SF3245 REVISOR RSI S3245-2 2nd Engrossment

## SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETIETH SESSION

S.F. No. 3245

(SENATE AUTHORS: PRATT, Marty, Dahms, Goggin and Sparks)DATED-PGOFFICIAL STATUS03/12/20186426Introduction and first reading<br/>Referred to Energy and Utilities Finance and Policy03/19/20186538aComm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Commerce and Consumer Protection Finance<br/>and Policy03/21/20186819Comm report: To pass and re-referred to Judiciary and Public Safety Finance and Policy03/22/20186904aComm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Taxes04/16/2018Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance

A bill for an act

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1.2	relating to energy; modifying the energy improvements program; providing
1.3	consumer protections for residential property assessed clean energy (PACE) loans;
1.4	providing remedies; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 45.011, subdivision 1; 46.04, subdivision 1; 46.131, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 216C.435,
1.5 1.6	subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, 6, 8, by adding subdivisions; 216C.436, subdivisions 1, 2,
1.7	5, 7, 8, 9, by adding a subdivision; 290B.03, subdivision 1; 429.011, subdivision
1.8	2a; 429.021, subdivision 1; 429.101, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2017
1.9	Supplement, section 46.131, subdivision 11; proposing coding for new law in
1.10	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2016, section
1.11	216C.435, subdivision 5.
1.12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.13	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 45.011, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
1.14	Subdivision 1. <b>Scope.</b> As used in chapters 45 to 80C, 80E to 83, 155A, <u>216C,</u> 332, 332A,
1.15	332B, 345, and 359, and sections 123A.21, subdivision 7, paragraph (a), clause (23);
1.16	123A.25; 325D.30 to 325D.42; 326B.802 to 326B.885; 386.62 to 386.78; 471.617; and
1.17	471.982, unless the context indicates otherwise, the terms defined in this section have the
1.18	meanings given them.
1.19	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 46.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
1.20	Subdivision 1. General. The commissioner of commerce, referred to as the commissioner
1.21	in chapters 46 to 59A, 216C, 332A, and 332B as the commissioner, is vested with all the
1.22	powers, authority, and privileges which, prior to the enactment of Laws 1909, chapter 201,
1.23	were conferred by law upon the public examiner, and shall take over all duties in relation
1.24	to state banks, savings banks, trust companies, savings associations, and other financial
1 25	institutions within the state which prior to the enactment of chapter 201 were imposed

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upon the public examiner. The commissioner of commerce shall exercise a constant supervision, either personally or through the examiners herein provided for, over the books and affairs of all state banks, savings banks, trust companies, savings associations, credit unions, industrial loan and thrift companies, and other financial institutions doing business within this state; and shall, through examiners, examine each financial institution at least once every 24 calendar months. In satisfying this examination requirement, the commissioner may accept reports of examination prepared by a federal agency having comparable supervisory powers and examination procedures. With the exception of industrial loan and thrift companies which do not have deposit liabilities and licensed regulated lenders, it shall be the principal purpose of these examinations to inspect and verify the assets and liabilities of each and so far investigate the character and value of the assets of each institution as to determine with reasonable certainty that the values are correctly carried on its books. Assets and liabilities shall be verified in accordance with methods of procedure which the commissioner may determine to be adequate to carry out the intentions of this section. It shall be the further purpose of these examinations to assess the adequacy of capital protection and the capacity of the institution to meet usual and reasonably anticipated deposit withdrawals and other cash commitments without resorting to excessive borrowing or sale of assets at a significant loss, and to investigate each institution's compliance with applicable laws and rules. Based on the examination findings, the commissioner shall make a determination as to whether the institution is being operated in a safe and sound manner. None of the above provisions limits the commissioner in making additional examinations as deemed necessary or advisable. The commissioner shall investigate the methods of operation and conduct of these institutions and their systems of accounting, to ascertain whether these methods and systems are in accordance with law and sound banking principles. The commissioner may make requirements as to records as deemed necessary to facilitate the carrying out of the commissioner's duties and to properly protect the public interest. The commissioner may examine, or cause to be examined by these examiners, on oath, any officer, director, trustee, owner, agent, clerk, customer, or depositor of any financial institution touching the affairs and business thereof, and may issue, or cause to be issued by the examiners, subpoenas, and administer, or cause to be administered by the examiners, oaths. In case of any refusal to obey any subpoena issued under the commissioner's direction, the refusal may at once be reported to the district court of the district in which the bank or other financial institution is located, and this court shall enforce obedience to these subpoenas in the manner provided by law for enforcing obedience to subpoenas of the court. In all matters relating to official duties, the commissioner of commerce has the power possessed by courts of law to issue subpoenas and cause them to be served and enforced, and all

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officers, directors, trustees, and employees of state banks, savings banks, trust companies, savings associations, and other financial institutions within the state, and all persons having dealings with or knowledge of the affairs or methods of these institutions, shall afford reasonable facilities for these examinations, make returns and reports to the commissioner of commerce as the commissioner may require; attend and answer, under oath, the commissioner's lawful inquiries; produce and exhibit any books, accounts, documents, and property as the commissioner may desire to inspect, and in all things aid the commissioner in the performance of duties.

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- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 46.131, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Examination fee authority. Examination fees of the Department of 3.10 Commerce shall be assessed against financial institutions and residential PACE 3.11 administrators, as defined in section 216C.435, subdivision 10a, in accordance with the 3.12 provisions of this section. 3.13
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 46.131, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 3.14
  - Subd. 2. Assessment authority. Each bank, trust company, savings bank, savings association, regulated lender, industrial loan and thrift company, credit union, motor vehicle sales finance company, debt management services provider, debt settlement services provider, and insurance premium finance company, and residential PACE administrator, as defined in section 216C.435, subdivision 10a, organized under the laws of this state or required to be administered by the commissioner of commerce shall pay into the state treasury its proportionate share of the cost of maintaining the Department of Commerce.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 46.131, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 3.22
- Subd. 4. General assessment basis. (a) Assessments shall be made by the commissioner 3.23 against each institution within the industry on an equitable basis, according to the total assets 3.24 of each institution as of the end of the previous calendar year. 3.25
- 3.26 (b) Assessments against residential PACE administrators, as defined in section 216C.435, subdivision 10a, must be made by the commissioner according to the total business volume 3.27 as of the end of the previous calendar year. 3.28

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Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 46.131, subdivision 11, is amended 4.1 to read: 4.2 Subd. 11. Financial institutions account; appropriation. (a) The financial institutions 4.3 account is created as a separate account in the special revenue fund. The account consists 4.4 of funds received from assessments under subdivision 7 and, examination fees under 4.5 subdivision 8, and license and renewal fees under section 216C.437, subdivision 12. Earnings, 4.6 including interest, dividends, and any other earnings arising from account assets, must be 4.7 credited to the account. 4.8 (b) Funds in the account are annually appropriated to the commissioner of commerce 4.9 for activities under this section. 4.10 4.11 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Scope.** For the purposes of this section and section 216C.436 sections 4.12 4.13 216C.435 to 216C.437, the following terms defined in this section have the meanings given them. 4.14 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 4.15 Subd. 2. Authority. "Authority" means a housing and redevelopment authority or 4.16 economic development authority created pursuant to section 469.003, 469.004, or 469.091, 4.17 a port authority pursuant to section 469.049, 469.1082, or special law, or another entity 4.18 authorized by law to exercise the powers of an authority created pursuant to one of those 4.19 sections. Authority does not include a residential PACE administrator. 4.20 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, subdivision 3a, is amended to read: 4.21 Subd. 3a. Cost-effective energy improvements. "Cost-effective energy improvements" 4.22 4.23 mean energy improvements: (1) any renovation or retrofitting of: 4.24 4.25 (i) qualifying commercial real property to improve energy efficiency that is permanently affixed to the property, results in a net reduction in energy consumption without altering 4.26 the principal source of energy, and has been identified in an energy audit as repaying the 4.27 purchase and installation costs in 20 years or less, based on the amount of future energy 4.28 saved and estimated future energy prices; or 4.29

(ii) qualifying residential real property that is permanently affixed to the property and

is eligible to receive an incentive through a program offered by the electric or natural gas

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utility that pro	ovides service under s	ection 216B.24	1 to the property or is o	otherwise determined		
to be a cost-e	to be a cost-effective energy improvement by the commissioner under section 216B.241,					
subdivision 1	d, paragraph (a);					
(2) perma	nent installation of r	new or ungrade	d electrical circuits an	nd related equipment		
	ctrical vehicle chargi					
		_ <del></del>	tam attached to incto	llad within or		
			etem attached to, insta or thermal energy from	_		
			udit or renewable ener			
	<del></del>		costs in 20 years or le			
	ture energy saved an		-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Sec. 10. Mi	nnesota Statutes 201	6, section 2160	C.435, is amended by a	adding a subdivision		
to read:						
Subd. 3b.	<b>Commercial PACE</b>	E loan contract	or. "Commercial PAC	CE loan contractor"		
means a person	on or entity that insta	alls cost-effecti	ve energy improveme	nts financed under a		
commercial I	PACE loan program.					
Sec. 11. Mi	nnesota Statutes 201	6, section 2160	C.435, is amended by a	adding a subdivision		
to read:						
Subd. 3c.	Commercial PACE	loan program.	"Commercial PACE 1	oan program" means		
a financing p	rogram established u	inder section 2	16C.436.			
	nnesota Statutes 201	6, section 2160	C.435, is amended by a	adding a subdivision		
to read:						
Subd. 3d.	Commissioner. "Co	ommissioner" n	neans the commission	er of commerce.		
G 12 N		6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 425 : 1 11	11.		
	nnesota Statutes 201	6, section 2160	C.435, is amended by a	adding a subdivision		
to read:						
			s an owner of qualifyi			
			the deed having a leg	gal interest in the		
property and	all persons on the m	ortgage or note	<u>.</u>			
Sec 14 Mi	nnesota Statutes 201	6 section 2160	C.435, subdivision 6,	is amended to read:		
Subd. 6. <b>I</b>	Implementing entity	y. "Implementir	ng entity" means the lo	ocal government or		

an authority designated by the local government by resolution to implement and administer

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programs described in section sections 216C.436 and 216C.437. Implementing entity does 6.1 not include a residential PACE administrator. 6.2 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision 6.3 to read: 6.4 Subd. 7b. PACE. "PACE" means property assessed clean energy. 6.5 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 6.6 Subd. 8. Qualifying commercial real property. "Qualifying commercial real property" 6.7 means a single-family or multifamily residential dwelling, or a commercial or industrial 6.8 building, that the implementing entity has determined, after review of an energy audit or 6.9 renewable energy system feasibility study, can be benefited by installation of cost-effective 6.10 energy improvements. 6.11 6.12 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 6.13 6.14 Subd. 8a. Qualifying residential real property. "Qualifying residential real property" means a single-family residential dwelling, or other residential dwelling of four or fewer 6.15 units, that the implementing entity has determined can be benefited by installation of 6.16 cost-effective energy improvements. 6.17 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision 6.18 to read: 6.19 Subd. 10a. **Residential PACE administrator.** "Residential PACE administrator" means 6.20 an entity with which the implementing entity contracts to administer all or part of a residential 6.21 PACE loan program. For purposes of this subdivision, "administer" includes, but is not 6.22 limited to, the performance of any or all of the following acts, whether directly or through 6.23 6.24 an agent: (1) marketing, offering, selling, facilitating, or financing, in whole or in part, a residential 6.25 PACE loan; 6.26 (2) facilitating, arranging, or contracting for the installation of the cost-effective energy 6.27 improvements financed through a residential PACE loan; or 6.28 (3) offering any other service to an implementing entity in connection with the offering 6.29 or provision of a residential PACE loan or operating a residential PACE program. 6.30

Sec. 18. 6

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision

- 7.2 to read:
- 7.3 Subd. 10b. **Residential PACE loan contract.** "Residential PACE loan contract" means
- the legal agreement for the financing and installation of cost-effective energy improvements
- 7.5 <u>under the residential PACE program.</u>
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 7.7 to read:
- 7.8 Subd. 10c. **Residential PACE contractor.** "Residential PACE contractor" means a
- 7.9 person or entity that installs cost-effective energy improvements financed, in whole or in
- 7.10 part, by a PACE loan.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 7.12 to read:
- 7.13 Subd. 10d. **Residential PACE lien.** "Residential PACE lien" means the encumbrance
- on the qualifying residential real property created by the special assessment as provided in
- 7.15 section 216C.437, subdivision 28.
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 7.17 to read:
- 7.18 Subd. 10e. **Residential PACE loan.** "Residential PACE loan" means the extension of
- 7.19 financing that is offered to pay for the installation of cost-effective energy improvements
- on a homeowner's qualifying residential real property and is repayable by the homeowner
- through a special assessment as provided under section 216C.437, subdivision 28.
- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 7.23 to read:
- Subd. 10f. **Residential PACE loan program.** "Residential PACE loan program" means
- the financing program established under section 216C.437.
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 7.27 to read:
- 7.28 Subd. 13. **Vulnerable adult.** "Vulnerable adult" means any person 18 years of age or

7.29 older who:

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8.1	(1) receives services from a home care provider required to be licensed under sections
3.2	144A.43 to 144A.482, or from a person or organization that offers, provides, or arranges
3.3	for personal care assistance services under the medical assistance program as authorized
3.4	under section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a, 256B.0651, 256B.0653, 256B.0654, 256B.0659
3.5	or 256B.85;
3.6	(2) possesses a physical or mental infirmity or other physical, mental, or emotional
3.7	dysfunction that impairs the individual's ability to provide adequately for the individual's
3.8	own care without assistance, including the provision of food, shelter, clothing, health care
3.9	or supervision;
3.10	(3) possesses a physical or mental infirmity or other physical, mental, or emotional
3.11	dysfunction that impairs the individual's ability to knowingly contract or otherwise protect
3.12	the individual's own self-interest; or
3.13	(4) identifies as having dementia or Alzheimer's disease, or who exhibits behaviors that
3.14	a reasonable person would suspect indicates the adult has Alzheimer's disease or other
3.15	dementia.
3.16	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.436, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
3.17	Subdivision 1. <b>Program purpose and authority.</b> An implementing entity may establish
8.18	a <u>commercial PACE loan</u> program to finance <u>cost-effective</u> energy improvements to enable
3.19	owners of qualifying <u>commercial</u> real property to pay for <u>the</u> cost-effective energy
3.20	improvements to the qualifying real property with the net proceeds and interest earnings of
3.21	revenue bonds authorized in this section. An implementing entity may limit the number of
3.22	qualifying commercial real properties for which a property owner may receive program
3.23	financing.
24	See 26 Minneagte Statutes 2016 gestion 216C 426 is amonded by adding a subdivision
3.24	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.436, is amended by adding a subdivision
3.25	to read:
3.26	Subd. 1a. Scope. Unless otherwise specified, this section applies only to programs
3.27	established under subdivision 1 that are offered to an owner of qualifying commercial real
3.28	property.
3.29	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.436, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
3.30	Subd. 2. <b>Program requirements.</b> A financing commercial PACE loan program must:

8 Sec. 27.

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(1) impose requirements and conditions on financing arrangements to ensure timely repayment;
(2) require an energy audit or renewable energy system feasibility study to be conducted

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- (2) require an energy audit or renewable energy system feasibility study to be conducted on the qualifying <u>commercial</u> real property and reviewed by the implementing entity prior to approval of the financing;
- (3) require the inspection of all installations and a performance verification of at least ten percent of the <u>cost-effective</u> energy improvements financed by the program;
- (4) not prohibit the financing of all cost-effective energy improvements not otherwise prohibited by this section;
- (5) require that all cost-effective energy improvements be made to a qualifying <u>commercial</u> real property prior to, or in conjunction with, an applicant's repayment of financing for cost-effective energy improvements for that property;
- (6) have <u>cost-effective</u> energy improvements financed by the program performed by <u>a</u> licensed <u>contractors</u> contractor as required by chapter 326B or other law or ordinance;
- (7) require disclosures to borrowers by the implementing entity of the risks involved in borrowing, including the risk of foreclosure if a tax delinquency results from a default;
  - (8) provide financing only to those who demonstrate an ability to repay;
- (9) not provide financing for a qualifying <u>commercial</u> real property in which the owner is not current on mortgage or real property tax payments;
- (10) require a petition to the implementing entity by all owners of the qualifying commercial real property requesting collections of repayments as a special assessment under section 429.101;
- (11) provide that payments and assessments are not accelerated due to a default and that a tax delinquency exists only for assessments not paid when due; and
- 9.25 (12) require that liability for special assessments related to the financing runs with the qualifying <u>commercial</u> real property.
- 9.27 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.436, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 5. Coordination with other programs. A financing commercial PACE loan program must include cooperation and coordination with the conservation improvement activities of the utility serving the qualifying commercial real property under section 216B.241 and other public and private energy improvement programs.

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Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.436, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 7. **Repayment.** An implementing entity that finances an energy improvement under this section must:
  - (1) secure payment with a lien against the qualifying commercial real property; and
- (2) collect repayments as a special assessment as provided for in section 429.101 or by charter, provided that special assessments may be made payable in up to 20 equal annual installments.

If the implementing entity is an authority, the local government that authorized the authority to act as implementing entity shall impose and collect special assessments necessary to pay debt service on bonds issued by the implementing entity under subdivision 8, and shall transfer all collections of the assessments upon receipt to the authority.

- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.436, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Bond issuance**; repayment. (a) An implementing entity may issue revenue 10.13 bonds as provided in chapter 475 for the purposes of this section and section 216C.437, 10.14 10.15 provided the revenue bond must not be payable more than 20 years from the date of issuance.
  - (b) The bonds must be payable as to both principal and interest solely from the revenues from the assessments established in subdivision 7 and section 216C.437, subdivision 28.
  - (c) No holder of bonds issued under this subdivision may compel any exercise of the taxing power of the implementing entity that issued the bonds to pay principal or interest on the bonds, and if the implementing entity is an authority, no holder of the bonds may compel any exercise of the taxing power of the local government. Bonds issued under this subdivision are not a debt or obligation of the issuer or any local government that issued them, nor is the payment of the bonds enforceable out of any money other than the revenue pledged to the payment of the bonds.
- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.436, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 10.25
- Subd. 9. **Supplemental funding sources.** (a) An implementing entity is authorized to 10.26 establish, acquire, and use additional or alternative funding sources for the purposes of this 10.27 section and section 216C.437. 10.28
- (b) For the purposes of this subdivision and section 216C.437, additional or alternative 10.29 funding sources do not include issuance of general obligation bonds. 10.30

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Sec. 32. [216C.437] RESIDENTIAL PACE LOAN PROGRAM; AUTHORITY;

11.2	CONSUMER PROTECTIONS.
11.3	Subdivision 1. <b>Scope.</b> This section applies only to programs established under subdivision
11.4	2 that are offered to a homeowner.
11.5	Subd. 2. Program purpose and authority. (a) An implementing entity may establish
11.6	a residential PACE loan program to finance cost-effective energy improvements to enable
11.7	homeowners to pay for the cost-effective energy improvements to qualifying residential
11.8	real property with the net proceeds and interest earnings of revenue bonds authorized in
11.9	section 216C.436, subdivision 8. The program must serve a public purpose and not primarily
11.10	be for the benefit of private entities or private investors even though private benefit may
11.11	result incidentally.
11.12	(b) An implementing entity may limit the number of qualifying residential real properties
11.13	for which a homeowner may receive program financing.
11.14	(c) No implementing entity or residential PACE administrator may:
11.15	(1) provide, offer, or facilitate financing to a homeowner who is not current on mortgage
11.16	or real property tax payments; or
11.17	(2) permit a homeowner to have more than one residential PACE loan outstanding at a
11.18	time or a combination of a residential PACE loan and one or more other loan products
11.19	offered by the administrator or any affiliate or related entity of the administrator.
11.20	(d) Upon completion of a project, an implementing entity shall provide a homeowner
11.21	with a certificate stating participation in the program and identify what cost-effective energy
11.22	improvements have been made with financing program proceeds.
11.23	Subd. 3. Financing terms. (a) An implementing entity shall ensure that financing
11.24	provided under this section has:
11.25	(1) a cost-weighted average maturity not exceeding the useful life of the cost-effective
11.26	energy improvements installed, as determined by the commissioner, but in no event may a
11.27	term exceed 20 years; and
11.28	(2) a principal amount not to exceed:
11.29	(i) for a residential PACE loan for energy efficiency improvements only, the lesser of
11.30	ten percent of the assessed value of the real property on which the improvements are to be
11.31	installed or the actual cost of installing the cost-effective energy improvements; and

12.1	(ii) for a residential PACE loan for a renewable energy system or a combination of a
12.2	renewable energy system and energy efficiency improvements, the lesser of 20 percent of
12.3	the assessed value of the real property on which the improvements are to be installed or the
12.4	actual cost of installing the cost-effective energy improvements.
12.5	For the purposes of this clause, the "actual cost of installing cost-effective energy
12.6	improvements" includes the costs of necessary equipment, materials and labor, and the cost
12.7	of verification of installation.
12.8	(b) The combined debt of existing mortgages, the residential PACE lien, and all other
12.9	liens on the qualified residential real property may not exceed 90 percent of the assessed
12.10	value of the real property.
12.11	Subd. 4. PACE lien position. (a) Notwithstanding any statute or ordinance to the
12.12	contrary, a residential PACE lien shall be:
12.13	(1) subordinate to all liens on the qualifying residential real property recorded prior to
12.14	the time the PACE lien is recorded;
12.15	(2) subordinate to a first mortgage on the qualifying property recorded after the PACE
12.16	lien is recorded; and
12.17	(3) superior to any other lien on the qualifying residential real property recorded after
12.18	the PACE lien is recorded.
12.19	(b) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, in the event of a foreclosure sale or
12.20	a sale pursuant to the exercise of a power of sale under a mortgage relating to a qualifying
12.21	residential real property, the holders of any mortgages or other liens, including delinquent
12.22	annual assessments secured by PACE liens, shall receive proceeds in accordance with the
12.23	priorities established under paragraph (a).
12.24	Subd. 5. Lienholder notice. (a) An implementing entity or a residential PACE
12.25	administrator may not enter into a residential PACE loan contract with a homeowner unless
12.26	the implementing entity or the residential PACE administrator has provided written notice
12.27	to each of the servicers of any mortgage or other lien on the qualifying residential real
12.28	property that the homeowner intends to enter into a residential PACE loan contract.
12.29	(b) No residential PACE loan may be made unless the implementing entity or the
12.30	residential PACE administrator obtains written, signed confirmation from the servicer of
12.31	any mortgage or other lien on the qualifying residential real property that entering into the
12.32	residential PACE loan contract does not constitute an event of default or give rise to any
12.33	remedies under the terms of the mortgage loan or other contractual agreement.

13.1	Subd. 6. Licensing. No residential PACE administrator may operate in this state without
13.2	first obtaining a license from the commissioner. An administrator applying for a license
13.3	must provide the following information in a form prescribed by the commissioner:
13.4	(1) the full name of each natural person who is a principal of the administrator;
13.5	(2) the mailing address, which must not be a post office box, the telephone number, and,
13.6	if applicable, the e-mail address of the primary office of the administrator and any branch
13.7	offices in this state;
13.8	(3) consent to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state;
13.9	(4) the name and address of the registered agent in this state authorized to accept service
13.10	of process on behalf of the administrator;
13.11	(5) disclosure of:
13.12	(i) whether any controlling or affiliated party has ever been convicted of a crime or found
13.13	civilly liable for an offense involving moral turpitude, including forgery, embezzlement,
13.14	obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, or any
13.15	other similar offense or violation, or any violation of a federal or state law or regulation
13.16	relating to any consumer fraud, false advertising, deceptive trade practices, or similar
13.17	consumer protection law;
13.18	(ii) any judgments, private or public litigation, tax liens, written complaints, administrative
13.19	actions, or investigations by any government agency against the administrator, or against
13.20	any officer, director, manager, or shareholder of owning more than five percent interest in
13.21	the administrator, unresolved or otherwise, filed or otherwise commenced within the
13.22	preceding ten years;
13.23	(iii) whether the administrator, or any person employed by the administrator, has had a
13.24	record of having defaulted in the payment of money collected for others, including the
13.25	discharge of debts through bankruptcy proceedings; and
13.26	(iv) whether authority granted to the administrator to operate in any other state has ever
13.27	been denied, revoked, or suspended; and
13.28	(6) any other information and material as the commissioner may require.
13.29	Subd. 7. Term of license. Licenses for residential PACE administrators issued under
13.30	this chapter expire on December 31 and are renewable on January 1 of each year after that
13.31	<u>date.</u>

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Subd. 8. Timely renewal. (a) A person whose application is properly and timely filed
and who has not received notice of denial of renewal is considered approved for renewal,
and the person may continue to transact business as a residential PACE administrator whether
or not the renewed license has been received on or before January 1 of the renewal year.
An application for renewal of a license is considered timely filed if received by the
commissioner by December 15 of the renewal year. An application for renewal is considered
properly filed if made upon forms duly executed and sworn to, accompanied by fees
prescribed by this chapter, and containing any information that the commissioner requires.
(b) A person who fails to make a timely application for renewal of a license and who
has not received the renewal license as of January 1 of the renewal year is unlicensed until
the renewal license has been issued by the commissioner and is received by the person.
Subd. 9. Contents of renewal application. Application for the renewal of an existing
license must contain the request for renewal and any changes to the information specified
in subdivision 6.
Subd. 10. <b>Cancellation.</b> A licensee ceasing an activity or activities regulated by this
chapter and desiring to no longer be licensed shall simultaneously inform the commissioner
in writing and surrender the license and all other symbols or indicia of licensure. The licensee
shall include a plan for the withdrawal from regulated business, including a timetable for
the disposition of the business.
Subd. 11. Powers of the commissioner. (a) The commissioner has under this section
the same powers the commissioner has under section 45.027, including the authority to
impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per violation.
(b) The commissioner may condition or refuse to renew a license for any of the reasons
the commissioner may deny, suspend, or revoke a license.
(c) The commissioner may order restitution against persons subject to this section for
violations of this section.
(d) The commissioner may issue orders or directives under this section as follows:
(1) order or direct persons subject to this chapter to cease and desist from conducting
business, including immediate temporary orders to cease and desist;
(2) order or direct persons subject to this chapter to cease any harmful activities or
violations of this chapter, including immediate temporary orders to cease and desist;

(3) enter immediate temporary orders to cease business under a license if the 15.1 commissioner determines that the license was erroneously granted or the licensee is currently 15.2 15.3 in violation of this chapter; and (4) order or direct other affirmative action the commissioner considers necessary. 15.4 15.5 (e) Each violation or failure to comply with any directive or order of the commissioner is a separate and distinct violation or failure. 15.6 15.7 Subd. 12. **Fees.** The following fees must be paid to the commissioner: 15.8 (1) for an initial license, \$1,000, \$50 of which is credited to the consumer education 15.9 account in the special revenue fund; and 15.10 (2) for a renewal license, \$500, \$50 of which is credited to the consumer education 15.11 account in the special revenue fund. Subd. 13. **Financial examinations.** The commissioner shall have the power vested under 15.12 section 46.04 to conduct financial examinations of licensees. Each residential PACE 15.13 administrator must keep, and use in licensee's business, any books, accounts, and records, 15.14 including electronic records, as will enable the commissioner to determine whether the 15.15 licensee is complying with this section and any rules, orders, and directives adopted by the 15.16 commissioner under this section. Every licensee must preserve the books, accounts, and 15.17 records for at least six years after making the final entry on any transaction recorded. 15.18 Examinations of the books, records, and method of operations conducted under the 15.19 supervision of the commissioner shall be done at the cost of the licensee. The cost must be 15.20 15.21 assessed as determined under section 46.131. Subd. 14. **Bond.** (a) An applicant for a residential PACE administrator license must file 15.22 with the department a surety bond in the amount of \$100,000, issued by an insurance 15.23 company authorized to do so in this state. The bond must cover all persons who are 15.24 employees or agents of the applicant. The bond must be available for the recovery of 15.25 expenses, fines, and fees levied by the commissioner under this chapter and for losses 15.26 15.27 incurred by homeowners as a result of a licensee's noncompliance with the requirements of this section, sections 325D.43 to 325D.48, 325F.67 to 325F.69, or breach of contract relating 15.28 15.29 to activities regulated by this chapter. (b) The bond must be submitted with the administrator's license application and evidence 15.30 of continued coverage must be submitted with each renewal. Any change in the bond must 15.31 be submitted for approval by the commissioner within ten days of its execution. The bond 15.32 or a substitute bond shall remain in effect during all periods of licensing. 15.33

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16.1	(c) A license	e shall maintain or	increase its su	rety bond to reflec	et the total dollar amount
16.2	of the residentia	1 PACE loans mad	e in this state i	n the preceding ye	ear according to the table
16.3	in this paragrap	h. A licensee may	decrease its su	rety bond accordi	ng to the table in this
16.4	paragraph if the	surety bond requir	red is less than	the amount of the	surety bond on file with
16.5	the department.				
16.6	Dollar Amount	of Residential PA	CE Loans		Surety Bond Required
16.7	\$0 to \$5,000,00	<u>0</u> 0			\$100,000
16.8	\$5,000,000.01	<u>xo \$10,000,000</u>			\$125,000
16.9	\$10,000,000.01	to \$25,000,000			\$150,000
16.10	Over \$25,000,0	00			\$200,000
16.11	<u>Subd. 15.</u> <u>A</u> 1	nnual reporting.	Residential PA	CE administrators	s shall file reports by
16.12	March 31 of each	h year on forms su	upplied by the	commissioner and	l containing information
16.13	required by the	commissioner.			
16.14	Subd. 16. <b>R</b> o	esidential PACE I	oan contracts	s. (a) A residential	PACE loan contract
16.15	must:				
16.16	(1) be in wri	ting and must be s	igned by:		
16.17	(i) the home	owner;			
16.18	(ii) all other	persons on the deed	d, mortgage, or	note having a lega	l interest in the property;
16.19	(iii) the resid	dential PACE contr	ractor; and		
16.20	(iv) the resid	lential PACE admi	nistrator;		
16.21	(2) contain a	all the terms and co	onditions of a	residential PACE 1	oan and the installation
16.22	of cost-effective	e energy improven	nents;		
16.23	(3) be writte	n in English and th	ne primary lan	guage of the home	eowner:
16.24	(i) at the hor	neowner's request;	<u>2</u>		
16.25	(ii) if the res	idential PACE loa	n is advertised	I in that language;	<u>or</u>
16.26	(iii) if the res	sidential PACE loa	n contract was	described, discus	sed, or negotiated in that
16.27	language, regard	dless of whether th	ne residential I	PACE loan is adve	rtised in that language;
16.28	(4) conspicue	ously display both	the verbatim st	atement that "[inse	ert name of the residential
16.29	PACE administr	cator] is licensed w	ith the Minne	sota Department o	of Commerce" and the
16.30	license number	of the administrate	or;		

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PACE loan with a homeowner who the administrator or contractor knew or should have

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19.1	(5) "current or reasonably expected income" includes income from assets and excludes
19.2	the value of the qualifying residential real property, including any attached real property,
19.3	that secures the residential PACE loan.
19.4	(c) The residential PACE administrator must use only reliable documents and records
19.5	to verify the homeowner's ability to repay the residential PACE loan. Reliable documents
19.6	and records include Internal Revenue Service Form W-2 (Wage and Tax Statement) or other
19.7	similar Internal Revenue Service forms that are used for reporting wages or tax withholding,
19.8	tax returns, payroll receipts and statements, and financial institution records and statements.
19.9	A statement by the homeowner to the residential PACE administrator of the homeowner's
19.10	income is not sufficient to establish the existence of the income or resources when verifying
19.11	the homeowner's ability to repay the residential PACE loan.
19.12	Subd. 18. Oral confirmation. (a) Prior to the execution by the homeowner of a residential
19.13	PACE contract and prior to the commencement of any installation of any energy
19.14	improvement, the residential PACE administrator must orally, in a live, recorded telephone
19.15	conversation with the homeowner:
19.16	(1) confirm the key terms of the agreement and the scope of energy improvement work,
19.17	including, at a minimum, the measures to be installed that are financed by a residential
19.18	PACE loan, the total estimated annual payment, the date the first tax payment will be due,
19.19	the interest rate expressed as an annual percentage rate, the term of the loan, and that
19.20	repayments will be made through the homeowner's property taxes;
19.21	(2) verify that the homeowner understands:
19.22	(i) the key terms of the agreement;
19.23	(ii) that if taxes are escrowed, by how much the escrowed amounts will increase or, if
19.24	taxes are not escrowed, that the homeowner should consider saving enough money during
19.25	the year to cover the additional residential PACE assessment;
19.26	(iii) that the residential PACE loan becomes a PACE lien on the homeowner's property
19.27	and will likely need to be paid off when the house is sold;
19.28	(iv) the monetary penalty that accompanies a homeowner delinquency or default on
19.29	property tax payments; and
19.30	(v) that the homeowner has the right to rescind a residential PACE loan contract, as
19.31	provided in subdivision 19; and
19.32	(3) communicate that:

20.1	(i) energy savings are not guaranteed and the risk that energy savings from the
20.2	cost-effective energy improvements may not equal or exceed the residential PACE loan
20.3	payments that will be added to the homeowner's property taxes;
20.4	(ii) refinancing a home encumbered by a residential PACE lien will likely be more
20.5	difficult or impossible;
20.6	(iii) selling a home encumbered by a residential PACE lien will likely be more difficult;
20.7	<u>and</u>
20.8	(iv) the homeowner risks tax forfeiture or foreclosure upon default.
20.9	(b) At the commencement of the oral confirmation, the administrator must ask if the
20.10	homeowner would prefer to communicate during the oral confirmation primarily in a
20.11	language other than English. If the preferred language is supported by the residential PACE
20.12	administrator, the oral confirmation shall be given in the preferred language, except where
20.13	the homeowner on the call chooses to communicate through an interpreter chosen by the
20.14	homeowner. If the preferred language is not supported and an interpreter is not chosen by
20.15	the homeowner on the call, the administrator shall terminate the call and no residential
20.16	PACE loan contract may be executed.
20.17	(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), the oral confirmation must be conducted in the
20.18	primary language of the homeowner if the PACE contract was explained, discussed, or
20.19	negotiated in that language.
20.20	(d) A voice mail message does not meet the requirements of this subdivision.
20.21	(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "an interpreter chosen by the homeowner" means
20.22	a person 18 years of age or older who is able to speak fluently and read with full
20.23	understanding both the English language and the preferred language of the homeowner,
20.24	and:
20.25	(1) who is not employed by the residential PACE administrator or the residential PACE
20.26	contractor or an affiliate or related entity of the administrator or contractor; or
20.27	(2) whose services are not made available through the administrator or the contractor.
20.28	Subd. 19. Right to rescind a residential PACE loan contract. (a) A homeowner shall
20.29	have the right to rescind, without penalty or obligation, a residential PACE loan contract
20.30	until midnight on the third calendar day following execution of the contract by the
20.31	homeowner. For the purposes of this subdivision, the rescission period begins at 12:01 a.m.
20.32	of the day following the day the contract was executed by the homeowner.

	(b) The homeowner shall notify the offering party of the rescission by:
	(1) mail or other written communications delivered to the offeror's physical address; or
	(2) by electronic means if the residential PACE administrator or residential PACE
	contractor has previously communicated with the homeowner via electronic means. Service
	by mail is effective upon deposit in the United States mail.
	(c) Any payments made by the homeowner in connection with the residential PACE
	loan or a home improvement contract for cost-effective energy improvements financed with
	a residential PACE loan must be returned to the homeowner within 20 business days after
	receipt by the administrator or the contractor by any means of notification of rescission.
	(d) When more than one homeowner in a transaction has the right to rescind, the exercise
	of the right by one consumer shall be effective as to all homeowners.
	Subd. 20. Rescission notice and form. (a) A residential PACE administrator and a
]	residential PACE contractor shall furnish the buyer with the following rescission notice and
f	form, which must be in a writing separate from the residential PACE loan contract and shall
1	not be considered substantive law under this section:
	RESCISSION RIGHT AND FORM
	Your right to cancel
	You have the right to rescind (cancel) this contract without penalty until midnight on
]	
•	
-	[insert day and date].  To rescind (cancel): Mail or otherwise deliver a signed and dated copy of this form to
]	Insert day and date].  To rescind (cancel): Mail or otherwise deliver a signed and dated copy of this form to [insert name of the residential PACE administrator] at [insert physical or, if the residential physical or is the residential physical physical or is the residential physical physica
	[insert day and date].  To rescind (cancel): Mail or otherwise deliver a signed and dated copy of this form to  [insert name of the residential PACE administrator] at [insert physical or, if the residential PACE administrator accepts electronic rescission, the e-mail address of the residential PACE
	[insert day and date].  To rescind (cancel): Mail or otherwise deliver a signed and dated copy of this form to  [insert name of the residential PACE administrator] at [insert physical or, if the residential PACE administrator accepts electronic rescission, the e-mail address of the residential PACE
] ]	To rescind (cancel): Mail or otherwise deliver a signed and dated copy of this form to finsert name of the residential PACE administrator] at [insert physical or, if the residential PACE administrator accepts electronic rescission, the e-mail address of the residential PACE administrator].  You do not have to use this form, but must notify [insert the name of the residential]
] ]	To rescind (cancel): Mail or otherwise deliver a signed and dated copy of this form to finsert name of the residential PACE administrator] at [insert physical or, if the residential PACE administrator accepts electronic rescission, the e-mail address of the residential PACE administrator].  You do not have to use this form, but must notify [insert the name of the residential PACE administrator] in writing at the address listed in the previous sentence of your intention
	[insert day and date].  To rescind (cancel): Mail or otherwise deliver a signed and dated copy of this form to [insert name of the residential PACE administrator] at [insert physical or, if the residential PACE administrator accepts electronic rescission, the e-mail address of the residential PACE administrator].  You do not have to use this form, but must notify [insert the name of the residential PACE administrator] in writing at the address listed in the previous sentence of your intention
	To rescind (cancel): Mail or otherwise deliver a signed and dated copy of this form to [insert name of the residential PACE administrator] at [insert physical or, if the residential PACE administrator accepts electronic rescission, the e-mail address of the residential PACE administrator].  You do not have to use this form, but must notify [insert the name of the residential PACE administrator] in writing at the address listed in the previous sentence of your intention to rescind (cancel).  If you rescind (cancel), any payments made by you under this contract will be returned.
	[insert day and date].  To rescind (cancel): Mail or otherwise deliver a signed and dated copy of this form to [insert name of the residential PACE administrator] at [insert physical or, if the residential PACE administrator accepts electronic rescission, the e-mail address of the residential PACE administrator].  You do not have to use this form, but must notify [insert the name of the residential PACE administrator] in writing at the address listed in the previous sentence of your intention to rescind (cancel).  If you rescind (cancel), any payments made by you under this contract will be returned.
	[insert day and date].  To rescind (cancel): Mail or otherwise deliver a signed and dated copy of this form to [insert name of the residential PACE administrator] at [insert physical or, if the residential PACE administrator accepts electronic rescission, the e-mail address of the residential PACE administrator].  You do not have to use this form, but must notify [insert the name of the residential PACE administrator] in writing at the address listed in the previous sentence of your intention to rescind (cancel).  If you rescind (cancel), any payments made by you under this contract will be returned within 20 business days after the residential PACE administrator receives this form.
	[insert day and date].  To rescind (cancel): Mail or otherwise deliver a signed and dated copy of this form to [insert name of the residential PACE administrator] at [insert physical or, if the residential PACE administrator accepts electronic rescission, the e-mail address of the residential PACE administrator].  You do not have to use this form, but must notify [insert the name of the residential PACE administrator] in writing at the address listed in the previous sentence of your intention to rescind (cancel).  If you rescind (cancel), any payments made by you under this contract will be returned within 20 business days after the residential PACE administrator receives this form.  Notice of Rescission Form
	[insert day and date].  To rescind (cancel): Mail or otherwise deliver a signed and dated copy of this form to [insert name of the residential PACE administrator] at [insert physical or, if the residential PACE administrator accepts electronic rescission, the e-mail address of the residential PACE administrator].  You do not have to use this form, but must notify [insert the name of the residential PACE administrator] in writing at the address listed in the previous sentence of your intention to rescind (cancel).  If you rescind (cancel), any payments made by you under this contract will be returned within 20 business days after the residential PACE administrator receives this form.  Notice of Rescission Form

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	(b) The document containing the rescission right and form must be provided to the
hc	meowner at the time the homeowner executes the residential PACE loan contract.
	(c) When a homeowner rescinds a residential PACE loan, the homeowner shall not be
lia	ble for any amount, including any finance charge, fees, or other charges.
	Subd. 21. Installation of energy improvements. (a) Without exception and
nc	twithstanding section 326B.805, subdivision 6, cost-effective energy improvements
ĭı	nanced through a residential PACE loan must be installed by a residential PACE contractor
w]	no is licensed by the commissioner of labor and industry as a residential building contractor
or	residential remodeler.
	(b) A residential PACE contractor may not commence work to install cost-effective
en	ergy improvements financed with a residential PACE loan prior to the expiration of the
e	scission period provided under subdivision 19. A residential PACE contractor who violates
h	is paragraph:
	(1) is not entitled to compensation for that work;
	(2) must restore the property to its original condition at no cost to the homeowner; and
	(3) immediately and without condition return all money, property, and other consideration
gi	ven by the homeowner.
	(c) A residential PACE contractor may not charge a homeowner a different price for the
O	st-effective energy improvements and their installation that the contractor would charge
ò	r the same or similar installations that are not financed through a residential PACE loan.
	(d) An implementing entity must inspect all installations and conduct a performance
/e	rification of at least ten percent of the cost-effective energy improvements financed by
h	e program.
	(e) A residential PACE loan program shall require that all cost-effective energy
m	provements be made to a qualifying real property prior to, or in conjunction with, an
p	plicant's repayment of financing for cost-effective energy improvements for that property.
	Subd. 22. Coordination with other programs. A residential PACE loan program must
in	clude cooperation and coordination with the conservation improvement activities of the
ut	lity serving the qualifying residential real property under section 216B.241 and other

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24.1	(i) indicate to a homeowner that tax benefits may be available to certain homeowners
24.2	who obtain residential PACE loans; and
24.3	(ii) direct the homeowner to seek the advice of an expert regarding tax matters related
24.4	to the residential PACE loan;
24.5	(9) offer or provide direct or indirect monetary payments or any other form of
24.6	compensation, incentive, kickback, inducement, or any other thing of value to a homeowner
24.7	to enter into a residential PACE loan;
24.8	(10) engage in practices prohibited under section 47.605;
24.9	(11) engage in practices prohibited under section 332.37;
24.10	(12) engage in practices prohibited under section 326B.84;
24.11	(13) enter into any residential PACE loan unless both the Federal Housing Finance
24.12	Agency and the Federal Housing Administration will purchase, refinance, or insure mortgages
24.13	encumbered by PACE liens;
24.14	(14) violate state or federal do-not-call or telemarketing restrictions or prohibitions; or
24.15	(15) violate any other state or federal law or rule.
24.16	(b) No residential PACE administrator may:
24.17	(1) offer or provide direct or indirect monetary payments or any other form of
24.18	compensation, incentive, kickback, inducement, or any other thing of value to a residential
24.19	PACE contractor to offer, favor, or refer a homeowner to a residential PACE loan over
24.20	other forms of financing or credit; and
24.21	(2) disclose or permit disclosure to a residential PACE contractor the amount of PACE
24.22	loan financing for which a homeowner is eligible.
24.23	Subd. 25. Relation to other laws. (a) A residential PACE administrator must comply
24.24	with the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, United States Code, title 50, section 3901, et
24.25	seq., except that, for the purposes of this section, the rights granted under the act may not
24.26	be waived.
24.27	(b) A residential PACE administrator is subject to section 582.043.
24.28	Subd. 26. Special protection for low-income homeowners. (a) Neither a residential
24.29	PACE administrator nor a residential PACE contractor may enter into a residential PACE
24.30	loan contract with a homeowner unless the administrator first screens the homeowner for
24.31	eligibility for, and, if eligible, refers the homeowner to, the free low-income weatherization

25.1	assistance program and low-income home energy assistance programs, relevant programs
25.2	offered by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, relevant programs offered by the electric
25.3	and gas utility company or companies serving the homeowner, and any other relevant no-
25.4	or low-cost programs known to the administrator or contractor.
25.5	(b) For the purposes of this subdivision:
25.6	(1) "low-income" means income qualifying a homeowner for assistance under the
25.7	low-income home energy assistance program;
25.8	(2) "low-income home energy assistance program" has the meaning given under section
25.9	256J.08, subdivision 52; and
25.10	(3) "low-income weatherization assistance program" means the program described under
25.11	section 216C.264.
25.12	Subd. 27. Disclosures. (a) The following verbatim disclosure must be provided to a
25.13	homeowner on a one-page document, separate from any other, and in 14-point type:
25.14	IMPORTANT THINGS TO KNOW ABOUT THIS LOAN
25.15	1. This loan is called a PACE loan. PACE stands for Property Assessed Clean Energy
25.16	Loan.
25.17	2. This is not a typical loan. You pay it back through your property taxes. Property
25.18	taxes are paid annually or twice a year, not monthly, like most loans.
25.19	3. You are putting up your house as a guarantee of repayment (collateral) for this loan.
25.20	You could lose your house in foreclosure or tax forfeiture if you fall behind or cannot
25.21	meet the tax payments necessary to repay the loan.
25.22	4. This PACE loan will increase your property taxes by [\$ insert annual amount]
25.23	per year for [insert duration of the loan] years, unless you pay the loan back early.
25.24	5. Having a PACE loan on the house will likely make it harder to sell your house because
25.25	you will have to pay off the PACE loan or reduce the price of the house by the amount of
25.26	the remaining PACE loan balance.
25.27	6. Having a PACE loan on the house will likely make it more difficult to refinance your
25.28	mortgage or get a loan modification. It may also delay a closing on a sale.
25.29	7. To learn about the benefits and risks of a PACE loan, contact the Minnesota
25.30	Homeownership Center at 651-659-9336 or 866-462-6466 (toll-free) to get the name and
25.31	location of a local certified housing counseling organization. You might also consider talking
25.32	to a lawyer.

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26.1	(b) A residential PACE administrator or a residential PACE contractor shall give the
26.2	disclosure in paragraph (a) to the homeowner five days prior to the execution by the
26.3	homeowner of a residential PACE loan contract at the first in-person encounter with the
26.4	homeowner at which a residential PACE loan or the installation of energy measures to be
26.5	financed by a residential PACE loan is discussed.
26.6	No other disclosures or papers may be proffered with the disclosures and annual statement
26.7	required under this subdivision. The administrator must ensure that the contact information
26.8	for the referral provided in the disclosure is up to date.
26.9	(c) In addition to the disclosure required under paragraph (a), the residential PACE
26.10	administrator must provide, before the execution of a PACE loan contract, a disclosure that
26.11	is approved by the commissioner that includes information specified by the commissioner.
26.12	The disclosure must include:
26.13	(1) the total amount of the assessment;
26.14	(2) the annual assessment payments and a payment schedule;
26.15	(3) the term of the assessment;
26.16	(4) the interest rate, all fees, and annual percentage rate of the PACE loan;
26.17	(5) the improvements to be installed;
26.18	(6) that no penalty shall be assessed or collected for prepayment of the assessment;
26.19	(7) that any potential utility savings are not guaranteed and may not be equal to or greater
26.20	than the assessment payments or total assessment amount;
26.21	(8) that the payments will be added to the homeowner's property tax bill; and
26.22	(9) the amount by which escrowed property taxes will increase.
26.23	(d) A residential PACE administrator must provide an annual statement of the status of
26.24	the residential PACE loan, including, at a minimum, the amount paid to date and the
26.25	remaining balance of the loan.
26.26	(e) All legally required and voluntary disclosures made in connection with a residential
26.27	PACE loan must be provided in the primary language of the homeowner if:
26.28	(1) requested by the homeowner;
26.29	(2) the residential PACE loan is advertised in that language; or
26.30	(3) the residential PACE loan contract was explained, discussed, or negotiated in that
26.31	language, regardless of whether the residential PACE loan is advertised in that language.

27.1 Subd. 28. **Repayment.** (a) An implementing entity that finances an energy improvement 27.2 under this section must: (1) secure payment with a lien against the qualifying real property; 27.3 (2) collect repayments as a special assessment as provided for in section 429.101 or by 27.4 27.5 charter, provided that special assessments may be made payable in up to 20 equal annual installments; 27.6 27.7 (3) impose requirements and conditions on financing arrangements to ensure timely repayment; 27.8 (4) require a petition to the implementing entity by all homeowners of the qualifying 27.9 real property requesting collections of repayments as a special assessment under section 27.10 429.101; 27.11 27.12 (5) provide that payments and assessments are not accelerated due to a default and that a tax delinquency for assessments not paid shall be subordinate to all other assessments on 27.13 the property existing at the time. Payments made by the homeowner for unpaid special 27.14 charges collected as a special assessment shall first be credited to any outstanding charge 27.15 27.16 under section 429.021, subdivision 1, clauses (1) to (20), before applying any payment to unpaid special charges collected as a special assessment imposed under this section; and 27.17 (6) require that liability for special assessments related to the financing runs with the 27.18 qualifying real property. 27.19 (b) If the implementing entity is an authority, the local government that authorized the 27.20 authority to act as implementing entity shall impose and collect special assessments necessary 27.21 to pay debt service on bonds issued by the implementing entity under section 216C.436, 27.22 subdivision 8, and shall transfer all collections of the assessments upon receipt to the 27.23 27.24 authority. (c) All residential PACE administrators must develop, offer, and implement binding 27.25 residential PACE loan forbearance, modification, and forgiveness mechanisms for 27.26 27.27 homeowners of residential real property who are facing economic hardship. The mechanisms may not result in an increase in monthly payments and must restructure or forgive debt in 27.28 cases of permanent hardship, including loss of income due to death or disability. 27.29 Subd. 29. **Prepayment of loan.** A homeowner may prepay a residential PACE loan, in 27.30 whole or in part, at any time or from time to time without penalty or premium by paying 27.31 27.32 the principal amount to be prepaid together with accrued interest to the date of prepayment.

28.1	Subd. 30. Preservation of claims and defenses. A homeowner or subsequent homeowner
28.2	of, a successor in interest to, or any person obligated to pay the property taxes on qualifying
28.3	residential real property encumbered by a PACE lien may assert all claims and defenses
28.4	against a subsequent residential PACE administrator that the homeowner who originally
28.5	entered into the residential PACE loan could assert against the original residential PACE
28.6	administrator or servicer of a residential PACE loan.
28.7	Subd. 31. Standard of conduct; agency relationship. (a) Residential PACE
28.8	administrators, residential PACE contractors, subcontractors of the residential PACE
28.9	contractor, and agents thereof shall act in good faith toward and in the best interests of the
28.10	homeowners.
28.11	(b) For the purposes of this section, a residential PACE contractor, a subcontractor of
28.12	the residential PACE contractor, and any other agent of the contractor is an agent of a
28.13	residential PACE administrator. The performance of any act related to a residential PACE
28.14	loan contract by a residential PACE contractor, a subcontractor of the residential PACE
28.15	contractor, or any agent of the contractor is considered an act of the administrator, provided
28.16	the act was within the contractual scope work.
28.17	Subd. 32. Remedies. (a) Any homeowner aggrieved by a person or entity violating this
28.18	section is entitled in an action to:
28.19	(1) actual, incidental, and consequential damages;
28.20	(2) statutory damages of either:
28.21	<u>(i) \$5,000; or</u>
28.22	(ii) \$10,000 if the defendant violated subdivision 11 or 17, clause (1);
28.23	(3) reasonable attorney fees; and
28.24	(4) investigative and court costs.
28.25	(b) A homeowner of qualified residential real property who is a vulnerable adult is
28.26	entitled, in addition to any other relief available under this section, to the civil relief available
28.27	under section 626.557, subdivision 20, if the homeowner prevails in any claim that the
28.28	defendant:
28.29	(1) did not possess a license as required under subdivision 6; and
28.30	(2) violated subdivision 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, or 24.
28.31	(c) The remedies provided under this subdivision are cumulative, not exclusive, and do
28.32	not restrict any remedy that is otherwise available to a homeowner at law or in equity.

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Subd. 33. Waivers not permitted. The parties to a residential PACE loan contract may
not waive any of the rights or requirements set forth or any provision contained in this
section. Any waiver of any right, requirement, or provision in a residential PACE loan
contract or home improvement contract for cost-effective energy improvements financed
with a residential PACE loan is void and unenforceable as contrary to public policy.
Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290B.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. <b>Program qualifications.</b> The qualifications for the senior citizens'
property tax deferral program are as follows:
(1) the property must be owned and occupied as a homestead by a person 65 years of
age or older. In the case of a married couple, at least one of the spouses must be at least 65
years old at the time the first property tax deferral is granted, regardless of whether the
property is titled in the name of one spouse or both spouses, or titled in another way that
permits the property to have homestead status, and the other spouse must be at least 62 years
of age;
(2) the total household income of the qualifying homeowners, as defined in section
290A.03, subdivision 5, for the calendar year preceding the year of the initial application
may not exceed \$60,000;
(3) the homestead must have been owned and occupied as the homestead of at least one
of the qualifying homeowners for at least 15 years prior to the year the initial application
is filed;
(4) there are no state or federal tax liens or judgment liens on the homesteaded property;
(5) there are no mortgages or other liens, except for a residential PACE lien, as that term
is defined under section 216C.435, subdivision 10d, on the property that secure future
advances, except for those subject to credit limits that result in compliance with clause (6);
and
(6) the total unpaid balances of debts secured by mortgages and other liens on the
property, including unpaid and delinquent special assessments and interest and any delinquent
property taxes, penalties, and interest, but not including property taxes payable during the
year, does not exceed 75 percent of the assessor's estimated market value for the year.
Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 429.011, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
Subd. 2a. Municipality; certain counties. "Municipality" also includes the following:

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(1) a county in the case of construction, reconstruction, or improvement of a county 30.1 30.2 state-aid highway; (2) a county in the case of construction, reconstruction, or improvement of a county 30.3 highway as defined in section 160.02 including curbs and gutters and storm sewers; 30.4 30.5 (3) a county exercising its powers and duties under section 444.075, subdivision 1; (4) a county for expenses not paid for under section 403.113, subdivision 3, paragraph 30.6 30.7 (b), clause (3); (5) a county in the case of the abatement of nuisances; and 30.8 30.9 (6) a county operating an energy improvements financing program under section 216C.436 or section 216C.437. 30.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 30.11 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 429.021, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 30.12 Subdivision 1. Improvements authorized. The council of a municipality shall have 30.13 power to make the following improvements: 30.14 (1) To acquire, open, and widen any street, and to improve the same by constructing, 30.15 reconstructing, and maintaining sidewalks, pavement, gutters, curbs, and vehicle parking 30.16 strips of any material, or by grading, graveling, oiling, or otherwise improving the same, 30.17 including the beautification thereof and including storm sewers or other street drainage and 30.18 connections from sewer, water, or similar mains to curb lines. 30.19 (2) To acquire, develop, construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain storm and sanitary 30.20 sewers and systems, including outlets, holding areas and ponds, treatment plants, pumps, 30.21 lift stations, service connections, and other appurtenances of a sewer system, within and 30.22 without the corporate limits. 30.23 (3) To construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain steam heating mains. 30.24 30.25 (4) To install, replace, extend, and maintain street lights and street lighting systems and special lighting systems. 30.26 (5) To acquire, improve, construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain water works systems, 30.27 including mains, valves, hydrants, service connections, wells, pumps, reservoirs, tanks, 30.28

treatment plants, and other appurtenances of a water works system, within and without the

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corporate limits.

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(6) To acquire, improve and equip parks, open space areas, playgrounds, and recreational facilities within or without the corporate limits.

(7) To plant trees on streets and provide for their trimming, care, and removal.

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- 31.4 (8) To abate nuisances and to drain swamps, marshes, and ponds on public or private property and to fill the same.
- 31.6 (9) To construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain dikes and other flood control works.
- (10) To construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain retaining walls and area walls.
- 31.8 (11) To acquire, construct, reconstruct, improve, alter, extend, operate, maintain, and promote a pedestrian skyway system. Such improvement may be made upon a petition pursuant to section 429.031, subdivision 3.
- 31.11 (12) To acquire, construct, reconstruct, extend, operate, maintain, and promote underground pedestrian concourses.
- 31.13 (13) To acquire, construct, improve, alter, extend, operate, maintain, and promote public malls, plazas or courtyards.
- 31.15 (14) To construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain district heating systems.
- 31.16 (15) To construct, reconstruct, alter, extend, operate, maintain, and promote fire protection 31.17 systems in existing buildings, but only upon a petition pursuant to section 429.031, 31.18 subdivision 3.
- 31.19 (16) To acquire, construct, reconstruct, improve, alter, extend, and maintain highway sound barriers.
- 31.21 (17) To improve, construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain gas and electric distribution 31.22 facilities owned by a municipal gas or electric utility.
- 31.23 (18) To purchase, install, and maintain signs, posts, and other markers for addressing related to the operation of enhanced 911 telephone service.
- 31.25 (19) To improve, construct, extend, and maintain facilities for Internet access and other communications purposes, if the council finds that:
- (i) the facilities are necessary to make available Internet access or other communications services that are not and will not be available through other providers or the private market in the reasonably foreseeable future; and
- 31.30 (ii) the service to be provided by the facilities will not compete with service provided 31.31 by private entities.

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(20) To assess affected property owners for all or a portion of the costs agreed to with an electric utility, telecommunications carrier, or cable system operator to bury or alter a new or existing distribution system within the public right-of-way that exceeds the utility's design and construction standards, or those set by law, tariff, or franchise, but only upon petition under section 429.031, subdivision 3. (21) To assess affected property owners for repayment of voluntary energy improvement financings under section 216C.436, subdivision 7, or section 216C.437, subdivision 28. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 429.101, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Ordinances. (a) In addition to any other method authorized by law or 32.10 charter, the governing body of any municipality may provide for the collection of unpaid 32.11 special charges as a special assessment against the property benefited for all or any part of 32.12 the cost of: 32.13 (1) snow, ice, or rubbish removal from sidewalks; 32.14 32.15 (2) weed elimination from streets or private property; (3) removal or elimination of public health or safety hazards from private property, 32.16 excluding any structure included under the provisions of sections 463.15 to 463.26; 32.17 (4) installation or repair of water service lines, street sprinkling or other dust treatment 32.18 of streets; 32.19 (5) the trimming and care of trees and the removal of unsound trees from any street; 32.20 (6) the treatment and removal of insect infested or diseased trees on private property, 32.21 the repair of sidewalks and alleys; 32.22 (7) the operation of a street lighting system; 32.23 (8) the operation and maintenance of a fire protection or a pedestrian skyway system; 32.24 32.25 (9) inspections relating to a municipal housing maintenance code violation; (10) the recovery of any disbursements under section 504B.445, subdivision 4, clause 32.26 (5), including disbursements for payment of utility bills and other services, even if provided 32.27 by a third party, necessary to remedy violations as described in section 504B.445, subdivision 32.28 4, clause (2); or 32.29

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(11) [Repealed, 2004 c 275 s 5]

(12) the recovery of delinquent vacant building registration fees under a municipal program designed to identify and register vacant buildings.

- (b) The council may by ordinance adopt regulations consistent with this section to make this authority effective, including, at the option of the council, provisions for placing primary responsibility upon the property owner or occupant to do the work personally (except in the case of street sprinkling or other dust treatment, alley repair, tree trimming, care, and removal, or the operation of a street lighting system) upon notice before the work is undertaken, and for collection from the property owner or other person served of the charges when due before unpaid charges are made a special assessment.
- (c) A home rule charter city, statutory city, county, or town operating an energy improvements financing program under section 216C.436 or section 216C.437 has the authority granted to a municipality under paragraph (a) with respect to energy improvements financed under that section.
  - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 33.15 Sec. 37. **REPEALER.**

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Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.435, subdivision 5, is repealed.

Sec. 37. 33

## **APPENDIX**

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: SF3245-2

## 216C.435 DEFINITIONS.

## Subd. 5. **Energy improvement.** "Energy improvement" means:

- (1) any renovation or retrofitting of a building to improve energy efficiency that is permanently affixed to the property and that results in a net reduction in energy consumption without altering the principal source of energy;
- (2) permanent installation of new or upgraded electrical circuits and related equipment to enable electrical vehicle charging; or
- (3) a renewable energy system attached to, installed within, or proximate to a building that generates electrical or thermal energy from a renewable energy source.