estimate the effect of a bill on state tax revenues.
27.13	(c) A fiscal note or revenue estimate may comment on technical or mechanical
27.14	defects in the bill but shall express no opinions concerning the merits of the proposal.
27.15	Subd. 3. Distribution. A copy of the <u>a</u> fiscal note shall be delivered to the chair
27.16	of the Ways and Means Committee of the house of representatives, the chair of the
27.17	Finance Committee of the senate, the chair of the standing committee to which the bill
27.18	has been referred, to the chief author of the bill and to the commissioner of management
27.19	and budget. A copy of a revenue estimate shall be delivered to the chairs of the house
27.20	of representatives and senate tax committees, to the chief author of the bill, and to the
27.21	commissioner of revenue.
27.22	Subd. 4. Uniform procedure. The commissioner of management and budget
27.23	legislative auditor shall prescribe a uniform procedure to govern the departments and
27.24	agencies of the state in complying with the requirements of this section.
27.25	Subd. 5. Tracking system. The commissioner of management and budget shall
27.26	provide the legislative auditor with manuals and other documentation requested by the
27.27	auditor for the fiscal note tracking system that is maintained by the commissioner.
27.28	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.987, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
27.29	Subdivision 1. Local impact notes. The commissioner of management and budget
27.30	<u>legislative auditor</u> shall coordinate the development of a local impact note for any proposed
27.31	legislation introduced after June 30, 1997, upon request of the chair or the ranking minority
27.32	member of either legislative Tax, Finance, or Ways and Means Committee. Upon receipt
27.33	of a request to prepare a local impact note, the eommissioner auditor must notify the
27.34	authors of the proposed legislation that the request has been made. The local impact note
27.35	must be made available to the public upon request. If the action is among the exceptions

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listed in section 3.988, a local impact note need not be requested nor prepared. The eommissioner auditor shall make a reasonable and timely estimate of the local fiscal impact on each type of political subdivision that would result from the proposed legislation. The eommissioner of management and budget auditor may require any political subdivision or the commissioner of an administrative agency of the state to supply in a timely manner any information determined to be necessary to determine local fiscal impact. The political subdivision, its representative association, or commissioner shall convey the requested information to the eommissioner of management and budget auditor with a signed statement to the effect that the information is accurate and complete to the best of its ability. The political subdivision, its representative association, or commissioner, when requested, shall update its determination of local fiscal impact based on actual cost or revenue figures, improved estimates, or both. Upon completion of the note, the eommissioner auditor must provide a copy to the authors of the proposed legislation and to the chair and ranking minority member of each committee to which the proposed legislation is referred.

Sec. 6. [6.481] COUNTY AUDITS.

Subdivision 1. Powers and duties. All the powers and duties conferred and imposed upon the state auditor shall be exercised and performed by the state auditor in respect to the offices, institutions, public property, and improvements of several counties of the state. The state auditor may visit, without previous notice, each county and examine all accounts and records relating to the receipt and disbursement of the public funds and the custody of the public funds and other property. The state auditor shall prescribe and install systems of accounts and financial reports that shall be uniform, so far as practicable, for the same class of offices.

Subd. 2. Annual audit required. A county must have an annual financial audit.

A county may choose to have the audit performed by the state auditor, or may choose to have the audit performed by a CPA firm meeting the requirements of section 326A.05.

The state auditor or a CPA firm may accept the records and audit of the Department of Human Services instead of examining county human service funds, if the audit of the Department of Human Services has been made within any period covered by the auditor's audit of other county records.

Subd. 3. CPA firm audit. A county audit performed by a CPA firm must meet the standards and be in the form required by the state auditor. The state auditor may require additional information from the CPA firm if the state auditor determines that is in the public interest, but the state auditor must accept the audit unless the state auditor determines it does not meet recognized industry auditing standards or is not in the form

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29.1	required by the state auditor. The state auditor may make additional examinations as the
29.2	auditor determines to be in the public interest.
29.3	Subd. 4. Audit availability; data. A copy of the annual audit by the state auditor or
	by a CPA firm must be available for public inspection in the Office of the State Auditor and
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29.5	in the Office of the County Auditor. If an audit is performed by a CPA firm, data relating
29.6	to the audit are subject to the same data classifications that apply under section 6.715. A
29.7	CPA firm conducting a county audit must provide access to data relating to the audit and is
29.8	liable for unlawful disclosure of the data as if it were a government entity under chapter 13.
29.9	Subd. 5. Reporting. If an audit conducted by the state auditor or a CPA firm
29.10	discloses malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance, the auditor must report this to the
29.11	county attorney, who shall institute civil and criminal proceedings as the law and the
29.12	protection of the public interests requires.
29.13	Subd. 6. Payments to state auditor. A county audited by the state auditor must
29.14	pay the state auditor for the costs and expenses of the audit. If the state auditor makes
29.15	additional examinations of a county whose audit is performed by a CPA firm, the county
29.16	must pay the auditor for the cost of these examinations. Payments must be deposited in
29.17	the state auditor enterprise fund.
29.18	Subd. 7. Procedures for change of auditor. A county that plans to change to or
29.19	from the state auditor and a CPA firm must notify the state auditor of this change by
29.20	August 1 of an even-numbered year. Upon this notice, the following calendar year will be
29.21	the first year's records that will be subject to an audit by the new entity. A county that
29.22	changes to or from the state auditor must have two annual audits done by the new entity.
29.23	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 10.43, is amended to read:
29.24	10.43 TELEPHONE USE; APPROVAL.
29.25	(a) Each representative, senator, constitutional officer, judge, and head of a state
29.26	department or agency shall sign the person's monthly long-distance telephone bills paid
29.27	by the state as evidence of the person's approval of each bill. This signature requirement
29.28	does not apply to a month in which the person's long-distance phone bill paid by the
29.29	state is less than \$5.
29.30	(b) Even if the monthly long-distance phone bill paid by the state for a person
29.31	subject to this section is less than \$5, the person is responsible for paying that portion of

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the bill that does not relate to state business. As provided in section 10.46, long-distance

telephone bills paid by the state are public data, regardless of the amount of the bills.

30.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for telephone bills for usage on or
30.2	after July 1, 2015.
30.3	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 10A.01, subdivision 26, is amended to read:
30.4	Subd. 26. Noncampaign disbursement. "Noncampaign disbursement" means
30.5	a purchase or payment of money or anything of value made, or an advance of credit
30.6	incurred, or a donation in kind received, by a principal campaign committee for any of
30.7	the following purposes:
30.8	(1) payment for accounting and legal services;
30.9	(2) return of a contribution to the source;
30.10	(3) repayment of a loan made to the principal campaign committee by that committee;
30.11	(4) return of a public subsidy;
30.12	(5) payment for food, beverages, and necessary utensils and supplies, entertainment,
30.13	and facility rental for a fund-raising event;
30.14	(6) (5) services for a constituent by a member of the legislature or a constitutional
30.15	officer in the executive branch, including the costs of preparing and distributing a
30.16	suggestion or idea solicitation to constituents, performed from the beginning of the term
30.17	of office to adjournment sine die of the legislature in the election year for the office
30.18	held, and half the cost of services for a constituent by a member of the legislature or a
30.19	constitutional officer in the executive branch performed from adjournment sine die to 60
30.20	days after adjournment sine die;
30.21	(7) (6) payment for food and beverages consumed by a candidate or volunteers while
30.22	they are engaged in campaign activities;
30.23	(8) (7) payment for food or a beverage consumed while attending a reception or
30.24	meeting directly related to legislative duties;
30.25	(9) (8) payment of expenses incurred by elected or appointed leaders of a legislative
30.26	caucus in carrying out their leadership responsibilities;
30.27	(10) (9) payment by a principal campaign committee of the candidate's expenses
30.28	for serving in public office, other than for personal uses;
30.29	(11) (10) costs of child care for the candidate's children when campaigning;
30.30	(12) (11) fees paid to attend a campaign school;
30.31	(13) (12) costs of a postelection party during the election year when a candidate's
30.32	name will no longer appear on a ballot or the general election is concluded, whichever
30.33	occurs first;
30.34	(14) (13) interest on loans paid by a principal campaign committee on outstanding

loans;

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31.1	(15) (14) filing fees;
31.2	(16) (15) post-general election holiday or seasonal cards, thank-you notes, or
31.3	advertisements in the news media mailed or published prior to the end of the election cycle;
31.4	(17) (16) the cost of campaign material purchased to replace defective campaign
31.5	material, if the defective material is destroyed without being used;
31.6	(18) (17) contributions to a party unit;
31.7	(19) (18) payments for funeral gifts or memorials;
31.8	(20) (19) the cost of a magnet less than six inches in diameter containing legislator
31.9	contact information and distributed to constituents;
31.10	(21) (20) costs associated with a candidate attending a political party state or national
31.11	convention in this state;
31.12	(22) (21) other purchases or payments specified in board rules or advisory opinions
31.13	as being for any purpose other than to influence the nomination or election of a candidate
31.14	or to promote or defeat a ballot question; and
31.15	(23) (22) costs paid to a third party for processing contributions made by a credit
31.16	card, debit card, or electronic check.
31.17	The board must determine whether an activity involves a noncampaign disbursement
31.18	within the meaning of this subdivision.
31.19	A noncampaign disbursement is considered to be made in the year in which the
31.20	candidate made the purchase of goods or services or incurred an obligation to pay for
31.21	goods or services.
31.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2015, and applies to elections
31.23	held on or after that date.
31.23	included in or after that date.
31.24	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 10A.105, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
31.25	Subdivision 1. Single committee. A candidate must not accept contributions
31.26	from a source, other than self, in aggregate in excess of \$750 or accept a public subsidy
31.27	unless the candidate designates and causes to be formed a single principal campaign
31.28	committee for each office sought. A candidate may not authorize, designate, or cause to be
31.29	formed any other political committee bearing the candidate's name or title or otherwise
31.30	operating under the direct or indirect control of the candidate. However, a candidate may
31.31	be involved in the direct or indirect control of a party unit.
31.32	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2015, and applies to elections
31.33	held on or after that date.

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Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 10A.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Anonymous contributions.** A political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit may not retain an anonymous contribution in excess of \$20, but must forward it to the board for deposit in the general account of the state elections campaign account fund.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2015.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 10A.245, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Termination by board.** The board may terminate the registration of
a principal campaign committee, party unit, political committee, or political fund found
to be inactive under this section 60 days after sending written notice of inactivity by
certified mail to the affected association at the last address on record with the board for
that association. Within 60 days after the board sends notice under this section, the
affected association must dispose of its assets as provided in this subdivision. The assets
of the principal campaign committee, party unit, or political committee must be used for
the purposes authorized by this chapter or section 211B.12 or must be liquidated and
deposited in the general account of the state elections campaign account fund. The assets
of an association's political fund that were derived from the association's general treasury
money revert to the association's general treasury. Assets of a political fund that resulted
from contributions to the political fund must be used for the purposes authorized by this
chapter or section 211B.12 or must be liquidated and deposited in the general account of
the state elections campaign account fund.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2015.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 10A.257, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Unused funds.** For election cycles ending on or before December

31, 2016, after all campaign expenditures and noncampaign disbursements for an election cycle have been made, an amount up to 25 percent of the 2014 election cycle expenditure limit for the office may be carried forward. Any remaining amount up to the total amount of the 2014 public subsidy from the state elections campaign fund must be returned to the state treasury for credit to the general fund under section 10A.324. Any remaining amount in excess of the 2014 total public subsidy must be contributed to the state elections campaign account or a political party for multicandidate expenditures as defined in section 10A.275.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2015, and applies to elections held on or after that date.

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Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 10A.38, is amended to read:

10A.38 CAPTIONING	OF CAMPAIGN	ADVERTISEMENTS.
TUA.30 CAI HUMIMU	OF CAMILATON	ADVENTISEMENTS

- (a) This section applies to a campaign advertisement by a candidate who is governed by an agreement under section 10A.322.
- (b) "Campaign advertisement" means a professionally produced visual or audio recording of two minutes or less produced by the candidate for the purpose of influencing the nomination or election of a candidate.
- (e) (b) A campaign advertisement that is disseminated as an advertisement by broadcast or cable television must include closed captioning for deaf and hard-of-hearing viewers, unless the candidate has filed with the board before the advertisement is disseminated a statement setting forth the reasons for not doing so. A campaign advertisement that is disseminated as an advertisement to the public on the candidate's Web site must include closed captioning for deaf and hard-of-hearing viewers, unless the candidate has posted on the Web site a transcript of the spoken content of the advertisement or the candidate has filed with the board before the advertisement is disseminated a statement setting forth the reasons for not doing so. A campaign advertisement must not be disseminated as an advertisement by radio unless the candidate has posted on the candidate's Web site a transcript of the spoken content of the advertisement or the candidate has filed with the board before the advertisement is disseminated a statement setting forth the reasons for not doing so.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 14.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- 33.23 <u>Subd. 5.</u> **Substantial economic impact.** A rule has a "substantial economic impact" 33.24 if the rule would result in, or likely result in:
 - (1) an adverse effect or impact on the private-sector economy of the state of Minnesota of \$5,000,000 or more in a single year;
 - (2) a significant increase in costs or prices for consumers, individual private-sector industries, state agencies, local governments, individuals, or private-sector enterprises within certain geographic regions inside the state of Minnesota;
 - (3) significant adverse impacts on the competitiveness of private-sector

 Minnesota-based enterprises or on private-sector employment, investment, productivity,
 or innovation within the state of Minnesota; or
- (4) compliance costs, in the first year after the rule takes effect, of more than \$25,000
 for any one business that has less than 50 full-time employees, or for any one statutory or
 home rule charter city that has less than ten full-time employees.

34.1	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 14.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
34.2	Subdivision 1. Authority to adopt original rules restricted. (a) Each agency shall
34.3	adopt, amend, suspend, or repeal its rules: (1) in accordance with the procedures specified
34.4	in sections 14.001 to 14.69, and; (2) only pursuant to authority delegated by state or
34.5	<u>federal</u> law; and <u>(3)</u> in full compliance with its duties and obligations.
34.6	(b) If a law authorizing rules is repealed, the rules adopted pursuant to that law are
34.7	automatically repealed on the effective date of the law's repeal unless there is another
34.8	law authorizing the rules.
34.9	(c) Except as provided in section 14.06, sections 14.001 to 14.69 shall not be
34.10	authority for an agency to adopt, amend, suspend, or repeal rules.
34.11	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 14.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
34.12	Subd. 2. Authority to modify proposed rule. (a) An agency may modify a
34.13	proposed rule in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act.
34.14	However, an agency may not modify a proposed rule so that it is substantially different
34.15	from the proposed rule in the notice of intent to adopt rules or notice of hearing.
34.16	(b) A modification does not make a proposed rule substantially different if:
34.17	(1) the differences are within the scope of the matter announced in the notice of
34.18	intent to adopt or notice of hearing and are in character with the issues raised in that notice;
34.19	(2) the differences are a logical outgrowth of the contents of the notice of intent to
34.20	adopt or notice of hearing and the comments submitted in response to the notice; and
34.21	(3) the notice of intent to adopt or notice of hearing provided fair warning that the
34.22	outcome of that rulemaking proceeding could be the rule in question.
34.23	(c) In determining whether the notice of intent to adopt or notice of hearing provided
34.24	fair warning that the outcome of that rulemaking proceeding could be the rule in question
34.25	the following factors must be considered:
34.26	(1) the extent to which persons who will be affected by the rule should have
34.27	understood that the rulemaking proceeding on which it is based could affect their interests;
34.28	(2) the extent to which the subject matter of the rule or issues determined by the
34.29	rule are different from the subject matter or issues contained in the notice of intent to
34.30	adopt or notice of hearing; and
34.31	(3) the extent to which the effects of the rule differ from the effects of the proposed
34.32	rule contained in the notice of intent to adopt or notice of hearing.
34.33	(d) A modification makes a proposed rule substantially different if the modification
34.34	causes a rule that did not previously have a substantial economic impact to have a

substantial economic impact.

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Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 14.116, is amended to read:

14.116 NOTICE TO LEGISLATURE.

- (a) By January 15 each year, each agency must submit its rulemaking docket maintained under section 14.366, and the official rulemaking record required under section 14.365 for any rule adopted during the preceding calendar year, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative policy and budget committees with jurisdiction over the subject matter of the proposed rule and to the Legislative Coordinating Commission.

 Each agency must post a link to its rulemaking docket on the agency Web site home page.
- (b) When an agency mails notice of intent to adopt rules under section 14.14 or 14.22, the agency must send a copy of the same notice and a copy of the statement of need and reasonableness to the chairs and ranking minority party members of the legislative policy and budget committees with jurisdiction over the subject matter of the proposed rules and to the Legislative Coordinating Commission.
- (c) In addition, if the mailing of the notice is within two years of the effective date of the law granting the agency authority to adopt the proposed rules, the agency shall make reasonable efforts to send a copy of the notice and the statement to all sitting legislators who were chief house of representatives and senate authors of the bill granting the rulemaking authority. If the bill was amended to include this rulemaking authority, the agency shall make reasonable efforts to send the notice and the statement to the chief house of representatives and senate authors of the amendment granting rulemaking authority, rather than to the chief authors of the bill.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 14.127, is amended to read:

14.127 LEGISLATIVE APPROVAL REQUIRED.

Subdivision 1. Cost thresholds Substantial economic impact. An agency must determine if the cost of complying with a proposed rule in the first year after the rule takes effect will exceed \$25,000 for: (1) any one business that has less than 50 full-time employees; or (2) any one statutory or home rule charter city that has less than ten full-time employees. For purposes of this section, "business" means a business entity organized for profit or as a nonprofit, and includes an individual, partnership, corporation, joint venture, association, or cooperative has a substantial economic impact, as defined in section 14.02, subdivision 5.

Subd. 2. **Agency determination.** An agency must make the determination required by subdivision 1 before the elose of the hearing record, or before the agency submits the record to the administrative law judge if there is no hearing agency gives notice under

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section 14.14, 14.22, 14.225, or 14.389. The administrative law judge must review and approve or disapprove the agency determination under this section.

- Subd. 3. Legislative approval required. (a) If the agency determines that a proposed rule has a substantial economic impact, the agency must request the legislative auditor to convene a five-person peer review advisory panel to conduct an impact analysis of the proposed rule. Within 30 days of receipt of the agency's request, the legislative auditor shall convene a peer review advisory panel. The advisory panel must be made up of individuals who have not directly or indirectly been involved in the work conducted or contracted by the agency and who are not employed by the agency. The agency must pay each panel member for the costs of the person's service on the panel, as determined by the legislative auditor. The agency shall transfer an amount from the agency's operating budget to the legislative auditor to pay for costs for convening the peer review advisory panel process. The panel may receive written and oral comments from the public during its review. The panel must submit its report within 60 days of being convened. The agency must receive a final report from the panel before the agency conducts a public hearing on a proposed rule or, if no hearing is held, before the rule is submitted to the administrative law judge. The panel's report must include its conclusions on the extent to which the proposed rule:
- (1) is based on sound, reasonably available scientific, technical, economic, or other information or rationale; and
- (2) is more restrictive than a standard, limitation, or requirement imposed by federal law or rule pertaining to the same subject matter.
- (b) If the agency determines that a rule does not have a substantial economic impact, the administrative law judge must review this determination. If the administrative law judge determines that a rule may have a substantial economic impact, the agency must have the legislative auditor arrange for the analysis required by paragraph (a), and the agency must give new notice of intent to adopt the proposed rule after receiving this analysis. The administrative law judge may make this determination as part of the administrative law judge's report on the proposed rule, or at any earlier time after the administrative law judge is assigned to the rule proceeding.
- (c) If the agency determines that the eost exceeds the threshold in subdivision 1 proposed rule has a substantial economic impact, or if the administrative law judge disapproves the agency's determination that the cost does rule does not exceed the threshold in subdivision 1, any business that has less than 50 full-time employees or any statutory or home rule charter city that has less than ten full-time employees may file a written statement with the agency claiming a temporary exemption from the rules. Upon filing of

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such a statement with the agency, the rules do not apply to that business or that city until the rules are have a substantial economic impact, the agency or the administrative law judge shall deliver the determination and peer review advisory panel report to the Legislative Coordinating Commission and to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the subject matter of the rule, and the proposed rule does not take effect until the rule is approved by a law enacted after the agency determination or administrative law judge disapproval.

- Subd. 4. **Exceptions.** (a) Subdivision 3 does not apply if the administrative law judge approves an agency's determination that the legislature has appropriated money to sufficiently fund the expected cost of the rule upon the business or city proposed to be regulated by the rule.
- (b) Subdivision 3 does not apply if the administrative law judge approves an agency's determination that the rule has been proposed pursuant to a specific federal statutory or regulatory mandate.
- (e) (b) This section does not apply if the rule is adopted under section 14.388 or under another law specifying that the rulemaking procedures of this chapter do not apply.
- (d) (c) This section does not apply to a rule adopted by the Public Utilities Commission.
- (e) Subdivision 3 does not apply if the governor waives application of subdivision 3. The governor may issue a waiver at any time, either before or after the rule would take effect, but for the requirement of legislative approval. As soon as possible after issuing a waiver under this paragraph, the governor must send notice of the waiver to the speaker of the house and the president of the senate and must publish notice of this determination in the State Register.
- Subd. 5. **Severability.** If an administrative law judge determines that part of a proposed rule exceeds the threshold specified in subdivision 1 has a substantial economic impact, but that a severable portion of a proposed rule does not exceed the threshold in subdivision 1 have a substantial economic impact, the administrative law judge may provide that the severable portion of the rule that does not exceed the threshold have a substantial economic impact may take effect without legislative approval.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 14.131, is amended to read:

14.131 STATEMENT OF NEED AND REASONABLENESS.

By the date of the section 14.14, subdivision 1a, 14.22, or 14.225, notice, the agency must prepare, review, and make available for public review a statement of the need for and reasonableness of the rule. The statement of need and reasonableness must be prepared

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under rules adopted by the chief administrative law judge and must include the following to the extent the agency, through reasonable effort, can ascertain this information:

- (1) a description of the classes of persons who probably will be affected by the proposed rule, including classes that will bear the costs of the proposed rule and classes that will benefit from the proposed rule;
- (2) the probable costs to the agency and to any other agency of the implementation and enforcement of the proposed rule and any anticipated effect on state revenues;
- (3) a determination of whether there are less costly methods or less intrusive methods for achieving the purpose of the proposed rule;
- (4) a description of any alternative methods for achieving the purpose of the proposed rule that were seriously considered by the agency and the reasons why they were rejected in favor of the proposed rule;
- (5) the probable costs of complying with the proposed rule, including the portion of the total costs that will be borne by identifiable categories of affected parties, such as separate classes of governmental units, businesses, or individuals;
- (6) the probable costs or consequences of not adopting the proposed rule, including those costs or consequences borne by identifiable categories of affected parties, such as separate classes of government units, businesses, or individuals;
- (7) an assessment of any differences between the proposed rule and existing federal regulations and a specific analysis of the need for and reasonableness of each difference; and
- (8) an assessment of the cumulative effect of the rule with other federal and state regulations related to the specific purpose of the rule-; and
- (9) the agency's findings and conclusions that support its determination that the proposed rule does or does not have a substantial economic impact.

The statement must describe how the agency, in developing the rules, considered and implemented the legislative policy supporting performance-based regulatory systems set forth in section 14.002 in a cost-effective and timely manner.

For purposes of clause (8), "cumulative effect" means the impact that results from incremental impact of the proposed rule in addition to other rules, regardless of what state or federal agency has adopted the other rules. Cumulative effects can result from individually minor but collectively significant rules adopted over a period of time.

The statement must describe, with reasonable particularity, the scientific, technical, economic, or other information and rationale that supports the proposed rule.

The statement must also describe the agency's efforts to provide additional notification under section 14.14, subdivision 1a, to persons or classes of persons who may be affected by the proposed rule or must explain why these efforts were not made.

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The agency must consult with the commissioner of management and budget to help evaluate the fiscal impact and fiscal benefits of the proposed rule on units of local government. The agency must send a copy of the statement of need and reasonableness to the Legislative Reference Library when the notice of hearing is mailed under section 14.14, subdivision 1a.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 14.388, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Notice.** An agency proposing to adopt, amend, or repeal a rule under this section must give notice to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative policy and budget committees with jurisdiction over the subject matter of the proposed rules and to the Legislative Coordinating Commission, must give electronic notice of its intent in accordance with section 16E.07, subdivision 3, and must give notice by United States mail or electronic mail to persons who have registered their names with the agency under section 14.14, subdivision 1a. The notice must be given no later than the date the agency submits the proposed rule to the Office of Administrative Hearings for review of its legality and must include:

- (1) the proposed rule, amendment, or repeal;
- (2) an explanation of why the rule meets the requirements of the good cause exemption under subdivision 1; and
- (3) a statement that interested parties have five business days after the date of the notice to submit comments to the Office of Administrative Hearings.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 14.389, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Notice and comment.** The agency must publish notice of the proposed rule in the State Register and, must mail the notice by United States mail or electronic mail to persons who have registered with the agency to receive mailed notices, and must give notice to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative policy and budget committees with jurisdiction over the subject matter of the proposed rules and to the Legislative Coordinating Commission. The mailed notice and the notice to legislators must include either a copy of the proposed rule or a description of the nature and effect of the proposed rule and a statement that a free copy is available from the agency upon request. The notice in the State Register must include the proposed rule or the amended rule in the form required by the revisor under section 14.07, an easily readable and understandable summary of the overall nature and effect of the proposed rule, and a citation to the most specific statutory authority for the rule, including authority for the

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rule to be adopted under the process in this section. The agency must allow 30 days after publication in the State Register for comment on the rule.

REVISOR

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 14.44, is amended to read:

14.44 DETERMINATION OF VALIDITY OF RULE.

- (a) The validity of any rule, or the validity of any agency policy, guideline, bulletin, criterion, manual standard, or similar pronouncement that the petitioner believes is a rule as defined in section 14.02, subdivision 4, may be determined upon the petition for a declaratory judgment thereon, addressed to the Court of Appeals, when it appears that the rule or pronouncement, or its threatened application, interferes with or impairs, or threatens to interfere with or impair the legal rights or privileges of the petitioner. The agency shall be made a party to the proceeding. The declaratory judgment may be rendered whether or not the petitioner has first requested the agency to pass upon the validity of the rule in question, whether or not the petitioner has petitioned the Office of Administrative Hearings under section 14.381, and whether or not the agency has commenced an action against the petitioner to enforce the rule.
- (b) If the subject of the petition is an agency policy, guideline, bulletin, criterion, manual standard, or similar pronouncement, the agency must cease enforcement of the pronouncement upon filing of the petition until the Court of Appeals rules on the matter. The agency is liable for all costs associated with review of the petition. If the Court of Appeals rules in favor of the agency, the agency may recover all or a portion of the cost from the petitioner unless the petitioner is entitled to proceed in forma pauperis under section 563.01, or the court determines that the petition was brought in good faith or the assessment of the costs would constitute an undue hardship for the petitioner.
 - Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 14.45, is amended to read:

14.45 RULE DECLARED INVALID.

In proceedings under section 14.44, the court shall declare the rule <u>or agency</u> <u>pronouncement</u> invalid if it finds that it violates constitutional provisions or exceeds the statutory authority of the agency or <u>if the rule</u> was adopted <u>or the pronouncement was improperly implemented</u> without compliance with statutory rulemaking procedures. Any party to proceedings under section 14.44, including the agency, may appeal an adverse decision of the Court of Appeals to the Supreme Court as in other civil cases.

Sec. 24. [15.0145] ETHNIC COUNCILS.

Article 2 Sec. 24.

41.1	Subdivision 1. Three ethnic councils; creation. (a) The Minnesota Council on
41.2	Latino Affairs includes public members with an ethnic heritage from Mexico, any of the
41.3	countries in Central or South America, Cuba, the Dominican Republic, or Puerto Rico.
41.4	(b) The Minnesota African Heritage Council includes public members of black
41.5	African ancestry.
41.6	(c) The Council on Asian-Pacific Minnesotans includes public members with an
41.7	ethnic heritage from any of the countries east of, and including, Afghanistan or the
41.8	Pacific Islands.
41.9	Subd. 2. Membership. (a) Each council has 15 voting members. Eleven members
41.10	of each council are public members appointed by the governor. Four members of each
41.11	council are legislators.
41.12	(b) The governor shall appoint 11 members of each council as follows:
41.13	(1) the Minnesota Council on Latino Affairs must include one member representing
41.14	each of the state's congressional districts and three members appointed at-large. The
41.15	governor must attempt to ensure that the demographic composition of council members
41.16	accurately reflects the demographic composition of Minnesota's Latino community,
41.17	including recent immigrants, as determined by the state demographer;
41.18	(2) the Minnesota African Heritage Council must include members who are
41.19	broadly representative of the African heritage community of the state. The council must
41.20	include at least five females. At least three members must be first or second generation
41.21	African immigrants, who generally reflect the demographic composition of these African
41.22	immigrants, as determined by the state demographer; and
41.23	(3) the Council on Asian-Pacific Minnesotans must include one member from each
41.24	of the five ancestries with the state's highest percentages of Asian-Pacific populations,
41.25	as determined by the state demographer. The other six members must be broadly
41.26	representative of the rest of the Asian-Pacific population, with no more than one council
41.27	member from any one ancestry. For purposes of this clause, ancestry refers to heritage that
41.28	is commonly accepted in Minnesota as a unique population.
41.29	(c) Four legislators are voting members of each council. The speaker of the house
41.30	and the house minority leader shall each appoint one member to each council. The
41.31	Subcommittee on Committees of the senate Committee on Rules and Administration shall
41.32	appoint one member of the majority caucus and one member of the minority caucus to
41.33	each council.
41.34	(d) The governor may appoint a commissioner of a state agency or a designee of that
11 25	commissioner to serve as an ex officio nonvotina member of a council

42.1	Subd. 3. Appointments; terms; removal. (a) In making appointments to a council,
42.2	the governor shall consider an appointee's proven dedication and commitment to the
42.3	council's community and any expertise possessed by the appointee that might be beneficial
42.4	to the council, such as experience in public policy, legal affairs, social work, business,
42.5	or management. The executive director of a council and legislative members may offer
42.6	advice to the governor on applicants seeking appointment.
42.7	(b) Terms, compensation, and filling of vacancies for members appointed by the
42.8	governor are as provided in section 15.059. Removal of members appointed by the
42.9	governor is governed by section 15.059, except that: (1) a member who missed more than
42.10	half of the council meetings convened during a 12-month period automatically is removed
42.11	from the council; and (2) a member appointed by the governor may be removed by a vote
42.12	of three of the four legislative members of the council. The chair of a council shall inform
42.13	the governor of the need for the governor to fill a vacancy on the council. Legislative
42.14	members serve at the pleasure of their appointing authority.
42.15	(c) A member appointed by the governor may serve no more than a total of eight
42.16	years on a council. A legislator may serve no more than eight consecutive years or 12
42.17	nonconsecutive years on any one council.
42.18	Subd. 4. Training; executive committee; meetings; support. (a) A member
42.19	appointed by the governor must attend orientation training within the first six months of
42.20	service for each term. The commissioner of administration must arrange for the training
42.21	to include but not be limited to the legislative process, government data practices, open
42.22	meeting law, Robert's Rules of Order, fiscal management, and human resources. The
42.23	governor must remove a member who does not complete the training.
42.24	(b) Each council shall annually elect from among the members appointed by the
42.25	governor a chair and other officers it deems necessary. These officers and one legislative
42.26	member selected by the council shall serve as the executive committee of the council.
42.27	(c) Forty percent of voting members of a council constitutes a quorum. A quorum is
42.28	required to conduct council business. A council member may not vote on any action if the
42.29	member has a conflict of interest under section 10A.07.
42.30	(d) Each council shall receive administrative support from the commissioner of
42.31	administration under section 16B.371.
42.32	Subd. 5. Executive director; staff. (a) The Legislative Coordinating Commission
42.33	must appoint an executive director for each council. The executive director must be
42.34	experienced in administrative activities and familiar with the challenges and needs of
42.35	the ethnic council's larger community. The executive director serves in the unclassified

service at the pleasure of the Legislative Coordinating Commission.

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(b) The Legislative Coordinating Commission must establish a process for recruiting
and selecting applicants for the executive director positions. This process must include
consultation and collaboration with the applicable council.
(c) The executive director and applicable council members must work together in

- fulfilling council duties. The executive director must consult with the commissioners of administration and management and budget to ensure appropriate financial, purchasing, human resources, and other services for operation of the council. The executive director must appoint and supervise the work of other staff necessary to carry out the duties of the council. The executive director and other council staff are executive branch employees.
- Subd. 6. **Duties of council.** (a) A council must work for the implementation of economic, social, legal, and political equality for its constituency. The council shall work with the legislature and governor to carry out this work by performing the duties in this section.
- (b) A council shall advise the governor and the legislature on issues confronting the constituency of the council. This may include, but is not limited to, presenting the results of surveys, studies, and community forums to the appropriate executive departments and legislative committees.
- (c) A council shall advise the governor and the legislature of administrative and legislative changes needed to improve the economic and social condition of the constituency of the council. This may include but is not limited to working with legislators to develop politically feasible legislation to address these issues and to work for passage of the legislation. This may also include making recommendations regarding the state's affirmative action program and the state's targeted group small business program, or working with state agencies and organizations to develop business opportunities and promote economic development for the constituency of the council.
- (d) A council shall advise the governor and the legislature of the implications and effect of proposed administrative and legislative changes on the constituency of the council. This may include but is not limited to tracking legislation, testifying as appropriate, and meeting with executive departments and legislators.
- (e) A council shall serve as a liaison between state government and organizations that serve the constituency of the council. This may include but is not limited to working with these organizations to carry out the duties in paragraphs (a) to (d), and working with these organizations to develop informational programs or publications to involve and empower the constituency in seeking improvement in their economic and social conditions.
- (f) A council shall perform or contract for the performance of studies designed to suggest solutions to the problems of the constituency of the council in the areas of

Article 2 Sec. 24.

44.1	education, employment, human rights, health, housing, social welfare, and other related
44.2	areas.
44.3	(g) In carrying out duties under this subdivision, councils may act to advise on issues
44.4	that affect the shared constituencies of more than one council.
44.5	Subd. 7. Duties of council members. A council member shall:
44.6	(1) attend and participate in scheduled meetings and be prepared by reviewing
44.7	meeting notes;
44.8	(2) maintain and build communication with the community represented;
44.9	(3) collaborate with the council and executive director in carrying out the council's
44.10	duties; and
44.11	(4) participate in activities the council or executive director deem appropriate and
44.12	necessary to facilitate the goals and duties of the council.
44.13	Subd. 8. Reports. A council must report on the measurable outcomes achieved in
44.14	the council's current strategic plan to meet its statutory duties, along with the specific
44.15	objectives and outcome measures proposed for the following year. The council must
44.16	submit the report by January 15 each year to the chairs of the committees in the house of
44.17	representatives and the senate with primary jurisdiction over state government operations.
44.18	Each report must cover the calendar year of the year before the report is submitted. The
44.19	specific objectives and outcome measures for the following current year must focus on
44.20	three or four achievable objectives, action steps, and measurable outcomes for which
44.21	the council will be held accountable. The strategic plan may include other items that
44.22	support the statutory purposes of the council but should not distract from the primary
44.23	statutory proposals presented. The funding request of each council, after approval by the
44.24	Legislative Coordinating Commission, must also be presented by February 1 in each
44.25	odd-numbered year.
	C. 25 HAA 05/51 CENTED AT 17/ED TO ACIZING LIGT OF ACENICW
44.26	Sec. 25. [16A.0565] CENTRALIZED TRACKING LIST OF AGENCY
44.27	PROJECTS.
44.28	Subdivision 1. Centralized tracking. The commissioner must maintain a
44.29	centralized tracking list of new agency projects estimated to cost more than \$100,000 that
44.30	are paid for from the general fund.
44.31	Subd. 2. New agency project. (a) For purposes of this section a "new agency
44.32	project" means:
44.33	(1) any new agency program or activity with more than \$100,000 in funding from
44.34	the general fund; and

45.1	(2) any pre-existing agency program or activity with an increase of \$100,000 or
45.2	more above the base level in general fund support.
45.3	(b) For purposes of this section, a new agency project does not include:
45.4	(i) general aid programs for units of local government, or entitlement programs
45.5	providing assistance to individuals; or
45.6	(ii) a new program or activity or increase in a program or activity that is mandated
45.7	by law.
45.8	Subd. 3. Transparency requirements. The centralized tracking list maintained by
45.9	the commissioner must report the following for each new agency project:
45.10	(1) name of the agency and title of the project;
45.11	(2) a brief description of the project and its purposes;
45.12	(3) the extent to which the project has been implemented; and
45.13	(4) the amount of money that has been spent on the project.
45.14	Subd. 4. Timing and reporting. The commissioner must display the information
45.15	required by subdivision 3 on the department's Web site. The list shall be maintained in a
45.16	widely available and common document format such as a spreadsheet, that does not
45.17	require any new costs to develop. The commissioner must report this information to the
45.18	chairs of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee and senate Finance
45.19	Committee quarterly, and must update the information on the Web site at least quarterly.
45.20	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16A.065, is amended to read:
45.21	16A.065 PREPAY SOFTWARE, SUBSCRIPTIONS, UNITED STATES
45.22	DOCUMENTS.
45.23	Notwithstanding section 16A.41, subdivision 1, the commissioner may allow an
45.24	agency to make advance deposits or payments for software or software maintenance
45.25	services for state-owned or leased electronic data processing equipment, for information
45.26	technology hosting services, for sole source maintenance agreements where it is not
45.27	cost-effective to pay in arrears, for exhibit booth space or boat slip rental when required
45.28	by the renter to guarantee the availability of space, for registration fees where advance
45.29	payment is required or advance payment discount is provided, and for newspaper,
45.30	magazine, and other subscription fees customarily paid for in advance. The commissioner
45.31	may also allow advance deposits by any department with the Library of Congress and
45.32	federal Supervisor of Documents for items to be purchased from those federal agencies.
45.33	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16A.103, is amended by adding a

subdivision to read:

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Subd. 1h. Revenue uncertainty information. The commissioner shall report
to the legislature within 14 days of a forecast under subdivision 1 on uncertainty in
Minnesota's general fund revenue projections. The report shall present information on: (1)
the estimated range of forecast error for revenues and (2) the data and methods used to
construct those measurements.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16A.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3d. Consideration of general incentives. In supplement to, and under the same deadline as, the governor's budget submission under subdivision 3, the commissioner shall submit a report identifying each general incentive for which an evaluation was completed under section 3.9735 in accordance with this section since the governor's previous budget submission. For each evaluated incentive, the commissioner's report shall include a recommendation for whether the incentive should be continued or modified, or whether the state would be better served by using other incentives or strategies to achieve the incentive's goals. The commissioner's report must include the rationale for each recommendation.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16A.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3e. Consideration of best practices for exclusive incentives. If a new analysis of best practices for exclusive incentives under section 3.9735 has been completed since the governor's previous budget submission, the commissioner's report under subdivision 3d shall include recommendations for when and how Minnesota should offer and manage exclusive incentives in the future and how they should be structured. The commissioner's report must include the rationale for each recommendation.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16A.1283, is amended to read:

16A.1283 LEGISLATIVE APPROVAL REQUIRED FOR FEES.

(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an executive branch state agency may not impose a new fee or increase an existing fee unless the new fee or increase is approved by law. An agency must not propose a fee or fine increase of more than ten percent in a biennium over the same fee or fine in law at the start of the same biennium. For purposes of this section, a fee is any charge for goods, services, regulation, or licensure, and, notwithstanding paragraph (b), clause (3), includes charges for admission to or for use of public facilities owned by the state.

7.1	(b) This	section	does	not	apply	to to
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- (1) charges billed within or between state agencies, or billed to federal agencies;
- (2) the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system;
- (3) charges for goods and services provided for the direct and primary use of a private individual, business, or other entity;
- (4) charges that authorize use of state-owned lands and minerals administered by the commissioner of natural resources by the issuance of leases, easements, cooperative farming agreements, and land and water crossing licenses and charges for sales of state-owned lands administered by the commissioner of natural resources; or
 - (5) state park fees and charges established by commissioner's order.
- (c) An executive branch agency may reduce a fee that was set by rule before July 1, 2001, without legislative approval. Chapter 14 does not apply to fee reductions under this paragraph.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2016.

- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16B.24, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 12. **State band.** The commissioner must provide free rehearsal and storage space in the same building in the Capitol Area to an entity known as the Minnesota State Band, which is a tax exempt organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16B.335, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Construction and major remodeling.** (a) The commissioner, or any other recipient to whom an appropriation is made to acquire or better public lands or buildings or other public improvements of a capital nature, must not prepare final plans and specifications for any construction, major remodeling, or land acquisition in anticipation of which the appropriation was made until the agency that will use the project has presented the program plan and cost estimates for all elements necessary to complete the project to the chair of the senate Finance Committee and the chair of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee and the chairs have made their recommendations, and the chair and ranking minority member of the senate Capital Investment Committee and the chair and ranking minority member of the house of representatives Capital Investment Committee are notified. "Construction or major

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remodeling" means construction of a new building, a substantial addition to an existing building, or a substantial change to the interior configuration of an existing building. The presentation must note any significant changes in the work that will be done, or in its cost, since the appropriation for the project was enacted or from the predesign submittal. The program plans and estimates must be presented for review at least two weeks before a recommendation is needed. The recommendations are advisory only. Failure or refusal to make a recommendation is considered a negative recommendation.

(b) The chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Finance and Capital Investment Committees and, the house of representatives Capital Investment and Ways and Means Committees, and the house of representatives and senate budget committees or divisions with jurisdiction over the agency that will use the project must also be notified whenever there is a substantial change in a construction or major remodeling project, or in its cost. This notice must include the nature and reason for the change, and the anticipated cost of the change. The notice must be given no later than 10 days after signing a change order or other document authorizing a change in the project, or if there is not a change order or other document, no later than 10 days after the project owner becomes aware of a substantial change in the project or its cost.

(b) (c) Capital projects exempt from the requirements of this subdivision in paragraph (a) to seek recommendations before preparing final plans and specifications include demolition or decommissioning of state assets, hazardous material projects, utility infrastructure projects, environmental testing, parking lots, parking structures, park and ride facilities, bus rapid transit stations, light rail lines, passenger rail projects, exterior lighting, fencing, highway rest areas, truck stations, storage facilities not consisting primarily of offices or heated work areas, roads, bridges, trails, pathways, campgrounds, athletic fields, dams, floodwater retention systems, water access sites, harbors, sewer separation projects, water and wastewater facilities, port development projects for which the commissioner of transportation has entered into an assistance agreement under section 457A.04, ice centers, a local government project with a construction cost of less than \$1,500,000, or any other capital project with a construction cost of less than \$750,000. The requirements in paragraph (b) to give notice of changes applies to these projects.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16B.371, is amended to read:

16B.371 ASSISTANCE TO SMALL AGENCIES.

(a) The commissioner <u>may must</u> provide administrative support services to <u>a small</u> <u>agencies agency requesting these services</u>. To promote efficiency and cost-effective use of state resources, and to improve financial controls, the commissioner may require

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a small agency to receive administrative support services through the Department of
Administration or through another agency designated by the commissioner. Services
subject to this section include finance, accounting, payroll, purchasing, human resources,
and other services designated by the commissioner. The commissioner may determine
what constitutes a small agency for purposes of this section. The commissioner, in
consultation with the commissioner of management and budget and small agencies, shall
evaluate small agencies' needs for administrative support services. If the commissioner
provides administrative support services to a small agency, the commissioner must enter
into a service level agreement with the agency, specifying the services to be provided and
the costs and anticipated outcomes of the services.

- (b) The Chicano Latino Affairs Council, the Council on Black Minnesotans, the Council on Asian-Pacific Minnesotans, the Indian Affairs Council, and the Minnesota State Council on Disability must use the services specified in paragraph (a).
- (c) The commissioner of administration may assess agencies for services it provides under this section. The amounts assessed are appropriated to the commissioner.
- (d) For agencies covered in this section, the commissioner has the authority to require the agency to comply with applicable state finance, accounting, payroll, purchasing, and human resources policies. The agencies served retain the ownership and responsibility for spending decisions and for ongoing implementation of appropriate business operations.

Sec. 34. [16B.4805] ACCOMMODATION REIMBURSEMENT.

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Reasonable accommodation" as used in this section has the meaning given in section 363A.08.
- (b) "State agency" as used in this section has the meaning given in section 16A.011, subdivision 12.
- (c) "Reasonable accommodations eligible for reimbursement" as used in this section means:
 - (1) reasonable accommodations provided to applicants for employment;
- 49.28 (2) reasonable accommodations for employees for services that will need to be
 49.29 provided on a periodic or ongoing basis; or
 - (3) reasonable accommodations that involve onetime expenses that total more than \$1,000 for an employee in a fiscal year.
- 49.32 Subd. 2. Reimbursement for making reasonable accommodation. The

 49.33 commissioner of administration shall reimburse state agencies for expenses incurred in

 49.34 making reasonable accommodations eligible for reimbursement for agency employees and

Article 2 Sec. 34.

50.1	applicants for employment to the extent that funds are available in the accommodation
50.2	account established under subdivision 3 for this purpose.
50.3	Subd. 3. Accommodation account established. The accommodation account
50.4	is created as an account in the special revenue fund for reimbursing state agencies for
50.5	expenses incurred in providing reasonable accommodations eligible for reimbursement for
50.6	agency employees and applicants for agency employment.
50.7	Subd. 4. Administration costs. The commissioner may use up to 15 percent of the
50.8	biennial appropriation for administration of this section.
50.9	Subd. 5. Notification. By August 1, 2015, or within 30 days of final enactment,
50.10	whichever is later, and each year thereafter by June 30, the commissioner of administration
50.11	must notify state agencies that reimbursement for expenses incurred to make reasonable
50.12	accommodations eligible for reimbursement for agency employees and applicants for
50.13	agency employment is available under this section.
50.14	Subd. 6. Report. By January 31 of each year, the commissioner of administration
50.15	must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives
50.16	and the senate committees with jurisdiction over state government finance on the use of
50.17	the central accommodation fund during the prior calendar year. The report must include:
50.18	(1) the number and type of accommodations requested;
50.19	(2) the cost of accommodations requested;
50.20	(3) the state agencies from which the requests were made;
50.21	(4) the number of requests made for employees and the number of requests for
50.22	applicants for employment;
50.23	(5) the number and type of accommodations that were not provided;
50.24	(6) any remaining balance left in the fund;
50.25	(7) if the fund was depleted, the date on which funds were exhausted and the
50.26	number, type, and cost of accommodations that were not reimbursed to state agencies; and
50.27	(8) a description of how the fund was promoted to state agencies.
50.28	Subd. 7. Funding. The commissioner of management and budget must determine
50.29	the amount of money to be deposited in the accommodation account each fiscal year.
50.30	The commissioner must require each executive agency to make payments into the
50.31	account from amounts appropriated for agency operations. The commissioner must
50.32	implement policies and procedures to divide this amount among executive agencies. If
50.33	the commissioner determines that it is not practical for an agency to make payments
50.34	into a central account due to legal restrictions on use of the agency's appropriations,
50.35	the commissioner shall require the agency to set aside money within its own operating

51.1	funds, to be used only for purposes of this section. The amounts paid into the account are
51.2	appropriated to the commissioner of administration for purposes of this section.
51.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2015. Reimbursement is
51.4	available for accommodation expenses incurred after June 30, 2015.
51.5	Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16B.97, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
51.6	Subdivision 1. Grant agreement. (a) A grant agreement is a written instrument or
51.7	electronic document defining a legal relationship between a granting agency and a grantee
51.8	when the principal purpose of the relationship is to transfer cash or something of value
51.9	to the recipient to support a public purpose authorized by law instead of acquiring by
51.10	professional or technical contract, purchase, lease, or barter property or services for the
51.11	direct benefit or use of the granting agency.
51.12	(b) This section does not apply to capital project grants to political subdivisions as
51.13	defined by section 16A.86.
51.14	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16B.97, is amended by adding a subdivision
51.15	to read:
51.16	Subd. 6. Commerce grants. The office must monitor grants made by the
51.17	Department of Commerce.
51.18	Sec. 37. [16B.991] TERMINATION OF GRANT.
51.19	Each grant agreement subject to sections 16B.97 and 16B.98 must provide that the
51.20	agreement will immediately be terminated if:
51.21	(1) the recipient is convicted of a criminal offense relating to a state grant agreement;
51.22	<u>or</u>
51.23	(2) the agency entering into the grant agreement or the commissioner of
51.24	administration determines that the grant recipient is under investigation by a federal
51.25	agency, a state agency, or a local law enforcement agency for matters relating to
51.26	administration of a state grant.
51.27	Sec. 38. [16B.992] NO FEES FOR GENERAL FUND GRANT
51.28	ADMINISTRATION.
51.29	An agency may not charge a recipient of a grant from the general fund a fee and
51.30	may not deduct money from the grant to pay administrative expenses incurred by the
51.31	agency in administering the grant.

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Sec.	39.	Minnesota	Statutes	2014,	section	16C.03,	subdivis	ion 16	, is	amended	to	read

Subd. 16. **Delegation of duties.** (a) The commissioner may delegate duties imposed by this chapter to the head of an agency and to any subordinate of the agency head. At least once every three years the commissioner must audit use of authority under this chapter by each employee whom the commissioner has delegated duties.

- (b) The commissioner must develop guidelines for agencies and employees to whom authority is delegated under this chapter that protect state legal interests. These guidelines may provide for review by the commissioner when a specific contract has potential to put the state's legal interests at risk.
 - Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16C.16, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6a. **Veteran-owned small businesses.** (a) Except when mandated by the federal government as a condition of receiving federal funds, the commissioner shall award up to a six percent preference, but no less than the percentage awarded to any other group under this section, in the amount bid on state procurement to certified small businesses that are majority-owned and operated by veterans.
- (b) The purpose of this designation is to facilitate the transition of veterans from military to civilian life, and to help compensate veterans for their sacrifices, including but not limited to their sacrifice of health and time, to the state and nation during their military service, as well as to enhance economic development within Minnesota.
- (c) Before the commissioner certifies that a small business is majority-owned and operated by a veteran, the commissioner of veterans affairs must verify that the owner of the small business is a veteran, as defined in section 197.447.
- Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16C.19, is amended to read:

16C.19 ELIGIBILITY; RULES.

(a) A small business wishing to participate in the programs under section 16C.16, subdivisions 4 to 7, must be certified by the commissioner. The commissioner shall adopt by rule standards and procedures for certifying that small targeted group businesses, small businesses located in economically disadvantaged areas, and veteran-owned small businesses are eligible to participate under the requirements of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21. The commissioner shall adopt by rule standards and procedures for hearing appeals and grievances and other rules necessary to carry out the duties set forth in sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.

REVISOR

53.1	(b) The commissioner may make rules which exclude or limit the participation of
53.2	nonmanufacturing business, including third-party lessors, brokers, franchises, jobbers,
53.3	manufacturers' representatives, and others from eligibility under sections 16C.16 to 16C.21
53.4	(c) The commissioner may make rules that set time limits and other eligibility limits
53.5	on business participation in programs under sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.
53.6	(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (e) (a), for purposes of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21, a
53.7	veteran-owned small business, the principal place of business of which is in Minnesota,
53.8	is certified if:
53.9	(1) it has been verified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs as
53.10	being either a veteran-owned small business or a service-disabled veteran-owned small
53.11	business, in accordance with Public Law 109-461 and Code of Federal Regulations, title
53.12	38, part 74-; or
53.13	(2) the veteran-owned small business supplies the commissioner with proof that the
53.14	small business is majority-owned and operated by:
53.15	(i) a veteran as defined in section 197.447; or
53.16	(ii) a veteran with a service-connected disability, as determined at any time by the
53.17	United States Department of Veterans Affairs.
53.18	(e) Until rules are adopted pursuant to paragraph (a) for the purpose of certifying
53.19	veteran-owned small businesses, the provisions of Minnesota Rules, part 1230.1700, may
53.20	be read to include veteran-owned small businesses. In addition to the documentation
53.21	required in Minnesota Rules, part 1230.1700, the veteran owner must have been
53.22	discharged under honorable conditions from active service, as indicated by the veteran
53.23	owner's most current United States Department of Defense form DD-214.
53.24	(f) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for purposes of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21, a
53.25	minority- or woman-owned small business, the principal place of business of which is
53.26	in Minnesota, is certified if it has been certified by the Minnesota unified certification
53.27	program under the provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 26.
53.28	Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16E.01, is amended to read:
53.29	16E.01 OFFICE OF MN.IT SERVICES.
53.30	Subdivision 1. Creation; chief information officer. The Office of MN.IT Services,
53.31	referred to in this chapter as the "office," is an agency in the executive branch headed by
53.32	a commissioner, who also is the state chief information officer. The appointment of the
53.33	commissioner is subject to the advice and consent of the senate under section 15.066.
53.34	Subd. 1a. Responsibilities. The office shall provide oversight, leadership, and

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direction for information and telecommunications technology policy and the management,

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delivery, accessibility, and security of information and telecommunications technology systems and services in Minnesota the executive branch of state government. The office shall manage strategic investments in information and telecommunications technology systems and services to encourage the development of a technically literate society, to ensure sufficient access to and efficient delivery of accessible state government services, and to maximize benefits for the state government as an enterprise.

Subd. 2. **Discretionary powers.** The office may:

- (1) enter into contracts for goods or services with public or private organizations and charge fees for services it provides;
 - (2) apply for, receive, and expend money from public agencies;
- (3) apply for, accept, and disburse grants and other aids from the federal government and other public or private sources;
- (4) enter into contracts with agencies of the federal government, local governmental units, the University of Minnesota and other educational institutions, and private persons and other nongovernmental organizations as necessary to perform its statutory duties;
- (5) sponsor and conduct conferences and studies, collect and disseminate information, and issue reports relating to information and communications technology issues; and
- (6) review the technology infrastructure of regions of the state and cooperate with and make recommendations to the governor, legislature, state agencies, local governments, local technology development agencies, the federal government, private businesses, and individuals for the realization of information and communications technology infrastructure development potential;
- (7) sponsor, support, and facilitate innovative and collaborative economic and community development and government services projects, including technology initiatives related to culture and the arts, with public and private organizations; and
- (8) (6) review and recommend alternative sourcing strategies for state information and communications systems.

Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The office shall:

- (1) manage the efficient and effective use of available federal, state, local, and public-private resources to develop statewide information and telecommunications technology systems and services and its infrastructure;
- (2) approve state agency and intergovernmental information and telecommunications technology systems and services development efforts involving state or intergovernmental funding, including federal funding, provide information to the legislature regarding projects reviewed, and recommend projects for inclusion in the governor's budget under section 16A.11;

55.1	(3) ensure cooperation and collaboration among state and local governments in
55.2	developing intergovernmental information and telecommunications technology systems
55.3	and services, and define the structure and responsibilities of a representative governance
55.4	structure;
55.5	(4) cooperate and collaborate with the legislative and judicial branches in the
55.6	development of information and communications systems in those branches;
55.7	(5) continue the development of North Star, the state's official comprehensive online
55.8	service and information initiative;
55.9	(6) promote and collaborate with the state's agencies in the state's transition to an
55.10	effectively competitive telecommunications market;
55.11	(7) collaborate with entities carrying out education and lifelong learning initiatives
55.12	to assist Minnesotans in developing technical literacy and obtaining access to ongoing
55.13	learning resources;
55.14	(8) (7) promote and coordinate public information access and network initiatives,
55.15	consistent with chapter 13, to connect Minnesota's citizens and communities to each
55.16	other, to their governments, and to the world;
55.17	(9) (8) promote and coordinate electronic commerce initiatives to ensure that
55.18	Minnesota businesses and citizens can successfully compete in the global economy;
55.19	(10) (9) manage and promote the regular and periodic reinvestment in the information
55.20	and telecommunications technology systems and services infrastructure so that state and
55.21	local government agencies can effectively and efficiently serve their customers;
55.22	(11) (10) facilitate the cooperative development of and ensure compliance with
55.23	standards and policies for information and telecommunications technology systems
55.24	and services, electronic data practices and privacy, and electronic commerce among
55.25	international, national, state, and local public and private organizations;
55.26	(12) (11) eliminate unnecessary duplication of existing information and
55.27	telecommunications technology systems and services provided by state agencies;
55.28	(13) (12) identify, sponsor, develop, and execute shared information and
55.29	telecommunications technology projects and ongoing operations;
55.30	(14) (13) ensure overall security of the state's information and technology systems
55.31	and services; and
55.32	(15) (14) manage and direct compliance with accessibility standards for informational
55.33	technology, including hardware, software, Web sites, online forms, and online surveys.
55.34	(b) The chief information officer, in consultation with the commissioner of
55.35	management and budget, must determine when it is cost-effective for agencies to develop

and use shared information and telecommunications technology systems and services for

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the delivery of electronic government services. The chief information officer may require agencies to use shared information and telecommunications technology systems and services. The chief information officer shall establish reimbursement rates in cooperation with the commissioner of management and budget to be billed to agencies and other governmental entities sufficient to cover the actual development, operating, maintenance, and administrative costs of the shared systems. The methodology for billing may include the use of interagency agreements, or other means as allowed by law.

- (c) A state agency that has an information and telecommunications technology project with a total expected project cost of more than \$1,000,000 \$100,000, whether funded as part of the biennial budget or by any other means, shall register with the office by submitting basic project startup documentation, as specified by the chief information officer in both format and content, before any project funding is requested or committed and before the project commences. State agency project leaders must demonstrate that the project will be properly managed, provide updates to the project documentation as changes are proposed, and regularly report on the current status of the project on a schedule agreed to with the chief information officer.
- (d) The chief information officer shall monitor progress on any active information and telecommunications technology project with a total expected project cost of more than \$5,000,000 and report on the performance of the project in comparison with the plans for the project in terms of time, scope, and budget. The chief information officer may conduct an independent project audit of the project. The audit analysis and evaluation of the projects subject to paragraph (c) must be presented to agency executive sponsors, the project governance bodies, and the chief information officer. All reports and responses must become part of the project record. The chief information officer must prepare a monthly progress report for each active information and telecommunications technology project over \$1,000,000. The report must be provided to the technology advisory council and must be available on the office's Web site.
- (e) For any active information and telecommunications technology project with a total expected project cost of more than \$10,000,000, the state agency must perform an annual independent audit that conforms to published project audit principles promulgated by the office.
- (f) The chief information officer shall report by January 15 of each year to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the office regarding projects the office has reviewed under paragraph (a), clause (13). The report must include the reasons for the determinations made in the review of each project and a description of its current status.

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Subd. 4. Limits. The office may not enter into any new general or project contracts
or other agreements to provide services to political subdivisions. The office may continue
to collaborate with and enter into agreements with local subdivisions to create information
technology infrastructure, provide connectivity, coordinate government-to-government
communications, and provide security support. This subdivision does not prevent political
subdivisions from purchasing goods or services from outside vendors through state
contracts, and does not prevent political subdivisions from accessing geospatial data
maintained by the office.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2015. The office may not
enter into a new contract or other agreement or renew an existing contract or agreement
to provide services to political subdivisions in a manner prohibited by subdivision 4 on

enter into a new contract or other agreement or renew an existing contract or agreement to provide services to political subdivisions in a manner prohibited by subdivision 4 on or after July 1, 2015. The office must end existing contracts and agreements to provide services prohibited by subdivision 4 as soon as this can be done without the office incurring legal liability, and as soon as affected political subdivisions are able to find other sources to provide the services provided by the office.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16E.016, is amended to read:

16E.016 RESPONSIBILITY FOR INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES AND EQUIPMENT.

- (a) The chief information officer is responsible for providing or entering into managed services contracts for the provision, improvement, and development of the following information technology systems and services to state agencies:
- 57.22 (1) state data centers;
- 57.23 (2) mainframes including system software;
- 57.24 (3) servers including system software;
- 57.25 (4) desktops including system software;
- 57.26 (5) laptop computers including system software;
- 57.27 (6) a data network including system software;
- 57.28 (7) database, electronic mail, office systems, reporting, and other standard software tools;
- 57.30 (8) business application software and related technical support services;
- 57.31 (9) help desk for the components listed in clauses (1) to (8);
- 57.32 (10) maintenance, problem resolution, and break-fix for the components listed in clauses (1) to (8);

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(11) regular upgrades and replacement for the components listed in clauses (1) to (8); and

- (12) network-connected output devices.
- (b) All state agency employees whose work primarily involves functions specified in paragraph (a) are employees of the Office of MN.IT Services. This includes employees who directly perform the functions in paragraph (a), as well as employees whose work primarily involves managing, supervising, or providing administrative services or support services to employees who directly perform these functions. The chief information officer may assign employees of the office to perform work exclusively for another state agency.
- (c) Subject to sections 16C.08 and 16C.09, the chief information officer may allow a state agency to obtain services specified in paragraph (a) through a contract with an outside vendor when the chief information officer and the agency head agree that a contract would provide best value, as defined in section 16C.02, under the service-level agreement. A state agency must enter into a service-level agreement with the chief information officer for provision of services specified in paragraph (a), or must obtain some or all of these services through an outside vendor. Before entering into a service-level agreement or outside vendor contract, an agency must solicit proposals from the office and from at least one outside vendor. If the cost of the proposal from the office is more than six percent higher than the cost of a proposal from an outside vendor, the agency may enter into a contract with an outside vendor, notwithstanding sections 16C.08, subdivision 2, clause (1); 16C.09, paragraph (a), clause (1); and 43A.047. The chief information officer must require that agency contracts with outside vendors ensure that systems and services are compatible with standards established by the Office of MN.IT Services. The standards may include analysis of differences in future cost uncertainties, compliance with security requirements, compliance with hardware and service standards common in other state offices, ability to comply with legal, accessibility, and transparency requirements, and compliance with quality standards common to other state offices. The term of a service-level agreement or a contract under this paragraph is subject to the limits in section 16C.06, subdivision 3b. However, the chief information officer may provide that the term of the first agreement or contract entered into after the effective date of this section may be longer, as the chief information officer determines is necessary to establish a system under which agency agreements and contracts will expire according to a staggered schedule. A service-level agreement or contract may not be for a term of more than six years. A contract longer than four years must be followed by a contract of less than four years.

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(d) The chief information officer may authorize a state agency office located outside
of the seven-county metropolitan area to solicit proposals from MN.IT services and from
an outside vendor separately from the rest of the agency.

- (e) An agency may not enter into a contract for information technology systems or services of more than \$100,000 with an outside vendor without approval of the chief information officer.
- (f) The Minnesota State Retirement System, the Public Employees Retirement Association, the Teachers Retirement Association, the State Board of Investment, the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board, the State Lottery, and the Statewide Radio Board are not state agencies for purposes of this section.
- Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16E.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of chapter 16E, the following terms have the meanings given them.
- (a) "Information and telecommunications technology systems and services" means all computing and telecommunications hardware and software, the activities undertaken to secure that hardware and software, and the activities undertaken to acquire, transport, process, analyze, store, and disseminate information electronically. "Information and telecommunications technology systems and services" includes all proposed expenditures for computing and telecommunications hardware and software, security for that hardware and software, and related consulting or other professional services.
- (b) "Information and telecommunications technology project" means an effort to acquire or produce information and telecommunications technology systems and services.
- (c) "Telecommunications" means voice, video, and data electronic transmissions transported by wire, wireless, fiber-optic, radio, or other available transport technology.
- (d) "Cyber security" means the protection of data and systems in networks connected to the Internet.
- (e) "State agency" means an agency in the executive branch of state government and includes the Minnesota Office of Higher Education, but does not include the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities unless specifically provided elsewhere in this chapter.

 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, "state agency" includes any agency in the executive branch that operates information technology relating to eligibility for state programs.
- (f) "Total expected project cost" includes direct staff costs, all supplemental contract staff and vendor costs, and costs of hardware and software development or purchase.

Breaking a project into several phases does not affect the cost threshold, which must be

computed based on the full cost of all phases.

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60.3	Sec. 45. [16E.034] ANNUAL REPORT ON IT SPENDING.
60.4	(a) The chief information officer, in consultation with the commissioner of
60.5	management and budget, must report by September 1 each year on:
60.6	(1) total state agency spending on information technology in the prior fiscal year, and
60.7	planned state agency spending on information technology in the current fiscal year; and
60.8	(2) individual state agency spending on information technology in the prior fiscal
60.9	year, and planned spending on information technology in the current fiscal year.
60.10	(b) The report in paragraph (a) on total state agency and individual agency spending
60.11	and proposed spending must show amounts spent and anticipated to be spent in each of
60.12	the following categories:
60.13	(1) new technology projects, or enhancement of existing projects, of more than
60.14	<u>\$100,000;</u>
60.15	(2) business as usual and minor enhancements; and
60.16	(3) infrastructure and operations.
60.17	(c) The information reported on infrastructure and operations in paragraph (b),
60.18	clause (3), must be further divided, by agency, into the following categories:
60.19	(1) servers;
60.20	(2) messaging and collaboration;
60.21	(3) mainframe;
60.22	(4) storage;
60.23	(5) database, including administration;
60.24	(6) technical support;
60.25	(7) information security;
60.26	(8) directory administration;
60.27	(9) architecture;
60.28	(10) monitoring; and
60.29	(11) change management.
60.30	Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16E.0465, is amended to read:
60.31	16E.0465 TECHNOLOGY APPROVAL.
60.32	Subdivision 1. Application. This section applies to an appropriation of more than
60.33	\$1,000,000 \$100,000 of state or federal funds to a state agency for any information and
60.34	telecommunications technology project or for any phase of such a project, device, or

61.1	system. For purposes of this section, an appropriation of state or federal funds to a state
61.2	agency includes an appropriation:
61.3	(1) to a constitutional officer;
61.4	(2) for a project that includes both a state agency and units of local government; and
61.5	(3) to a state agency for grants to be made to other entities.
61.6	Subd. 2. Required review and approval. (a) A state agency receiving an
61.7	appropriation of more than \$500,000 for an information and telecommunications
61.8	technology project subject to this section must divide the project into phases.
61.9	(b) The commissioner of management and budget may not authorize the
61.10	encumbrance or expenditure of an appropriation of state funds to a state agency for any:
61.11	(1) a project if the project is subject to this section, but not divided into phases; or
61.12	(2) a phase of a project, device, or system subject to this section, unless the Office of
61.13	MN.IT Services has reviewed the project or each phase of the project, device, or system,
61.14	and based on this review, the chief information officer has determined for each project
61.15	or phase that:
61.16	(1) (i) the project is compatible with the state information architecture and other
61.17	policies and standards established by the chief information officer;
61.18	(2) (ii) the agency is able to accomplish the goals of the phase of the project with the
61.19	funds appropriated; and
61.20	(3) (iii) the project supports the enterprise information technology strategy.
61.21	Subd. 4. Monitor progress. The chief information officer shall monitor progress on
61.22	any active information and telecommunications technology project with a total expected
61.23	project cost of more than \$5,000,000 and report on the performance of the project in
61.24	comparison with the plans for the project in terms of time, scope, and budget. The chief
61.25	information officer may conduct an independent project audit of the project. The audit
61.26	analysis and evaluation of the projects must be presented to agency executive sponsors,
61.27	the project governance bodies, and the chief information officer. All reports and responses
61.28	must become part of the project record.
61.29	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16E.14, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Reimbursements.** Except as specifically provided otherwise by law, each agency shall reimburse the MN.IT services revolving fund for the cost of all services, supplies, materials, labor, employee development and training, and depreciation of equipment, including reasonable overhead costs, which the chief information officer is authorized and directed to furnish an agency. The chief information officer shall report the rates to be charged for the revolving fund no later than July 1 each year to the chair of the

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committee or division in the senate and house of representatives with primary jurisdiction over the budget of the Office of MN.IT Services.

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Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16E.145, is amended to read:

16E.145 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY APPROPRIATION.

An appropriation of more than \$100,000 for a state agency information and telecommunications technology project must be made to the chief information officer. The chief information officer must manage and disburse the appropriation on behalf of the sponsoring state agency. Any appropriation for an information and telecommunications technology project made to a state agency other than the Office of MN.IT Services is transferred to the chief information officer.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16E.19, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. **Data storage.** The chief information officer must establish criteria for storage of state agency data outside of data centers operated by the chief information officer. These criteria must include thresholds for when requests of outside data storage must be approved by the chief information officer.

Sec. 50. [43A.035] LIMIT ON NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES.

The total number of full-time equivalent employees employed in all executive branch agencies may not exceed 35,927. The commissioner of management and budget may forbid an executive agency from hiring a new employee or from filling a vacancy as the commissioner determines is necessary to ensure compliance with this section. Any reductions in staff should prioritize protecting client-facing health care workers, corrections officers, public safety workers, and mental health workers. As a means of achieving compliance with this requirement, the commissioner may authorize an agency to provide an early retirement incentive to an executive branch employee, under which the state will continue to make the employer contribution for health insurance after the employee has terminated state service. The commissioner must prescribe eligibility requirements and the maximum duration of the payments. For purposes of this section, an "executive agency" does not include the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities or statewide pension plans.

Sec. 51. [138.912] HEALTHY EATING, HERE AT HOME.

Article 2 Sec. 51.

63.1	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The healthy eating, here at home program is
63.2	established to provide incentives for low-income Minnesotans to use federal Supplemental
63.3	Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits for healthy purchases at Minnesota-based
63.4	farmers' markets.
63.5	Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.
63.6	(b) "Healthy eating, here at home" means a program administered by the Minnesota
63.7	Humanities Center to provide incentives for low-income Minnesotans to use SNAP
63.8	benefits for healthy purchases at Minnesota-based farmers' markets.
63.9	(c) "Healthy purchases" means SNAP-eligible foods.
63.10	(d) "Minnesota-based farmers' market" means a physical market as defined in section
63.11	28A.151, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), and also includes mobile markets.
63.12	(e) "Voucher" means a physical or electronic credit.
63.13	(f) "Eligible household" means an individual or family that is determined to be a
63.14	recipient of SNAP.
63.15	Subd. 3. Grants. The Minnesota Humanities Center shall allocate grant funds to
63.16	nonprofit organizations that work with Minnesota-based farmers' markets to provide up
63.17	to \$10 vouchers to SNAP participants who use electronic benefits transfer (EBT) cards
63.18	for healthy purchases. Funds may also be provided for vouchers distributed through
63.19	nonprofit organizations engaged in healthy cooking and food education outreach to
63.20	eligible households for use at farmers' markets. Funds appropriated under this section may
63.21	not be used for healthy cooking classes or food education outreach. When awarding
63.22	grants, the Minnesota Humanities Center must consider how the nonprofit organizations
63.23	will achieve geographic balance, including specific efforts to reach eligible households
63.24	across the state, and the organizations' capacity to manage the programming and outreach.
63.25	Subd. 4. Household eligibility; participation. To be eligible for a healthy eating,
63.26	here at home voucher, an eligible household must meet the Minnesota SNAP eligibility
63.27	requirements under section 256D.051.
63.28	Subd. 5. Permissible uses; information provided. An eligible household may use
63.29	the voucher toward healthy purchases at Minnesota-based farmers' markets. Every eligible
63.30	household that receives a voucher must be informed of the allowable uses of the voucher.
63.31	Subd. 6. Program reporting. The nonprofit organizations that receive grant funds
63.32	must report annually to the Minnesota Humanities Center with information regarding the
63.33	operation of the program, including the number of vouchers issued and the number of
63.34	people served. To the extent practicable, the nonprofit organizations must report on the
63.35	usage of the vouchers and evaluate the program's effectiveness.

64.1	Subd. 7. Grocery inclusion. The commissioner of human services must submit a
64.2	waiver request to the federal United States Department of Agriculture seeking approval
64.3	for the inclusion of Minnesota grocery stores in this program so that SNAP participants
64.4	may use the vouchers for healthy produce at grocery stores. Grocery store participation is
64.5	voluntary and a grocery store's associated administrative costs will not be reimbursed.
64.6	Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 148.57, is amended by adding a subdivision
64.7	to read:
64.8	Subd. 5. Expedited and temporary licensing for former and current members
64.9	of the military. (a) Applicants seeking licensure according to this subdivision must be:
64.10	(1) an active duty military member;
64.11	(2) the spouse of an active duty military member; or
64.12	(3) a veteran who has left service in the two years preceding the date of license
64.13	application, and has confirmation of an honorable or general discharge status.
64.14	(b) A qualified applicant under this subdivision must provide evidence of:
64.15	(1) a current valid license, certificate, or permit in another state without history of
64.16	disciplinary action by a regulatory authority in the other state; and
64.17	(2) a current criminal background study without a criminal conviction that is
64.18	determined by the board to adversely affect the applicant's ability to become licensed.
64.19	(c) A temporary license issued under this subdivision is effective for six months
64.20	from the initial temporary licensure date.
64.21	(d) During the temporary license period, the individual shall complete the licensed
64.22	optometrist application for licensure.
64.23	(e) In order to remain licensed after the expiration of the temporary license, an
64.24	individual must meet the requirements in section 148.57, subdivisions 1 and 2.
64.25	Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 148.624, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
64.26	Subd. 5. Expedited and temporary licensing for former and current members
64.27	of the military permit. The board shall issue a temporary permit to members of the
64.28	military in accordance with section 197.4552. (a) Applicants seeking licensure according
64.29	to this subdivision must be:
64.30	(1) an active duty military member;
64.31	(2) the spouse of an active duty military member; or
64.32	(3) a veteran who has left service in the two years preceding the date of license
64.33	application, and has confirmation of an honorable or general discharge status.
64.34	(b) A qualified applicant under this subdivision must provide evidence of:

65.1	(1) a current valid license in another state without history of disciplinary action by a
65.2	regulatory authority in the other state; and
65.3	(2) a current criminal background study without a criminal conviction that is
65.4	determined by the board to adversely affect the applicant's ability to become licensed.
65.5	(c) A temporary license issued under this subdivision is effective for six months
65.6	from the initial temporary licensure date.
65.7	(d) During the temporary license period, the individual shall complete the licensed
65.8	dietitian or nutritionist application for licensure.
65.9	(e) In order to remain licensed after the expiration of the temporary license, an
65.10	individual must meet the full licensure requirements.
65.11	(f) The fee for the temporary permit license is \$250.
65.12	Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 148B.33, is amended by adding a
65.13	subdivision to read:
65.14	Subd. 3. Expedited and temporary licensing for former and current members
65.15	of the military. (a) Applicants seeking licensure according to this subdivision must be:
65.16	(1) an active duty military member;
65.17	(2) the spouse of an active duty military member; or
65.18	(3) a veteran who has left service in the two years preceding the date of license
65.19	application, and has confirmation of an honorable or general discharge status.
65.20	(b) A qualified applicant under this subdivision must provide evidence of:
65.21	(1) a current valid license, certificate, or permit in another state without history of
65.22	disciplinary action by a regulatory authority in the other state; and
65.23	(2) a current criminal background study without a criminal conviction that is
65.24	determined by the board to adversely affect the applicant's ability to become licensed.
65.25	(c) A temporary license issued under this subdivision is effective for six months
65.26	from the initial temporary licensure date.
65.27	(d) During the temporary license period, the individual shall complete the licensed
65.28	marriage and family therapist application for licensure.
65.29	(e) In order to remain licensed after the expiration of the temporary license, an
65.30	individual must meet the requirements in subdivisions 1 and 2.
65.31	Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 148B.53, is amended by adding a
65.32	subdivision to read:
65.33	Subd. 1a. Expedited and temporary licensing for former and current members
65.34	of the military. (a) Applicants seeking licensure according to this subdivision must be:

66.1	(1) an active duty military member;
66.2	(2) the spouse of an active duty military member; or
66.3	(3) a veteran who has left service in the two years preceding the date of license
66.4	application, and has confirmation of an honorable or general discharge status.
66.5	(b) A qualified applicant under this subdivision must provide evidence of:
66.6	(1) a current valid license, certificate, or permit in another state without history of
66.7	disciplinary action by a regulatory authority in the other state; and
66.8	(2) a current criminal background study without a criminal conviction that is
66.9	determined by the board to adversely affect the applicant's ability to become licensed.
66.10	(c) A temporary license issued under this subdivision is effective for one year from
66.11	the initial licensure date.
66.12	(d) During the temporary license period, the individual shall complete the licensed
66.13	professional counselor application for licensure.
66.14	(e) In order to remain licensed after the expiration of the temporary license, an
66.15	individual must meet the requirements in subdivision 1, paragraphs (a) and (b).
66.16	Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 148B.5301, is amended by adding a
66.17	subdivision to read:
66.18	Subd. 4a. Expedited and temporary licensing for former and current members
66.19	of the military. (a) Applicants seeking licensure according to this subdivision must be:
66.20	(1) an active duty military member;
66.21	(2) the spouse of an active duty military member; or
66.22	(3) a veteran who has left service in the two years preceding the date of license
66.23	application, and has confirmation of an honorable or general discharge status.
66.24	(b) A qualified applicant under paragraph (a) must provide evidence of:
66.25	(1) a current valid license, certificate, or permit in another state without history of
66.26	disciplinary action by a regulatory authority in the other state; and
66.27	(2) a current criminal background study without a criminal conviction that is
66.28	determined by the board to adversely affect the applicant's ability to become licensed.
66.29	(c) A temporary license issued under this subdivision is effective for one year from
66.30	the initial licensure date.
66.31	(d) During the temporary license period, the individual shall complete the licensed
66.32	professional clinical counselor application for licensure.
66.33	(e) In order to remain licensed after the expiration of the temporary license, an
66.34	individual must meet the requirements in subdivisions 1 and 2.

67.1	Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 148F.025, is amended by adding a
67.2	subdivision to read:
67.3	Subd. 5. Expedited and temporary licensing for former and current members
67.4	of the military. (a) Applicants seeking licensure according to this subdivision must be:
67.5	(1) an active duty military member;
67.6	(2) the spouse of an active duty military member; or
67.7	(3) a veteran who has left service in the two years preceding the date of license
67.8	application, and has confirmation of an honorable or general discharge status.
67.9	(b) Applicants are required to comply with subdivisions 1 and 4.
67.10	(c) A qualified applicant under paragraph (a) must provide evidence of:
67.11	(1) a current valid license, certificate, or permit in another state without history of
67.12	disciplinary action by a regulatory authority in the other state; and
67.13	(2) a current criminal background study without a criminal conviction that is
67.14	determined by the board to adversely affect the applicant's ability to become licensed.
67.15	(d) A temporary license issued under this subdivision is effective for two years from
67.16	the initial licensure date.
67.17	(e) During the temporary license period, the individual shall complete the application
67.18	for licensure required in subdivision 1.
67.19	(f) In order to remain licensed after the expiration of the temporary license, an
67.20	individual must meet the requirements in subdivisions 2 and 3.
67.21	Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 153.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
67.22	Subdivision 1. License requirements. The board shall issue a license to practice
67.23	podiatric medicine to a person who meets the following requirements:
67.24	(a) The applicant for a license shall file a written notarized application on forms
67.25	provided by the board, showing to the board's satisfaction that the applicant is of good
67.26	moral character and satisfies the requirements of this section.
67.27	(b) The applicant shall present evidence satisfactory to the board of being a graduate
67.28	of a podiatric medical school approved by the board based upon its faculty, curriculum,
67.29	facilities, accreditation by a recognized national accrediting organization approved by the
67.30	board, and other relevant factors.
67.31	(c) The applicant must have received a passing score on each part of the national board
67.32	examinations, parts one and two, prepared and graded by the National Board of Podiatric
67.33	Medical Examiners. The passing score for each part of the national board examinations,
67.34	parts one and two, is as defined by the National Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners.

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(d) Applicants graduating after 1986 from a podiatric medical school shall present
evidence of successful completion of a residency program approved by a national
accrediting podiatric medicine organization.

- (e) The applicant shall appear in person before the board or its designated representative to show that the applicant satisfies the requirements of this section, including knowledge of laws, rules, and ethics pertaining to the practice of podiatric medicine. The board may establish as internal operating procedures the procedures or requirements for the applicant's personal presentation. <u>Upon completion of all other application requirements</u>, a doctor of podiatric medicine applying for a temporary military license has six months in which to comply with this subdivision.
- (f) The applicant shall pay a fee established by the board by rule. The fee shall not be refunded.
- (g) The applicant must not have engaged in conduct warranting disciplinary action against a licensee. If the applicant does not satisfy the requirements of this paragraph, the board may refuse to issue a license unless it determines that the public will be protected through issuance of a license with conditions and limitations the board considers appropriate.
- (h) Upon payment of a fee as the board may require, an applicant who fails to pass an examination and is refused a license is entitled to reexamination within one year of the board's refusal to issue the license. No more than two reexaminations are allowed without a new application for a license.
- Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 153.16, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. **Temporary military permit** <u>license</u>. The board shall establish a temporary permit in accordance with section 197.4552. The fee for the temporary military permit is \$250. (a) The board shall issue an expedited license to practice podiatric medicine to an applicant who meets the following requirements:
 - (1) is an active duty military member;
 - (2) is the spouse of an active duty military member; or
 - (3) is a veteran who has left service in the two years preceding the date of license application, and has confirmation of an honorable or general discharge status.
 - (b) A qualified applicant under this subdivision must provide evidence of:
- 68.32 (1) a current, valid license in another state without history of disciplinary action by a regulatory authority in the other state; and
- 68.34 (2) a current criminal background study without a criminal conviction that is
 determined by the board to adversely affect the applicant's ability to become licensed.

59.1	(c) The board shall issue a license for up to six months to a doctor of podiatric
59.2	medicine eligible for licensure under this subdivision. Doctors of podiatric medicine
59.3	licensed in another state who have complied with all other requirements may receive a
59.4	temporary license valid for up to six months. No extension is available.
69.5	(d) A temporary license issued under this subdivision permits a qualified individual
69.6	to perform podiatric medicine for a limited length of time as determined by the licensing
69.7	board. During the temporary license period, the individual shall complete the full
69.8	application procedure and be approved as required by applicable law.
59.9	(e) The fee for the temporary military license is \$250.
59.10	Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.003, is amended to read:
59.11	154.003 FEES.
59.12	(a) The fees collected, as required in this chapter, chapter 214, and the rules of the
69.13	board, shall be paid to the board. The board shall deposit the fees in the general fund
69.14	in the state treasury.
59.15	(b) The board shall charge the following fees:
69.16	(1) examination and certificate, registered barber, \$85;
69.17	(2) retake of written examination, registered barber, \$10;
69.18	(3) examination and certificate, apprentice, \$80;
69.19	(4) retake of written examination, apprentice, \$10;
59.20	(5) examination, instructor, \$180;
59.21	(6) certificate, instructor, \$65;
59.22	(7) temporary teacher or apprentice permit, \$80;
59.23	(8) temporary registered barber, military, \$85;
69.24	(9) temporary barber instructor, military, \$180;
69.25	(10) temporary apprentice barber, military, \$80;
59.26	(11) renewal of registration, registered barber, \$80;
59.27	(9) (12) renewal of registration, apprentice, \$70;
59.28	(10) (13) renewal of registration, instructor, \$80;
59.29	(11) (14) renewal of temporary teacher permit, \$65;
59.30	(12) (15) student permit, \$45;
59.31	(13) (16) renewal of student permit, \$25;
69.32	(14) (17) initial shop registration, \$85;
59.33	(15) (18) initial school registration, \$1,030;
69.34	(16) (19) renewal shop registration, \$85;
59.35	(17) (20) renewal school registration, \$280;

70.1	(18) (21) restoration of registered barber registration, \$95;
70.2	(19) (22) restoration of apprentice registration, \$90;
70.3	(20) (23) restoration of shop registration, \$105;
70.4	(21) (24) change of ownership or location, \$55;
70.5	(22) (25) duplicate registration, \$40;
70.6	(23) (26) home study course, \$75;
70.7	(24) (27) letter of registration verification, \$25; and
70.8	(25) (28) reinspection, \$100.
70.9	Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.11, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
70.10	Subd. 3. Temporary military license permits. (a) In accordance with section
70.11	197.4552, the board shall establish issue a temporary license:
70.12	(1) permit for apprentice barbers and master;
70.13	(2) certificate for registered barbers; and a temporary permit for apprentices in
70.14	accordance with section 197.4552. The fee for a temporary license under this subdivision
70.15	for a master barber is \$85. The fee for a temporary license under this subdivision for a
70.16	barber is \$180. The fee for a temporary permit under this subdivision for an apprentice is
70.17	\$80.
70.18	(3) certificate for registered barber instructors.
70.19	(b) Fees for temporary military permits and certificates of registration under this
70.20	subdivision are listed under section 154.003.
70.21	(c) Permits or certificates of registration issued under this subdivision are valid
70.22	for one year from the date of issuance, after which the individual must complete a full
70.23	application as required by section 197.4552.
70.24	Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 190.19, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
70.25	Subd. 2a. Uses; veterans. (a) Money appropriated to the Department of Veterans
70.26	Affairs from the Minnesota "Support Our Troops" account may be used for:
70.27	(1) grants to veterans service organizations;
70.28	(2) outreach to underserved veterans;
70.29	(3) providing services and programs for veterans and their families; and
70.30	(4) transfers to the vehicle services account for Gold Star license plates under
70.31	section 168.1253-;
70.32	(5) grants of up to \$100,000 to any organization approved by the commissioner of
70.33	veterans affairs for the purpose of supporting and improving the lives of veterans and
70.34	their families; and

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71.1	(6) grants to an eligible foundation.					

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "eligible foundation" includes any organization that:

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- (1) is a tax-exempt organization under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue 71.4 Code; and 71.5
 - (2) is a nonprofit corporation under chapter 317A and the organization's articles of incorporation specify that a purpose of the organization includes (i) providing assistance to veterans and their families or (ii) enhancing the lives of veterans and their families.

Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 192.38, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Temporary emergency relief.** If any officer or enlisted member of the military forces is wounded or otherwise disabled, dies from disease contracted or injuries received, or is killed while in state active service as defined in section 190.05, subdivision 5a, the officer or member, or in the case of death the officer's or member's dependent spouse, child, or parent, may be provided with immediate temporary relief as necessary in cases of severe hardship, in an amount to be determined by the adjutant general and approved by the governor or a death gratuity payment equal to the amount allowed for service members in a federal active service status. All payments under this subdivision shall be made from appropriations for the maintenance of the state military forces emergency services. The adjutant general shall notify the Department of Management and Budget of any payments made pursuant to this subdivision and the amount of it shall be subtracted from any award made by the Department of Management and Budget.

71.22 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 192.501, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 71.23

- Subd. 1d. Reclassification bonus program. (a) The adjutant general may establish a program to provide a bonus to eligible members of the Minnesota National Guard who complete training that results in the award of a new military occupational specialty or air force specialty code in specialties that are identified by the Adjutant General to be necessary for the enhanced readiness of the Minnesota National Guard.
 - (b) Eligibility for the bonus is limited to a member of the National Guard who:
- (1) is serving satisfactorily as determined by the adjutant general;
- (2) has 16 or fewer years of service creditable for retirement; and 71.31
- (3) undergoes military training deemed by the adjutant general as sufficiently 71.32 71.33 important to the readiness of the National Guard or a unit of the National Guard to warrant the payment of a bonus in an amount to generally encourage the member's participation in 71.34

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such training. The adjutant general may, within the limitations of this paragraph and other applicable laws, determine additional eligibility criteria for the bonus, and must specify all of the criteria in regulations and publish changes as necessary.

- (c) The bonus payments must be made on a schedule that is determined and published in department regulations by the adjutant general.
- (d) If a member fails to complete a term of reenlistment or an obligated term of commissioned service for which a bonus was paid, the adjutant general may seek to recoup a prorated amount of the bonus as determined by the adjutant general.
 - Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 197.46, is amended to read:

197.46 VETERANS PREFERENCE ACT; REMOVAL FORBIDDEN; RIGHT OF MANDAMUS.

- (a) Any person whose rights may be in any way prejudiced contrary to any of the provisions of this section, shall be entitled to a writ of mandamus to remedy the wrong. No person holding a position by appointment or employment in the several counties, cities, towns, school districts and all other political subdivisions in the state, who is a veteran separated from the military service under honorable conditions, shall be removed from such position or employment except for incompetency or misconduct shown after a hearing, upon due notice, upon stated charges, in writing.
- (b) Any veteran who has been notified of the intent to discharge the veteran from an appointed position or employment pursuant to this section shall be notified in writing of such intent to discharge and of the veteran's right to request a hearing within 60 days of receipt of the notice of intent to discharge. The failure of a veteran to request a hearing within the provided 60-day period shall constitute a waiver of the right to a hearing. Such failure shall also waive all other available legal remedies for reinstatement.

Request for a hearing concerning such a discharge shall be made in writing and submitted by mail or personal service to the employment office of the concerned employer or other appropriate office or person. If the veteran requests a hearing under this section, such written request must also contain the veteran's election to be heard by a civil service board or commission, a merit authority, or a three-person panel as defined in paragraph (c). If the veteran fails to identify the veteran's election, the governmental subdivision may select the hearing body.

In all governmental subdivisions having an established civil service board or commission, or merit system authority, such hearing for removal or discharge shall be held before such civil service board or commission or merit system authority. Where no such civil service board or commission or merit system authority exists, such hearing

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shall be held by (c) Hearings under this section shall be held by a civil service board or commission, a merit system authority, or a board of three persons appointed as follows: one by the governmental subdivision, one by the veteran, and the third by the two so selected. In the event that all governmental subdivisions having an established civil service board or commission or merit system authority, the veteran shall elect which body will hold the hearing. If the hearing is authorized to be veteran chooses to have the hearing held before a three-person board, the governmental subdivision's notice of intent to discharge shall state that the veteran must respond within 60 days of receipt of the notice of intent to discharge, and provide in writing to the governmental subdivision the name, United States mailing address, and telephone number of the veteran's selected representative for the three-person board. The failure of a veteran to submit the name, address, and telephone number of the veteran's selected representative to the governmental subdivision by mail or by personal service within the provided notice's 60-day period, shall constitute a waiver of the veteran's right to the hearing and all other legal remedies available for reinstatement of the veteran's employment position. In the event the two persons selected by the veteran and governmental subdivision do not appoint the third person within ten days after the appointment of the last of the two, then the judge of the district court of the county wherein the proceeding is pending, or if there be more than one judge in said county then any judge in chambers, shall have jurisdiction to appoint, and upon application of either or both of the two so selected shall appoint, the third person to the board and the person so appointed by the judge with the two first selected shall constitute the board.

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(d) Either the veteran or the governmental subdivision may appeal from the decision of the board upon the charges to the district court by causing written notice of appeal, stating the grounds thereof, to be served upon the other party within 15 days after notice of the decision and by filing the original notice of appeal with proof of service thereof in the office of the court administrator of the district court within ten days after service thereof. Nothing in section 197.455 or this section shall be construed to apply to the position of private secretary, superintendent of schools, or one chief deputy of any elected official or head of a department, or to any person holding a strictly confidential relation to the appointing officer. Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to the position of teacher. The burden of establishing such relationship shall be upon the appointing officer in all proceedings and actions relating thereto.

(e) The governmental subdivision shall bear all administrative costs associated with the hearing. If the veteran prevails, the governmental subdivision shall pay the veteran's reasonable attorney fees.

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(f) All officers, boards, commissions, and employees shall conform to, comply with,

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74.2	and aid in all proper ways in carrying into effect the provisions of section 197.455 and this
74.3	section notwithstanding any laws, charter provisions, ordinances or rules to the contrary.
74.4	Any willful violation of such sections by officers, officials, or employees is a misdemeanor
74.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment
74.6	and applies to all notices of intent to discharge issued on or after that date.
74.7	Sec. 66. [197.987] HONOR AND REMEMBER FLAG.
74.8	Subdivision 1. Legislative findings. The legislature of the state of Minnesota finds
74.9	and determines that:
74.10	(1) since the Revolutionary War, more than 1,000,000 members of the United States
74.11	armed forces have paid the ultimate price by sacrificing their lives in active military
74.12	service for the United States of America;
74.13	(2) the contribution made by those fallen members of the armed forces is deserving
74.14	of state and national recognition; and
74.15	(3) the Honor and Remember Flag is an appropriate symbol that acknowledges the
74.16	selfless sacrifice of those members of the United States armed forces.
74.17	Subd. 2. Designation. The Honor and Remember Flag created by Honor and
74.18	Remember, Inc., is designated as the symbol of our state's concern and commitment to
74.19	honoring and remembering the lives of all members of the United States armed forces who
74.20	have lost their lives in the line of duty while serving honorably in active military service
74.21	in the United States armed forces or of a service-connected cause due to or aggravated
74.22	by that service, as determined by the United States Department of Defense or the United
74.23	States Department of Veterans Affairs.
74.24	Subd. 3. Suggested days for flag display. (a) The chief administrator of each
74.25	governmental building or facility within this state, as defined in paragraph (b), is
74.26	encouraged to display the Honor and Remember Flag on the following days each year:
74.27	(1) Armed Forces Day, the third Saturday in May;
74.28	(2) Flag Day, June 14;
74.29	(3) July 2nd and July 3rd, in remembrance of the 262 soldiers of the 1st Regiment
74.30	Minnesota Volunteer Infantry who, at the Battle of Gettysburg during the American Civil
74.31	War, fought so gallantly and successfully to repulse two major Confederate attacks on the
74.32	main Union line, suffering over 80 percent casualties, thereby turning the battle and the
74.33	war and helping to preserve the Union itself at that pivotal moment in our nation's history;
74.34	(4) July 4th, Independence Day;
74.35	(5) the third Friday of September, National POW/MIA Recognition Day;

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(6) November 11, Veterans Day;

75.2	(7) July 27, Korean War Armistice Day; and
75.3	(8) March 29, Vietnam Veterans Day.
75.4	(b) For purposes of this section, "governmental building or facility within this state"
75.5	means the following locations:
75.6	(1) the Minnesota State Capitol, the Office of the Governor and each other Minnesota
75.7	constitutional office, the chambers of the Minnesota Senate and the Minnesota House of
75.8	Representatives, the Minnesota Supreme Court Building and each Minnesota District
75.9	Court House, as well as any official state of Minnesota veterans memorial, Minnesota
75.10	veterans home, or Minnesota veterans cemetery;
75.11	(2) to the extent authorized by federal law and regulation, any United States veterans
75.12	cemetery, veterans memorial, post office, or other federal building, as well as any United
75.13	States Department of Veterans Affairs medical center, veterans service center, and veterans
75.14	community-based outreach center; and
75.15	(3) any appropriate local government building or facility, as determined by the
75.16	governing body of that local government.
75.17	Subd. 4. Limitation. This section may not be construed or interpreted to require
75.18	any employee to report to work solely for the purpose of providing for the display of the
75.19	Honor and Remember Flag or any other flag.
75.20	Subd. 5. Implementation. If a governmental building or facility within this state
75.21	opts to display the Honor and Remember Flag, the chief administrator of that facility shall
75.22	prescribe procedures necessary for the display.
75.23	Subd. 6. Flag donation. Any named public office or public official may accept a
75.24	donation of one or more Honor and Remember Flags for the purpose of this section.
75.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
75.26	Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 211B.37, is amended to read:
75.27	211B.37 COSTS ASSESSED.
75.28	Except as otherwise provided in section 211B.36, subdivision 3, the chief
75.29	administrative law judge shall assess the cost of considering complaints filed under section
75.30	211B.32 as provided in this section. Costs of complaints relating to a statewide ballot
75.31	question or an election for a statewide or legislative office must be assessed against the
75.32	appropriation from the general fund to the general account of the state elections campaign
75.33	account in section 10A.31, subdivision 4 paid from appropriations to the office for this

76.1	<u>purpose</u> . Costs of complaints relating to any other ballot question or elective office must
76.2	be paid from appropriations to the office for this purpose.
76.3	Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.01, subdivision 22, is amended to read:
76.4	Subd. 22. Racing season. "Racing season" means that portion of the calendar
76.5	year starting at the beginning of the day of the first live horse race conducted by the
76.6	licensee and concluding at the end of the day of the last live horse race conducted by
76.7	the licensee in any year.
76.8	For purposes of this chapter, the racing season begins before the first Saturday in
76.9	May and continues for not less than 25 consecutive weeks.
76.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2016.
76.11	Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
76.12	to read:
76.13	Subd. 28. Takeout. "Takeout" means the total amount of money, excluding
76.14	breakage, withheld from each pari-mutuel pool, as authorized by statute or rule.
76.15	Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
76.16	to read:
76.17	Subd. 29. Handle "Handle" means the aggregate of all pari-mutuel pools, excluding
76.18	refundable wagers or cancellations.
76.19	Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
76.20	to read:
76.21	Subd. 30. Mixed meet. "Mixed meet" means a racing day or series of racing days
76.22	on which the racing of more than one breed of horse occurs.

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to read:

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Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.01, is amended by adding a subdivision

Subd. 31. Banked. "Banked" means any game of chance that is played with the

Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.01, is amended by adding a subdivision

house as a participant in the game, where the house takes on all players, collects from all

losers, and pays all winners, and the house can win.

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Subd. 32. Steward. A "steward" means an official described in section 240.16. The
term steward includes the terms "judge," "chief steward," and "presiding judge," and
applies to stewards and judges of the commission or a class B licensee, but not to other
racing officials, such as paddock or placement judges, who are employees or agents of
a class B licensee.

Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.011, is amended to read:

240.011 APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR.

The governor shall appoint the director of the Minnesota Racing Commission, who serves in the unclassified service at the governor's pleasure. The director must be a person qualified by experience in the administration and regulation of pari-mutuel racing and training to possess the skills necessary to discharge the duties of the director. The governor must select a director from a list of one or more names submitted by the Minnesota Racing Commission.

Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.03, is amended to read:

240.03 COMMISSION POWERS AND DUTIES.

- The commission has the following powers and duties:
- 77.17 (1) to regulate horse racing in Minnesota to ensure that it is conducted in the public interest;
- 77.19 (2) to issue licenses as provided in this chapter;
- 77.20 (3) to enforce all laws and rules governing horse racing;
- 77.21 (4) to collect and distribute all taxes provided for in this chapter;
- 77.22 (5) to conduct necessary investigations and inquiries and to issue subpoenas to

 77.23 compel the attendance of witnesses and the submission of information, documents, and

 77.24 records, and other evidence it deems necessary to carry out its duties;
- 77.25 (6) to supervise the conduct of pari-mutuel betting on horse racing;
- 77.26 (7) to employ and supervise personnel under this chapter;
- 77.27 (8) to determine the number of racing days to be held in the state and at each licensed racetrack;
 - (9) to take all necessary steps to ensure the integrity of racing in Minnesota; and
 - (10) to impose fees on the racing and card playing industries sufficient to recover the operating costs of the commission with the approval of the legislature according to section 16A.1283. Notwithstanding section 16A.1283, when the legislature is not in session, the commissioner of management and budget may grant interim approval for any new fees or adjustments to existing fees that are not statutorily specified, until such time as the

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legislature reconvenes and acts upon the new fees or adjustments. As part of its biennial budget request, the commission must propose changes to its fees that will be sufficient to recover the operating costs of the commission.

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- Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.08, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 78.4
 - Subd. 2. **Application.** (a) An application for a class C license must be on a form the commission prescribes and must be accompanied by an affidavit of qualification that the applicant:
- (a) (1) is not in default in the payment of an obligation or debt to the state under 78.8 Laws 1983, chapter 214; 78.9
 - (b) (2) does not have a felony conviction of record in a state or federal court and does not have a state or federal felony charge pending;
 - (e) (3) is not and never has been connected with or engaged in an illegal business;
 - (d) (4) has never been found guilty of fraud or misrepresentation in connection with racing or breeding;
 - (e) (5) has never been found guilty of a violation of law or rule relating to horse racing, pari-mutuel betting or any other form of gambling which is a serious violation as defined by the commission's rules; and
 - (f) (6) has never been found to have knowingly violated a rule or an order of the commission or a law or rule of Minnesota or another jurisdiction relating to horse racing, pari-mutuel betting, or any other form of gambling.
 - (b) The application must also contain an irrevocable consent statement, to be signed by the applicant, which states that suits and actions relating to the subject matter of the application or acts or omissions arising from it may be commenced against the applicant in any court of competent jurisdiction in this state by the service on the secretary of state of any summons, process, or pleading authorized by the laws of this state. If any summons, process, or pleading is served upon the secretary of state, it must be by duplicate copies. One copy must be retained in the Office of the Secretary of State and the other copy must be forwarded immediately by certified mail to the address of the applicant, as shown by the records of the commission.
 - Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.08, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. License issuance and renewal. If the commission determines that the applicant is qualified for the occupation for which licensing is sought and will not adversely affect the public health, welfare, and safety or the integrity of racing in Minnesota, it may issue a class C license to the applicant. If it makes a similar finding for

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a renewal of a class C license it may renew the license. Class C licenses are effective for one year. until December 31 of the calendar year for which they are issued. Certain types of class C licenses, to be determined by the commission, are effective until December 31 of the third calendar year for which they have been issued.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2015.

Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.08, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Revocation and suspension.** (a) The commission may revoke a class C license for a violation of law or rule which in the commission's opinion adversely affects the integrity of horse racing in Minnesota, the public health, welfare, or safety, or for an intentional false statement made in a license application.

The commission may suspend a class C license for up to one year for a violation of law, order or rule.

The commission may delegate to its designated agents the authority to impose suspensions of class C licenses, and the <u>revocation or</u> suspension <u>of a class C license</u> may be appealed to the commission according to its rules.

(b) A license revocation or suspension for more than 90 days is a contested case under sections 14.57 to 14.69 of the Administrative Procedure Act and is in addition to criminal penalties imposed for a violation of law or rule. The commission may summarily suspend a license for more than 90 days prior to a contested case hearing where it is necessary to ensure the integrity of racing or to protect the public health, welfare, or safety. A contested case hearing must be held within 20 30 days of the summary suspension and the administrative law judge's report must be issued within 20 30 days from the close of the hearing record. In all cases involving summary suspension the commission must issue its final decision within 30 days from receipt of the report of the administrative law judge and subsequent exceptions and argument under section 14.61.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.10, is amended to read:

240.10 LICENSE FEES.

The fee for a class A license is \$253,000 per year and must be remitted on July 1. The fee for a class B license is \$500 for each assigned racing day and \$100 for each day on which simulcasting is authorized and must be remitted on July 1. Included herein are all days assigned to be conducted after January 1, 2003. The fee for a class D license is \$50 for each assigned racing day on which racing is actually conducted. Fees imposed on

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class D licenses must be paid to the commission at a time and in a manner as provided by rule of the commission.

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The commission shall by rule establish an annual license fee for each occupation it licenses under section 240.08 but no annual fee for a class C license may exceed \$100.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2015.

- Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.13, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Purses. (a) From the amounts deducted from all pari-mutuel pools by a licensee, an amount equal to not less than the following percentages of all money in all pools must be set aside by the licensee and used for purses for races conducted by the licensee, provided that a licensee may agree by contract with an organization representing a majority of the horsepersons racing the breed involved to set aside amounts in addition to the following percentages, if the contract is in writing and filed with the commission:
- (1) for live races conducted at a class A facility, and for races that are part of full racing eard simulcasting that takes place within the time period of the live races, 8.4 percent of handle;
- (2) for simuleasts conducted during the racing season other than as provided for in elause (1), 50 percent of the takeout remaining after deduction for taxes on pari-mutuel pools, payment to the breeders fund, and payment to the sending out-of-state racetrack for receipt of the signal; and
- (3) (2) for simulcasts conducted outside of the racing season, 25 any day a class A facility is licensed, not less than 37 percent of the takeout remaining after deduction for the state pari-mutuel tax, payment to the breeders fund, and payment to the sending out-of-state racetrack for receipt of the signal and, before January 1, 2005, a further deduction of eight percent of all money in all pools. In the event that wagering on simulcasts outside of the racing season exceeds \$125 million in any calendar year, the amount set aside for purses by this formula is increased to 30 percent on amounts between \$125,000,000 and \$150,000,000 wagered; 40 percent on amounts between \$150,000,000 and \$175,000,000 wagered; and 50 percent on amounts in excess of \$175,000,000 wagered. In lieu of the eight percent deduction, A deduction as agreed to between the licensee and the horsepersons' organization representing the majority of horsepersons racing at the licensee's elass A facility during the preceding 12 months, is allowed after December 31, 2004.

The commission may by rule provide for the administration and enforcement of this subdivision. The deductions for payment to the sending out-of-state racetrack must be actual, except that when there exists any overlap of ownership, control, or interest between the sending out-of-state racetrack and the receiving licensee, the deduction

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must not be greater than three percent unless agreed to between the licensee and the horsepersons' organization representing the majority of horsepersons racing the breed racing the majority of races during the existing racing meeting or, if outside of the racing season, during the most recent racing meeting.

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In lieu of the amount the licensee must pay to the commission for deposit in the Minnesota breeders fund under section 240.15, subdivision 1, The licensee shall pay to the commission for deposit in the Minnesota breeders fund 5-1/2 percent of the takeout from all pari-mutuel pools generated by wagering at the licensee's facility on full racing card simulcasts of races not conducted in this state.

- (b) From the money set aside for purses, the licensee shall pay to the horseperson's organization representing the majority of the horsepersons racing the breed involved and contracting with the licensee with respect to purses and the conduct of the racing meetings and providing representation to its members, an amount as may be determined by agreement by the licensee and the horsepersons' organization sufficient to provide benevolent programs, benefits, and services for horsepersons and their on-track employees, an amount, sufficient to perform these services, as may be determined by agreement by the licensee and the horseperson's organization. The amount paid may be deducted only from the money set aside for purses to be paid in races for the breed represented by the horseperson's organization. With respect to racing meetings where more than one breed is racing, the licensee may contract independently with the horseperson's organization representing each breed racing.
- (c) Notwithstanding sections 325D.49 to 325D.66, a horseperson's organization representing the majority of the horsepersons racing a breed at a meeting, and the members thereof, may agree to withhold horses during a meeting.
- (d) Money set aside for purses from wagering, during the racing season, on simuleasts must be used for purses for live races conducted at the licensee's class A facility during the same racing season, over and above the 8.4 percent purse requirement or any higher requirement to which the parties agree, for races conducted in this state. Money set aside for purses from wagering, outside of the racing season, on simuleasts must be for purses for live races conducted at the licensee's class A facility during the next racing season, over and above the 8.4 percent purse requirement or any higher requirement to which the parties agree, for races conducted in this state.
- (e) (d) Money set aside for purses from wagering on simulcasts must be used for purses for live races involving the same breed involved in the simulcast except that money set aside for purses and payments to the breeders fund from wagering on full racing card simulcasts of races not conducted in this state, occurring during a live mixed meet, must

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be allotted to the purses and breeders fund for each breed participating in the mixed meet as agreed upon by the breed organizations participating in the live mixed meet. The agreement shall be in writing and filed with the commission prior to the first day of the live mixed meet. In the absence of a written agreement filed with the commission, the money set aside for purses and payments to the breeders fund from wagering on simulcasts, occurring during a live mixed meet, shall be allotted to each breed participating in the live mixed meet in the same proportion that the number of live races run by each breed bears to the total number of live races conducted during the period of the mixed meet.

(f) (e) The allocation of money set aside for purses to particular racing meets may be adjusted, relative to overpayments and underpayments, by contract between the licensee and the horsepersons' organization representing the majority of horsepersons racing the breed involved at the licensee's facility.

(g) (f) Subject to the provisions of this chapter, money set aside from pari-mutuel pools for purses must be for the breed involved in the race that generated the pool, except that if the breed involved in the race generating the pari-mutuel pool is not racing in the current racing meeting, or has not raced within the preceding 12 months at the licensee's class A facility, money set aside for purses may be distributed proportionately to those breeds that have run during the preceding 12 months or paid to the commission and used for purses or to promote racing for the breed involved in the race generating the pari-mutuel pool, or both, in a manner prescribed by the commission.

(h) (g) This subdivision does not apply to a class D licensee.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2016.

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.13, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Simulcasting.** (a) The commission may permit an authorized licensee to conduct simulcasting at the licensee's facility on any day authorized by the commission. All simulcasts must comply with the Interstate Horse Racing Act of 1978, United States Code, title 15, sections 3001 to 3007.

(b) The commission may not authorize any day for simulcasting at a class A facility during the racing season, and a licensee may not be allowed to transmit out-of-state telecasts of races the licensee conducts, unless the licensee has obtained the approval of the horsepersons' organization representing the majority of the horsepersons racing the breed involved at the licensed racetrack during the preceding 12 months. In the case of a class A facility licensed under section 240.06, subdivision 5a, the approval applicable to the first year of the racetrack's operation may be obtained from the horsepersons'

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organization that represents the majority of horsepersons who will race the breed involved at the licensed racetrack during the first year of the racetrack's operation.

REVISOR

- (c) The licensee may pay fees and costs to an entity transmitting a telecast of a race to the licensee for purposes of conducting pari-mutuel wagering on the race. The licensee may deduct fees and costs related to the receipt of televised transmissions from a pari-mutuel pool on the televised race, provided that one-half of any amount recouped in this manner must be added to the amounts required to be set aside for purses.
- (d) With the approval of the commission and subject to the provisions of this subdivision, a licensee may transmit telecasts of races it conducts, for wagering purposes, to locations outside the state, and the commission may allow this to be done on a commingled pool basis.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this section, simulcasting may be conducted on a separate commingled pool basis or, with the approval of the commission, on a commingled separate pool basis. All provisions of law governing pari-mutuel betting apply to simulcasting except as otherwise provided in this subdivision or in the commission's rules. If pools are commingled, wagering at the licensed facility must be on equipment electronically linked with the equipment at the licensee's class A facility or with the sending racetrack via the totalizator computer at the licensee's class A facility. Subject to the approval of the commission, the types of betting, takeout, and distribution of winnings on commingled pari-mutuel pools are those in effect at the sending racetrack. Breakage for pari-mutuel pools on a televised race must be calculated in accordance with the law or rules governing the sending racetrack for these pools, and must be distributed in a manner agreed to between the licensee and the sending racetrack. Notwithstanding subdivision 7 and section 240.15, subdivision 5, the commission may approve procedures governing the definition and disposition of unclaimed tickets that are consistent with the law and rules governing unclaimed tickets at the sending racetrack. For the purposes of this section, "sending racetrack" is either the racetrack outside of this state where the horse race is conducted or, with the consent of the racetrack, an alternative facility that serves as the racetrack for the purpose of commingling pools.
- (f) Except as otherwise provided in section 240.06, subdivision 5b, paragraph (2), if there is more than one class B licensee conducting racing within the seven-county metropolitan area, simulcasting may be conducted only on races run by a breed that ran at the licensee's class A facility within the 12 months preceding the event.
 - Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.135, is amended to read:

240.135 CARD CLUB REVENUE.

Article 2 Sec. 82.

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(a) From the amounts received from charges authorized under section 240.30,
subdivision 4, the licensee shall set aside the amounts specified in this section to be
used for purse payments. These amounts are in addition to the breeders fund and purse
requirements set forth elsewhere in this chapter.

REVISOR

- (1) For amounts between zero and \$6,000,000, the licensee shall set aside not less than ten percent to be used as purses.
- (2) For amounts in excess of \$6,000,000, the licensee shall set aside not less than 14 percent to be used as purses.
- (b) From all amounts set aside under paragraph (a), the licensee shall set aside ten percent to be deposited in the breeders fund. The licensee and the horseperson's organization representing the majority of horsepersons who have raced at the racetrack during the preceding 12 months may negotiate percentages different from those stated in this section if the agreement is in writing and filed with the Racing Commission.
- (c) It is the intent of the legislature that the proceeds of the card playing activities authorized by this chapter be used to improve the horse racing industry by improving purses. The licensee and the horseperson's organization representing the majority of horsepersons who have raced at the racetrack during the preceding 12 months may negotiate percentages that exceed those stated in this section if the agreement is in writing and filed with the commission. The commission shall annually review the financial details of card playing activities and determine if the present use of card playing proceeds is consistent with the policy established by this paragraph. If the commission determines that the use of the proceeds does not comply with the policy set forth herein, then the commission shall direct the parties to make the changes necessary to ensure compliance. If these changes require legislation, the commission shall make the appropriate recommendations to the legislature.

Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Taxes imposed.** (a) There is imposed a tax at the rate of six percent of the amount in excess of \$12,000,000 annually withheld from all pari-mutuel pools by the licensee, including breakage and amounts withheld under section 240.13, subdivision 4. For the purpose of this subdivision, "annually" is the period from July 1 to June 30 of the next year.

In addition to the above tax, the licensee must designate and pay to the commission a tax of one percent of the total amount bet on each racing day handle for live races conducted at a class A facility, for deposit in the Minnesota breeders fund.

The taxes imposed by this clause must be paid from the amounts permitted to be withheld by a licensee under section 240.13, subdivision 4.

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- (b) The commission may impose an admissions tax of not more than ten cents on each paid admission at a licensed racetrack on a racing day if:
- (1) the tax is requested by a local unit of government within whose borders the track is located;
 - (2) a public hearing is held on the request; and
- (3) the commission finds that the local unit of government requesting the tax is in need of its revenue to meet extraordinary expenses caused by the racetrack.

Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.15, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Disposition of proceeds; account.** The commission shall distribute all money received under this section, and all money received from license fees and fines it collects, according to this subdivision. All money designated for deposit in the Minnesota breeders fund must be paid into that fund for distribution under section 240.18 except that all money generated by full racing card simulcasts must be distributed as provided in section 240.18, subdivisions 2, paragraph (d), clauses (1), (2), and (3); and 3. Revenue from an admissions tax imposed under subdivision 1 must be paid to the local unit of government at whose request it was imposed, at times and in a manner the commission determines. Taxes received under this section and fines collected under section 240.22 must be paid to the commissioner of management and budget for deposit in the general fund. All revenues from licenses and other fees imposed by the commission must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a racing and card playing regulation account in the special revenue fund. Receipts in this account are available for the operations of the commission up to the amount authorized in biennial appropriations from the legislature.

Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Powers and duties.** All horse races run at a licensed racetrack must be presided over by a board of three stewards, who must be appointees of the commission or persons approved by it. The commission shall designate one steward as chair. At least two stewards for all races either shall be employees of the commission who shall serve in the unclassified service, or shall be under contract with the commission to serve as stewards. The commission may delegate the following duties and powers to a board of stewards:

- (a) to ensure that races are run in accordance with the commission's rules;
- (b) to supervise the conduct of racing to ensure the integrity of the sport;
- 85.32 (c) to settle disputes arising from the running of horse races, and to certify official results;

REVISOR

86.1	(d) to impose on licensees, for violation of law or commission rules, fines not
36.2	exceeding \$2,000 \$5,000 and license suspensions not exceeding 90 days;
36.3	(e) to recommend to the commission where warranted penalties in excess of those
86.4	in clause (d);
86.5	(f) to otherwise enforce the laws and rules of racing; and
86.6	(g) to perform other duties and have other powers assigned by the commission.
86.7	Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.22, is amended to read:
86.8	240.22 FINES.
36.9	(a) The commission shall by rule establish a graduated schedule of civil fines for
36.10	violations of laws related to horse racing or of the commission's rules. The schedule
86.11	must include minimum and maximum fines for each violation and be based on and
86.12	reflect the culpability, frequency and severity of the violator's actions. The commission
86.13	may impose a fine from this schedule on a licensee for a violation of those rules or laws
86.14	relating to horse racing. The fine is in addition to any criminal penalty imposed for the
86.15	same violation. Fines imposed by the commission must be paid to the commission and
86.16	except as provided in paragraph (b), forwarded to the commissioner of management and
36.17	budget for deposit in the general fund. A fine in excess of \$2,000 \$5,000 is a contested
36.18	case under the Administrative Procedure Act.
86.19	(b) If the commission is the prevailing party in a contested case proceeding, the
36.20	commission may recover, from amounts to be forwarded under paragraph (a), reasonable
36.21	attorney fees and costs associated with the contested case.
36.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2016.
86.23	Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.23, is amended to read:
86.24	240.23 RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.
36.25	The commission has the authority, in addition to all other rulemaking authority
36.26	granted elsewhere in this chapter to promulgate rules governing:
36.27	(a) the conduct of horse races held at licensed racetracks in Minnesota, including but
36.28	not limited to the rules of racing, standards of entry, operation of claiming races, filing and
86.29	handling of objections, carrying of weights, and declaration of official results;

racetrack and any place outside the premises;

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(b) wire wired and wireless communications between the premises of a licensed

(c) information on horse races which is sold on the premises of a licensed racetrack;

87.1	(d) liability insurance which it may require of all class A, class B, and class D
87.2	licensees;
87.3	(e) the auditing of the books and records of a licensee by an auditor employed
87.4	or appointed by the commission;
87.5	(f) emergency action plans maintained by licensed racetracks and their periodic
87.6	review;
87.7	(g) safety, security, and sanitation of stabling facilities at licensed racetracks;
87.8	(h) entry fees and other funds received by a licensee in the course of conducting
87.9	racing which the commission determines must be placed in escrow accounts;
87.10	(i) affirmative action in employment and contracting by class A, class B, and class E
87.11	licensees; and
87.12	(j) procedures for the sampling and testing of any horse that is eligible to race in
87.13	Minnesota for substances or practices that are prohibited by law or rule; and
87.14	(j) (k) any other aspect of horse racing or pari-mutuel betting which in its opinion
87.15	affects the integrity of racing or the public health, welfare, or safety.
87.16	Rules of the commission are subject to chapter 14, the Administrative Procedure Act
87.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
87.18	Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 272.484, is amended to read:
87.19	272.484 FEES.
87.20	The fee for filing and indexing each notice of lien or certificate or notice affecting
87.21	the lien is:
87.22	(1) for a lien, certificate of discharge or subordination, and for all other notices,
87.23	including a certificate of release or nonattachment filed with the secretary of state, the fee
87.24	provided by section 336.9-525, except that the filing fee charged to the district directors
87.25	of internal revenue for filing a federal tax lien is \$15 for up to two debtor names and
87.26	\$15 for each additional name; and
87.27	(2) for a lien, certificate of discharge or subordination, and for all other notices,
87.28	including a certificate of release or nonattachment filed with the county recorder, the fee
87.29	for filing a real estate mortgage in the county where filed.
87.30	The officer shall bill the district directors of internal revenue or other appropriate
87.31	federal officials on a monthly basis for fees for documents filed by them.
87.32	Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 298.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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Subdivision 1. The Office of the Commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation. (a) The Office of the Commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation is created as an agency in the executive branch of state government. The governor shall appoint the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation under section 15.06.

REVISOR

- (b) The commissioner may hold other positions or appointments that are not incompatible with duties as commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation. The commissioner may appoint a deputy commissioner. All expenses of the commissioner, including the payment of staff and other assistance as may be necessary, must be paid out of the amounts appropriated by section 298.28 or otherwise made available by law to the commissioner. Notwithstanding chapters 16A, 16B, and 16C, the commissioner may utilize contracting options available under section 471.345 when the commissioner determines it is in the best interest of the agency. The agency is not subject to sections 16E.016 and 16C.05.
- (c) When the commissioner determines that distress and unemployment exists or may exist in the future in any county by reason of the removal of natural resources or a possibly limited use of natural resources in the future and any resulting decrease in employment, the commissioner may use whatever amounts of the appropriation made to the commissioner of revenue in section 298.28 that are determined to be necessary and proper in the development of the remaining resources of the county and in the vocational training and rehabilitation of its residents, except that the amount needed to cover cost overruns awarded to a contractor by an arbitrator in relation to a contract awarded by the commissioner or in effect after July 1, 1985, is appropriated from the general fund. For the purposes of this section, "development of remaining resources" includes, but is not limited to, the promotion of tourism.

Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 303.19, is amended to read:

303.19 REINSTATEMENT.

Subdivision 1. Application Required filing. Any foreign corporation whose certificate of authority to do business in this state shall have been revoked or canceled may file reinstate that authority by filing an annual renewal and the fee required by subdivision 2 with the secretary of state an application for reinstatement. Such application shall be on forms prescribed by the secretary of state, shall contain all the matters required to be set forth in an original application for a certificate of authority, and such other pertinent information as may be required by the secretary of state. If any of the information in the original application for authority has changed, the foreign corporation must also file an

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amended certificate setting forth the currently accurate information, with the fee required by section 303.21, subdivision 3.

Subd. 2. **Fee.** If the certificate of authority was revoked by the secretary of state pursuant to section 303.17, the corporation shall pay to the commissioner of management and budget \$250 before it may be reinstated.

If the certificate of authority was canceled or by a judgment pursuant to section 303.18, the corporation shall pay to the commissioner of management and budget \$500 before it may be reinstated.

- Subd. 3. **Certificate of reinstatement.** Upon the filing of the application and upon payment of all penalties, fees and charges required by law, not including an initial license fee or additional license fees to the extent that they have previously been paid by the corporation the fees imposed by this section, the secretary of state shall reinstate the license of the corporation.
- Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 304A.301, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 89.14 Subdivision 1. Report required. No later than 90 days after the conclusion of 89.15 each calendar year Before each April 1, a public benefit corporation must deliver to the 89.16 secretary of state for filing an annual benefit report covering the 12-month period ending 89.17 on December 31 of that the previous year and pay a fee of \$35 to the secretary of state. 89.18 The annual benefit report must state the name of the public benefit corporation, be signed 89.19 by the public benefit corporation's chief executive officer not more than 30 days before the 89.20 report is delivered to the secretary of state for filing, and must be current when signed. 89.21
 - Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 304A.301, subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. **Failure to file an annual benefit report.** If a public benefit corporation fails to file an, before April 1 of any calendar year, the annual benefit report in accordance with this section within 90 days of the date on which an annual benefit report is due required by this section, the secretary of state shall revoke the corporation's status as a public benefit corporation under this chapter and must notify the public benefit corporation of the revocation using the information provided by the corporation pursuant to section 5.002 or 5.34 or provided in the articles.
- Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 304A.301, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

 Subd. 6. **Effects of revocation; reinstatement.** (a) A public benefit corporation
 that has lost its public benefit corporation status for failure to timely file an annual benefit
 report or by terminating that status pursuant to section 304A.103 is not entitled to the

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90.1	benefits afforded to a public benefit corporation under this chapter as of the date of
90.2	revocation or termination and must amend the articles of incorporation to reflect a name
90.3	compliant with section 302A.115, but which does not include the corporate designation
90.4	provided for in section 304A.101, subdivision 2.
90.5	(b) Within 30 days of issuance of revocation of public benefit corporation status by
90.6	the secretary of state, filing a renewal complying with this section and a \$500 fee with

- the secretary of state, filing a renewal complying with this section and a \$500 fee with the secretary of state will reinstate the corporation as a public benefit corporation under this chapter as of the date of revocation.
- 90.9 Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 304A.301, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 8. **Failure to change corporate name.** The duration of a corporation that has had public benefit status terminated or revoked and which fails to change the corporate name as provided in subdivision 6 expires automatically 30 days after termination or revocation of the public benefit corporation status.
- 90.15 Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 326A.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 90.16 Subd. 2. **Attest.** "Attest" means to provide providing any of the following financial statement services:
 - (1) an audit or other engagement performed in accordance with the Statements on Auditing Standards (SAS);
 - (2) a review of a financial statement performed in accordance with the Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services (SSARS);
 - (3) an examination of prospective financial information performed in accordance with the Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE); and
 - (4) <u>any an</u> engagement performed in accordance with <u>auditing and related the</u> standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB); and
- 90.26 (5) an examination, review, or agreed-upon procedures engagement performed in accordance with SSAE, other than an examination described in clause (3).
- Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 326A.01, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. **Peer review.** "Peer review" means an independent study, appraisal, or review of one or more aspects of the professional work of a licensee <u>or CPA firm</u> that issues attest or compilation reports, or the professional work of a person registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), by persons who are not affiliated with the licensee <u>or</u> CPA firm being reviewed.

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Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 326A.01, subdivision 13a, is amended to read:

Subd. 13a. **Principal place of business.** "Principal place of business" means the office location designated by the licensee for purposes of substantial equivalency and reciprocity in this state and in other states.

Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 326A.01, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. **Report.** "Report," when used with reference to financial statements an attest or compilation service, means an opinion, report, or other form of language that states or implies assurance as to the reliability of any the attested information or compiled financial statements and that also includes or is accompanied by a statement or implication that the person or firm issuing it has special knowledge or competence in accounting or auditing. Such a statement or implication of special knowledge or competence may arise from use by the issuer of the report of names or titles indicating that the person or firm is an accountant or auditor, or from the language of the report itself. The term "report" includes any form of language that disclaims an opinion when the form of language is conventionally understood to imply any positive assurance as to the reliability of the attested information or compiled financial statements referred to or special competence on the part of the person or firm issuing the language. It includes any other form of language that is conventionally understood to imply such assurance or such special knowledge or competence.

Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 326A.01, subdivision 16, is amended to read:

Subd. 16. **State.** "State" means any state of the United States, the District of

Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern

Mariana Islands, and Guam; except that "this state" means the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 326A.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Officers; proceedings. The board shall elect one of its number members
as chair, another as vice-chair, and another as secretary and treasurer. The officers shall
hold their respective offices for a term of one year and until their successors are elected.
The affirmative vote of a majority of the qualified members of the board, or a majority of
a quorum of the board at any meeting duly called, is considered the action of the board.
The board shall meet at such times and places as may be fixed by the board. Meetings
of the board are subject to chapter 13D. A majority of the board members then in office
constitutes a quorum at any meeting duly called. The board shall retain or arrange for the
retention of all applications and all documents under oath that are filed with the board and
also records of its proceedings, and it shall maintain a registry of the names and addresses

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of all licensees and registrants under this chapter. In any proceeding in court, civil or criminal, arising out of or founded upon any provision of this chapter, copies of records of the proceeding certified as true copies by the board chair or executive director shall be admissible in evidence as tending to prove the contents of the records.

- Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 326A.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Rules.** The board may adopt rules governing its administration and enforcement of this chapter and the conduct of licensees and persons registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), including:
 - (1) rules governing the board's meetings and the conduct of its business;
- (2) rules of procedure governing the conduct of investigations and hearings and discipline by the board;
- (3) rules specifying the educational and experience qualifications required for the issuance of certificates and the continuing professional education required for renewal of certificates;
- (4) rules of professional conduct directed to controlling the quality and probity of services by licensees, and dealing among other things with independence, integrity, and objectivity; competence and technical standards; and responsibilities to the public and to clients;
- (5) rules governing the professional standards applicable to licensees including adoption of the standards specified in section 326A.01, subdivision 2, and as developed for general application by recognized national accountancy organizations such as the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants or the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board;
- (6) rules that incorporate by reference the standards for attesting listed in section 326A.01, subdivision 2, that are consistent with the standards of general applicability recognized by national accountancy organizations, including the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board;
- 92.28 (6) (7) rules governing the manner and circumstances of use of the titles "certified public accountant," "CPA," "registered accounting practitioner," and "RAP";
- 92.30 (7) (8) rules regarding peer review that may be required to be performed under provisions of this chapter;
- 92.32 (8) (9) rules on substantial equivalence to implement section 326A.14;
- 92.33 (9) (10) rules regarding the conduct of the certified public accountant examination;
- 92.34 (10) (11) rules regarding the issuance and renewals of certificates, permits, and registrations;

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93.1	(11) (12) rules regarding transition provisions to implement this chapter;
93.2	(12) (13) rules specifying the educational and experience qualifications for
93.3	registration, rules of professional conduct, rules regarding peer review, rules governing
93.4	standards for providing services, and rules regarding the conduct and content of
93.5	examination for those persons registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b);
93.6	(13) (14) rules regarding fees for examinations, certificate issuance and renewal,
93.7	firm permits, registrations under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), notifications made under
93.8	section 326A.14, and late processing fees; and
93.9	(14) (15) upon any change to this chapter, if the board determines a change in
93.10	Minnesota Rules is required, the board may initiate the expedited process under section
93.11	14.389 up to one year after the effective date of the change to this chapter.
93.12	Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 326A.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
93.13	Subdivision 1. General. The board shall grant or renew permits to practice as
93.14	a CPA firm to entities that make application and demonstrate their qualifications in
93.15	accordance with this section.
93.16	(a) The following must hold a permit issued under this section:
93.17	(1) any firm with an office in this state performing attest services as defined in
93.18	section 326A.01, subdivision 2;
93.19	(2) to the extent required by section 326A.10, paragraph (k), any firm with an office
93.20	in this state performing compilation services as defined in section 326A.01, subdivision 6;
93.21	(3) any firm with an office in this state that uses the title "CPA" or "CPA firm"; or
93.22	(4) any firm that does not have an office in this state but performs attest services
93.23	as described in section 326A.01, subdivision 2, paragraph (1), (3), or (4), for a client
93.24	having its headquarters in this state.
93.25	(b) A firm possessing a valid permit from another state which does not have an office
93.26	in this state may perform services described in section 326A.01, subdivision 2, clause (2)
93.27	or (5), or subdivision 6, for a client having its headquarters in this state and may use the
93.28	title "CPA" or "CPA firm" without a permit issued under this section only if:
93.29	(1) it has the qualifications described in subdivision 3, paragraph (b);
93.30	(2) as a condition to the renewal of the firm's permit issued by the other state, that
93.31	state requires a peer review which contains the requirements equivalent to subdivision 8,
93.32	paragraphs (a) and (e); and
93.33	(3) it performs the services through an individual who has been granted practice

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privileges under section 326A.14.

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- (c) A firm possessing a valid permit from another state that does not have an office in this state and which is not subject to the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (4), or (b), may perform other professional services while using the title "CPA" or "CPA firm" in this state without a permit issued under this section only if the firm:
 - (1) has the qualifications described in subdivision 3, paragraph (b);
- (2) performs the services through an individual who has been granted practice privileges under section 326A.14; and
- (3) can lawfully perform the services in the state where the individuals with practice privileges have their principal place of business.
 - Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 326A.05, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Qualifications.** (a) An applicant for initial issuance or renewal of a permit to practice under this section shall comply with the requirements in this subdivision.
- (b) Notwithstanding chapter 319B or any other provision of law, a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests and voting rights of all partners, officers, shareholders, members, or managers, must belong to holders of certificates who are licensed in some state, and the partners, officers, shareholders, members, or managers, whose principal place of business is in this state, and who perform professional services in this state, must hold valid certificates issued under section 326A.04 or the corresponding provision of prior law. Although firms may include nonlicensee owners, the firm and its ownership must comply with rules adopted by the board. The firm shall register all nonlicensee owners with the state board as set forth by rule. An individual who has been granted practice privileges under section 326A.14 and who performs services for which a firm permit is required under section 326A.14, subdivision 1, paragraph (d), is not required to obtain a certificate from the board under section 326A.04.
 - (c) A CPA firm may include nonlicensee owners provided that:
- (1) the firm designates a licensee of this state, or in the case of a firm that must have a permit according to section 326A.14, subdivision 1, paragraph (d), a licensee of another state who meets the requirements in section 326A.14, subdivision 1, paragraph (a) or (b), who is responsible for the proper registration of the firm and identifies that individual to the board;
- (2) all nonlicensee owners are persons of good moral character and are active individual participants in the CPA firm or affiliated entities; and
 - (3) the firm complies with other requirements imposed by the board in rule.
- 94.34 (d) An individual licensee and any individual granted practice privileges under 94.35 section 326A.14 who is responsible for supervising attest or compilation services and

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signs or authorizes someone to sign the accountant's report on the financial statements on behalf of the firm, shall meet the competency requirements set out in the professional standards for such services.

(e) An individual licensee and any individual granted practice privileges under section 326A.14 who signs or authorizes someone to sign the accountants' report on the financial statements on behalf of the firm shall meet the competency requirement of paragraph (d).

Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 326A.10, is amended to read:

326A.10 UNLAWFUL ACTS.

- (a) Only a licensee and individuals who have been granted practice privileges under section 326A.14 may issue a report on financial statements of any person, firm, organization, or governmental unit that results from providing attest services, or offer to render or render any attest service. Only a certified public accountant, an individual who has been granted practice privileges under section 326A.14, a CPA firm, or, to the extent permitted by board rule, a person registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), may issue a report on financial statements of any person, firm, organization, or governmental unit that results from providing compilation services or offer to render or render any compilation service. These restrictions do not prohibit any act of a public official or public employee in the performance of that person's duties or prohibit the performance by any nonlicensee of other services involving the use of accounting skills, including the preparation of tax returns, management advisory services, and the preparation of financial statements without the issuance of reports on them. Nonlicensees may prepare financial statements and issue nonattest transmittals or information on them which do not purport to be in compliance with the Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services (SSARS). Nonlicensees registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), may, to the extent permitted by board rule, prepare financial statements and issue nonattest transmittals or information on them.
- (b) Licensees and individuals who have been granted practice privileges under section 326A.14 performing attest or compilation services must provide those services in accordance with professional standards. To the extent permitted by board rule, registered accounting practitioners performing compilation services must provide those services in accordance with standards specified in board rule.
- (c) A person who does not hold a valid certificate issued under section 326A.04 or a practice privilege granted under section 326A.14 shall not use or assume the title "certified public accountant," the abbreviation "CPA," or any other title, designation,

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words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the person is a certified public accountant.

- (d) A firm shall not provide attest services or assume or use the title "certified public accountants," the abbreviation "CPA's," or any other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the firm is a CPA firm unless (1) the firm has complied with section 326A.05, and (2) ownership of the firm is in accordance with this chapter and rules adopted by the board.
- (e) A person or firm that does not hold a valid certificate or permit issued under section 326A.04 or 326A.05 or has not otherwise complied with section 326A.04 or 326A.05 as required in this chapter shall not assume or use the title "certified accountant," "chartered accountant," "enrolled accountant," "licensed accountant," "registered accountant," "accredited accountant," "accounting practitioner," "public accountant," "licensed public accountant," or any other title or designation likely to be confused with the title "certified public accountant," or use any of the abbreviations "CA," "LA," "RA," "AA," "PA," "AP," "LPA," or similar abbreviation likely to be confused with the abbreviation "CPA." The title "enrolled agent" or "EA" may only be used by individuals so designated by the Internal Revenue Service.
- (f) Persons registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), may use the title "registered accounting practitioner" or the abbreviation "RAP." A person who does not hold a valid registration under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), shall not assume or use such title or abbreviation.
- (g) Except to the extent permitted in paragraph (a), nonlicensees may not use language in any statement relating to the financial affairs of a person or entity that is conventionally used by licensees in reports on financial statements or on an attest service. In this regard, the board shall issue by rule safe harbor language that nonlicensees may use in connection with such financial information. A person or firm that does not hold a valid certificate or permit, or a registration issued under section 326A.04, 326A.05, or 326A.06, paragraph (b), or has not otherwise complied with section 326A.04 or 326A.05 as required in this chapter shall not assume or use any title or designation that includes the word "accountant" or "accounting" in connection with any other language, including the language of a report, that implies that the person or firm holds such a certificate, permit, or registration or has special competence as an accountant. A person or firm that does not hold a valid certificate or permit issued under section 326A.04 or 326A.05 or has not otherwise complied with section 326A.04 or 326A.05 as required in this chapter shall not assume or use any title or designation that includes the word "auditor" in connection with any other language, including the language of a report, that implies that the person or firm

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holds such a certificate or permit or has special competence as an auditor. However, this paragraph does not prohibit any officer, partner, member, manager, or employee of any firm or organization from affixing that person's own signature to any statement in reference to the financial affairs of such firm or organization with any wording designating the position, title, or office that the person holds, nor prohibit any act of a public official or employee in the performance of the person's duties as such.

- (h)(1) No person holding a certificate or registration or firm holding a permit under this chapter shall use a professional or firm name or designation that is misleading about the legal form of the firm, or about the persons who are partners, officers, members, managers, or shareholders of the firm, or about any other matter. However, names of one or more former partners, members, managers, or shareholders may be included in the name of a firm or its successor.
- (2) A common brand name or network name part, including common initials, used by a CPA firm in its name, is not misleading if the firm is a network firm as defined in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Code of Professional Conduct in effect July 1, 2011, and when offering or rendering services that require independence under AICPA standards, the firm must comply with the AICPA code's applicable standards on independence.
- (i) Paragraphs (a) to (h) do not apply to a person or firm holding a certification, designation, degree, or license granted in a foreign country entitling the holder to engage in the practice of public accountancy or its equivalent in that country, if:
- (1) the activities of the person or firm in this state are limited to the provision of professional services to persons or firms who are residents of, governments of, or business entities of the country in which the person holds the entitlement;
- (2) the person or firm performs no attest or compilation services and issues no reports with respect to the <u>financial statements</u> <u>information</u> of any other persons, firms, or governmental units in this state; and
- (3) the person or firm does not use in this state any title or designation other than the one under which the person practices in the foreign country, followed by a translation of the title or designation into English, if it is in a different language, and by the name of the country.
- (j) No holder of a certificate issued under section 326A.04 may perform attest services through any business form that does not hold a valid permit issued under section 326A.05.
- (k) No individual licensee may issue a report in standard form upon a compilation of financial information through any form of business that does not hold a valid permit

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issued under section 326A.05, unless the report discloses the name of the business through which the individual is issuing the report, and the individual:

- (1) signs the compilation report identifying the individual as a certified public accountant;
 - (2) meets the competency requirement provided in applicable standards; and
- (3) undergoes no less frequently than once every three years, a peer review conducted in a manner specified by the board in rule, and the review includes verification that the individual has met the competency requirements set out in professional standards for such services.
- (l) No person registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), may issue a report in standard form upon a compilation of financial information unless the board by rule permits the report and the person:
- (1) signs the compilation report identifying the individual as a registered accounting practitioner;
 - (2) meets the competency requirements in board rule; and
- (3) undergoes no less frequently than once every three years a peer review conducted in a manner specified by the board in rule, and the review includes verification that the individual has met the competency requirements in board rule.
- (m) Nothing in this section prohibits a practicing attorney or firm of attorneys from preparing or presenting records or documents customarily prepared by an attorney or firm of attorneys in connection with the attorney's professional work in the practice of law.
- (n) The board shall adopt rules that place limitations on receipt by a licensee or a person who holds a registration under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), of:
 - (1) contingent fees for professional services performed; and
- (2) commissions or referral fees for recommending or referring to a client any product or service.
- (o) Anything in this section to the contrary notwithstanding, it shall not be a violation of this section for a firm not holding a valid permit under section 326A.05 and not having an office in this state to provide its professional services in this state so long as it complies with the applicable requirements of section 326A.05, subdivision 1.
- Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 336A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Procedure.** (a) Oral Online and written inquiries regarding information provided by the filing of effective financing statements or lien notices may be made at any filing office submitted to the secretary of state during regular business hours or, if submitted online, at any time.

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(b) A filing office receiving an oral or written inquiry shall, upon request The
secretary of state must, upon receiving an inquiry, provide an oral or faesimile a prompt
response to the inquiry.

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- (c) A filing office The secretary of state shall maintain a record of inquiries made under this section including:
 - (1) the date of the inquiry;
 - (2) the name of the debtor inquired about; and
 - (3) identification of the person making the request for inquiry.

Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 364.09, is amended to read:

364.09 EXCEPTIONS.

- (a) This chapter does not apply to the licensing process for peace officers; to law enforcement agencies as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (f); to fire protection agencies; to eligibility for a private detective or protective agent license; to the licensing and background study process under chapters 245A and 245C; to the licensing and background investigation process under chapter 240; to eligibility for school bus driver endorsements; to eligibility for special transportation service endorsements; to eligibility for a commercial driver training instructor license, which is governed by section 171.35 and rules adopted under that section; to emergency medical services personnel, or to the licensing by political subdivisions of taxicab drivers, if the applicant for the license has been discharged from sentence for a conviction within the ten years immediately preceding application of a violation of any of the following:
- (1) sections 609.185 to 609.2114, 609.221 to 609.223, 609.342 to 609.3451, or 617.23, subdivision 2 or 3; or Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 609.21;
- (2) any provision of chapter 152 that is punishable by a maximum sentence of 15 years or more; or
- (3) a violation of chapter 169 or 169A involving driving under the influence, leaving the scene of an accident, or reckless or careless driving.
- This chapter also shall not apply to eligibility for juvenile corrections employment, where the offense involved child physical or sexual abuse or criminal sexual conduct.
- (b) This chapter does not apply to a school district or to eligibility for a license issued or renewed by the Board of Teaching or the commissioner of education.
- (c) Nothing in this section precludes the Minnesota Police and Peace Officers

 Training Board or the state fire marshal from recommending policies set forth in this
 chapter to the attorney general for adoption in the attorney general's discretion to apply to
 law enforcement or fire protection agencies.

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(d) This chapter does not apply to a license to practice medicine that has been denied
or revoked by the Board of Medical Practice pursuant to section 147.091, subdivision 1a.

- (e) This chapter does not apply to any person who has been denied a license to practice chiropractic or whose license to practice chiropractic has been revoked by the board in accordance with section 148.10, subdivision 7.
- (f) This chapter does not apply to any license, registration, or permit that has been denied or revoked by the Board of Nursing in accordance with section 148.261, subdivision 1a.
- 100.9 (g) This chapter does not supersede a requirement under law to conduct a criminal history background investigation or consider criminal history records in hiring for particular types of employment.

Sec. 107. [383B.83] LIMITS ON RAILROAD CONDEMNATION POWERS OVER CERTAIN GOVERNMENTAL PROPERTY INTERESTS.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in chapter 117, sections 222.26, 222.27, 222.36, or any other law, the powers of a railroad corporation or a railroad company or a railroad interest acting as a public service corporation or a common carrier do not include the power to exercise eminent domain over a property interest owned by Hennepin County, the Hennepin County Housing and Redevelopment Authority, or the Hennepin County Regional Railroad Authority if such governmental power, by resolution of its governing board, determines based on findings that the public safety or access of first responders would be detrimentally affected by the exercise.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 471.6161, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **School districts; group health insurance coverage.** (a) Any entity providing group health insurance coverage to a school district must provide the school district with school district-specific nonidentifiable aggregate claims records for the most recent 24 months within 30 days of the request.

(b) School districts shall request proposals for group health insurance coverage as provided in subdivision 2 from a minimum of three potential sources of coverage. One of these requests must go to an administrator governed by chapter 43A. Entities referenced in subdivision 1 must respond to requests for proposals received directly from a school district. School districts that are self-insured must also follow these provisions, except as provided in paragraph (f). School districts must make requests for proposals at least 150 days prior to the expiration of the existing contract but not more frequently than once

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every 24 months. The request for proposals must include the most recently available 24 months of nonidentifiable aggregate claims data. The request for proposals must be publicly released at or prior to its release to potential sources of coverage.

- (c) School district contracts for group health insurance must not be longer than two years unless the exclusive representative of the largest employment group and the school district agree otherwise.
- (d) All initial proposals shall be sealed upon receipt until they are all opened no less than 90 days prior to the plan's renewal date in the presence of up to three representatives selected by the exclusive representative of the largest group of employees. Section 13.591, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), applies to data in the proposals. The representatives of the exclusive representative must maintain the data according to this classification and are subject to the remedies and penalties under sections 13.08 and 13.09 for a violation of this requirement.
- (e) A school district, in consultation with the same representatives referenced in paragraph (d), may continue to negotiate with any entity that submitted a proposal under paragraph (d) in order to reduce costs or improve services under the proposal. Following the negotiations any entity that submitted an initial proposal may submit a final proposal incorporating the negotiations, which is due no less than 75 days prior to the plan's renewal date. All the final proposals submitted must be opened at the same time in the presence of up to three representatives selected by the exclusive representative of the largest group of employees. Notwithstanding section 13.591, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), following the opening of the final proposals, all the proposals, including any made under paragraph (d), and other data submitted in connection with the proposals are public data. The school district may choose from any of the initial or final proposals without further negotiations and in accordance with subdivision 5, but not sooner than 15 days after the proposals become public data.
- (f) School districts that are self-insured shall follow all of the requirements of this section, except that:
- 101.29 (1) their requests for proposals may be for third-party administrator services, where applicable;
 - (2) these requests for proposals must be from a minimum of three different sources, which may include both entities referenced in subdivision 1 and providers of third-party administrator services;
 - (3) for purposes of fulfilling the requirement to request a proposal for group insurance coverage from an administrator governed by chapter 43A, self-insured districts are not required to include in the request for proposal the coverage to be provided;

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(4) a district that is self-insured on or before the date of enactment, or that is
self-insured with more than 1,000 insured lives, or a district in which the school board
adopted a motion on or before May 14, 2014, to approve a self-insured health care plan
to be effective July 1, 2014, may, but need not, request a proposal from an administrator
governed by chapter 43A;

- (5) requests for proposals must be sent to providers no less than 90 days prior to the expiration of the existing contract; and
- (6) proposals must be submitted at least 60 days prior to the plan's renewal date and all proposals shall be opened at the same time and in the presence of the exclusive representative, where applicable.
- (g) Nothing in this section shall restrict the authority granted to school district boards of education by section 471.59, except that districts will not be considered self-insured for purposes of this subdivision solely through participation in a joint powers arrangement.
- (h) An entity providing group health insurance to a school district under a multiyear contract must give notice of any rate or plan design changes applicable under the contract at least 90 days before the effective date of any change. The notice must be given to the school district and to the exclusive representatives of employees.
- (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 43A.316, subdivision 10, school employees and their employers insured through chapter 43A are subject to the requirements of this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 473.123, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. **Terms.** Following each apportionment of council districts, as provided under subdivision 3a, council members must be appointed from newly drawn districts as provided in subdivision 3a. Each council member, other than the chair, must reside in the council district represented. Each council district must be represented by one member of the council. The terms of members end with the term of the governor are staggered as follows: members representing even-numbered districts have terms ending the first Monday in January of the year ending in the numeral "7"; and members representing odd-numbered districts have terms ending the first Monday in January of the year ending in the numeral "5." Thereafter the term of each member is four years, with terms ending the first Monday in January, except that all terms expire on the effective date of the next apportionment.

A member serves at the pleasure of the governor. A member shall continue to serve the member's district until a successor is appointed and qualified; except that, following each apportionment, the member shall continue to serve at large until the governor appoints 16

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council members, one from each of the newly drawn council districts as provided under subdivision 3a, to serve terms as provided under this section. The appointment to the council must be made by the first Monday in March of the year in which the term ends.

EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.

- Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 473.123, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. **Membership; appointment; qualifications.** (a) Sixteen members must be appointed by the governor from districts defined by this section. Each council member must reside in the council district represented. Each council district must be represented by one member of the council. <u>Each Metropolitan Council member must be an elected city council member or mayor, or county commissioner.</u> A Metropolitan Council member's office becomes vacant if the person appointed to that position ceases to be an elected city council member or mayor, or county commissioner.
- (b) In addition to the notice required by section 15.0597, subdivision 4, notice of vacancies and expiration of terms must be published in newspapers of general circulation in the metropolitan area and the appropriate districts. The governing bodies of the statutory and home rule charter cities, counties, and towns having territory in the district for which a member is to be appointed must be notified in writing. The notices must describe the appointments process and invite participation and recommendations on the appointment.
- (c) The governor shall create a nominating committee, composed A committee of seven metropolitan citizens appointed by the governor, to shall nominate persons for appointment to the council from districts. Three of the committee members must be local elected officials appointed by the Association of Metropolitan Municipalities, one must be a county commissioner appointed by the Association of Minnesota Counties, and three must be appointed by the governor. Following the submission of applications as provided under section 15.0597, subdivision 5, the nominating committee shall conduct public meetings, after appropriate notice, to accept statements from or on behalf of persons who have applied or been nominated for appointment and to allow consultation with and secure the advice of the public and local elected officials. The committee shall hold the meeting on each appointment in the district or in a reasonably convenient and accessible location in the part of the metropolitan area in which the district is located. The committee may consolidate meetings. Following the meetings, the committee shall submit to the governor a list of nominees for each appointment. The governor is not required to appoint from the list.

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(d) Before making an appointment, the governor shall consult with all members of)f
the legislature from the council district for which the member is to be appointed.	

- (e) Appointments to the council are subject to the advice and consent of the senate as provided in section 15.066.
- (f) Members of the council must be appointed to reflect fairly the various demographic, political, and other interests in the metropolitan area and the districts.
- (g) Members of the council must be persons knowledgeable about urban and metropolitan affairs.
- (h) Any vacancy in the office of a council member shall immediately be filled for the unexpired term. In filling a vacancy, the governor may forgo the requirements of paragraph (c) if the governor has made appointments in full compliance with the requirements of this subdivision within the preceding 12 months.

104.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.

Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 473.123, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Chair; appointment, officers, selection; duties and compensation. (a) The chair of the Metropolitan Council shall be appointed elected by the governor 16 members of the council as the 17th voting member thereof by and with the advice and consent of the senate to serve at the pleasure of the governor council to represent the metropolitan area at large. Senate confirmation shall be as provided by section 15.066.

The chair of the Metropolitan Council shall, if present, preside at meetings of the council, have the primary responsibility for meeting with local elected officials, serve as the principal legislative liaison, present to the governor and the legislature, after council approval, the council's plans for regional governance and operations, serve as the principal spokesperson of the council, and perform other duties assigned by the council or by law.

- (b) The Metropolitan Council shall elect other officers as it deems necessary for the conduct of its affairs for a one-year term. A secretary and treasurer need not be members of the Metropolitan Council. Meeting times and places shall be fixed by the Metropolitan Council and special meetings may be called by a majority of the members of the Metropolitan Council or by the chair. The chair and each Metropolitan Council member shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses.
- (c) Each member of the council shall attend and participate in council meetings and meet regularly with local elected officials and legislative members from the council

105.1	member's district. Each council member shall serve on at least one division committee for
105.2	transportation, environment, or community development.
105.3	(d) In the performance of its duties the Metropolitan Council may adopt policies
105.4	and procedures governing its operation, establish committees, and, when specifically
105.5	authorized by law, make appointments to other governmental agencies and districts.
105.6	EFFECTIVE DATE ; APPLICATION . This section is effective the day following
105.7	final enactment and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey,
105.8	Scott, and Washington. The term of the chair of the Metropolitan Council serving on the
105.9	effective date of this section ends on that date, but the chair may continue serving until
105.10	a new chair is elected by the council under this section.
105.11	Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 473J.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
105.12	Subd. 3. Compensation. The authority may compensate its members, other than the
105.13	chair, as provided in section 15.0575. The chair shall receive, unless otherwise provided
105.14	by other law, a salary in an amount fixed by the authority, and shall be reimbursed for
105.15	reasonable expenses to the same extent as a member No members of the authority receive
105.16	<u>a salary</u> .
105.17	Sec. 113. Laws 2013, chapter 142, article 1, section 10, is amended to read:
105.18 105.19	Sec. 10. OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE TECHNOLOGY MN.IT SERVICES \$ 2,431,000 \$ 2,431,000
105.20	During the biennium ending June 30, 2015,
105.21	the Office of Enterprise Technology MN.IT
105.22	Services must not charge fees to a public
105.23	noncommercial educational television
105.24	broadcast station eligible for funding under
105.25	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 129D, for
105.26	access to the state broadcast infrastructure.
105.27	If the access fees not charged to public
105.28	noncommercial educational television
105.29	broadcast stations total more than \$400,000
105.30	for the biennium, the office may charge for
105.31	access fees in excess of these amounts.
105.32	The commissioner of Minnesota management
105.33	and budget is authorized to provide cash

106.1	flow assistance of up to \$110,000,000 from
106.2	the special revenue fund or other statutory
106.3	general funds as defined in Minnesota
106.4	Statutes, section 16A.671, subdivision 3,
106.5	paragraph (a), to the Office of Enterprise
106.6	Technology MN.IT Services for the purpose
106.7	of managing revenue and expenditure
106.8	differences during the initial phases of IT
106.9	consolidation. These funds shall be repaid
106.10	with interest by June 30, 2015 the end of the
106.11	fiscal year 2015 closing period.
106.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
106.13	Sec. 114. Laws 2015, chapter 3, section 4, is amended to read:
106.14	Sec. 4. AGENCY HEAD SALARY FREEZE.
106.15	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 15A.0815, subdivisions 1 and 5, the
106.16	salary rate for positions listed in Minnesota Statutes, section 15A.0815, for positions
106.17	appointed by the governor, may not be set at a salary rate in excess of the previous
106.18	calendar year. The salary of the chair of the Metropolitan Council is \$61,414, unless
106.19	changed under the process in Minnesota Statutes, section 15A.0815, subdivision 5.
106.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
106.21	Sec. 115. <u>LIMIT ON AGENCY HEAD SALARY INCREASE.</u>
106.22	The percentage increase in salary granted to an agency head listed in Minnesota
106.23	Statutes, section 15A.0815, who is appointed by the governor may not exceed the lesser
106.24	of: (1) the percentage increase in Minnesota median household income, as determined by
106.25	the American Community Survey compiled by the United States Bureau of the Census, for
106.26	the most recent 12-month period for which data is available; or (2) the percentage increase
106.27	in the consumer price index, as determined by the United States Bureau of Economic
106.28	Analysis, for the most recent 12-month period for which data is available.
106.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
106.30	Sec. 116. <u>LEGISLATIVE SURROGACY COMMISSION.</u>
106.31	Subdivision 1. Membership. The Legislative Commission on Surrogacy shall
106.32	consist of 15 members, appointed as follows:

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107.1	(1) three members of the senate appointed by the senate majority leader;
107.2	(2) three members of the senate appointed by the senate minority leader;
107.3	(3) three members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the
107.4	house of representatives;
107.5	(4) three members of the house of representatives appointed by the house of
107.6	representatives minority leader;
107.7	(5) the commissioner of human services or the commissioner's designee;
107.8	(6) the commissioner of health or the commissioner's designee; and
107.9	(7) a family court referee appointed by the chief justice of the state Supreme Court.
107.10	Appointments must be made by June 1, 2015.
107.11	Subd. 2. Chair. The commission shall elect a chair from among its members.
107.12	Subd. 3. Meetings. The ranking majority member of the commission who is
107.13	appointed by the senate majority leader shall convene the first meeting by July 1, 2015.
107.14	The commission shall have at least six meetings but may not have more than ten meetings
107.15	Subd. 4. Conflict of interest. A commission member may not participate in or
107.16	vote on a decision of the commission in which the member has either a direct or indirect
107.17	personal financial interest. A witness at a public meeting of the commission must disclose
107.18	any financial conflict of interest.
107.19	Subd. 5. Duties. The commission shall develop recommendations on public policy
107.20	and laws regarding surrogacy. To develop the recommendations, the commission shall
107.21	study surrogacy through public hearings, research, and deliberation. Topics for study
107.22	include, but are not limited to:
107.23	(1) potential health and psychological effects and benefits on women who serve
107.24	as surrogates;
107.25	(2) potential health and psychological effects and benefits on children born of
107.26	surrogates;
107.27	(3) business practices of the fertility industry, including attorneys, brokers, and
107.28	<u>clinics;</u>
107.29	(4) considerations related to different forms of surrogacy;
107.30	(5) considerations related to the potential exploitation of women in surrogacy
107.31	arrangements;
107.32	(6) contract law implications when a surrogacy contract is breached;
107.33	(7) potential conflicts with statutes governing private adoption and termination
107.34	of parental rights;

108.1	(8) potential for legal conflicts related to third-party reproduction, including conflicts
108.2	between or amongst the surrogate mother, the intended parents, the child, insurance
108.3	companies, and medical professionals;
108.4	(9) public policy determinations of other jurisdictions with regard to surrogacy; and
108.5	(10) information to be provided to a child born of a surrogate about the child's
108.6	biological and gestational parents.
108.7	Subd. 6. Reporting. The commission must submit a report including its
108.8	recommendations and may draft legislation to implement its recommendations to the chairs
108.9	and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction
108.10	over health and judiciary in the house and senate by December 15, 2015. On topics where
108.11	the commission fails to reach consensus, a majority and minority report shall be issued.
108.12	Subd. 7. Staffing. The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall provide staffing
108.13	and administrative support to the commission.
108.14	Subd. 8. Expiration. The commission expires the day after submitting the report
108.15	required under subdivision 6.
108.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
108.17	Sec. 117. SOCCER STADIUM.
108.18	No state funds may be appropriated or tax expenditures used to fund the construction
108.19	of a new major league soccer stadium. The state may not incur debt of the state to fund
108.20	construction of a new major league soccer stadium.
108.21	Sec. 118. <u>LIMIT ON INCREASE IN MANAGERIAL COMPENSATION.</u>
108.22	During the biennium ending June 30, 2017, an employee covered by the managerial
108.23	plan in Minnesota Statutes, section 43A.18, subdivision 3, may not be granted a
108.24	percentage increase in annual salary that exceeds the lesser of: (1) the percentage increase
108.25	in Minnesota median household income, as determined by the American Community
108.26	Survey compiled by the United States Bureau of the Census, for the most recent 12-month
108.27	period for which data is available; or (2) the percentage increase in the consumer price
108.28	index, as determined by the United States Bureau of Economic Analysis, for the most
108.29	recent 12-month period for which data is available.
108.30	Sec. 119. <u>LIMIT ON EXPENDITURES FOR ADVERTISING.</u>
108.31	During the biennium ending June 30, 2017, an executive branch agency's spending
108.32	on advertising and promotions may not exceed 90 percent of the amount the agency
108.33	spent on advertising and promotions during the biennium ending June 30, 2015. The

09.1	commissioner of management and budget must ensure compliance with this limit, and
09.2	may issue guidelines and policies to executive agencies. The commissioner may forbid
09.3	an agency from engaging in advertising as the commissioner determines is necessary to
09.4	ensure compliance with this section. This section does not apply to the Minnesota Lottery
09.5	or Explore Minnesota Tourism. Spending during the biennium ending June 30, 2017, on
09.6	advertising relating to a declared emergency, an emergency, or a disaster, as those terms
09.7	are defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 12.03, is excluded for purposes of this section.
09.8	Sec. 120. PARKING RAMP FINANCING.
09.9	The debt service on the design and construction costs allocated to the parking garage
09.10	located on the block bounded by Sherburne Avenue on the north, Park Street on the west,
09.11	University Avenue on the south, and North Capitol Boulevard on the east must be paid
09.12	for exclusively by fees charged to persons parking in that parking garage. No fees may
09.13	be charged to members of the public parking in spaces designated for persons with a
09.14	disability parking certificate.
09.15	Sec. 121. METROPOLITAN COUNCIL APPOINTMENTS; IMMEDIATE
09.16	TRANSITION TO STAGGERED TERMS.
09.17	For members serving on the Metropolitan Council on the effective date of this
09.18	section, other than the chair, members representing even-numbered districts shall serve
09.19	terms ending the first Monday in January 2019, and members representing odd-numbered
09.20	districts shall serve terms ending the first Monday in January 2017. Thereafter the term of
09.21	each member is four years, with terms ending the first Monday in January.
09.22	EFFECTIVE DATE ; APPLICATION . This section is effective the day following
09.23	final enactment and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey,
09.24	Scott, and Washington.
09.25	Sec. 122. REPORT ON AGENCY CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICERS.
09.26	The chief information officer of MN.IT must report to the legislature by January 15,
09.27	2016, on reduction in the number of chief information officers (CIOs) in state agencies.
09.28	The report must include the number of CIOs on July 1, 2015, the number on January
09.29	15, 2016, and plans to reduce that number.
09.30	Sec. 123. TRANSITION.
09 31	(a) Members of an ethnic council specified in new Minnesota Statutes, section

15.0145, on July 1, 2015, continue to serve on the council until the end of their current

10.1	term. However, if a member of a council has served eight years or more on the council
10.2	at any time before December 31, 2015, the term of that member expires December 31,
10.3	2015. If a council has more members on July 1, 2015, than is provided for by Minnesota
10.4	Statutes, section 15.0145, positions on the council shall not be filled until the expiration of
10.5	a term results in fewer members on the council than provided for in Minnesota Statutes,
10.6	section 15.0145. Membership qualifications newly specified in Minnesota Statutes, section
10.7	15.0145, must be complied with as soon as possible when terms of current members expire
10.8	(b) The Legislative Coordinating Commission must appoint an executive director
10.9	for each council no later than November 15, 2015. An incumbent executive director of a
10.10	council may apply to be appointed by the Legislative Coordinating Commission but, if
10.11	not selected, the employment of the incumbent ends when the Legislative Coordinating
10.12	Commission appoints a new executive director, or on another date determined by the
10.13	Legislative Coordinating Commission. Other council staff are transferred to employment
10.14	with the reformulated councils specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 15.0145.
10.15	Sec. 124. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.
10.16	(a) The revisor of statutes shall renumber the subdivisions in Minnesota Statutes,
10.17	section 240.01, to put the definitions contained in that section in alphabetical order.
10.18	(b) The revisor of statutes shall correct any cross-references in Minnesota Statutes
10.19	and Minnesota Rules as a result of the renumbering in paragraph (a).
10.20	(c) In the next and subsequent edition of Minnesota Statutes, the Revisor of Statutes
10.21	shall substitute a reference to section 6.481 for each reference to section 6.48.
10.22	Sec. 125. <u>REVISOR INSTRUCTION.</u>
10.23	(a) In the next and subsequent editions of Minnesota Statutes, the revisor of statutes
10.24	shall substitute the names of councils as follows in each place where the names occur:
10.25	(1) Minnesota African Heritage Council, in place of Council on Black Minnesotans;
10.26	<u>and</u>
10.27	(2) Minnesota Council on Latino Affairs, in place of Council on Affairs of
10.28	Chicano/Latino People.
10.29	(b) The revisor of statutes shall change cross-references to sections 3.9223, 3.9225,
10.30	and 3.9226, with Minnesota Statutes, section 15.0145, and make changes necessary to
10.31	correct punctuation, grammar, or sentence structure.

Sec. 126. REPEALER. 110.32

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111.1	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 10A.25, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3, 3a, 5, and 10;
111.2	10A.255, subdivisions 1 and 3; 10A.27, subdivision 11; 10A.30; 10A.31, subdivisions 1,
111.3	3, 3a, 4, 5, 5a, 6, 6a, 7, 7a, 10, 10a, 10b, and 11; 10A.315; 10A.321; 10A.322, subdivisions
111.4	1 and 2; 10A.323; and 10A.324, subdivisions 1 and 3, and Minnesota Rules, parts
111.5	4503.1400, subparts 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9; and 4503.1450, are repealed. This paragraph
111.6	is effective July 1, 2015, and applies to elections held on or after that date. Amounts
111.7	designated under section 10A.31 on income tax and property tax refund returns filed after
111.8	June 30, 2015, are not effective and remain in the general fund.
111.9	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 3.886; 6.48; 349A.07, subdivision 6; and
111.10	375.23, are repealed.
111.11	(c) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 240.01, subdivisions 12 and 23, are repealed.

(d) Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 3.9223; 3.9225; and 3.9226, subdivisions 1,

111.13 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, are repealed.