SF3417 REVISOR SGS S3417-3 3rd Engrossment

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETIETH SESSION

S.F. No. 3417

(SENATE AUTHORS: BENSON and Kiffmeyer)

DATE

03/15/2018

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OFFICIAL STATUS

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Introduction and first reading
Referred to State Government Finance and Policy and Elections

Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Health and Human Services Finance and Policy
Ocomm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Health and Human Services Finance and Policy
Joint rule 2.03, referred to Rules and Administration

Comm report: Adopt previous comm report Joint rule 2.03 Suspended
See SF3656, Art. 34, Sec. 19

A bill for an act

1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7	relating to health; establishing the Minnesota Health Policy Commission; modifying temporary license suspensions and background checks for certain health-related professions; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 214.075, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, 6; 214.077; 214.10, subdivision 8; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 364.09; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62J; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 214.075, subdivision 8.
1.9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.10	ARTICLE 1
1.11	MINNESOTA HEALTH POLICY COMMISSION
1.12	Section 1. [62J.90] MINNESOTA HEALTH POLICY COMMISSION.
1.13	Subdivision 1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "commission" means the
1.14	Minnesota Health Policy Commission.
1.15	Subd. 2. Commission membership. The commission shall consist of 15 voting members,
1.16	appointed by the Legislative Coordinating Commission as provided in subdivision 9, as
1.17	follows:
1.18	(1) one member with demonstrated expertise in health care finance;
1.19	(2) one member with demonstrated expertise in health economics;
1.20	(3) one member with demonstrated expertise in actuarial science;
1.21	(4) one member with demonstrated expertise in health plan management and finance;
1 22	(5) one member with demonstrated expertise in health care system management:

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2.1	(6) one member with demonstrated expertise as a purchaser, or a representative of a
2.2	purchaser, of employer-sponsored health care services or employer-sponsored health
2.3	insurance;
2.4	(7) one member with demonstrated expertise in the development and utilization of
2.5	innovative medical technologies;
2.6	(8) one member with demonstrated expertise as a health care consumer advocate;
2.7	(9) one member who is a primary care physician;
2.8	(10) one member who provides long-term care services through medical assistance;
2.9	(11) one member with direct experience as an enrollee, or parent or caregiver of an
2.10	enrollee, in MinnesotaCare or medical assistance;
2.11	(12) two members of the senate, including one member appointed by the majority leader
2.12	and one member from the minority party appointed by the minority leader; and
2.13	(13) two members of the house of representatives, including one member appointed by
2.14	the speaker of the house of representatives and one member from the minority party appointed
2.15	by the minority leader.
2.16	Subd. 3. Duties. The commission shall:
2.17	(1) compare Minnesota's commercial health care costs and public health care program
2.18	spending to that of the other states;
2.19	(2) compare Minnesota's commercial health care costs and public health care program
2.20	spending in any given year to its costs and spending in previous years;
2.21	(3) identify factors that influence and contribute to Minnesota's ranking for commercial
2.22	health care costs and public health care program spending, including the year over year and
2.23	trend line change in total costs and spending in the state;
2.24	(4) continually monitor efforts to reform the health care delivery and payment system
2.25	in Minnesota to understand emerging trends in the commercial health insurance market,
2.26	including large self-insured employers, and the state's public health care programs in order
2.27	to identify opportunities for state action to achieve:
2.28	(i) improved patient experience of care, including quality and satisfaction;
2.29	(ii) improved health of all populations; and
2.30	(iii) reduced per capita cost of health care; and
2.31	(5) make recommendations for legislative policy, market, or any other reforms to:

(i) lower the rate of growth in commercial health care costs and public health care 3.1 program spending in the state; 3.2 (ii) positively impact the state's ranking in the areas listed in this subdivision; 3 3 (iii) improve the quality and value of care for all Minnesotans; and 3.4 (iv) conduct any additional reviews requested by the legislature. 3.5 Subd. 4. **Report.** The commission shall submit a report listing recommendations for 3.6 changes in health care policy and financing by June 15 each year to the chairs and ranking 3.7 minority members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over health care. 3.8 In making recommendations to the legislative committees, the commission shall consider 3.9 how the recommendations might positively impact the cost-shifting interplay between public 3.10 payer reimbursement rates and health insurance premiums. The commission shall also 3.11 consider how public health care programs, where appropriate, may be utilized as a means 3.12 to help prepare enrollees for an eventual transition to private sector coverage. The report 3.13 shall include any draft legislation to implement the commission's recommendations. 3.14 Subd. 5. **Staff.** The commission shall hire a director who may employ or contract for 3.15 professional and technical assistance as the commission determines necessary to perform 3.16 its duties. The commission may also contract with private entities with expertise in health 3.17 economics, health finance, and actuarial science to secure additional information, data, 3.18 research, or modeling that may be necessary for the commission to carry out its duties. 3.19 Subd. 6. Access to information. The commission may secure directly from a state 3.20 department or agency de-identified information and data that is necessary for the commission 3.21 to carry out its duties. For purposes of this section, "de-identified" means the process used 3 22 to prevent the identity of a person or business from being connected with information and 3.23 ensuring all identifiable information has been removed. 3.24 3.25 Subd. 7. Terms; vacancies; compensation. (a) Public members of the commission shall serve four-year terms. The public members may not serve for more than two consecutive 3.26 3.27 terms. (b) The legislative members shall serve on the commission as long as the member or 3.28 3.29 the appointing authority holds office. (c) The removal of members and filling of vacancies on the commission are as provided 3.30 3.31 in section 15.059. (d) Public members may receive compensation and expenses as provided in section 3.32 3.33 15.059, subdivision 3.

4.1	Subd. 8. Chairs; officers. The commission shall elect a chair annually. The commission
4.2	may elect other officers necessary for the performance of its duties.

- Subd. 9. Selection of members; advisory council. The Legislative Coordinating

 Commission shall take applications from members of the public who are qualified and interested to serve in one of the listed positions. The applications must be reviewed by a health policy commission advisory council comprised of four members as follows: the state economist, legislative auditor, state demographer, and the president of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis or a designee of the president. The advisory council shall recommend two applicants for each of the specified positions by September 30 in the calendar year preceding the end of the members' terms. The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall appoint one of the two recommended applicants to the commission.
- 4.12 <u>Subd. 10.</u> <u>Meetings.</u> The commission shall meet at least four times each year.
 4.13 Commission meetings are subject to chapter 13D.
- 4.14 Subd. 11. Conflict of interest. A member of the commission may not participate in or
 4.15 vote on a decision of the commission relating to an organization in which the member has
 4.16 either a direct or indirect financial interest.
- 4.17 <u>Subd. 12.</u> Expiration. The commission shall expire on June 15, 2024.

Sec. 2. FIRST APPOINTMENTS; FIRST MEETING.

The Health Policy Commission Advisory Council shall make its recommendations under Minnesota Statutes, section 62J.90, subdivision 9, for candidates to serve on the Minnesota Health Policy Commission, to the Legislative Coordinating Commission by September 30, 2018. The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall make the first appointments of public members to the Minnesota Health Policy Commission, under Minnesota Statutes, section 62J.90, by January 15, 2019. The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall designate five members to serve terms that are coterminous with the governor and six members to serve terms that end on the first Monday in January one year after the terms of the other members conclude. The director of the Legislative Coordinating Commission shall convene the first meeting of the Minnesota Health Policy Commission by June 15, 2019, and shall act as the chair until the commission elects a chair at its first meeting.

Sec. 3. APPROPRIATION.

4.31 \$...... in fiscal year 2019 is appropriated from the general fund to the Minnesota Health
4.32 Policy Commission for the purposes of section 1.

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5.1 ARTICLE 2

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HEALTH-RELATED PROFESSIONS

5.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 214.075, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Applications.** (a) By January 1, 2018, Each health-related licensing board, as defined in section 214.01, subdivision 2, shall require applicants for initial licensure, licensure by endorsement, or reinstatement or other relicensure after a lapse in licensure, as defined by the individual health-related licensing boards, the following individuals to submit to a criminal history records check of state data completed by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension (BCA) and a national criminal history records check, including a search of the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI)-:

- (1) applicants for initial licensure or licensure by endorsement. An applicant is exempt from this paragraph if the applicant submitted to a state and national criminal history records check as described in this paragraph for a license issued by the same board;
- (2) applicants seeking reinstatement or relicensure, as defined by the individual health-related licensing board, if more than one year has elapsed since the applicant's license or registration expiration date; or
 - (3) licensees applying for eligibility to participate in an interstate licensure compact.
- (b) An applicant must complete a criminal background check if more than one year has elapsed since the applicant last submitted a background check to the board. An applicant's criminal background check results are valid for one year from the date the background check results were received by the board. If more than one year has elapsed since the results were received by the board, then an applicant who has not completed the licensure, reinstatement, or relicensure process must complete a new background check.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 214.075, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Refusal to consent.** (a) The health-related licensing boards shall not issue a license to any applicant who refuses to consent to a criminal background check or fails to submit fingerprints within 90 days after submission of an application for licensure. Any fees paid by the applicant to the board shall be forfeited if the applicant refuses to consent to the criminal background check or fails to submit the required fingerprints.
- (b) The failure of a licensee to submit to a criminal background check as provided in subdivision 3 is grounds for disciplinary action by the respective health-related licensing board.

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Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 214.075, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Submission of fingerprints to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.** The health-related licensing board or designee shall submit applicant or licensee fingerprints to the BCA. The BCA shall perform a check for state criminal justice information and shall forward the applicant's or licensee's fingerprints to the FBI to perform a check for national criminal justice information regarding the applicant or licensee. The BCA shall report to the board the results of the state and national criminal justice information history records checks.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 214.075, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Alternatives to fingerprint-based criminal background checks.** The health-related licensing board may require an alternative method of criminal history checks for an applicant or licensee who has submitted at least three two sets of fingerprints in accordance with this section that have been unreadable by the BCA or the FBI.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 214.077, is amended to read:

214.077 TEMPORARY LICENSE SUSPENSION; IMMINENT RISK OF SERIOUS HARM.

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision of a health-related professional practice act, when a health-related licensing board receives a complaint regarding a regulated person and has probable cause to believe that the regulated person has violated a statute or rule that the health-related licensing board is empowered to enforce, and continued practice by the regulated person presents an imminent risk of serious harm, the health-related licensing board shall issue an order temporarily suspending the regulated person's authority to practice. The temporary suspension order shall specify the reason for the suspension, including the statute or rule alleged to have been violated. The temporary suspension order shall take effect upon personal service on the regulated person or the regulated person's attorney, or upon the third calendar day after the order is served by first class mail to the most recent address provided to the health-related licensing board for the regulated person or the regulated person or the regulated person or the regulated person's attorney.
- (b) The temporary suspension shall remain in effect until the health-related licensing board or the commissioner completes an investigation, holds a contested case hearing pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, and issues a final order in the matter as provided for in this section.

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- (c) At the time it issues the temporary suspension order, the health-related licensing board shall schedule a contested case hearing, on the merits of whether discipline is warranted, to be held pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act. The regulated person shall be provided with at least ten days' notice of any contested case hearing held pursuant to this section. The contested case hearing shall be scheduled to begin no later than 30 days after the effective service of the temporary suspension order.
- (d) The administrative law judge presiding over the contested case hearing shall issue a report and recommendation to the health-related licensing board no later than 30 days after the final day of the contested case hearing. If the administrative law judge's report and recommendations are for no action, the health-related licensing board shall issue a final order pursuant to sections 14.61 and 14.62 within 30 days of receipt of the administrative law judge's report and recommendations. If the administrative law judge's report and recommendations are for action, the health-related licensing board shall issue a final order pursuant to sections 14.61 and 14.62 within 60 days of receipt of the administrative law judge's report and recommendations. Except as provided in paragraph (e), if the health-related licensing board has not issued a final order pursuant to sections 14.61 and 14.62 within 30 days of receipt of the administrative law judge's report and recommendations for no action or within 60 days of receipt of the administrative law judge's report and recommendations for action, the temporary suspension shall be lifted.
- (e) If the regulated person requests a delay in the contested case proceedings provided for in paragraphs (c) and (d) for any reason, the temporary suspension shall remain in effect until the health-related licensing board issues a final order pursuant to sections 14.61 and 14.62.
- (f) This section shall not apply to the Office of Unlicensed Complementary and Alternative Health Practice established under section 146A.02. The commissioner of health shall conduct temporary suspensions for complementary and alternative health care practitioners in accordance with section 146A.09.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 214.10, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. Special requirements for health-related licensing boards. In addition to the provisions of this section that apply to all examining and licensing boards, the requirements in this subdivision apply to all health-related licensing boards, except the Board of Veterinary Medicine.
 - (a) If the executive director or consulted board member determines that a communication received alleges a violation of statute or rule that involves sexual contact with a patient or

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client, the communication shall be forwarded to the designee of the attorney general for an investigation of the facts alleged in the communication. If, after an investigation it is the opinion of the executive director or consulted board member that there is sufficient evidence to justify disciplinary action, the board shall conduct a disciplinary conference or hearing. If, after a hearing or disciplinary conference the board determines that misconduct involving sexual contact with a patient or client occurred, the board shall take disciplinary action. Notwithstanding subdivision 2, a board may not attempt to correct improper activities or redress grievances through education, conciliation, and persuasion, unless in the opinion of the executive director or consulted board member there is insufficient evidence to justify disciplinary action. The board may settle a case by stipulation prior to, or during, a hearing if the stipulation provides for disciplinary action.

- (b) A board member who has a direct current or former financial connection or professional relationship to a person who is the subject of board disciplinary activities must not participate in board activities relating to that case.
- (c) Each health-related licensing board shall establish procedures for exchanging information with other Minnesota state boards, agencies, and departments responsible for regulating health-related occupations, facilities, and programs, and for coordinating investigations involving matters within the jurisdiction of more than one regulatory body. The procedures must provide for the forwarding to other regulatory bodies of all information and evidence, including the results of investigations, that are relevant to matters within that licensing body's regulatory jurisdiction. Each health-related licensing board shall have access to any data of the Department of Human Services relating to a person subject to the jurisdiction of the licensing board. The data shall have the same classification under chapter 13, the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, in the hands of the agency receiving the data as it had in the hands of the Department of Human Services.
- (d) Each health-related licensing board shall establish procedures for exchanging information with other states regarding disciplinary actions against licensees. The procedures must provide for the collection of information from other states about disciplinary actions taken against persons who are licensed to practice in Minnesota or who have applied to be licensed in this state and the dissemination of information to other states regarding disciplinary actions taken in Minnesota. In addition to any authority in chapter 13 permitting the dissemination of data, the board may, in its discretion, disseminate data to other states regardless of its classification under chapter 13. Criminal history record information shall not be exchanged. Before transferring any data that is not public, the board shall obtain reasonable assurances from the receiving state that the data will not be made public.

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Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 364.09, is amended to read:

364.09 EXCEPTIONS.

- (a) This chapter does not apply to the licensing process for peace officers; to law enforcement agencies as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (f); to fire protection agencies; to eligibility for a private detective or protective agent license; to the licensing and background study process under chapters 245A and 245C; to the licensing and background investigation process under chapter 240; to eligibility for school bus driver endorsements; to eligibility for special transportation service endorsements; to eligibility for a commercial driver training instructor license, which is governed by section 171.35 and rules adopted under that section; to emergency medical services personnel, or to the licensing by political subdivisions of taxicab drivers, if the applicant for the license has been discharged from sentence for a conviction within the ten years immediately preceding application of a violation of any of the following:
- (1) sections 609.185 to 609.2114, 609.221 to 609.223, 609.342 to 609.3451, or 617.23, subdivision 2 or 3; or Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 609.21;
- (2) any provision of chapter 152 that is punishable by a maximum sentence of 15 years or more; or
- (3) a violation of chapter 169 or 169A involving driving under the influence, leaving the scene of an accident, or reckless or careless driving.
- This chapter also shall not apply to eligibility for juvenile corrections employment, where the offense involved child physical or sexual abuse or criminal sexual conduct.
- (b) This chapter does not apply to a school district or to eligibility for a license issued or renewed by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or the commissioner of education.
- (c) Nothing in this section precludes the Minnesota Police and Peace Officers Training Board or the state fire marshal from recommending policies set forth in this chapter to the attorney general for adoption in the attorney general's discretion to apply to law enforcement or fire protection agencies.
- (d) This chapter does not apply to a license to practice medicine that has been denied or revoked by the Board of Medical Practice pursuant to section 147.091, subdivision 1a.
- (e) This chapter does not apply to any person who has been denied a license to practice chiropractic or whose license to practice chiropractic has been revoked by the board in accordance with section 148.10, subdivision 7.

10.1	(f) This chapter does not apply to any license, registration, or permit that has been denied
10.2	or revoked by the Board of Nursing in accordance with section 148.261, subdivision 1a.
10.3	(g) (d) This chapter does not apply to any license, registration, permit, or certificate that
10.4	has been denied or revoked by the commissioner of health according to section 148.5195,
10.5	subdivision 5; or 153A.15, subdivision 2.
10.6	(h) (e) This chapter does not supersede a requirement under law to conduct a criminal
10.7	history background investigation or consider criminal history records in hiring for particular
10.8	types of employment.
10.9	(f) This chapter does not apply to the licensing or registration process for, or to any
10.10	license, registration, or permit that has been denied or revoked by, a health-related licensing
10.11	board listed in section 214.01, subdivision 2.
10.12	Sec. 8. REPEALER.
10.13	Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 214.075, subdivision 8, is repealed.
10.14	Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 to 8 are effective the day following final enactment.

APPENDIX Article locations in SF3417-3

ARTICLE 1	MINNESOTA HEALTH POLICY COMMISSION	Page.Ln 1.10
ARTICLE 2	HEALTH-RELATED PROFESSIONS	Page.Ln 5.1

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: SF3417-3

214.075 HEALTH-RELATED LICENSING BOARDS; CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS.

Subd. 8. **Instructions to the board; plans.** The health-related licensing boards, in collaboration with the commissioner of human services and the BCA, shall establish a plan for completing criminal background checks of all licensees who were licensed before the effective date requirement under subdivision 1. The plan must seek to minimize duplication of requirements for background checks of licensed health professionals. The plan for background checks of current licensees shall be developed no later than January 1, 2017, and may be contingent upon the implementation of a system by the BCA or FBI in which any new crimes that an applicant or licensee commits after an initial background check are flagged in the BCA's or FBI's database and reported back to the board. The plan shall include recommendations for any necessary statutory changes.