EAP/AK

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

S.F. No. 3127

| (SENATE AUTHORS: RASMUSSON, Duckworth, Coleman, Kreun and Bahr) | | | | |
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| DATE 03/23/2023 | D-PG 2272 | OFFICIAL STATUS Introduction and first reading Referred to Taxes | | |

| 1.1 | A bill for an act |
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| 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 1.10 | relating to taxation; modifying property taxes and individual income taxes; modifying the first-tier valuation limit for agricultural homestead properties; increasing tier limits for homestead resort properties; modifying the homestead market value exclusion; reducing the state general levy; allowing an unlimited Social Security subtraction; decreasing income tax rates; establishing a temporary refundable child credit; providing a direct payment to individuals; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 273.11, subdivision 23; 273.13, subdivisions 22, 35; 275.025, subdivision 1; 290.0132, subdivision 26; 290.06, subdivisions 2c, as amended, 2d. |
| 1.11 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: |
| 1.12 1.13 | Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 273.11, subdivision 23, is amended to read: Subd. 23. First tier valuation limit; agricultural homestead property. (a) The |
| | |
| 1.14 | commissioner of revenue shall annually certify the first tier limit for agricultural homestead |
| 1.15 | property. For assessment year $\frac{2010}{2024}$, the limit is $\frac{1140,000}{33,500,000}$. Beginning |
| 1.16 | with assessment year $\frac{2011}{2025}$, the limit is the product of (i) the first tier limit for the |
| 1.17 | preceding assessment year, and (ii) the ratio of the statewide average taxable market value |
| 1.18 | of agricultural property per acre of deeded farm land in the preceding assessment year to |
| 1.19 | the statewide average taxable market value of agricultural property per acre of deeded farm |
| 1.20 | land for the second preceding assessment year. The limit shall be rounded to the nearest |
| 1.21 | \$10,000. |
| 1.22 | (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, "agricultural property" means all class 2a |
| | |
| 1.23 | property under section 273.13, subdivision 23, except for property consisting of the house, |
| 1.24 | garage, and immediately surrounding one acre of land of an agricultural homestead. |

1.25 (c) The commissioner shall certify the limit by January 2 of each assessment year.

| | 03/21/23 | REVISOR | EAP/AK | 23-04792 | as introduced |
|------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| 2.1 | EFFECT | FIVE DATE. This | section is effectiv | e beginning with assessr | nent year 2024. |
| 2.2 | Sec. 2. Min | nnesota Statutes 20 | 22, section 273.13 | 3, subdivision 22, is ame | nded to read: |
| 2.3 | Subd. 22 | . Class 1. (a) Exce | pt as provided in s | ubdivision 23 and in par | agraphs (b) and |
| 2.4 | (c), real esta | te which is residen | tial and used for h | omestead purposes is cla | ss 1a. In the case |
| 2.5 | of a duplex of | or triplex in which | one of the units is | used for homestead purp | poses, the entire |
| 2.6 | property is d | eemed to be used fo | or homestead purpo | oses. The market value of | class 1a property |
| 2.7 | must be dete | rmined based upor | n the value of the l | nouse, garage, and land. | |
| 2.8 | The first | \$500,000 of marke | et value of class 1a | a property has a net class | ification rate of |
| 2.9 | one percent | of its market value | ; and the market v | alue of class 1a property | that exceeds |
| 2.10 | \$500,000 ha | s a classification ra | ate of 1.25 percent | of its market value. | |
| 2.11 | (b) Class | 1b property includ | es homestead real | estate or homestead man | ufactured homes |
| 2.12 | used for the | purposes of a hom | estead by: | | |
| 2.13 | (1) any p | erson who is blind | as defined in sect | ion 256D.35, or the pers | on who is blind |
| 2.14 | and the spou | ise of the person w | ho is blind; | | |
| 2.15 | (2) any p | erson who is perma | mently and totally | disabled or by the persor | with a disability |
| 2.16 | and the spou | use of the person w | ith a disability; or | | |
| 2.17 | (3) the su | rviving spouse of | a veteran who was | permanently and totally | disabled |
| 2.18 | homesteadin | ig a property classi | fied under this par | agraph for taxes payable | e in 2008. |
| 2.19 | Property | is classified and as | ssessed under clau | se (2) only if the government | ment agency or |
| 2.20 | income-prov | viding source certif | ies, upon the requ | est of the homestead occ | upant, that the |
| 2.21 | homestead o | ccupant satisfies th | ne disability requir | rements of this paragraph | n, and that the |
| 2.22 | property is n | ot eligible for the | valuation exclusion | n under subdivision 34. | |
| 2.23 | Property | is classified and as | ssessed under para | graph (b) only if the con | missioner of |
| 2.24 | revenue or th | e county assessor c | ertifies that the hor | nestead occupant satisfies | the requirements |
| 2.25 | of this parag | raph. | | | |
| 2.26 | Permane | ntly and totally dis | abled for the purp | ose of this subdivision m | eans a condition |
| 2.27 | which is per | manent in nature a | nd totally incapaci | tates the person from wo | orking at an |
| 2.28 | occupation v | vhich brings the pe | erson an income. T | he first \$50,000 market | value of class 1b |
| 2.29 | property has | a net classification | rate of .45 percent | of its market value. The r | remaining market |
| 2.30 | value of clas | s 1b property is cla | assified as class 1a | or class 2a property, wh | nichever is |
| 2.31 | appropriate. | | | | |
| | | | | | |

(c) Class 1c property is commercial use real and personal property that abuts public 3.1 water as defined in section 103G.005, subdivision 15, or abuts a state trail administered by 3.2 the Department of Natural Resources, and is devoted to temporary and seasonal residential 3.3 occupancy for recreational purposes but not devoted to commercial purposes for more than 3.4 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment, and that includes a portion used as 3.5 a homestead by the owner, which includes a dwelling occupied as a homestead by a 3.6 shareholder of a corporation that owns the resort, a partner in a partnership that owns the 3.7 resort, or a member of a limited liability company that owns the resort even if the title to 3.8 the homestead is held by the corporation, partnership, or limited liability company. For 3.9 purposes of this paragraph, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day 3.10 if any portion of the property, excluding the portion used exclusively as a homestead, is 3.11 used for residential occupancy and a fee is charged for residential occupancy. Class 1c 3.12 property must contain three or more rental units. A "rental unit" is defined as a cabin, 3.13 condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, or individual camping site equipped with water 3.14 and electrical hookups for recreational vehicles. Class 1c property must provide recreational 3.15 activities such as the rental of ice fishing houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill 3.16 or cross-country ski equipment; provide marina services, launch services, or guide services; 3.17 or sell bait and fishing tackle. Any unit in which the right to use the property is transferred 3.18 to an individual or entity by deeded interest, or the sale of shares or stock, no longer qualifies 3.19 for class 1c even though it may remain available for rent. A camping pad offered for rent 3.20 by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 1c is also class 1c, regardless of the term of 3.21 the rental agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. If 3.22 the same owner owns two separate parcels that are located in the same township, and one 3.23 of those properties is classified as a class 1c property and the other would be eligible to be 3.24 classified as a class 1c property if it was used as the homestead of the owner, both properties 3.25 will be assessed as a single class 1c property; for purposes of this sentence, properties are 3.26 deemed to be owned by the same owner if each of them is owned by a limited liability 3.27 company, and both limited liability companies have the same membership. The portion of 3.28 the property used as a homestead is class 1a property under paragraph (a). The remainder 3.29 of the property is classified as follows: the first \$600,000 \$850,000 of market value is tier 3.30 I, the next \$1,700,000 \$2,250,000 of market value is tier II, and any remaining market value 3.31 is tier III. The classification rates for class 1c are: tier I, 0.50 percent; tier II, 1.0 percent; 3.32 and tier III, 1.25 percent. Owners of real and personal property devoted to temporary and 3.33 seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes in which all or a portion of the 3.34 property was devoted to commercial purposes for not more than 250 days in the year 3.35 preceding the year of assessment desiring classification as class 1c, must submit a declaration 3.36

to the assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in the year 4.1 preceding the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment year. Those cabins or 4.2 units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located must be designated as 4.3 class 1c as otherwise provided. The remainder of the cabins or units and a proportionate 4.4 share of the land on which they are located must be designated as class 3a commercial. The 4.5 owner of property desiring designation as class 1c property must provide guest registers or 4.6 other records demonstrating that the units for which class 1c designation is sought were not 4.7 occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the assessment if so requested. The 4.8 portion of a property operated as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center 4.9 or meeting room, and (5) other nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not 4.10 directly related to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes 4.11 does not qualify for class 1c. 4.12 (d) Class 1d property includes structures that meet all of the following criteria: 4.13 (1) the structure is located on property that is classified as agricultural property under 4.14 section 273.13, subdivision 23; 4.15 (2) the structure is occupied exclusively by seasonal farm workers during the time when 4.16 they work on that farm, and the occupants are not charged rent for the privilege of occupying 4.17 the property, provided that use of the structure for storage of farm equipment and produce 4.18 does not disqualify the property from classification under this paragraph; 4.19 (3) the structure meets all applicable health and safety requirements for the appropriate 4.20 season; and 4.21 (4) the structure is not salable as residential property because it does not comply with 4.22 local ordinances relating to location in relation to streets or roads. 4.23 The market value of class 1d property has the same classification rates as class 1a property 4.24 under paragraph (a). 4.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2024. 4.26 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 273.13, subdivision 35, is amended to read: 4.27 Subd. 35. Homestead market value exclusion. (a) Prior to determining a property's 4.28 4.29 net tax capacity under this section, property classified as class 1a or 1b under subdivision 22, and the portion of property classified as class 2a under subdivision 23 consisting of the 4.30 house, garage, and surrounding one acre of land, shall be eligible for a market value exclusion 4.31 as determined under paragraph (b). 4.32

(b) For a homestead valued at \$76,000 \$95,000 or less, the exclusion is 40 percent of
market value. For a homestead valued between \$76,000 \$95,000 and \$413,800 \$517,200,
the exclusion is \$30,400 \$38,000 minus nine percent of the valuation over \$76,000 \$95,000.
For a homestead valued at \$413,800 \$517,200 or more, there is no valuation exclusion. The
valuation exclusion shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar, and may not be less than
zero.

- 5.7 (c) Any valuation exclusions or adjustments under section 273.11 shall be applied prior
 5.8 to determining the amount of the valuation exclusion under this subdivision.
- (d) In the case of a property that is classified as part homestead and part nonhomestead, 5.9 (i) the exclusion shall apply only to the homestead portion of the property, but (ii) if a portion 5.10 of a property is classified as nonhomestead solely because not all the owners occupy the 5.11 property, not all the owners have qualifying relatives occupying the property, or solely 5.12 because not all the spouses of owners occupy the property, the exclusion amount shall be 5.13 initially computed as if that nonhomestead portion were also in the homestead class and 5.14 then prorated to the owner-occupant's percentage of ownership. For the purpose of this 5.15 section, when an owner-occupant's spouse does not occupy the property, the percentage of 5.16 ownership for the owner-occupant spouse is one-half of the couple's ownership percentage. 5.17
- 5.18

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2024 and thereafter.

- 5.19 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 275.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Levy amount. The state general levy is levied against 5.20 commercial-industrial property and seasonal residential recreational property, as defined 5.21 in this section. The state general levy for commercial-industrial property is \$716,990,000 5.22 for taxes payable in 2023. The state general levy for commercial-industrial property is 5.23 \$683,913,000 for taxes payable in 2024 and thereafter. The state general levy for 5.24 seasonal-recreational property is \$41,690,000 for taxes payable in 2020 2023. The state 5.25 general levy for seasonal-recreational property is \$39,767,000 for taxes payable in 2024 5.26 and thereafter. The tax under this section is not treated as a local tax rate under section 5.27 469.177 and is not the levy of a governmental unit under chapters 276A and 473F. 5.28
- 5.29 The commissioner shall increase or decrease the preliminary or final rate for a year as 5.30 necessary to account for errors and tax base changes that affected a preliminary or final rate 5.31 for either of the two preceding years. Adjustments are allowed to the extent that the necessary 5.32 information is available to the commissioner at the time the rates for a year must be certified, 5.33 and for the following reasons:

23-04792

| 6.1 | (1) an erroneous report of taxable value by a local official; |
|------|--|
| 6.2 | (2) an erroneous calculation by the commissioner; and |
| 6.3 | (3) an increase or decrease in taxable value for commercial-industrial or seasonal |
| 6.4 | residential recreational property reported to the commissioner under section 270C.85, |
| 6.5 | subdivision 2, clause (4), for the same year. |
| 6.6 | The commissioner may, but need not, make adjustments if the total difference in the tax |
| 6.7 | levied for the year would be less than \$100,000. |
| 6.8 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2024 and thereafter. |
| 6.9 | Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 290.0132, subdivision 26, is amended to read: |
| 6.10 | Subd. 26. Social Security benefits. (a) <u>A portion The amount</u> of taxable Social Security |
| 6.11 | benefits received by a taxpayer in the taxable year is allowed as a subtraction. The subtraction |
| 6.12 | equals the lesser of taxable Social Security benefits or a maximum subtraction subject to |
| 6.13 | the limits under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d). |
| 6.14 | (b) For married taxpayers filing a joint return and surviving spouses, the maximum |
| 6.15 | subtraction equals \$5,150. The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional |
| 6.16 | income over \$78,180. In no case is the subtraction less than zero. |
| 6.17 | (e) For single or head-of-household taxpayers, the maximum subtraction equals \$4,020. |
| 6.18 | The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional income over \$61,080. |
| 6.19 | In no case is the subtraction less than zero. |
| 6.20 | (d) For married taxpayers filing separate returns, the maximum subtraction equals |
| 6.21 | one-half the maximum subtraction for joint returns under paragraph (b). The maximum |
| 6.22 | subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional income over one-half the threshold |
| 6.23 | amount specified in paragraph (b). In no case is the subtraction less than zero. |
| 6.24 | (e) (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "provisional income" means modified adjusted |
| 6.25 | gross income as defined in section 86(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus one-half of |
| 6.26 | the taxable Social Security benefits received during the taxable year, and "Social Security |
| 6.27 | benefits" has the meaning given in section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. |
| 6.28 | (f) The commissioner shall adjust the maximum subtraction and threshold amounts in |
| 6.29 | paragraphs (b) to (d) as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is taxable year |
| 6.30 | 2019. The maximum subtraction and threshold amounts as adjusted must be rounded to the |
| 6.31 | nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10 |
| 6.32 | amount. |

| | 03/21/23 | REVISOR | EAP/AK | 23-04792 | as introduced |
|------|---------------|--|---|---|-----------------------|
| 7.1 | EFFEC | FIVE DATE. This | section is effective | for taxable years beginni | ng after December |
| 7.2 | 31, 2022. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 7.3 | | | | 6, subdivision 2c, as am | ended by Laws |
| 7.4 | 2023, chapte | er 1, section 15, is | amended to read: | | |
| 7.5 | Subd. 2c | . Schedules of rat | es for individuals | , estates, and trusts. (a) | The income taxes |
| 7.6 | imposed by | this chapter upon 1 | narried individual | s filing joint returns and | surviving spouses |
| 7.7 | as defined ir | n section 2(a) of th | e Internal Revenu | e Code must be compute | ed by applying to |
| 7.8 | their taxable | e net income the fo | llowing schedule | of rates: | |
| 7.9 | (1) On th | ne first \$38,770_\$4 | <u>3,950</u> , 5.35<u></u>4.35 p | ercent; | |
| 7.10 | (2) On al | ll over \$38,770_\$4 | <u>3,950</u> , but not ove | r \$154,020 <u>\$174,610</u> , 6. | <u>8_5.8</u> percent; |
| 7.11 | (3) On al | ll over \$154,020 | <u>174,610</u> , but not o | ver \$269,010 <u>\$304,970</u> , | 7.85 percent; |
| 7.12 | (4) On al | ll over \$269,010<u></u> \$ | <u>304,970</u> , 9.85 perc | cent. | |
| 7.13 | Married | individuals filing s | eparate returns, est | ates, and trusts must con | npute their income |
| 7.14 | tax by apply | ing the above rate | s to their taxable i | ncome, except that the in | ncome brackets |
| 7.15 | will be one- | half of the above a | mounts after the a | djustment required in su | ubdivision 2d. |
| 7.16 | (b) The i | ncome taxes impo | sed by this chapte | r upon unmarried indivi | duals must be |
| 7.17 | computed by | y applying to taxal | ole net income the | following schedule of r | ates: |
| 7.18 | (1) On th | ne first \$26,520_\$3 | <u>0,070</u> , 5.35 4.35 p | ercent; | |
| 7.19 | (2) On al | ll over \$26,520 <u>\$3</u> | <u>0,070</u> , but not ove | r \$87,110 <u>\$98,760</u> , 6.8 <u>5</u> | 5.8 percent; |
| 7.20 | (3) On al | ll over \$87,110 <u>\$9</u> | <u>8,760</u> , but not ove | r \$161,720 <u>\$183,340</u> , 7. | 85 percent; |
| 7.21 | (4) On al | ll over <u>\$161,720</u> <u>\$</u> | <u>183,340</u> , 9.85 perc | cent. | |
| 7.22 | (c) The in | ncome taxes impo | sed by this chapter | upon unmarried individ | luals qualifying as |
| 7.23 | a head of ho | usehold as defined | l in section 2(b) of | the Internal Revenue C | ode must be |
| 7.24 | computed by | y applying to taxal | ole net income the | following schedule of r | ates: |
| 7.25 | (1) On th | ne first \$32,650_\$3 | <u>7,010</u> , 5.35<u>4.35</u> p | ercent; | |
| 7.26 | (2) On al | ll over \$32,650_\$3 | 7,010, but not ove | r \$131,190<u></u> \$148,730 , 6. | <u>8_5.8</u> percent; |
| 7.27 | (3) On al | ll over \$131,190<u></u> \$ | <u>148,730</u> , but not o | ver \$214,980 \$243,720, | 7.85 percent; |
| 7.28 | (4) On al | ll over \$214,980<u></u> \$ | <u>243,720</u> , 9.85 perc | cent. | |
| 7.29 | (d) In lie | u of a tax compute | ed according to the | e rates set forth in this su | bdivision, the tax |
| 7.30 | of any indiv | idual taxpayer whe | ose taxable net inc | ome for the taxable year | r is less than an |

amount determined by the commissioner must be computed in accordance with tables 8.1 prepared and issued by the commissioner of revenue based on income brackets of not more 8.2 than \$100. The amount of tax for each bracket shall be computed at the rates set forth in 8.3 this subdivision, provided that the commissioner may disregard a fractional part of a dollar 8.4 unless it amounts to 50 cents or more, in which case it may be increased to \$1. 8.5 (e) An individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year must compute the 8.6 individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in this subdivision. After the application of 8.7 the nonrefundable credits provided in this chapter, the tax liability must then be multiplied 8.8 by a fraction in which: 8.9 8.10 (1) the numerator is the individual's Minnesota source federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and increased by: 8.11 (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and 8.12

8.13 17, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by

(ii) the Minnesota assignable portion of the subtraction for United States government
interest under section 290.0132, subdivision 2, the subtractions under sections 290.0132,
subdivisions 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, 27, and 31, and 290.0137, paragraph (c), after applying
the allocation and assignability provisions of section 290.081, clause (a), or 290.17; and

8.18 (2) the denominator is the individual's federal adjusted gross income as defined in section
8.19 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, increased by:

8.20 (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and
8.21 17, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by

8.22 (ii) the subtractions under sections 290.0132, subdivisions 2, 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, 27,
8.23 and 31, and 290.0137, paragraph (c).

(f) If an individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year is a qualifying
owner of a qualifying entity that elects to pay tax as provided in section 289A.08, subdivision
7a, paragraph (b), the individual must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as
provided in paragraph (e), and also must include, to the extent attributed to the electing
qualifying entity:

8.29 (1) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (i), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (i), the
8.30 addition under section 290.0131, subdivision 5; and

8.31 (2) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (ii), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (ii), the
8.32 subtraction under section 290.0132, subdivision 3.

| <u>31, 20</u> Sec. | 22. | ATE. This see | ction is effective | e for taxable years beginnir | |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Sec. | | | | | ng after December |
| | | | | | |
| Su | 7. Minnesota | Statutes 2022 | 2, section 290.0 | 06, subdivision 2d, is ame | ended to read: |
| | bd. 2d. Inflati | on adjustme | ent of brackets | s. The commissioner shall | l annually adjust |
| the mi | nimum and ma | aximum dolla | ar amounts for e | each rate bracket for which | h a tax is imposed |
| n sub | division 2c as | provided in s | section 270C.2 | 2. The statutory year is ta | xable year 2019 |
| 2023. | The rate appli | cable to any | rate bracket mu | ast not be changed. The d | ollar amounts |
| etting | forth the tax | shall be adju | sted to reflect t | he changes in the rate bra | ckets. The rate |
| oracke | ts as adjusted | must be rour | nded to the near | rest \$10 amount. If the rat | te bracket ends in |
| \$5, it r | nust be rounde | ed up to the n | earest \$10 amo | ount. The commissioner sh | nall determine the |
| ate br | acket for marr | ied filing sep | arate returns af | ter this adjustment is done | e. The rate bracket |
| for ma | rried filing se | parate must b | be one-half of t | he rate bracket for marrie | ed filing joint. |
| EF | FECTIVE DA | ATE. This see | ction is effective | e for taxable years beginnir | ng after December |
| 31, 20 | 22. | | | | |
| Saa | • MINNESC | | CDEDIT | | |
| | 8. <u>MINNESC</u> | | | | |
| Su | bdivision 1. D | efinitions. F | or the purposes | s of this section: | |
| (1) "qualifying child" has the meaning given in section 152(c) of the Internal Revenue | | | | | |
| Code, except that section 152(c)(3)(A)(ii) and section 152(c)(3)(B) do apply, and | | | | | |
| (2) the definitions in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290, apply. | | | | | |
| Su | bd. 2. Credit a | allowed. (a) | An individual i | ncome taxpayer is allowe | ed a credit against |
| he tax | imposed unde | er Minnesota | Statutes, chapt | ter 290, equal to \$1,800 fc | or each qualifying |
| child c | of the taxpayer | • <u>•</u> | | | |
| <u>(b)</u> | The credit is | reduced by to | en percent of a | djusted gross income in e | xcess of: |
| <u>(1)</u> | \$150,000 for | a married tax | xpayer filing a | joint return; and | |
| <u>(2)</u> | \$75,000 for a | ll other taxpa | ayers. | | |
| Su | bd. 3. Credit r | efundable; a | appropriation. | (a) If the amount of credit | t which a claimant |
| is eligi | ble to receive | under this see | ction exceeds th | ne claimant's tax liability u | under this chapter, |
| the co | mmissioner sh | all refund th | e excess to the | claimant. | |
| <u>(b)</u> | An amount su | ufficient to pa | ay the refunds | required by this section is | s appropriated to |
| the co | mmissioner fre | om the gener | al fund. | | |

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| 10.1 | Subd. 4. Advance payment of tax credits. (a) The commissioner of revenue must allow |
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| 10.2 | taxpayers to elect to receive six periodic advance payments of the credit under this section. |
| 10.3 | The aggregate amount of advance payments made to a taxpayer during must equal the |
| 10.4 | amount of the credit for which taxpayer was eligible. The commissioner must not distribute |
| 10.5 | advance payments to a taxpayer who does not elect to receive advance payments. The |
| 10.6 | process for applying for and distributing payments must include: |
| 10.7 | (1) a process for a taxpayer to elect to receive and cease receiving advance payments; |
| 10.8 | (2) a process for distributing advance payments to taxpayers through direct deposit, |
| 10.9 | United States mail, or any other method deemed appropriate by the commissioner; and |
| 10.10 | (3) a process for informing taxpayers of the amount of advance payments received in |
| 10.11 | the calendar year. |
| 10.12 | (b) The amount of a taxpayer's credit under this section for the taxable year is reduced |
| 10.13 | by the amount of advance payments under this section. |
| 10.14 | (c) If a taxpayer's advance payments exceeded the credit the taxpayer was eligible to |
| 10.15 | receive for the taxable year, the taxpayer's liability for tax is increased by the difference |
| 10.16 | between the amount of advance payments received and the credit amount. |
| 10.17 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning |
| 10.18 | after December 31, 2022, and before January 1, 2025. |
| 10.19 | Sec. 9. DIRECT PAYMENT; APPROPRIATION. |
| | |
| 10.20 | (a) The following individuals are eligible for a direct payment: |
| 10.21 | (1) an individual who was a resident of Minnesota, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, |
| 10.22 | section 290.01, subdivision 7, for any part of 2021, and filed a 2021 Minnesota individual |
| 10.23 | income tax return by October 15, 2022; and |
| 10.24 | (2) an individual who was eligible for and who filed a claim for refund by December |
| 10.25 | 31, 2022, under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290A.04, subdivision 2, for property taxes |
| 10.26 | payable in 2022 or subdivision 3, for rent constituting property taxes paid in 2021. |
| 10.27 | (b) The direct payment is equal to: |
| 10.28 | (1) \$2,500 for a married couple who filed a joint return; and |
| 10.29 | (2) \$1,250 for all other filers. |
| 10.30 | (c) For an individual who was a resident of Minnesota for less than the entire year, the |
| 10.31 | direct payment equals the direct payment under paragraph (b) for the individual's filing |
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| 11.1 | status multiplied by the percentage determined pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section |
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| 11.2 | 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e), as calculated on the individual's original 2021 |
| 11.3 | individual income tax return. |
| 11.4 | (d) A direct payment under this section shall be paid by the commissioner of revenue |
| 11.5 | based on information available in the commissioner's records. A person eligible for a direct |
| 11.6 | payment does not have to file a claim to receive the payment. |
| 11.7 | (e) The commissioner of revenue shall pay individuals who filed a joint income tax |
| 11.8 | return or joint property tax refund return for 2021 a joint direct payment. |
| 11.9 | (f) The direct payment is a "Minnesota tax law" for purpose of Minnesota Statutes, |
| 11.10 | section 270B.01, subdivision 8. |
| 11.11 | (g) The commissioner of revenue must not apply, and must not certify to another agency |
| 11.12 | to apply, a payment under this section to any unpaid tax or nontax debt owed by an individual |
| 11.13 | who is paid a direct payment. |
| 11.14 | (h) A payment under this section is not considered income of a recipient in determining |
| 11.15 | the recipient's Minnesota individual income tax, any Minnesota individual income tax |
| 11.16 | credits, the Minnesota property tax refund, or the Minnesota senior citizen property tax |
| 11.17 | deferral. A direct payment must not be counted as income or as an asset, personal property, |
| 11.18 | or resource when determining eligibility for any program administered by the Department |
| 11.19 | of Human Services. A direct payment is not assistance based on need for purposes of |
| 11.20 | Minnesota Statutes, section 550.37, subdivision 14. |
| 11.21 | (i) If an individual eligible to receive a direct payment dies prior to the issuance of the |
| 11.22 | direct payment the right to the payment lapses. |
| 11.23 | (j) If the commissioner of revenue cannot locate an individual entitled to a direct payment |
| 11.24 | within two years of the date that the original check or warrant was issued, or if an individual |
| 11.25 | to whom a direct payment was made has not cashed the check or warrant within two years |
| 11.26 | of the date that the original check or warrant was issued, the right to the payment lapses. If |
| 11.27 | an individual to whom a direct payment was made by debit card has not withdrawn from |
| 11.28 | the card the total amount of the direct payment within two years of the date of issuance of |
| 11.29 | the original debit card, the right to any remaining balance lapses to the state general fund. |
| 11.30 | (k) If a direct payment check or warrant is cashed by someone other than the payee or |
| 11.31 | payees of the check or warrant, and the commissioner of revenue determines that the check |
| 11.32 | has been forged or improperly endorsed, the commissioner may recover the amount of the |
| 11.33 | check or warrant from the endorsee or forger. The recovery may be made using the same |

procedures used in assessing additional tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 270C.33. The 12.1 assessment must be made within two years after the check or warrant is cashed. If a direct 12.2 12.3 payment was made through a debit card and the commissioner determines that the card was activated and accessed by an unauthorized person, the commissioner may recover from the 12.4 unauthorized person the amount of any unauthorized withdrawals. The recovery may be 12.5 made using the same procedures used in assessing additional tax under Minnesota Statutes, 12.6 section 270C.33. The assessment must be made within two years after the last unauthorized 12.7 12.8 withdrawal. (1) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 9.031 and 16B.49, chapter 16C, and 12.9 any other law to the contrary, the commissioner of revenue may take whatever actions the 12.10 commissioner deems necessary to pay the direct payment required by this section. The 12.11 commissioner may, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, 12.12 contract with a private vendor or vendors to process, print, mail, or deliver the checks, 12.13 warrants, or debit cards required under this section and receive and disburse state funds to 12.14 make the direct payments by check, warrant, electronic funds transfer, or debit card. 12.15 (m) The amount necessary to make the direct payments provided in this section is 12.16 appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue in fiscal year 2023 and 12.17 is available until June 30, 2024. 12.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 12.19