SF783 REVISOR TA S0783-1 1st Engrossment

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA EIGHTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

S.F. No. 783

(SENATE AUTHORS: DIBBLE, Wiger, Franzen, Hoffman and Champion)

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
02/25/2013	394	Introduction and first reading Referred to Education
02/28/2013	460	Author added Champion
03/06/2013	623a 638	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Judiciary Rule 12.10: report of votes in committee
03/20/2013		Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance

A bill for an act 1.1 relating to education; providing for safe and supportive schools; authorizing 12 rulemaking; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 1.3 120B.36, subdivision 1; 121A.55; 121A.69, subdivision 3; 122A.60, subdivisions 1.4 1a, 3; 124D.10, subdivision 8; 124D.895, subdivision 1; 124D.8955; 125B.15; 1.5 127A.42, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, 1.6 chapters 121A; 127A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 121A.03; 1.7 121A.0695. 1.8

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. TITLE.

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This act may be cited as the "Safe and Supportive Minnesota Schools Act."

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 120B.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **School performance report cards.** (a) The commissioner shall report student academic performance under section 120B.35, subdivision 2; the percentages of students showing low, medium, and high growth under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); school safety and student engagement and connection under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c); two separate student-to-teacher ratios that clearly indicate the definition of teacher consistent with sections 122A.06 and 122A.15 for purposes of determining these ratios; staff characteristics excluding salaries; student enrollment demographics; district mobility; summary data on incidents of student bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and intimidation and remedial responses to the incidents under section 121A.031, subdivision 4, clause (10); and extracurricular activities. The report also must indicate a school's adequate yearly progress status, and must not set any designations applicable to high- and low-performing schools due solely

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SF783	REVISOR	ТΛ	S0783-1	1st Engrossment
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to adequate yearly progress status. The commissioner must use the summary data on	
prohibited conduct reported under section 121A.031, subdivision 4, clause (10), to info	<u>orm</u>
the work of the school climate center under section 127A.052 and to assist districts an	d
schools in improving the educational outcomes of all students and specific categories	<u>of</u>
students affected by such prohibited conduct.	

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- (b) The commissioner shall develop, annually update, and post on the department Web site school performance report cards.
- (c) The commissioner must make available performance report cards by the beginning of each school year.
- (d) A school or district may appeal its adequate yearly progress status in writing to the commissioner within 30 days of receiving the notice of its status. The commissioner's decision to uphold or deny an appeal is final.
- (e) School performance report card data are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9, until the commissioner publicly releases the data. The commissioner shall annually post school performance report cards to the department's public Web site no later than September 1, except that in years when the report card reflects new performance standards, the commissioner shall post the school performance report cards no later than October 1.
- 2.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2015-2016 school year and later.

Sec. 3. [121A.031] SCHOOL POLICY TO PROVIDE SAFE AND SUPPORTIVE SCHOOLS.

- Subdivision 1. Local and state policy; scope and application. (a) This section applies to:
- (1) conduct on school premises, at school functions or activities, and on school transportation;
- (2) use of electronic technology and communications on school premises, during school functions or activities, on school transportation, and on school computers, networks, forums, and mailing lists; and
 - (3) use of electronic technology and communications off school premises to the extent such use is reasonably foreseeable to substantially and materially disrupt student learning or the school environment.
- 2.33 (b) This section applies to school districts as defined in section 121A.41, subdivision
 2.34 3, and schools as defined in section 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, 13, and 17, and in

123B.41, subdivision 9, if the school has more than 15 enrolled students and receives 3.1 public funds or other public resources. 3.2 Subd. 2. Local district and school policy. (a) Districts and schools, in consultation 3.3 with students, parents, teachers, other school personnel, and community organizations, 3.4 shall adopt, implement, and annually review, and revise where appropriate, a written policy 3.5 to prevent and prohibit student bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and intimidation, 3.6 consistent with this section. The policy must conform with sections 121A.41 to 121A.56. 3.7 A district or school must adopt and implement a local policy under subdivisions 2 to 5 or 3.8 comply with the provisions of the state model policy in subdivision 6. 3.9 (b) Each local district and school policy must establish research-based, 3.10 developmentally appropriate best practices that include preventive and remedial measures 3.11 and effective discipline for deterring policy violations; apply throughout the school 3.12 community; and foster active student, parent, and community participation. A district or 3.13 school may request assistance from the school climate center under section 127A.052 in 3.14 3.15 complying with local policy requirements. The policy shall: (1) apply to all students, school personnel, and volunteers; 3.16 (2) specifically list the characteristics contained in the definition of prohibited 3.17 conduct under subdivision 3, paragraph (f); 3.18 (3) emphasize remedial responses over punitive measures; 3.19 (4) be conspicuously posted throughout the school building; 3.20 (5) be given to each school employee and independent contractor at the time of 3.21 employment with the district or school; 3.22 3.23 (6) be included in the student handbook on school policies; and (7) be available to all parents and other school community members in accessible 3.24 languages and format on the district or school Web site. 3.25 3.26 (c) Each district and school under this subdivision must discuss its policy with students, school personnel, and volunteers and provide training for all school personnel 3.27 and volunteers who regularly have direct contact with students to prevent, identify, and 3.28 appropriately respond to prohibited conduct. 3.29 (d) Each district and school under this subdivision must submit an electronic copy 3.30 of its bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and intimidation policy to the commissioner 3.31 for review. 3.32 Subd. 3. **Definitions.** (a) The terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings 3.33 given them for purposes of this act. 3.34 (b) "Bullying" means use of one or a series of words, images, or actions, directly or 3.35 indirectly between individuals or through technology, that a reasonable person knows or 3.36

should know, under the circumstances, will have the effect of materially interfering with 4.1 4.2 the ability of an individual, including a student who observes the conduct, to participate in a safe and supportive learning environment. Examples of bullying may include, but 4.3 4.4 are not limited to, conduct that: (1) places an individual in reasonable fear of harm to person or property, including 4.5 through intimidation; 4.6 (2) has a detrimental effect on the physical, social, or emotional health of a student; 4.7 (3) interferes with a student's educational performance or ability to participate in 4.8 educational opportunities; 4.9 (4) encourages the deliberate exclusion of a student from a school service, activity, 4.10 or privilege; 4.11 (5) creates or exacerbates a real or perceived imbalance of power between students; 4.12 (6) violates the reasonable expectation of privacy of one or more individuals; or 4.13 (7) relates to the actual or perceived race, ethnicity, color, creed, religion, national 4.14 origin, immigration status, sex, age, marital status, familial status, socioeconomic status, 4.15 physical appearance, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, academic status, 4.16 disability, or status with regard to public assistance, age, or any additional characteristic 4.17 defined in chapter 363A of a person or of a person with whom that person associates, but 4.18 the conduct does not rise to the level of harassment. 4.19 (c) "Cyberbullying" means bullying through use of technology or any electronic 4.20 communication, including, but not limited to, a transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, 4.21 sounds, or data, including a post on a social network Internet Web site or forum transmitted 4.22 4.23 through a computer, cell phone, or other electronic device. (d) "Harassment" means intimidating or abusive behavior toward an individual based 4.24 on actual or perceived race, ethnicity, color, creed, religion, national origin, immigration 4.25 status, sex, age, marital status, familial status, socioeconomic status, physical appearance, 4.26 sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, academic status, disability, or status 4.27 with regard to public assistance, age, or any additional characteristic defined in chapter 4.28 363A that creates a hostile environment by materially interfering with or denying a student 4.29 or other individual the ability to participate in or receive a benefit, service, or opportunity 4.30 in a district or school program. Harassing conduct is unwelcome if the person does not 4.31 request or invite it and considers the conduct to be undesirable or offensive. 4.32

(e) "Intimidation" means a method used to bully or harass an individual.

as defined under this subdivision, retaliation for asserting or alleging such conduct,

perpetuating such conduct by transmitting or otherwise communicating hurtful or

(f) "Prohibited conduct" means bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, or intimidation

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demeaning material, or engaging in speech that will materially disrupt a student's learning environment. Prohibited conduct includes discriminatory conduct based on a person's actual or perceived race, ethnicity, color, creed, religion, national origin, immigration status, sex, marital status, familial status, socioeconomic status, physical appearance, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, academic status, disability, or status with regard to public assistance, age, or any additional characteristic defined in chapter 363A, as well as association with a person or group of persons with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics; however, prohibited conduct need not be based on any particular characteristic defined in this paragraph or chapter 363A. Each district and school must list in their policy the characteristics identified in this paragraph.

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- (g) "Remedial response" means a measure designed to stop and correct prohibited conduct, prevent prohibited conduct from recurring, and protect, support, and intervene on behalf of the student who is the target of the prohibited conduct. Districts and schools may seek the assistance of the school climate center under section 127A.052 to develop and implement remedial responses on behalf of a student who is the target of prohibited conduct, to stop and correct a student engaging in prohibited conduct, and for use with students and adults in the school community. Districts and schools need not report the use of remedial responses when their use is unrelated to any particular incident of student bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, or intimidation.
- Subd. 4. Local policy components. (a) Each district and school policy, in prohibiting bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and intimidation against all students and specific categories of students based on actual or perceived characteristics listed under subdivision 3, paragraph (f), must, at a minimum:
- (1) designate a staff member as the primary contact person in the school building to receive reports of all formal complaints, ensure the policy and its procedures including restorative practices, consequences, and sanctions are fairly and fully implemented, and serve as the primary contact on policy and procedural matters implicating both the district or school and the department;
- (2) require school employees and trained volunteers who witness bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, or intimidation incidents or possess reliable information that would lead to a reasonable person to suspect that a student is a target of bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, or intimidation to make reasonable efforts to address and resolve the prohibited conduct to the extent it does not materially disrupt the education process;
- (3) where prohibited conduct appears to materially disrupt the education process, provide a procedure to promptly begin investigation of a bullying, cyberbullying,

harassment, or intimidation report within three school days of the report, and make the

1st Engrossment

6.2 primary contact person responsible for the investigation and any resulting record and for keeping and regulating access to any record; 6.3 (4) indicate how a school will respond to an identified incident of bullying, 6.4 cyberbullying, harassment, or intimidation, including immediately intervening to protect 6.5 the target of the prohibited conduct; at the school administrator's discretion, notifying in 6.6 accordance with state and federal data privacy laws, the parent of the reported target of the 6.7 prohibited conduct, the parent of the student who bullies, or law enforcement officials; 6.8 providing other remedial responses to the prohibited conduct; and ensuring that remedial 6.9 responses are tailored to the particular incident and nature of the conduct and the student's 6.10 developmental age and behavioral history; 6.11 (5) prohibit reprisals or retaliation against any person who reports bullying, 6.12 cyberbullying, harassment, or intimidation and establish appropriate consequences for a 6.13 person who engages in reprisal or retaliation; 6.14 6.15 (6) allow anonymous reporting; (7) refer the target, individual who bullies, and other affected individuals to 6.16 information about available community resources, as appropriate; 6.17 (8) where appropriate for a child with a disability to prevent or respond to prohibited 6.18 conduct, require the child's individualized education program or section 504 team to 6.19 consider the skills and proficiencies the child needs to respond to or not engage in 6.20 prohibited conduct; 6.21 (9) use new employee training materials, the school publication on school rules, 6.22 procedures, and standards of conduct, and the student handbook on school policies 6.23 to publicize the policy; 6.24 (10) require annual reporting, collection, and analysis of summary data on incidents 6.25 6.26 of bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and intimidation and on remedial responses both to individuals and throughout the school; and 6.27 (11) require ongoing professional development, consistent with section 122A.60, 6.28 to build the skills of all school personnel and volunteers, including, but not limited to, 6.29 educators, administrators, school nurses, cafeteria workers, custodians, bus drivers, 6.30 athletic coaches, extracurricular activities advisors, volunteers who regularly have direct 6.31 contact with students, and paraprofessionals to identify, prevent, and appropriately address 6.32 bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and intimidation. 6.33 (b) Professional development under a local policy includes, but is not limited to, 6.34 information about: 6.35

7.1	(1) developmentally appropriate strategies both to prevent and to immediately and
7.2	effectively intervene to stop bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and intimidation;
7.3	(2) the complex dynamics affecting an individual who bullies, target, and witnesses
7.4	to bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and intimidation;
7.5	(3) research on bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and intimidation, including
7.6	specific categories of students at risk for bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and
7.7	intimidation in school;
7.8	(4) the incidence and nature of cyberbullying; and
7.9	(5) Internet safety and cyberbullying.
7.10	Subd. 5. Safe and supportive schools programming. (a) Districts and schools
7.11	are encouraged to provide developmentally appropriate programmatic instruction to
7.12	help students identify, prevent, and reduce bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and
7.13	intimidation; value diversity in school and society; develop and improve students'
7.14	knowledge and skills for solving problems, managing conflict, engaging in civil discourse,
7.15	and recognizing, responding to, and reporting prohibited conduct; and make effective
7.16	prevention and intervention programs available to students, school personnel, and parents.
7.17	Upon request, the school climate center under section 127A.052 must assist a district
7.18	or school in helping students understand social media and cyberbullying. Districts
7.19	and schools must establish strategies for creating a positive school climate and use
7.20	evidence-based social-emotional learning to prevent and reduce discrimination and other
7.21	prohibited conduct.
7.22	(b) Districts and schools are encouraged to:
7.23	(1) engage all students in creating a safe and supportive school environment;
7.24	(2) partner with parents and other community members to develop and implement
7.25	prevention and intervention programs;
7.26	(3) engage all students and adults in integrating education, intervention, and other
7.27	remedial responses into the school environment;
7.28	(4) train student bystanders to intervene in and report incidents of prohibited conduct
7.29	to the school's primary contact person;
7.30	(5) teach students to advocate for themselves and others;
7.31	(6) prevent inappropriate referrals to special education of students who may engage
7.32	in prohibited conduct; and
7.33	(7) foster student collaborations that support a healthy and safe school climate.
7.34	Subd. 6. State model policy. (a) The commissioner, in consultation with the
7.35	commissioner of human rights, shall develop and maintain a state model policy. A district
7.36	or school that does not adopt and implement a local policy under subdivisions 2 to 5

that when districts and schools allow noncurriculum-related student groups access to

school facilities, the district or school must give all student groups equal access to the

school facilities regardless of the content of the group members' speech.

Subd. 7. **Relation to existing law.** This section does not:

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Sec. 3. 8

(1) establish any private right of action;

SF783	REVISOR	TA	S0783-1	1st Engrossment
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(2) limit rights currently available to an individual under other civil or criminal law, 9.1 9.2 including, but not limited to, chapter 363A; or (3) interfere with a person's rights of religious expression and free speech and 9.3 expression under the First Amendment of the Unites States Constitution. 9.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivision 6, paragraph (b), is effective the day following 9.5 final enactment; the remainder of this section applies beginning July 1, 2014. 9.6 Sec. 4. [121A.0315] SAFE AND SUPPORTIVE SCHOOL GRANTS. 9.7 9.8 Subdivision 1. Grant program established. The commissioner of education, after consulting with the commissioners of human rights, human services, and health, shall 9.9 establish a safe and supportive schools grant program to enable a school district or school 9.10 9.11 to implement the requirements in section 121A.031 and foster academic achievement. All districts and schools participating under section 121A.031 are eligible to apply for a 9.12 grant under this section. 9.13 Subd. 2. Grant application. To be eligible to receive a grant, a district or school 9.14 must submit an application to the commissioner in the form and manner and according 9.15 9.16 to the timeline established by the commissioner. The application must describe how the applicant will create and maintain a safe and supportive school environment and 9.17 foster academic achievement given the characteristics and circumstances of its students, 9.18 their families, and the school community. The commissioner may require additional 9.19 information from the applicant. When reviewing the applications, the commissioner 9.20 must determine whether the applicant met the requirements of this section and is able to 9.21 meet the requirements of section 121A.031. 9.22 Subd. 3. **Grant awards.** The commissioner may award grants to eligible applicants 9.23 9.24 for creating and maintaining a safe and supportive school environment and fostering academic achievement. Grant amounts may not exceed \$...... per resident pupil unit in the 9.25 district or school in the prior school year. Grant recipients should be located throughout 9.26 the state. 9.27 Subd. 4. Grant proceeds. A grant recipient must use grant funds to create and 9.28 maintain a safe and supportive school environment and foster academic achievement 9.29 according to the terms of its grant application. 9.30 9.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for fiscal year 2014 and later.

121A.55 POLICIES TO BE ESTABLISHED.

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Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 121A.55, is amended to read:

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Sec. 5.

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(a) The commissioner of education shall promulgate guidelines to assist each school board. Each school board shall to establish uniform criteria for dismissal and adopt written policies and rules to effectuate the purposes of sections 121A.031 and 121A.40 to 121A.56. The policies shall emphasize preventing dismissals through early detection of problems and shall be designed to address prevent students' inappropriate behavior from recurring. The policies shall recognize the continuing responsibility of the school for the education of to educate the pupil during the dismissal period. The alternative educational services, if the pupil wishes to take advantage of them, must be adequate to allow the pupil to make progress towards meeting the graduation standards adopted under section 120B.02 and help prepare the pupil for readmission.

S0783-1

- (b) An area learning center under section 123A.05 may not prohibit an expelled or excluded pupil from enrolling solely because a district expelled or excluded the pupil. The board of the area learning center may use the provisions of the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act to exclude a pupil or to require an admission plan.
- (c) Each school district shall develop a policy and report it to the commissioner on the appropriate use of peace officers and crisis teams to remove students who have an individualized education program from school grounds.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014.

Subd. 3. **School board policy.** Each school board shall adopt a written policy governing student or staff hazing. The policy must apply to student behavior that occurs on or off school property and during and after school hours and be consistent with section 121A.031. The policy must include reporting procedures and disciplinary consequences for violating the policy. Disciplinary consequences must be sufficiently severe to deter violations and appropriately discipline prohibited behavior. Disciplinary consequences

must conform with sections 121A.031 and 121A.41 to 121A.56. Each school must include

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 121A.69, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

the policy in the student handbook on school policies.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014.

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 122A.60, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: Subd. 1a. **Effective staff development activities.** (a) Staff development activities must:
- (1) focus on the school classroom and research-based strategies that improve student learning;

Sec. 7. 10

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(2) provide opportunities for teachers to practice and improve their instruc	otional
skills over time;	Monai
	nily work
(3) provide opportunities for teachers to use student data as part of their data increase student achievement:	my work
to increase student achievement; (4) anhance teacher content broughed as and instructional skills, including	40
(4) enhance teacher content knowledge and instructional skills, including	
accommodate the delivery of digital and blended learning and curriculum and e	ngage
students with technology;	
(5) align with state and local academic standards;	
(6) provide opportunities to build professional relationships, foster collaboration	
among principals and staff who provide instruction, and provide opportunities f	or
teacher-to-teacher mentoring; and	
(7) align with the plan of the district or site for an alternative teacher profe	essional
pay system.	
Staff development activities may include curriculum development and curriculum	m training
programs, and activities that provide teachers and other members of site-based t	teams
training to enhance team performance. The school district also may implement	other
staff development activities required by law and activities associated with profes	ssional
teacher compensation models.	
(b) Release time provided for teachers to supervise students on field trips a	and school
activities, or independent tasks not associated with enhancing the teacher's know	vledge
and instructional skills, such as preparing report cards, calculating grades, or org	ganizing
classroom materials, may not be counted as staff development time that is finance	ced with
staff development reserved revenue under section 122A.61.	
(c) Staff development activities also may include training for school nurse	s, school
counselors, social workers, psychologists, and other mental health professionals	to support
students, teachers, and school administrators in implementing restorative and rej	parative
best practices to prevent and appropriately address student bullying, cyberbully	ing <u>,</u>
harassment, and intimidation, consistent with section 121A.031, subdivision 4, p	oaragraph
(b).	
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2014-2015 school y	ear and
later.	

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 122A.60, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. **Staff development outcomes.** The advisory staff development committee must adopt a staff development plan for improving student achievement. The plan must

Sec. 8.

be consistent with education outcomes that the school board determines. The plan must include ongoing staff development activities that contribute toward continuous improvement in achievement of the following goals:

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- (1) improve student achievement of state and local education standards in all areas of the curriculum by using best practices methods;
- (2) effectively meet the needs of a diverse student population, including at-risk children, children with disabilities, and gifted children, within the regular classroom and other settings;
- (3) provide an inclusive curriculum for a racially, ethnically, and culturally diverse student population that is consistent with the state education diversity rule and the district's education diversity plan;
- (4) improve staff collaboration and develop mentoring and peer coaching programs for teachers new to the school or district;
- (5) effectively teach and model violence prevention policy and curriculum that address early intervention alternatives, issues of harassment, annually train all school staff and school volunteers who regularly have direct contact with students in best practices to create and maintain a safe and supportive learning environment, consistent with section 121A.031, and teach nonviolent alternatives for conflict resolution, including restorative and reparative processes;
- (6) effectively deliver digital and blended learning and curriculum and engage students with technology; and
- (7) provide teachers and other members of site-based management teams with appropriate management and financial management skills.
- 12.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2014-2015 school year and 12.25 <u>later.</u>
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 124D.10, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 8. **Federal, state, and local requirements.** (a) A charter school shall meet all federal, state, and local health and safety requirements applicable to school districts.
 - (b) A school must comply with statewide accountability requirements governing standards and assessments in chapter 120B.
 - (c) A school authorized by a school board may be located in any district, unless the school board of the district of the proposed location disapproves by written resolution.
 - (d) A charter school must be nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations. An authorizer may not authorize a charter school or program that is affiliated with a nonpublic sectarian school or a religious

Sec. 9. 12

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institution. A charter school student must be released for religious instruction, consistent with section 120A.22, subdivision 12, clause (3).

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- (e) Charter schools must not be used as a method of providing education or generating revenue for students who are being home-schooled. This paragraph does not apply to shared time aid under section 126C.19.
- (f) The primary focus of a charter school must be to provide a comprehensive program of instruction for at least one grade or age group from five through 18 years of age. Instruction may be provided to people younger than five years and older than 18 years of age.
 - (g) A charter school may not charge tuition.
- 13.11 (h) A charter school is subject to and must comply with chapter 363A and section 13.12 121A.04.
- (i) A charter school is subject to and must comply with the Pupil Fair Dismissal
 Act, sections 121A.40 to 121A.56, and the Minnesota Public School Fee Law, sections
 13.15 123B.34 to 123B.39.
- (j) A charter school is subject to the same financial audits, audit procedures, and 13.16 audit requirements as a district. Audits must be conducted in compliance with generally 13.17 accepted governmental auditing standards, the federal Single Audit Act, if applicable, 13.18 and section 6.65. A charter school is subject to and must comply with sections 15.054; 13.19 118A.01; 118A.02; 118A.03; 118A.04; 118A.05; 118A.06; 471.38; 471.391; 471.392; and 13.20 471.425. The audit must comply with the requirements of sections 123B.75 to 123B.83, 13.21 except to the extent deviations are necessary because of the program at the school. 13.22 13.23 Deviations must be approved by the commissioner and authorizer. The Department of Education, state auditor, legislative auditor, or authorizer may conduct financial, program, 13.24 or compliance audits. A charter school determined to be in statutory operating debt under 13.25
 - (k) A charter school is a district for the purposes of tort liability under chapter 466.
- (l) A charter school must comply with chapters 13 and 13D; and sections 120A.22, subdivision 7; 121A.75; and 260B.171, subdivisions 3 and 5.

sections 123B.81 to 123B.83 must submit a plan under section 123B.81, subdivision 4.

- 13.30 (m) A charter school is subject to the Pledge of Allegiance requirement under section 121A.11, subdivision 3.
- (n) A charter school offering online courses or programs must comply with section 13.33 124D.095.
- (o) A charter school and charter school board of directors are subject to chapter 181.

Sec. 9. 13

SF783	REVISOR	ТА	S0783-1	1 at Engragement
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14.1	(p) A charter school must comply with section 120A.22, subdivision 7, governing
14.2	the transfer of students' educational records and sections 138.163 and 138.17 governing
14.3	the management of local records.
14.4	(q) A charter school that provides early childhood health and developmental
14.5	screening must comply with sections 121A.16 to 121A.19.
14.6	(r) A charter school that provides school-sponsored youth athletic activities must
14.7	comply with section 121A.38.
14.8	(s) A charter school must comply with section 121A.031 governing policies on
14.9	student bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and intimidation.
14.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014.
14.11	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 124D.895, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
14.12	Subdivision 1. Program goals. The department, in consultation with the state
14.13	curriculum advisory committee, must develop guidelines and model plans for parental
14.14	involvement programs that will:
14.15	(1) engage the interests and talents of parents or guardians in recognizing and
14.16	meeting the emotional, intellectual, and physical needs of their school-age children;
14.17	(2) promote healthy self-concepts among parents or guardians and other family
14.18	members;
14.19	(3) offer parents or guardians a chance to share and learn about educational skills,
14.20	techniques, and ideas;
14.21	(4) provide creative learning experiences for parents or guardians and their
14.22	school-age children, including involvement from parents or guardians of color;
14.23	(5) encourage parents to actively participate in their district's curriculum advisory
14.24	committee under section 120B.11 in order to assist the school board in improving
14.25	children's education programs; and
14.26	(6) encourage parents to help in promoting school desegregation/integration; and
14.27	(7) partner with parents in establishing a positive school climate by developing and
14.28	implementing prevention and intervention programs on student bullying, cyberbullying,
14.29	harassment, and intimidation under section 121A.031.
14.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
14.31	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 124D.8955, is amended to read:
14.32	124D.8955 PARENT AND FAMILY INVOLVEMENT POLICY.

Sec. 11. 14

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1st Engrossment

(a) In order to promote and support student achievement, a local school board is encouraged to formally adopt and implement a parent and family involvement policy that promotes and supports: (1) communication between home and school that is regular, two-way, and meaningful; (2) parenting skills; (3) parents and caregivers who play an integral role in assisting student learning and learn about fostering students' academic success and learning at home and school; (4) welcoming parents in the school and seeking their support and assistance; (5) partnerships with parents in the decisions that affect children and families in the schools; and (6) providing community resources to strengthen schools, families, and student learning, including establishing a positive school climate by developing and implementing prevention and intervention programs on student bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and intimidation under section 121A.031. (b) A school board that implements a parent and family involvement policy under paragraph (a) must convene an advisory committee composed of an equal number of resident parents who are not district employees and school staff to make recommendations to the board on developing and evaluating the board's parent and family involvement policy. If possible, the advisory committee must represent the diversity of the district. The advisory committee must consider the district's demographic diversity and barriers to parent involvement when developing its recommendations. The advisory committee must recommend to the school board and district or school how programs serving children and adolescents can collaborate on: (1) understanding normal child and adolescent development; (2) encouraging healthy communication between parents and children; (3) managing students' behavior through positive reinforcement; (4) establishing expectations for student behavior; (5) providing media and Internet guidance, limits, and supervision; and (6) promoting resilience and reducing risks for children. The advisory committee must present its recommendations to the board for board consideration. (c) The board must consider best practices when implementing this policy. (d) The board periodically must review this policy to determine whether it is aligned with the most current research findings on parent involvement policies and practices and

Sec. 11. 15

how effective the policy is in supporting increased student achievement.

(e) Nothing in this section obligates a school district to exceed any parent or family involvement requirement under federal law.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 125B.15, is amended to read:

125B.15 INTERNET ACCESS FOR STUDENTS.

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- (a) Recognizing the difference between school libraries, school computer labs, and school media centers, which serve unique educational purposes, and public libraries, which are designed for public inquiry, all computers at a school site with access to the Internet available for student use must be equipped to restrict, including by use of available software filtering technology or other effective methods, all student access to material that is reasonably believed to be obscene or child pornography or material harmful to minors under federal or state law.
- (b) A school site is not required to purchase filtering technology if the school site would incur more than incidental expense in making the purchase.
- (c) A school district receiving technology revenue under section 125B.26 must prohibit, including through use of available software filtering technology or other effective methods, adult access to material that under federal or state law is reasonably believed to be obscene or child pornography.
- (d) A school district, its agents or employees, are immune from liability for failure to comply with this section if they have made a good faith effort to comply with the requirements of this section.
- (e) "School site" means an education site as defined in section 123B.04, subdivision 1, or charter school under section 124D.10.
- (f) All school sites having computers with Internet access must adopt and implement a policy to prohibit cyberbullying, consistent with section 121A.031.
- 16.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2014-2015 school year and later.

Sec. 13. [127A.052] SCHOOL CLIMATE CENTER.

(a) The commissioner shall establish a school climate center at the department to help districts and schools under section 121A.031 provide a safe and supportive learning environment and foster academic achievement for all students by focusing on prevention, intervention, support, and recovery. The center must work collaboratively with implicated state agencies identified by the center including, but not limited to, the school safety center

budget, payroll and contract services, and staff support for center activities including

developing and disseminating materials, providing seminars, and developing and

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maintaining a Web site. Center staff shall include a center director, a data analyst coordinator, and trainers who provide training to affected state and local organizations under a fee-for-service agreement. The financial, administrative, and staff support the commissioner provides under this section must be based on an annual budget and work program developed by the center and submitted to the commissioner by the center director.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning July 1, 2013.

Sec. 14. [121A.07] SCHOOL CLIMATE COUNCIL.

- Subdivision 1. **Establishment and membership.** (a) A multiagency leadership council is established to improve school climate and school safety so that all Minnesota students in prekindergarten through grade 12 schools and higher education institutions are provided with safe and welcoming learning environments in order to maximize each student's learning potential.
- (b) The council must strive to include balanced representation from rural, suburban, and metro area communities.
 - (c) The council shall consist of:

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- (1) the commissioners or their designees from the Departments of Education,
 Health, Human Rights, Human Services, Public Safety, and Corrections and the Office of
 Higher Education;
- (2) one representative each from the Board of Teaching, Minnesota Association
 of School Administrators, Minnesota School Boards Association, Elementary School
 Principals Association, Association of Secondary School Principals, Minnesota
 Association of Charter Schools, Nonpublic Education Council, and Education Minnesota
 as selected by each organization;
 - (3) two representatives each for student support personnel, parents, and students as selected by the commissioner of education;
 - (4) two representatives of local law enforcement as selected by the commissioner of public safety; and
- 18.28 (5) two representatives of the judicial branch as selected by the chief justice of the Supreme Court.
- Subd. 2. **Duties.** The council must provide leadership for the following activities:
- 18.31 (1) establishment of norms and standards for prevention, intervention, and support around issues of bullying, harassment, and intimidation;
- 18.33 (2) advancement of evidence-based policy and best practices to improve school climate and promote school safety; and

Sec. 14. 18

SF783	REVISOR	TA	S0783-1	1st Engrossmen
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19.1	(3) development and dissemination of resources and training for schools and
19.2	communities about issues of bullying, harassment, and intimidation and other school
19.3	safety-related issues.

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- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 127A.42, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Violations of law.** The commissioner may reduce or withhold the district's state aid for any school year whenever the board of the district authorizes or permits violations of law within the district by:
 - (1) employing a teacher who does not hold a valid teaching license or permit in a public school;
 - (2) noncompliance with a mandatory rule of general application promulgated by the commissioner in accordance with statute, unless special circumstances make enforcement inequitable, impose an extraordinary hardship on the district, or the rule is contrary to the district's best interests;
 - (3) the district's continued performance of a contract made for the rental of rooms or buildings for school purposes or for the rental of any facility owned or operated by or under the direction of any private organization, if the contract has been disapproved, the time for review of the determination of disapproval has expired, and no proceeding for review is pending;
 - (4) any practice which is a violation of sections 1 and 2 of article 13 of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota;
 - (5) failure to reasonably provide for a resident pupil's school attendance under Minnesota Statutes;
 - (6) noncompliance with state laws prohibiting discrimination because of race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, age, marital status, status with regard to public assistance or, disability, as defined in sections 363A.08 to 363A.19 and 363A.28, subdivision 10, or with state law prohibiting student bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, and intimidation under section 121A.031; or
- 19.28 (7) using funds contrary to the statutory purpose of the funds.
- The reduction or withholding must be made in the amount and upon the procedure provided in this section, or, in the case of the violation stated in clause (1), upon the procedure provided in section 127A.43.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014.

Sec. 16. APPROPRIATIONS.

Sec. 16. 19

20.1	(a) \$ in fiscal year 2014 and \$ in fiscal year 2015 are appropriated from
20.2	the general fund to the commissioner of education for the school climate center under
20.3	Minnesota Statutes, section 127A.052.
20.4	(b) \$ in fiscal year 2014 and \$ in fiscal year 2015 are appropriated from
20.5	the general fund to the commissioner of education for grants to districts and schools to
20.6	provide safe and supportive learning environments and foster academic achievement for
20.7	all students under Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.0315. This appropriation is part of the
20.8	base budget for subsequent fiscal years.
20.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2013.
20.10	Sec. 17. REPEALER.
20.11	Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 121A.03; and 121A.0695, are repealed effective

TA

S0783-1

1st Engrossment

SF783

<u>July 1, 2014.</u>

20.12

REVISOR

Sec. 17. 20

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S0783-1

121A.03 MODEL POLICY.

Subdivision 1. **Model policy.** The commissioner shall maintain and make available to school boards a model sexual, religious, and racial harassment and violence policy. The model policy shall address the requirements of subdivision 2, and may encourage violence prevention and character development education programs, consistent with section 120B.232, subdivision 1, to prevent and reduce policy violations.

Subd. 2. **Sexual, religious, and racial harassment and violence policy.** A school board must adopt a written sexual, religious, and racial harassment and sexual, religious, and racial violence policy that conforms with chapter 363A. The policy shall apply to pupils, teachers, administrators, and other school personnel, include reporting procedures, and set forth disciplinary actions that will be taken for violation of the policy. Disciplinary actions must conform with collective bargaining agreements and sections 121A.41 to 121A.56. The policy must be conspicuously posted throughout each school building, given to each district employee and independent contractor at the time of entering into the person's employment contract, and included in each school's student handbook on school policies. Each school must develop a process for discussing the school's sexual, religious, and racial harassment and violence policy with students and school employees.

Subd. 3. **Submission to commissioner.** Each school board must submit to the commissioner a copy of the sexual, religious, and racial harassment and sexual, religious, and racial violence policy the board has adopted.

121A.0695 SCHOOL BOARD POLICY; PROHIBITING INTIMIDATION AND BULLYING.

Each school board shall adopt a written policy prohibiting intimidation and bullying of any student. The policy shall address intimidation and bullying in all forms, including, but not limited to, electronic forms and forms involving Internet use.