S2673-3

SENATE **STATE OF MINNESOTA** NINETY-SECOND SESSION

KLL

S.F. No. 2673

(SENATE AUTHORS: LIMMER, Chamberlain, Ingebrigtsen, Mathews and Duckworth) **DATE** 01/31/2022 **D-PG** 4836 **OFFICIAL STATUS** Introduction and first reading Referred to Judiciary and Public Safety Finance and Policy Author added Duckworth 02/03/2022 4899 04/04/2022 6356a Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance 6630 6634 04/06/2022 Comm report: To pass as amended Second reading Special Order: Amended 04/25/2022 7446a 7505 Third reading Passed 05/02/2022 7733 Returned from House with amendment

	7734	Senate not concur, conference committee of 5 requested
05/05/2022	8044	Senate conferees Limmer; Osmek; Mathews; Latz; Bigham

Senate conferees Limmer; Osmek; Mathews; Latz; Bigham House conferees Mariani; Becker-Finn; Moller; Frazier; Johnson 8044 8053 05/09/2022

A bill for an act

 relating to public safety; amending certain statutes regarding public safety, criminal justice, and corrections; establishing new crimes and expanding existing ones; modifying sentencing provisions; modifying fees; requiring reporting; authorizing pilot projects; providing for grant programs; appropriating money for the judiciary, public safety, public defenders, sentencing guidelines, and corrections; amending Minnesate Statutes 2020 sentiene 124, 02 subdivisione 1, 2: 144,6586 subdivision
 modifying sentencing provisions; modifying fees; requiring reporting; authorizing pilot projects; providing for grant programs; appropriating money for the judiciary, public safety, public defenders, sentencing guidelines, and corrections; amending
 pilot projects; providing for grant programs; appropriating money for the judiciary, public safety, public defenders, sentencing guidelines, and corrections; amending
1.6 public safety, public defenders, sentencing guidelines, and corrections; amending
17 Minnagota Statutag 2020 gentions 12 A 02 gub divisions 1 2: 144 (596 gent divisions
1.7 Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 13A.02, subdivisions 1, 2; 144.6586, subdivision
1.8 2; 152.01, by adding a subdivision; 152.021, subdivisions 1, 2; 152.022,
1.9 subdivisions 1, 2; 152.023, subdivision 2; 152.025, subdivision 4; 169A.44;
1.10 169A.51, subdivisions 3, 4, by adding a subdivision; 171.174; 171.177, subdivisions
1.11 1, 3, 4, 5, 8, 12, 14; 171.306, by adding a subdivision; 244.01, subdivision 8;
1.12 244.05, subdivisions 4, 5; 244.09, subdivisions 2, 11, by adding subdivisions;
1.13 244.101, subdivision 1; 244.14, subdivision 3; 244.171, subdivision 4; 299A.41,
subdivisions 3, 4, by adding a subdivision; 357.021, subdivision 2; 517.08,
subdivision 1c; 609.035, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 609.106,
subdivision 2; 609.1095, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, by adding a subdivision; 609.11,
subdivision 8, by adding a subdivision; 609.115, subdivision 2a; 609.2231,
1.18 subdivisions 2, 3; 609.35; 609.487, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 609.52,
subdivisions 3, 3a; 609.527, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 609.582,
subdivisions 3, 4; 609B.205; 626.15; 626.8452, by adding subdivisions; Minnesota
1.21 Statutes 2021 Supplement, sections 357.021, subdivision 1a; 609.135, subdivision
1.22 2; 609.2325, subdivision 1; 609.5151; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota
1.23 Statutes, chapters 299A; 388; 609; 617; 626.
1.24 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.25

1.1

1.26

ARTICLE 1

APPROPRIATIONS AND RELATED PROVISIONS

Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS. 1.27

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are added to or, if shown in 1.28

parentheses, subtracted from the appropriations in Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 1.29

- 11, article 1, to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations 1.30
- are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years 1.31

	SF2673	REVISOR	KLL	SZ	2673-3	3rd Engrossment
2.1	indicated for each	h purpose. The fig	ures "2022" and	d "2023'	' used in this a	urticle mean that
2.2	the addition to or	subtraction from	the appropriation	on listed	under them is	available for the
2.3	fiscal year ending	g June 30, 2022, or	r June 30, 2023	, respect	tively. "The fin	rst year" is fiscal
2.4	year 2022. "The s	econd year" is fisca	al year 2023. Su	pplemen	tal appropriati	ons and reductions
2.5	to appropriations	for the fiscal year	ending June 3	0, 2022,	are effective t	he day following
2.6	final enactment.					
2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10					APPROPRL Available for Ending Ju 2022	the Year
2.11	Sec. 2. SUPREM	IE COURT		<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	2,304,000
2.12	Justices' compens	sation is increased	by six			
2.13	percent.					
2.14	Sec. 3. <u>COURT</u>	OF APPEALS		<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> §	<u>621,000</u>
2.15	Judges' compense	ation is increased l	oy six			
2.16	percent.					
2.17	Sec. 4. DISTRIC	CT COURTS		<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> \$	14,803,000
2.18	Judges' compense	ation is increased l	oy six			
2.19	percent.					
2.20	Sec. 5. PUBLIC	DEFENDERS		<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	50,000,000
2.21	Sec. 6. <u>SENTEN</u>	CING GUIDELI	NES	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	838,000
2.22	(a) Searchable P	ublic Database				
2.23	\$265,000 is to dev	velop and maintain	a publicly			
2.24	searchable databa	ase pursuant to Mi	nnesota			
2.25	Statutes, section	244.09, subdivisio	n 6a. The			
2.26	base is \$289,000	in fiscal year 2024	4 and			
2.27	\$87,000 in fiscal	year 2025 and bey	/ond.			
2.28	(b) Recordings of	of Commission M	eetings			
2.29	<u>\$4,000 is to make</u>	e visual and audio r	recordings			
2.30	of commission m	eetings and to mal	ke the			
2.31	recordings availa	ble to the public o	n the			
2.32	commission's we	bsite. This is a one	etime			
2.33	appropriation.					

	SF2673	REVISOR	KLL	S2673-3		3rd Engrossment
3.1	(c) Reports	s on Dismissals by Pros	secutors			
3.2	<u>\$569,000 is</u>	to implement the repor	ting			
3.3	requirement	t in Minnesota Statutes,	section			
3.4	244.09, sub	division 15. The base for	or this is			
3.5	<u>\$145,000 in</u>	n fiscal year 2024 and be	eyond.			
3.6	Sec. 7. <u>CO</u>	RRECTIONS				
3.7 3.8	Subdivision Appropria			<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	27,955,000
3.9	The amount	ts that may be spent for	each			
3.10	purpose are	specified in the follow	ing			
3.11	subdivision	<u>s.</u>				
3.12	Subd. 2. In	carceration and Prere	ease Services		<u>-0-</u>	2,955,000
3.13	Interstate A	Adult Offender Transf	er			
3.14	<u>Transporta</u>	ation Expenses				
3.15	<u>\$250,000 is</u>	for reimbursement of				
3.16	transportation	on expenses related to t	he return			
3.17	of probation	ners to the state who are	being held			
3.18	in custody ι	under Minnesota Statute	es, section			
3.19	<u>243.1605.</u> F	Reimbursement shall be	based on			
3.20	a fee schedu	ale agreed to by the Dep	artment of			
3.21	Corrections	and the Minnesota She	riffs'			
3.22	Association	a. The required return to	the state			
3.23	<u>of a probati</u>	oner in custody as a res	ult of a			
3.24	nationwide	warrant issued pursuan	t to the			
3.25	Interstate Co	ompact for Adult Superv	ision must			
3.26	be arranged	and supervised by the	sheriff of			
3.27	the county i	n which the court proce	edings are			
3.28	to be held a	nd at the expense of the	state as			
3.29	provided for	r in this subdivision. Th	is expense			
3.30	offset is not	t applicable to the transp	port of			
3.31	individuals	from pickup locations v	within 250			
3.32	miles of the	office of the sheriff arra	nging and			
3.33	supervising	the offender's return to	the state.			

	SF2673	REVISOR	KLL	S2673-3	3rd Engrossment
4.1 4.2 4.3	Subd. 3. Co Supervision Services	<u>mmunity</u> 1 and Postrelease			<u>-0-</u> <u>25,000,000</u>
4.4	(a) Commu	nity Corrections Ac	<u>et</u>		
4.5	<u>\$16,250,000</u>) is added to the Com	munity		
4.6	Corrections	Act subsidy under M	linnesota		
4.7	Statutes, sec	ction 401.14.			
4.8	(b) County	Probation Officer			
4.9	Reimburse	ment			
4.10	\$5,000,000	is added to the count	y probation		
4.11	officer reim	bursement program a	s described		
4.12	in Minnesot	a Statutes, section 24	4.19,		
4.13	subdivision	<u>6.</u>			
4.14	(c) Departn	nent of Corrections	Supervision		
4.15	<u>Services</u>				
4.16	\$3,750,000	is for the department	's probation		
4.17	and supervis	sed release services.			
4.18	(d) Reporti	ng Required			
4.19	By January	1, 2023, each county	receiving		
4.20	reimbursem	ent under Minnesota	Statutes,		
4.21	section 244.	19, and each county	or group of		
4.22	counties rec	eiving funding under	· Minnesota		
4.23	Statutes, sec	ction 401.14, shall rep	port to the		
4.24	commission	er of corrections how	v they spent		
4.25	the addition	al funds appropriated	l in this		
4.26	subdivision,	including how many	v new		
4.27	probation of	fficers or other super-	visory staff		
4.28	were hired, a	and any new supervisi	on programs		
4.29	initiated.				
4.30	(e) Reporti	ng Required			
4.31	By February	v 1, 2023, the commi	ssioner shall		
4.32	collate the in	nformation received	under		
4.33	paragraph (c	d) and submit it to the	e chairs and		
4.34	ranking min	ority members of the	elegislative		

Article 1 Sec. 7.

	SF2673	REVISOR	KLL	S26	973-3	3rd Engrossment
5.1	committees	having jurisdiction ov	ver criminal			
5.2		y and finance. The co				
5.3		port on how the addit				
5.4		l in paragraph (c) to th				
5.5	Department	of Corrections for pro	obation and			
5.6	supervised r	elease were spent, usi	ng the same			
5.7	statistical in	dexes and format.				
5.8	Sec. 8. <u>PUB</u>	BLIC SAFETY		<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> \$	<u>108,185,000</u>
5.9	(a) Promoti	ng Peace Officers				
5.10	<u>\$1,000,000 i</u>	is to implement, in co	ordination			
5.11	with the Pea	ce Officer Standards a	nd Training			
5.12	Board, a mai	rketing and advertisin	g campaign			
5.13	to publicly p	promote the important	ce of peace			
5.14	officers for t	the safety of Minneso	tans and to			
5.15	recruit more	persons into law enfo	orcement			
5.16	careers. This	s is a onetime appropr	riation.			
5.17	By January	15, 2024, the commis	sioner shall			
5.18	report to the	chairs and ranking m	<u>inority</u>			
5.19	members of	the legislative commi	ttees having			
5.20	jurisdiction	over criminal justice	policy and			
5.21	finance on the	he campaign required	by this			
5.22	paragraph. T	The report must provid	le a detailed			
5.23	overview on	how the appropriation	n was spent,			
5.24	including bu	it not limited to inform	nation that			
5.25	itemizes hov	w the campaign was c	onducted,			
5.26	the types of	marketing and advert	ising			
5.27	activities con	nducted, and the type	s of media			
5.28	used. In add	ition, the report must	address the			
5.29	level of succ	cess and efficacy of th	e campaign			
5.30	using object	ive and verifiable crit	eria.			
5.31	(b) Pathway	y to Policing				
5.32	<u>\$2,000,000 i</u>	s for reimbursement g	rants to state			
5.33	and local lay	w enforcement agenci	es that			
5.34	operate pathy	way to policing progra	ms intended			

6.1	to bring persons with nontraditional
6.2	backgrounds into law enforcement. Applicants
6.3	for reimbursement grants may receive up to
6.4	50 percent of the cost of compensating and
6.5	training pathway to policing participants.
6.6	Reimbursement grants must be proportionally
6.7	allocated based on the number of grant
6.8	applications approved by the commissioner.
6.9	By February 15 of each odd-numbered year,
6.10	the commissioner shall report to the chairs and
6.11	ranking minority members of the legislative
6.12	committees with jurisdiction over public safety
6.13	policy and finance on the pathway to policing
6.14	grant program. At a minimum, the report must
6.15	identify the agencies receiving the grants and
6.16	the number of individuals recruited or hired
6.17	based on the grants and the nature of the
6.18	individual's nontraditional backgrounds, and
6.19	include an evaluation of the success of the
6.20	
0.20	program in achieving its goals.
6.21	(c) Gunshot Detection System
6.22	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey
6.23	County Sheriff's Office to improve the
6.24	detection of incidents involving gunfire and
6.25	facilitate a rapid response to those incidents.
6.26	This is a onetime appropriation.
6.27	This money may be used to:
6.28	(1) purchase technology systems, including
6.29	portable devices, that detect outdoor audible
6.30	gunfire within a specific coverage area using
6.31	acoustic sensors that accurately pinpoint the
6.32	location of the gunfire; and
6.33	(2) obtain and maintain software that allows
6.34	peace officers to receive an alert on a mobile
0.0 f	

7.1	computer, smartphone, or tablet indicating the
7.2	address of the gunfire, the time frame in which
7.3	shots were fired, the number of shots fired,
7.4	and any other available information.
7.5	The Ramsey County Sheriff's Office shall
7.6	place technology that detects outdoor audible
7.7	gunfire in areas in the county where there are
7.8	a disproportionately high number of gunfire
7.9	incidents.
7.10	(d) First Responders Mental Health
7.11	\$1,000,000 is for a grant to a nonprofit
7.12	organization that provides nonmedical mental
7.13	health support to first responders who have
7.14	experienced traumatic events. The grant
7.15	recipient shall use the money to fund mental
7.16	health treatment for present and former law
7.17	enforcement officers and first responders
7.18	facing employment-related mental health
7.19	issues, utilizing interactive group activity and
7.20	other methods.
7.21	By February 15 of each odd-numbered year,
7.22	the commissioner shall report to the chairs and
7.23	ranking minority members of the legislative
7.24	committees with jurisdiction over public safety
7.25	policy and finance on the grant made under
7.26	this paragraph. The report must identify the
7.27	grantee and give detailed information on how
7.28	the money was used by the grantee and
7.29	provide an evaluation of the success of the
7.30	grantee in meeting the goals of the program.
7.31	(e) Violent Crime Enforcement Teams
7.32	\$2,000,000 is for additional violent crime
7.33	enforcement teams.

8.1	(f) Local Government Emergency
8.2	Management
8.3	\$3,000,000 is to award grants in equal
8.4	amounts to the emergency management
8.5	organizations of the 87 counties, 11 federally
8.6	recognized Tribes, and four cities of the first
8.7	class for reimbursement of planning and
8.8	preparedness activities, including capital
8.9	purchases, that are eligible under federal
8.10	emergency preparedness grant guidelines.
8.11	Local emergency management organizations
8.12	must make a request to Homeland Security
8.13	and Emergency Management for these grants.
8.14	Current local funding for emergency
8.15	management and preparedness activities may
8.16	not be supplanted by these additional state
8.17	funds. Of this amount, up to one percent may
8.18	be used for the department's administrative
8.19	costs. This appropriation does not lapse and
8.20	is available until expended. Unspent money
8.21	may be redistributed to eligible local
8.22	emergency management organizations.
8.23	By February 15 of each odd-numbered year,
8.24	the commissioner shall submit a report on the
8.25	grant awards to the chairs and ranking
8.26	minority members of the legislative
8.27	committees with jurisdiction over emergency
8.28	management and preparedness activities. At
8.29	a minimum, the report must identify grant
8.30	recipients and give detailed information on
8.31	how the grantees used the money received.
8.32	(g) Youth Intervention Grants
8.33	\$5,000,000 is for youth intervention program
8.34	grants under Minnesota Statutes, section
8.35	<u>299A.73.</u>

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9.1	(h) School Safety	Center	
9.2	\$250,000 is for tw	vo school safety spec	cialists
9.3	at the Minnesota S	School Safety Center	<u>r.</u>
9.4	(i) Prosecutorial	Training	
9.5	\$100,000 is for a	grant to the Minneso	ota
9.6	County Attorneys	Association to be us	sed for
9.7	prosecutorial and	law enforcement tra	ining,
9.8	including trial sch	ool training and	
9.9	train-the-trainers	courses.	
9.10	(j) Ramsey Coun	ty Sheriff Violent C	Crime
9.11	Initiative; Air Pa	trol	
9.12	\$2,400,000 is for	a grant to the Ramse	<u>y</u>
9.13	County Sheriff's C	Office. In coordination	on with
9.14	other sheriffs' offic	ces, police departmer	nts, and
9.15	Metro Transit, the	Ramsey County sher	iff shall
9.16	use the funds to p	revent and combat su	urging
9.17	rates of violent cr	me, including murd	er,
9.18	assault, carjacking	g, and other crimes a	gainst
9.19	the person, in the	seven-county metrop	politan
9.20	area with a concer	ntration of efforts in	areas
9.21	that have experier	nced the largest incre	ease in
9.22	violent crimes since	e July 1, 2020. The F	Ramsey_
9.23	County sheriff ma	y use these funds to	
9.24	reimburse or direc	tly compensate peac	ce
9.25	officers from othe	r jurisdictions who a	ssist in
9.26	crime prevention	efforts coordinated b	by the
9.27	sheriff. This is a o	netime appropriation	<u>n.</u>
9.28	\$600,000 is for the	e State Patrol's use of	f the air
9.29	patrol, in coordina	ation with the Ramse	ey
9.30	County sheriff, to	prevent and combat	violent
9.31	crime in the sever	-county metropolita	n area
9.32	with a concentrati	on of efforts in areas	s that
9.33	have experienced	the largest increase	in

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10.1	violent crimes since July 1, 2020. This is a
10.2	onetime appropriation.
10.3	By February 1, 2024, the commissioner shall
10.4	report to the chairs and ranking minority
10.5	members of the legislative committees with
10.6	jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and
10.7	finance on how the appropriations in this
10.8	paragraph were used. The report must detail
10.9	the impact the appropriations had on reducing
10.10	violent criminal activity in the seven-county
10.11	metropolitan area and make recommendations
10.12	on how future state appropriations can be used
10.13	to reduce violent crime in the seven-county
10.14	metropolitan area. The report must provide
10.15	specific details on the number of arrests made
10.16	in whole or in part from the grant, the crimes
10.17	for which the arrests were made, the
10.18	convictions obtained, the number of resulting
10.19	forfeitures, and the specific uses to which the
10.20	air patrol was employed. In addition, the report
10.21	must identify instances in which a portion of
10.22	the appropriation was used to reimburse or
10.23	directly compensate peace officers from other
10.24	jurisdictions, specifying this by agency and
10.25	amount.
10.26	(k) Portable Recording Systems
10.27	\$5,000,000 is to provide grants for portable
10.28	recording systems and portable recording
10.29	system data under Minnesota Statutes, section
10.30	299A.88, purchased or contracted for on or
10.31	after July 1, 2022.
10.32	(l) Use of Force Training; Reimbursement

- 10.33 <u>\$2,625,000 is for reimbursement grants, to be</u>
- 10.34 <u>made in consultation with the executive</u>

director of the Peace Officer Standards and 11.1 Training Board, to postsecondary schools 11.2 11.3 certified to provide programs of professional peace officer education for providing 11.4 in-service training programs on the use of 11.5 force, including deadly force, by peace 11.6 officers. This is a onetime appropriation and 11.7 11.8 is available until June 30, 2025. 11.9 To be eligible for reimbursement, training offered by a postsecondary school must: 11.10 11.11 (1) satisfy the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 626.8452, and be approved 11.12 by the Peace Officer Standards and Training 11.13 Board; 11.14 11.15 (2) utilize scenario-based training that simulates real-world situations and involves 11.16 the use of real firearms that fire nonlethal 11.17 ammunition; and 11.18 11.19 (3) be offered to peace officers at no charge to the peace officer or law enforcement 11.20 11.21 agency. A postsecondary school that offers training 11.22 11.23 consistent with the requirements of this paragraph may apply for reimbursement for 11.24 the costs of offering the training. 11.25 Reimbursement shall be made at a rate of \$250 11.26 for each officer who participates in the 11.27 11.28 training. The postsecondary school shall submit the name and peace officer license 11.29 number of the peace officer who received the 11.30 training. 11.31 As used in this paragraph: 11.32

12.1	(i) "law enforcement agency" has the meaning
12.2	given in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84,
12.3	subdivision 1, paragraph (f); and
12.4	(ii) "peace officer" has the meaning given in
12.5	Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84,
12.6	subdivision 1, paragraph (c).
12.7	(m) Peace Officer Education
12.8	Reimbursement
12.9	\$2,500,000 is for education reimbursement
12.10	grants, to be made in consultation with the
12.11	executive director of the Peace Officer
12.12	Standards and Training Board, to eligible
12.13	peace officers.
12.14	An eligible peace officer is a person who:
12.15	(1) is a peace officer as defined in Minnesota
12.16	Statutes, section 626.84, subdivision 1,
12.17	paragraph (c);
12.18	(2) began employment as a peace officer on
12.19	or after July 1, 2021;
12.20	(3) has been continuously employed as a peace
12.21	officer for at least 12 months;
12.22	(4) has not been found to be in violation of the
12.23	standards of conduct set forth in Minnesota
12.24	Rules, part 6700.1600; and
12.25	(5) paid tuition or other fees to a
12.26	postsecondary school to participate in a
12.27	professional peace officer education program
12.28	as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section
12.29	626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (g).
12.30	An eligible peace officer may receive
12.31	reimbursement equal to the amount paid in
12.32	tuition or other fees to a postsecondary school

12.33 to participate in a professional peace officer

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13.1	education program or \$5,000, whichever is
13.2	less. An eligible peace officer may not receive
13.3	reimbursement for any amount paid by a third
13.4	party or reimbursed by any other entity, or any
13.5	amount of a loan that was forgiven or is
13.6	eligible to be forgiven from money borrowed
13.7	from a financial institution or other entity.
13.8	The commissioner, in consultation with the
13.9	executive director, shall establish the
13.10	requirements for an application for
13.11	reimbursement of education expenses. At a
13.12	minimum, the application must include:
13.13	(i) the name, date of birth, and peace officer
13.14	license number of the applicant;
13.15	(ii) the postsecondary school to which tuition
13.16	or other fees were paid and the amount paid;
13.17	(iii) the date of completion of a professional
13.18	peace officer education program;
13.19	(iv) the date on which the person began
13.20	employment as a peace officer;
13.21	(v) certification by a chief law enforcement
13.22	officer that the person is employed as a peace
13.23	officer at the time of application and has been
13.24	employed as a peace officer for at least the
13.25	previous 12 months; and
13.26	(vi) a statement signed by the applicant, under
13.27	penalty of perjury as provided in Minnesota
13.28	Statutes, section 609.48, attesting that the
13.29	applicant paid the tuition or fees being
13.30	claimed; the amount paid was not reimbursed
13.31	by any other entity or through any other
13.32	program; and the applicant is not claiming
13.33	reimbursement for any amount of a loan that

13.34 was forgiven or is eligible to be forgiven from

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14.1	money borrowe	d from a financial i	institution
14.2	or other entity.		
14.3	The commission	ner shall prepare an	nd make
14.4	forms available	on its website for u	ise by
14.5	applicants and cl	hief law enforcement	nt officers.
14.6	By February 15	of each odd-numb	ered year,
14.7	the commissione	er shall report to the	chairs and
14.8	ranking minorit	y members of the le	egislative
14.9	committees have	ing jurisdiction ove	er public
14.10	safety policy and	d finance on the gr	ants made
14.11	under this paragr	aph. At a minimum	, the report
14.12	must give detail	s on the number of	grants
14.13	made, the amou	nt of each grant, th	e
14.14	postsecondary s	chools attended, an	nd the law
14.15	enforcement age	ency the peace office	cer is
14.16	employed by.		
14.17	(n) Reimburser	nent Grants to La	1W
14.18	Enforcement A	gencies for New F	<i>'eace</i>
14.19	Officer Hiring	<u>Bonuses</u>	
14.20	\$20,000,000 is f	for grants, to be ma	ide in
14.21	consultation wit	h the executive dire	ector of the
14.22	Peace Officer St	andards and Traini	ing Board,
14.23	to law enforcem	ent agencies under	this
14.24	paragraph. This	is a onetime approp	riation and
14.25	is available unti	l June 30, 2025.	
14.26	The commission	ner, in consultation	with the
14.27	executive direct	or, may make reim	bursement
14.28	grants as provid	ed in this paragrap	h to law
14.29	enforcement age	encies that have pai	id
14.30	recruitment bon	uses to newly hired	1 peace
14.31	officers. Agenci	es may apply for g	rants on
14.32	forms and as dir	ected by the comm	nissioner.

- The maximum amount of a grant is \$10,000 14.33
- per officer hired. An agency may apply for 14.34

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15.1	multiple grants to cover multiple eligible
15.2	bonuses. Grants are awarded at the discretion
15.3	of the commissioner, in consultation with the
15.4	executive director, and are limited to the
15.5	amount appropriated for this purpose.
15.6	Law enforcement agencies may offer
15.7	recruitment bonuses to provide incentives to
15.8	individuals to become peace officers with the
15.9	agency. A reimbursement grant under this
15.10	paragraph may be made only if the peace
15.11	officer was hired after having received notice
15.12	of the availability of a recruitment bonus and
15.13	only after the agency has paid the bonus. An
15.14	officer is eligible for a bonus upon reaching
15.15	the officer's one year anniversary of starting
15.16	employment at the agency and only if the
15.17	officer is a member in good standing with the
15.18	agency. A grant may be awarded only for a
15.19	bonus paid to a newly licensed peace officer
15.20	hire. Grants may not reimburse bonuses paid
15.21	to officers moving laterally from other
15.22	jurisdictions within the state or officers who
15.23	previously served as correctional officers
15.24	within the state. If the demand for grants
15.25	exceeds the amount appropriated, the
15.26	commissioner, in consultation with the
15.27	executive director, shall award grants in a
15.28	manner that ensures that grants are distributed
15.29	to agencies in a geographically balanced
15.30	manner and also in a balanced manner in terms
15.31	of the size of the law enforcement agencies
15.32	receiving grants.
15.33	By January 15, 2025, the commissioner shall
15.34	report to the chairs and ranking minority
15.35	members of the legislative committees having
10.00	

16.1	jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and
16.2	finance on the grant program. At a minimum,
16.3	the report must provide detailed information
16.4	on the grants awarded under this paragraph,
16.5	including the amount of each grant and the
16.6	recipient agency, and the number of new hires
16.7	made in whole or in part because of the grants.
16.8	(o) Peace Officer Bonus Program
16.9	\$2,000,000 is for the bonus program described
16.10	in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.8415.
16.11	(p) Bonus Payments to Peace Officers
10.11	(b) bonds I ayments to I cace Officers
16.12	\$47,000,000 is to distribute, in consultation
16.13	with the executive director of the Peace
16.14	Officer Standards and Training Board, a
16.15	onetime bonus payment to each peace officer,
16.16	as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section
16.17	626.84, subdivision 1, who is employed as of
16.18	July 1, 2022. The bonus payment must be
16.19	\$3,000 for peace officers under the age of 50
16.20	as of July 1, 2022, and \$10,000 for peace
16.21	officers aged 55 or over as of July 1, 2022.
16.22	For a peace officer aged 50 to 54 as of July 1,
16.23	2022, the bonus payment is \$3,000. However,
16.24	the peace officer must be paid an additional
16.25	\$7,000 bonus upon reaching 55 years of age
16.26	if the person is still employed as a peace
16.27	officer or upon working an additional two
16.28	years as a peace officer, whichever occurs
16.29	first. This is a onetime appropriation and is
16.30	available until June 30, 2025.
16.31	By February 1, 2026, the commissioner shall
16.32	report to the chairs and ranking minority
16.33	members of the legislative committees with
16.34	jurisdiction over public safety policy and

17.1	finance on the bonus payments made under
17.2	this paragraph. At a minimum, the report must
17.3	identify the number of grants made, the
17.4	amount of each grant, the number of grants
17.5	by category, and the number of grants made
17.6	to peace officers aged 50 to 54 that were later
17.7	supplemented upon the peace officer working
17.8	two additional years or turning 55.
17.9	(q) Police Officer Skills Training and
17.10	Provider Program Grants
17 11	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota
17.11	
17.12	State Colleges and Universities Board of
17.13	Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State
17.14	Colleges and Universities police officer skills
17.15	training and provider programs. The grants
17.16	may be used for technological needs, including
17.17	body cameras to enhance student learning
17.18	through the use of real-time review; fleet
17.19	vehicles and accessories such as automatic
17.20	vehicle locators, light bars, and radio racks; a
17.21	de-escalation simulation program; a
17.22	360-degree force continuum simulator; a
17.23	tactical warehouse recording system; personal
17.24	interaction replay equipment, such as
17.25	electronic tablets for crime scene investigation
17.26	scenarios; and other costs associated with
17.27	operating a skills program.
17.28	The Board of Trustees shall award the grants
17.29	based on the nine police officer skills training
17.30	and provider program enrollment. This is a
17.31	onetime appropriation.
17.32	(r) Racially Diverse Youth
17.33	\$210,000 is for grants to organizations to
17.34	address racial disparity of youth using shelter

- 18.1 services in the Rochester and St. Cloud
- 18.2 regional areas. A grant recipient shall establish
- 18.3 and operate a pilot program connected to
- 18.4 shelter services to engage in community
- 18.5 intervention outreach, mobile case
- 18.6 management, family reunification, aftercare,
- 18.7 and follow up when family members are
- 18.8 released from shelter services. A pilot program
- 18.9 must specifically address the high number of
- 18.10 racially diverse youth that enter shelters in the
- 18.11 regions. This is a onetime appropriation.

18.12 (s) Administration Costs

- 18.13 Except as otherwise provided, up to 2.5
- 18.14 percent of the money appropriated in this
- 18.15 section may be used by the commissioner to
- 18.16 administer the grant programs described.

18.17 (t) Costs of Sexual Assault Medical

18.18 **Examinations**

- 18.19 \$3,500,000 is to pay for the cost of medical
- 18.20 examinations for sexual assault victims in
- 18.21 accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section
- 18.22 <u>609.35.</u>
- 18.23 (u) Prohibition on Supplanting
- 18.24 Notwithstanding any contrary provision in
- 18.25 ordinance or contract, a local unit of
- 18.26 government may not use any money
- 18.27 appropriated or granted under this section to
- 18.28 supplant its funding of peace officer salaries,
- 18.29 salary ranges, or other compensation, or use
- 18.30 it in a manner that differs from the purposes
- 18.31 specified.

18.32 (v) Public Safety Officers; Benefits

amendments to Minnesota Statutes, section
299A.41, made in sections 13 to 15.
Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 144.6586, subdivision 2, is amended to re-
Subd. 2. Contents of notice. The commissioners of health and public safety, in
consultation with sexual assault victim advocates and health care professionals, shall de
the notice required by subdivision 1. The notice must inform the victim, at a minimu
(1) the obligation under section 609.35 of the county where the criminal sexual co
occurred state to pay for the examination performed for the purpose of gathering evidence
that payment is not contingent on the victim reporting the criminal sexual conduct to
enforcement, and that the victim may incur expenses for treatment of injuries;
(2) the victim's rights if the crime is reported to law enforcement, including the vi
right to apply for reparations under sections 611A.51 to 611A.68, information on ho
apply for reparations, and information on how to obtain an order for protection or a
harassment restraining order; and
(3) the opportunity under section 611A.27 to obtain status information about an
unrestricted sexual assault examination kit, as defined in section 299C.106, subdivis
paragraph (h).
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2022, and applies to any
examination that occurs on or after that date.
Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 244.09, is amended by adding a subdivis
read:
Subd. 6a. Publicly searchable database. (a) The commission shall maintain a p
website with a searchable database that provides the public with information on crin
sentences stayed or imposed by the courts. The website must not include information
is not public data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 8a.
(b) The website required under paragraph (a) must contain all the information transport
from the sentencing court to the commission including information in the sentencing
worksheet transmitted pursuant to section 609.115, subdivision 2a, and the sentencing
and departure report, if any, sent pursuant to Rules of Criminal Procedure, rule 27.03

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3rd Engrossment

Article 1 Sec. 10.

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20.1	<u>(1)</u> search b	oy individual fields,	including but	not limited to:		
20.2	(i) case number;					
20.3	(ii) defenda	ant name;				
20.4	(iii) date of	offense;				
20.5	(iv) judicia	l district where the	sentence was s	tayed or imposed;		
20.6	(v) county	where the sentence	was stayed or	imposed;		
20.7	(vi) year in	which the sentence	was stayed or	imposed;		
20.8	(vii) judge	who stayed or impo	osed the senten	<u>ce;</u>		
20.9	(viii) crime	for which the sente	ence was staye	d or imposed;		
20.10	(ix) defend	ant's criminal histor	ry score;			
20.11	(x) severity	v level of the offense	e for which a s	entence was stayed or	imposed;	
20.12	(xi) execute	ed sentences, includ	ling the length	of sentence imposed a	and executed;	
20.13	(xii) stayed	sentences, includir	ng the length o	f probation ordered an	d, if applicable, the	
20.14	length of sentence imposed but not executed;					
20.15	(xiii) wheth	ner the sentence was	s a departure fi	rom the Sentencing Gu	uidelines and, if so,	
20.16	whether it was	an aggravated dura	tional, aggrav	ated dispositional, mit	igated durational,	
20.17	mitigated dispo	ositional, or hybrid	departure; and			
20.18	(xiv) wheth	ner a departure from	the Sentencin	g Guidelines was orde	ered with prosecutor	
20.19	agreement;					
20.20	(2) perform	a search using at l	east two fields	2		
20.21	(3) sort by	each field;				
20.22	(4) obtain i	nformation grouped	l or aggregated	l by each field, where	groups or subtotals	
20.23	are feasible; ar	nd				
20.24	<u>(5) allow th</u>	ne user to download	the data into a	a user-controlled datab	base.	
20.25	Sec. 11. Min	nesota Statutes 202	0, section 244.	09, subdivision 11, is	amended to read:	
20.26	Subd. 11. N	Aodification. The c	commission sh	all meet as necessary f	for the purpose of	
20.27	modifying and	improving the guid	elines. The con	mission shall allow m	embers of the public	
20.28	to monitor eac	h meeting electroni	cally from a re	mote location and to c	comment from that	
20.29	location during	g the public comme	nt period of ea	ch meeting. The comm	nission shall make a	

visual and audio recording of each meeting and make the recordings available to the public 21.1 on the commission's website or through a link posted on the website. Any modification 21.2 which amends the Sentencing Guidelines grid, including severity levels and criminal history 21.3 scores, or which would result in the reduction of any sentence or in the early release of any 21.4 inmate, with the exception of a modification mandated or authorized by the legislature or 21.5 relating to a crime created or amended by the legislature in the preceding session, shall be 21.6 submitted to the legislature by January 15 of any year in which the commission wishes to 21.7 make the change and shall be effective on August 1 of that year, unless the legislature by 21.8 law provides otherwise. All other modifications shall take effect according to the procedural 21.9 rules of the commission. On or before January 15 of each year, the commission shall submit 21.10 a written report to the committees of the senate and the house of representatives with 21.11 jurisdiction over criminal justice policy that identifies and explains all modifications made 21.12 during the preceding 12 months and all proposed modifications that are being submitted to 21.13 the legislature that year. 21.14

21.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 244.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to
read:

21.18 Subd. 15. Report on dismissals with agreement of the prosecutor. The Sentencing
 21.19 Guidelines Commission shall include in its annual report to the legislature a summary and
 21.20 analysis of reports received from county attorneys under section 388.052.

21.21 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 299A.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Killed in the line of duty.** (a) "Killed in the line of duty" does not include deaths from natural causes, except as provided in this subdivision. In the case of a public safety officer, killed in the line of duty includes the death of a public safety officer caused by accidental means while the public safety officer is acting in the course and scope of duties as a public safety officer.

21.27 (b) Killed in the line of duty also means if a public safety officer dies as the direct and 21.28 proximate result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture, that officer shall be presumed 21.29 to have died as the direct and proximate result of a personal injury sustained in the line of 21.30 duty if:

21.31 (1) that officer, while on duty:

22.1	(i) engaged in a situation, and that engagement involved nonroutine stressful or strenuous
22.2	physical law enforcement, fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency
22.3	medical services, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity; or
22.4	(ii) participated in a training exercise, and that participation involved nonroutine stressful
22.5	or strenuous physical activity;
22.6	(2) that officer died as a result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture suffered:
22.7	(i) while engaging or participating under clause (1);
22.8	(ii) while still on duty after engaging or participating under clause (1); or
22.9	(iii) not later than 24 hours after engaging or participating under clause (1); and
22.10	(3) the presumption is not overcome by competent medical evidence to the contrary.
22.11	(c) Killed in the line of duty also means if a public safety officer dies as a result of suicide
22.12	when:
22.13	(1) a licensed mental health provider previously diagnosed the officer with post-traumatic
22.14	stress disorder; and
22.15	(2) the officer's mental health provider determined the post-traumatic stress disorder
22.16	resulted from the officer's work as a public safety officer.
22.17	As used in this paragraph, "public safety officer" includes only the individuals described
22.18	in subdivision 4, clauses (1), (2), (3), (4), (6), (8), and (9).
22.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2017.
22.20	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 299A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision
22.21	to read:
22.22	Subd. 3a. Post-traumatic stress disorder. "Post-traumatic stress disorder" means the
22.23	condition as described in the most recently published edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical
22.24	Manual of Mental Disorders by the American Psychiatric Association.
22.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2017.
22.26	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 299A.41, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
22.27	Subd. 4. Public safety officer. Except as provided in subdivision 3, paragraph (c),
22.28	"public safety officer" includes:
22.29	(1) a peace officer defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c) or (d);

(2) a correction officer employed at a correctional facility and charged with maintaining 23.1 the safety, security, discipline, and custody of inmates at the facility; 23.2 (3) an individual employed on a full-time basis by the state or by a fire department of a 23.3 governmental subdivision of the state, who is engaged in any of the following duties: 23.4 23.5 (i) firefighting; (ii) emergency motor vehicle operation; 23.6 23.7 (iii) investigation into the cause and origin of fires; (iv) the provision of emergency medical services; or 23.8 (v) hazardous material responder; 23.9 (4) a legally enrolled member of a volunteer fire department or member of an independent 23.10 nonprofit firefighting corporation who is engaged in the hazards of firefighting; 23.11 (5) a good samaritan while complying with the request or direction of a public safety 23.12 officer to assist the officer; 23.13 (6) a reserve police officer or a reserve deputy sheriff while acting under the supervision 23.14 and authority of a political subdivision; 23.15 (7) a driver or attendant with a licensed basic or advanced life-support transportation 23.16 service who is engaged in providing emergency care; 23.17 (8) a first responder who is certified by the emergency medical services regulatory board 23.18 to perform basic emergency skills before the arrival of a licensed ambulance service and 23.19 who is a member of an organized service recognized by a local political subdivision to 23.20 respond to medical emergencies to provide initial medical care before the arrival of an 23.21 ambulance; and 23.22 (9) a person, other than a state trooper, employed by the commissioner of public safety 23.23 and assigned to the State Patrol, whose primary employment duty is either Capitol security 23.24 or the enforcement of commercial motor vehicle laws and regulations. 23.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2017. 23.26

23.27 Sec. 16. [299A.88] PORTABLE RECORDING SYSTEMS.

23.28 Subdivision 1. Grants. The commissioner of public safety shall award grants to local

23.29 law enforcement agencies for the purchase, maintenance, support, and storage of portable

23.30 recording systems and portable recording system data. An applicant must provide a 25

23.31 percent match to be eligible to receive a grant. The commissioner shall give priority to law

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24.1 enforcement agencies located outside of the seven-county metropolitan area that do not
24.2 have a portable recording system program. Grants under this section apply only to contracts
24.3 for portable recording systems and portable recording system data with a duration of five
24.4 years or less.

24.5 Subd. 2. Reporting. By February 15 of each odd-numbered year, the commissioner

24.6 shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with

24.7 jurisdiction over public safety policy and finance on the grants made pursuant to this section.

24.8 At a minimum, the report must specify the agencies receiving grants and how they used the

24.9 money, including whether it was used for new purchases or replacements; the number of

24.10 providers used to provide or support the systems, the length of the contracts for this, and

24.11 whether the contracts included other items; and what features were included with the systems.

24.12 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 357.021, subdivision 1a, is amended24.13 to read:

Subd. 1a. Transmittal of fees to commissioner of management and budget. (a) Every 24.14 person, including the state of Minnesota and all bodies politic and corporate, who shall 24.15 transact any business in the district court, shall pay to the court administrator of said court 24.16 the sundry fees prescribed in subdivision 2. Except as provided in paragraph (d), the court 24.17 administrator shall transmit the fees monthly to the commissioner of management and budget 24.18 24.19 for deposit in the state treasury and credit to the general fund. \$30 \$60 of each fee collected in a dissolution action under subdivision 2, clause (1), must be deposited by the commissioner 24.20 of management and budget in the special revenue fund and is appropriated to the 24.21 commissioner of employment and economic development for the Minnesota Family 24.22 Resiliency Partnership under section 116L.96. 24.23

(b) In a county which has a screener-collector position, fees paid by a county pursuant 24.24 to this subdivision shall be transmitted monthly to the county treasurer, who shall apply the 24.25 fees first to reimburse the county for the amount of the salary paid for the screener-collector 24.26 position. The balance of the fees collected shall then be forwarded to the commissioner of 24.27 24.28 management and budget for deposit in the state treasury and credited to the general fund. In a county in a judicial district under section 480.181, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), which 24.29 has a screener-collector position, the fees paid by a county shall be transmitted monthly to 24.30 the commissioner of management and budget for deposit in the state treasury and credited 24.31 to the general fund. A screener-collector position for purposes of this paragraph is an 24.32 employee whose function is to increase the collection of fines and to review the incomes 24.33 of potential clients of the public defender, in order to verify eligibility for that service. 24.34

3rd Engrossment (c) No fee is required under this section from the public authority or the party the public 25.1 authority represents in an action for: 25.2 (1) child support enforcement or modification, medical assistance enforcement, or 25.3 establishment of parentage in the district court, or in a proceeding under section 484.702; 25.4 25.5 (2) civil commitment under chapter 253B; (3) the appointment of a public conservator or public guardian or any other action under 25.6 25.7 chapters 252A and 525; (4) wrongfully obtaining public assistance under section 256.98 or 256D.07, or recovery 25.8 of overpayments of public assistance; 25.9 (5) court relief under chapters 260, 260A, 260B, and 260C; 25.10 (6) forfeiture of property under sections 169A.63 and 609.531 to 609.5317; 25.11 (7) recovery of amounts issued by political subdivisions or public institutions under 25.12 sections 246.52, 252.27, 256.045, 256.25, 256.87, 256B.042, 256B.14, 256B.15, 256B.37, 25.13 260B.331, and 260C.331, or other sections referring to other forms of public assistance; 25.14 (8) restitution under section 611A.04; or 25.15 (9) actions seeking monetary relief in favor of the state pursuant to section 16D.14, 25.16 subdivision 5. 25.17 (d) \$20 from each fee collected for child support modifications under subdivision 2, 25.18 clause (13), must be transmitted to the county treasurer for deposit in the county general 25.19 fund and \$35 from each fee shall be credited to the state general fund. The fees must be 25.20 used by the county to pay for child support enforcement efforts by county attorneys. 25.21 (e) No fee is required under this section from any federally recognized Indian Tribe or 25.22 its representative in an action for: 25.23 (1) child support enforcement or modification, medical assistance enforcement, or 25.24 establishment of parentage in the district court or in a proceeding under section 484.702; 25.25 (2) civil commitment under chapter 253B; 25.26

(3) the appointment of a public conservator or public guardian or any other action under 25.27 chapters 252A and 525; or 25.28

(4) court relief under chapters 260, 260A, 260B, 260C, and 260D. 25.29

26.1 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 357.021, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Fee amounts. The fees to be charged and collected by the court administratorshall be as follows:

(1) In every civil action or proceeding in said court, including any case arising under
the tax laws of the state that could be transferred or appealed to the Tax Court, the plaintiff,
petitioner, or other moving party shall pay, when the first paper is filed for that party in said
action, a fee of \$285, except in marriage dissolution actions the fee is \$315.

The defendant or other adverse or intervening party, or any one or more of several defendants or other adverse or intervening parties appearing separately from the others, shall pay, when the first paper is filed for that party in said action, a fee of \$285, except in marriage dissolution actions the fee is \$315. This subdivision does not apply to the filing of an Application for Discharge of Judgment. Section 548.181 applies to an Application for Discharge of Judgment.

26.14 The party requesting a trial by jury shall pay \$100.

The fees above stated shall be the full trial fee chargeable to said parties irrespective of whether trial be to the court alone, to the court and jury, or disposed of without trial, and shall include the entry of judgment in the action, but does not include copies or certified copies of any papers so filed or proceedings under chapter 103E, except the provisions therein as to appeals.

26.20 (2) Certified copy of any instrument from a civil or criminal proceeding, \$14, and \$8
26.21 for an uncertified copy.

26.22 (3) Issuing a subpoena, \$16 for each name.

26.23 (4) Filing a motion or response to a motion in civil, family, excluding child support, and
26.24 guardianship cases, \$75.

26.25 (5) Issuing an execution and filing the return thereof; issuing a writ of attachment,
26.26 injunction, habeas corpus, mandamus, quo warranto, certiorari, or other writs not specifically
26.27 mentioned, \$55.

26.28 (6) Issuing a transcript of judgment, or for filing and docketing a transcript of judgment26.29 from another court, \$40.

26.30 (7) Filing and entering a satisfaction of judgment, partial satisfaction, or assignment of26.31 judgment, \$5.

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(8) Certificate as to existence or nonexistence of judgments docketed, \$5 for each name
certified to.

27.3 (9) Filing and indexing trade name; or recording basic science certificate; or recording
27.4 certificate of physicians, osteopathic physicians, chiropractors, veterinarians, or optometrists,
27.5 \$5.

27.6 (10) For the filing of each partial, final, or annual account in all trusteeships, \$55.

27.7 (11) For the deposit of a will, \$27.

- 27.8 (12) For recording notary commission, \$20.
- (13) Filing a motion or response to a motion for modification of child support, a fee of\$50.

(14) All other services required by law for which no fee is provided, such fee as compares
favorably with those herein provided, or such as may be fixed by rule or order of the court.

(15) In addition to any other filing fees under this chapter, a surcharge in the amount of
\$75 must be assessed in accordance with section 259.52, subdivision 14, for each adoption
petition filed in district court to fund the fathers' adoption registry under section 259.52.

The fees in clauses (3) and (5) need not be paid by a public authority or the party the public authority represents. No fee may be charged for an uncertified copy of an instrument

27.18 from a civil or criminal proceeding.

27.19 Sec. 19. [388.052] REPORT ON CRIMINAL CHARGES AND CASES DISMISSED.

27.20 (a) In each case where the defendant is charged with a felony, a county attorney who

27.21 dismisses any part of a criminal action pursuant to Rules of Criminal Procedure, rule 30.01,

- 27.22 shall record the following information in writing:
- (1) the name of the defendant;
- 27.24 (2) the date of the offense;
- 27.25 (3) all crimes charged;
- 27.26 (4) any charges that were dismissed;
- 27.27 (5) the name of the assistant county attorney who authorized the dismissal;

27.28 (6) the date of dismissal; and

- 27.29 (7) any reason for the dismissal, including dismissals due to diversion, suppression or
- 27.30 loss of evidence, lack of cooperation of a victim or witness, a plea agreement on a single

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- 28.1 <u>felony complaint with multiple felony counts, or a plea agreement involving more than one</u>
 28.2 <u>separately charged felony complaint.</u>
- 28.3 <u>The county attorney may not record any information under this paragraph that indicates the</u>
 28.4 cooperation of a defendant as a reason for a dismissal.
- 28.5 (b) The county attorney shall forward the information recorded under paragraph (a) to
- 28.6 the Sentencing Guidelines Commission upon forms prescribed by the commission and must
- 28.7 publish the information on the county attorney's publicly accessible website. Information
- 28.8 forwarded to the Sentencing Guidelines Commission and posted on the county attorney's
- 28.9 website must not include the identifying information of any victim.

28.10 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2022, and applies to dismissals 28.11 that take place on or after that date.

28.12 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 517.08, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

Subd. 1c. **Disposition of license fee.** (a) Of the civil marriage license fee collected pursuant to subdivision 1b, paragraph (a), \$25 must be retained by the county. The local registrar must pay \$90 to the commissioner of management and budget to be deposited as follows:

28.17 (1) $\frac{55}{25}$ in the general fund;

(2) \$3 in the state government special revenue fund to be appropriated to thecommissioner of public safety for parenting time centers under section 119A.37;

(3) \$2 in the special revenue fund to be appropriated to the commissioner of health for
developing and implementing the MN ENABL program under section 145.9255;

(4) \$25 \$55 in the special revenue fund is appropriated to the commissioner of
employment and economic development for the Minnesota Family Resiliency Partnership
under section 116L.96; and

(5) \$5 in the special revenue fund, which is appropriated to the Board of Regents of the
University of Minnesota for the Minnesota couples on the brink project under section 137.32.

(b) Of the \$40 fee under subdivision 1b, paragraph (b), \$25 must be retained by the
county. The local registrar must pay \$15 to the commissioner of management and budget
to be deposited as follows:

28.30 (1) \$5 as provided in paragraph (a), clauses (2) and (3); and

29.1 (2) \$10 in the special revenue fund is appropriated to the commissioner of employment
and economic development for the Minnesota Family Resiliency Partnership under section
116L.96.

29.4 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.35, is amended to read:

29.5 **609.35 COSTS OF MEDICAL EXAMINATION.**

(a) Costs incurred by a county, city, or private hospital or other emergency medical 29.6 facility or by a private physician or other licensed health care provider for the examination 29.7 29.8 of a victim of criminal sexual conduct when the examination is performed for the purpose of gathering evidence shall be paid by the county in which the criminal sexual conduct 29.9 occurred state. These costs include, but are not limited to, the full cost of the rape kit 29.10 examination;; any associated tests and treatment relating to the complainant's a sexually 29.11 transmitted disease status, infection; and any associated tests relating to the victim's 29.12 pregnancy status. A hospital, emergency medical facility, or health care provider shall 29.13 submit the costs for the examination and any associated tests and necessary treatment to 29.14 29.15 the Office of Justice Programs for payment. Upon receipt of the costs, the office shall provide payment to the facility or health care provider. 29.16

(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the duties, responsibilities, or
liabilities of any insurer, whether public or private. However, a county the state may seek
insurance reimbursement from the victim's insurer only if authorized by the victim. This
authorization may only be sought after the examination is performed. When seeking this
authorization, the county state shall inform the victim that if the victim does not authorize
this, the county state is required by law to pay for the examination and that the victim is in
no way liable for these costs or obligated to authorize the reimbursement.

29.24 (c) The applicability of this section does not depend upon whether the victim reports29.25 the offense to law enforcement or the existence or status of any investigation or prosecution.

29.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2022, and applies to any 29.27 examination that occurs on or after that date.

29.28 Sec. 22. [626.8415] PEACE OFFICER BONUS PROGRAM.

29.29Subdivision 1. Program established. The commissioner of public safety, in consultation29.30with the executive director of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board, may issue

29.31 bonus payments to peace officers employed by state or local law enforcement agencies as

29.32 provided under this section. To be eligible for a bonus payment, the peace officer must have

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30.1 been nominated by the chief law enforcement officer of the agency employing the peace

30.2 officer. The commissioner, in consultation with the executive director, shall develop

30.3 nomination forms and guidelines for bonus payment eligibility. The guidelines must describe

30.4 the process and criteria by which payments are to be awarded. Final decisions on the actual

30.5 <u>awarding and amount of individual bonuses are at the discretion of the commissioner, in</u>

30.6 consultation with the executive director, and are limited to funds appropriated for this

30.7 purpose.

30.8 <u>Subd. 2.</u> **Types of bonuses.** The commissioner, in consultation with the executive 30.9 director, may accept nominations and award bonuses for exemplary service that goes above 30.10 and beyond the call of duty, including but not limited to acts of heroism or valor. In addition, 30.11 the commissioner, in consultation with the executive director, may award bonuses for 30.12 recognition of meritorious service in which the recipient peace officer has served for a 30.13 minimum of five years without having any adverse disciplinary actions taken against the 30.14 peace officer. An individual bonus payment may not exceed \$10,000.

30.15 <u>Subd. 3.</u> **Report required.** By January 15 of each year, the commissioner shall report 30.16 to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction 30.17 over criminal justice policy and finance on the bonus program. At a minimum, the report 30.18 must provide detailed information on the bonuses awarded under this section, including the 30.19 amount of each bonus, the agency employing the recipient, and general information on the 30.20 reasons for the bonus.

30.21 Sec. 23. EXCEPTION TO TOLLING PERIOD.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.47, a claim for benefits may be made
 from the public safety officer's death benefit account by or on behalf of a survivor of a
 public safety officer who died by suicide between January 1, 2017, and June 30, 2022,
 within two years of the effective date of this act if the officer is considered killed in the line
 of duty under the changes made in sections 13 to 15.

30.27

30.28

ARTICLE 2 CRIMINAL LAW AND SENTENCING CHANGES

30.29 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13A.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

30.30 Subdivision 1. Access by government. Except as authorized by this chapter, no 30.31 government authority may have access to, or obtain copies of, or the information contained 30.32 in, the financial records of any customer from a financial institution unless the financial 30.33 records are reasonably described and:

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(1) the customer has authorized the disclosure; 31.1 (2) the financial records are disclosed in response to a search warrant; 31.2 (3) the financial records are disclosed in response to a judicial or administrative subpoena; 31.3 (4) the financial records are disclosed to law enforcement, a lead investigative agency 31.4 as defined in section 626.5572, subdivision 13, or prosecuting authority that is investigating 31.5 financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult in response to a judicial subpoena or 31.6 31.7 administrative subpoena under section 388.23; or (5) the financial records are disclosed pursuant to section 609.527 or 609.535 or other 31.8 statute or rule. 31.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2022. 31.10 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13A.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 31.11

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31.12 Subd. 2. **Release prohibited.** No financial institution, or officer, employee, or agent of 31.13 a financial institution, may provide to any government authority access to, or copies of, or 31.14 the information contained in, the financial records of any customer except in accordance 31.15 with the provisions of this chapter.

Nothing in this chapter shall require a financial institution to inquire or determine that those seeking disclosure have duly complied with the requirements of this chapter, provided only that the customer authorization, search warrant, subpoena, or written certification pursuant to section <u>609.527</u>, subdivision 8; 609.535, subdivision 6; 626.557; or other statute or rule, served on or delivered to a financial institution shows compliance on its face.

31.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2022.

31.22 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 169A.44, is amended to read:

31.23 **169A.44 CONDITIONAL RELEASE.**

Subdivision 1. Nonfelony violations. (a) This subdivision applies to a person charged
with a nonfelony violation of section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) under circumstances
described in section 169A.40, subdivision 3 (certain DWI offenders; custodial arrest).

31.27 (b) Except as provided in subdivision 3, unless maximum bail is imposed under section
31.28 629.471, a person described in paragraph (a) may be released from detention only if the
31.29 person agrees to:

31.30 (1) abstain from alcohol; and

32.1 (2) submit to a program of electronic alcohol monitoring, involving at least daily
32.2 measurements of the person's alcohol concentration, pending resolution of the charge.
32.3 Clause (2) applies only when electronic alcohol-monitoring equipment is available to
32.4 the court. The court shall require partial or total reimbursement from the person for the cost

32.5 of the electronic alcohol-monitoring, to the extent the person is able to pay.

32.6 Subd. 2. Felony violations. (a) Except as provided in subdivision 3, a person charged 32.7 with violating section 169A.20 within ten years of the first of three or more qualified prior 32.8 impaired driving incidents may be released from detention only if the following conditions 32.9 are imposed:

32.10 (1) the conditions described in subdivision 1, paragraph (b), if applicable;

32.11 (2) the impoundment of the registration plates of the vehicle used to commit the violation,32.12 unless already impounded;

32.13 (3) if the vehicle used to commit the violation was an off-road recreational vehicle or a
32.14 motorboat, the impoundment of the off-road recreational vehicle or motorboat;

32.15 (4) a requirement that the person report weekly to a probation agent;

32.16 (5) a requirement that the person abstain from consumption of alcohol and controlled
32.17 substances and submit to random alcohol tests or urine analyses at least weekly;

32.18 (6) a requirement that, if convicted, the person reimburse the court or county for the32.19 total cost of these services; and

32.20 (7) any other conditions of release ordered by the court.

32.21 (b) In addition to setting forth conditions of release under paragraph (a), if required by 32.22 court rule, the court shall also fix the amount of money bail without other conditions upon 32.23 which the defendant may obtain release.

32.24 Subd. 3. Exception; ignition interlock program. A court is not required, either when

32.25 <u>initially reviewing a person's release or when modifying the terms of the person's release</u>,

32.26 to order a person charged with violating section 169A.24 (first-degree driving while

32.27 impaired), 169A.25 (second-degree driving while impaired), or 169A.26 (third-degree

32.28 driving while impaired) to submit to a program of electronic alcohol monitoring under

32.29 subdivision 1 or 2 if the person becomes a program participant in the ignition interlock

32.30 program under section 171.306. A judicial officer, county agency, or probation office may

32.31 not require or suggest that the person use a particular ignition interlock vendor when

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33.1	complying with this subdivision but may provide the person with a list of all Minnesota						
33.2	vendors of certified devices.						
33.3	Sec. 4. Minne	esota Statutes 2020,	section 171.	174, is amended to rea	d:		
33.4	171.174 REVOCATION; FLEEING PEACE OFFICER OFFENSE.						
33.5	The commi	ssioner of public sa	fety shall revo	oke the license of a pe	rson upon receipt of		
33.6	a certificate of conviction showing that the person has in a motor vehicle violated section						
33.7	609.487, subdivision 3, 3a, or 4, or an ordinance in conformity with those subdivisions. The						
33.8	commissioner shall revoke the license as follows:						
33.9	(1) for the first offense under section 609.487, subdivision 3, for not less than one year;						
33.10	(2) for the second offense or subsequent offenses under section 609.487, subdivision 3,						
33.11	for not less than three years;						
33.12	(3) <u>for an o</u>	ffense under section	n 609.487, sub	odivision 3a, for not le	ess than four years;		
33.13	<u>(4)</u> for an o	ffense under sectior	n 609.487, suł	odivision 4, clause (a),	for not less than ten		
33.14	years;						
33.15	(4)(5) for a	n offense under sec	tion 609.487,	subdivision 4, clause	(b), for not less than		
33.16	seven years; an	ıd					
33.17	(<u>5) (6)</u> for a	n offense under sec	ction 609.487,	subdivision 4, clause	(c), for not less than		
33.18	five years.						
33.19	A limited license under section 171.30 may not be issued for one-half of the revocation						
33.20	period specified in clauses (1) to (5) (6) and after that period is over only upon and as						
33.21	recommended	by the adjudicating	court.				
33.22	EFFECTI	VE DATE. This sec	ction is effecti	ve August 1, 2022, an	d applies to crimes		
33.23	committed on o	or after that date.					
33.24	Sec 5 Minne	esota Statutes 2020	section 171 3	306, is amended by add	ding a subdivision to		
33.25	read:	<i>5011 51111105 2020</i> ,	5000101171.2	voo, is unicitada oy aa			
			• 1• • 1 • •		1		
33.26				r, county agency, or p			
33.27	not require or suggest that a person participating in the ignition interlock device program						
33.28	under this section use a particular ignition interlock vendor but may provide the person with a list of all Minnesota vendors of certified devices.						
33.29	a list of all Miff	mesora vendors of c	cerumea aevic				

34.1 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 244.01, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Term of imprisonment.** "Term of imprisonment," as applied to inmates whose crimes were committed before August 1, 1993, is the period of time for which an inmate is committed to the custody of the commissioner of corrections minus earned good time. "Term of imprisonment," as applied to inmates whose crimes were committed on or after August 1, 1993, is the period of time equal to <u>two-thirds three-fourths</u> of the inmate's executed sentence.

34.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 34.9 committed on or after that date.

34.10 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 244.05, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

34.11 Subd. 4. Minimum imprisonment, life sentence. (a) An inmate serving a mandatory
34.12 life sentence under section 609.106 or 609.3455, subdivision 2, must not be given supervised
34.13 release under this section.

(b) An inmate serving a mandatory life sentence under section 609.185, paragraph (a),
clause (3), (5), or (6); or 609.2661, clause (3); or Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.109,
subdivision 3, must not be given supervised release under this section without having served
a minimum term of 30 years.

34.18 (c) An inmate serving a mandatory life sentence under section 609.385 must not be given
34.19 supervised release under this section without having served a minimum term of imprisonment
34.20 of 17 years.

(d) An inmate serving a mandatory life sentence under section 609.3455, subdivision 3
or 4, must not be given supervised release under this section without having served the
minimum term of imprisonment specified by the court in its sentence.

34.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes
 34.25 committed on or after that date.

34.26 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 244.05, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Supervised release, life sentence. (a) The commissioner of corrections may,
under rules promulgated by the commissioner, give supervised release to an inmate serving
a mandatory life sentence under section 609.185, paragraph (a), clause (3), (5), or (6);
<u>609.2661, clause (3);</u> 609.3455, subdivision 3 or 4; <u>or</u> 609.385; or Minnesota Statutes 2004,

34.31 section 609.109, subdivision 3, after the inmate has served the minimum term of

34.32 imprisonment specified in subdivision 4.

(b) The commissioner shall require the preparation of a community investigation report 35.1 and shall consider the findings of the report when making a supervised release decision 35.2 under this subdivision. The report shall reflect the sentiment of the various elements of the 35.3 community toward the inmate, both at the time of the offense and at the present time. The 35.4 report shall include the views of the sentencing judge, the prosecutor, any law enforcement 35.5 personnel who may have been involved in the case, and any successors to these individuals 35.6 who may have information relevant to the supervised release decision. The report shall also 35.7 35.8 include the views of the victim and the victim's family unless the victim or the victim's family chooses not to participate. 35.9

35.10 (c) The commissioner shall make reasonable efforts to notify the victim, in advance, of 35.11 the time and place of the inmate's supervised release review hearing. The victim has a right 35.12 to submit an oral or written statement at the review hearing. The statement may summarize 35.13 the harm suffered by the victim as a result of the crime and give the victim's recommendation 35.14 on whether the inmate should be given supervised release at this time. The commissioner 35.15 must consider the victim's statement when making the supervised release decision.

(d) When considering whether to give supervised release to an inmate serving a life sentence under section 609.3455, subdivision 3 or 4, the commissioner shall consider, at a minimum, the following: the risk the inmate poses to the community if released, the inmate's progress in treatment, the inmate's behavior while incarcerated, psychological or other diagnostic evaluations of the inmate, the inmate's criminal history, and any other relevant conduct of the inmate while incarcerated or before incarceration. The commissioner may not give supervised release to the inmate unless:

35.23 (1) while in prison:

35.24 (i) the inmate has successfully completed appropriate sex offender treatment;

35.25 (ii) the inmate has been assessed for chemical dependency needs and, if appropriate, has
35.26 successfully completed chemical dependency treatment; and

35.27 (iii) the inmate has been assessed for mental health needs and, if appropriate, has
35.28 successfully completed mental health treatment; and

35.29 (2) a comprehensive individual release plan is in place for the inmate that ensures that,
after release, the inmate will have suitable housing and receive appropriate aftercare and
community-based treatment. The comprehensive plan also must include a postprison
employment or education plan for the inmate.

(e) As used in this subdivision, "victim" means the individual who suffered harm as a 36.1 result of the inmate's crime or, if the individual is deceased, the deceased's surviving spouse 36.2 or next of kin. 36.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 36.4 36.5 committed on or after that date. Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 244.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 36.6 Subd. 2. Members. The Sentencing Guidelines Commission shall consist of the 36.7 following: 36.8 (1) the chief justice of the supreme court or a designee; 36.9 (2) one judge of the court of appeals, appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court; 36.10 (3) one district court judge appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court; 36.11 (4) one public defender appointed by the governor upon recommendation of the state 36.12 public defender; 36.13 (5) one county attorney appointed by the governor upon recommendation of the board 36.14 of directors of the Minnesota County Attorneys Association; 36.15 (6) the commissioner of corrections or a designee; 36.16 (7) one peace officer as defined in section 626.84 appointed by the governor; 36.17 (8) one probation officer or parole officer appointed by the governor; and 36.18 (9) three public members appointed by the governor, one of whom shall be a victim of 36.19 a crime defined as a felony. 36.20 When an appointing authority selects individuals for membership on the commission, 36.21 the authority shall make reasonable efforts to appoint qualified members of protected groups, 36.22 as defined in section 43A.02, subdivision 33. 36.23 One of the members shall be designated by the governor as chair of the commission. 36.24 The appointments of members described in clauses (4), (5), (7), (8), and (9) are to be 36.25 made with the advice and consent of the senate. Section 15.066 applies to these appointments. 36.26 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 244.101, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 36.27 Subdivision 1. Executed sentences. When a felony offender is sentenced to a fixed 36.28 executed sentence for an offense committed on or after August 1, 1993, the executed sentence 36.29

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consists of two parts: (1) a specified minimum term of imprisonment that is equal to 37.1 two-thirds three-fourths of the executed sentence; and (2) a specified maximum supervised 37.2 release term that is equal to one-third one-quarter of the executed sentence. The amount of 37.3 time the inmate actually serves in prison and on supervised release is subject to the provisions 37.4 of section 244.05, subdivision 1b. 37.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 37.6 committed on or after that date. 37.7 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 244.14, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 37.8 37.9 Subd. 3. Sanctions. The commissioner shall impose severe and meaningful sanctions for violating the conditions of an intensive community supervision program. The 37.10 commissioner shall provide for revocation of intensive community supervision of an offender 37.11 who: 37.12 (1) commits a material violation of or repeatedly fails to follow the rules of the program; 37.13

37.14 (2) commits any misdemeanor, gross misdemeanor, or felony offense; or

(3) presents a risk to the public, based on the offender's behavior, attitude, or abuse of
alcohol or controlled substances. The revocation of intensive community supervision is
governed by the procedures in the commissioner's rules adopted under section 244.05,
subdivision 2.

An offender whose intensive community supervision is revoked shall be imprisoned for a time period equal to the offender's term of imprisonment, but in no case for longer than the time remaining in the offender's sentence. "Term of imprisonment" means a time period equal to two-thirds three-fourths of the sentence originally executed by the sentencing court, minus jail credit, if any.

37.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes
 37.25 committed on or after that date.

37.26 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 244.171, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Sanctions. The commissioner shall impose severe and meaningful sanctions
for violating the conditions of the challenge incarceration program. The commissioner shall
remove an offender from the challenge incarceration program if the offender:

37.30 (1) commits a material violation of or repeatedly fails to follow the rules of the program;

37.31 (2) commits any misdemeanor, gross misdemeanor, or felony offense; or

(3) presents a risk to the public, based on the offender's behavior, attitude, or abuse of
alcohol or controlled substances. The removal of an offender from the challenge incarceration
program is governed by the procedures in the commissioner's rules adopted under section
244.05, subdivision 2.

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An offender who is removed from the challenge incarceration program shall be imprisoned for a time period equal to the offender's term of imprisonment, minus earned good time if any, but in no case for longer than the time remaining in the offender's sentence. "Term of imprisonment" means a time period equal to <u>two-thirds three-fourths</u> of the sentence originally executed by the sentencing court, minus jail credit, if any.

38.10 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 38.11 committed on or after that date.

38.12 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.035, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Conduct; multiple crimes; chargeable for one offense. Except as 38.13 provided in subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and 5, 6, and 7, and in sections 609.2114, subdivision 3, 38.14 609.251, 609.2691, 609.486, 609.494, 609.585, and 609.856, and Minnesota Statutes 2012, 38.15 38.16 section 609.21, subdivision 1b, if a person's conduct constitutes more than one offense under the laws of this state, the person may be punished for only one of the offenses and a 38.17 conviction or acquittal of any one of them is a bar to prosecution for any other of them. All 38.18 the offenses, if prosecuted, shall be included in one prosecution which shall be stated in 38.19 separate counts. 38.20

38.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 38.22 committed on or after that date.

38.23 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.035, is amended by adding a subdivision
38.24 to read:

38.25 Subd. 7. Exception; certain theft offenses. Notwithstanding section 609.04, a
 38.26 prosecution or conviction for violating section 609.52, subdivision 3a, paragraph (b), is not

a bar to conviction of or punishment for any other crime committed by the defendant as
part of the same conduct.

38.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes
 38.30 committed on or after that date.

39.4 (1) the person is convicted of first-degree murder under section 609.185, paragraph (a),
39.5 clause (1), (2), (4), or (7);

39.6 (2) the person is convicted of committing first-degree murder in the course of a
39.7 kidnapping under section 609.185, paragraph (a), clause (3); or

39.8 (3) the person is convicted of first-degree murder under section 609.185, paragraph (a),
39.9 clause (3), (5), or (6), <u>or 609.2661, clause (3)</u>, and the court determines on the record at the
39.10 time of sentencing that the person has one or more previous convictions for a heinous crime;
39.11 <u>or</u>

39.12 (4) the person is convicted of first-degree murder of an unborn child under section
 39.13 <u>609.2661, clause (1) or (2)</u>.

39.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 39.15 committed on or after that date.

39.16 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.1095, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

39.17 Subd. 2. Increased sentences for dangerous offender who commits third violent
39.18 crime. Whenever a person is convicted of a violent crime that is a felony, and the judge
39.19 presumption under the Sentencing Guidelines is imposing an executed sentence based on
a Sentencing Guidelines presumptive imprisonment sentence of imprisonment, the judge
39.21 may shall impose and execute a prison sentence with an aggravated durational departure
39.22 from the presumptive imprisonment sentence up to the statutory maximum sentence if:
39.23 (1) the offender was at least 18 years old at the time the felony was committed, and:;

 $\frac{(1)(2)}{(2)}$ the court determines on the record at the time of sentencing that the offender has two or more prior convictions for violent crimes; and

 $\frac{(2)(3)}{(2)(3)}$ the fact finder determines that the offender is a danger to public safety. The fact finder may base its determination that the offender is a danger to public safety on the following factors:

(i) the offender's past criminal behavior, such as the offender's high frequency rate of
criminal activity or juvenile adjudications, or long involvement in criminal activity including
juvenile adjudications; or

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40.1 (ii) the fact that the present offense of conviction involved an aggravating factor that
40.2 would justify a durational departure under the Sentencing Guidelines.

40.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 40.4 committed on or after that date.

40.5 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.1095, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Mandatory sentence for dangerous offender who commits third violent 40.6 felony. (a) Unless a longer mandatory minimum sentence is otherwise required by law or 40.7the court imposes and executes a longer aggravated durational departure under subdivision 40.8 2 or 4, a person who is convicted of a violent crime that is a felony must shall be committed 40.9 to the commissioner of corrections for a mandatory sentence of at least the length of the 40.10 presumptive sentence under the Sentencing Guidelines if the court determines on the record 40.11 at the time of sentencing that the person has two or more prior felony convictions for violent 40.12 crimes. The court shall impose and execute the prison sentence regardless of whether the 40.13 guidelines presume an executed prison sentence. 40.14

40.15 Any person convicted and sentenced as required by this subdivision is not eligible for
40.16 probation, parole, discharge, or work release, until that person has served the full term of
40.17 imprisonment imposed by the court, notwithstanding sections 241.26, 242.19, 243.05,
40.18 244.04, 609.12, and 609.135.

40.19 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "violent crime" does not include a violation of
40.20 section 152.023 or 152.024.

40.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 40.22 committed on or after that date.

40.23 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.1095, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Increased sentence for offender who commits sixth felony. Whenever a 40.24 person is convicted of a felony, and the judge presumption under the Sentencing Guidelines 40.25 40.26 is imposing an executed sentence based on a Sentencing Guidelines presumptive imprisonment sentence of imprisonment, the judge may shall impose and execute a prison 40.27 sentence with an aggravated durational departure from the presumptive sentence up to the 40.28 statutory maximum sentence if the factfinder fact finder determines that the offender has 40.29 five or more prior felony convictions and that the present offense is a felony that was 40.30 committed as part of a pattern of criminal conduct. 40.31

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41.1 41.2		TVE DATE. This so n or after that date.	ection is effectiv	re August 1, 2022, an	d applies to crimes
41.3 41.4	Sec. 19. Mitto read:	innesota Statutes 202	20, section 609.	1095, is amended by a	adding a subdivision
41.5	Subd. 5.	Consecutive senten	ces; release. <u>(</u> a)	Any person convicte	ed and sentenced as
41.6	required by t	his section must ser	ve any imposed	sentences consecutiv	ely to any unexpired
41.7	portion of a p	previously imposed	sentence unless	the total time to serve	e in prison would be
41.8	longer if a co	oncurrent sentence w	ere imposed.		
41.9	(b) Notwi	thstanding sections	241.26, 242.19,	243.05, 244.04, 609.	12, and 609.135, any
41.10	person convi	cted and sentenced a	as required by th	is section is not eligi	ble for probation,
41.11	parole, disch	arge, or work release	until that perso	n has served the full to	erm of imprisonment
41.12	imposed by t	he court.			
41.13 41.14		TVE DATE. This so n or after that date.	ection is effectiv	ve August 1, 2022, an	d applies to crimes

41.15 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.11, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Motion by prosecutor; dangerous weapons cases. (a) Except as otherwise 41.16 provided in paragraphs paragraph (b) and (c), prior to the time of sentencing, the prosecutor 41.17 may file a motion to have the defendant sentenced without regard to the mandatory minimum 41.18 sentences sentence established by this section in subdivision 4. The motion shall be 41.19 41.20 accompanied by a statement on the record of the reasons for it. When presented with the motion, or on its own motion, the court may sentence the defendant without regard to the 41.21 41.22 mandatory minimum sentences sentence established by this section in subdivision 4 if the court finds substantial and compelling reasons to do so. A sentence imposed under this 41.23 subdivision is a departure from the Sentencing Guidelines. 41.24

(b) The court may not, on its own motion or the prosecutor's motion, sentence a defendant
without regard to the mandatory minimum sentences sentence established by this section
<u>in subdivision 4</u> if the defendant previously has been convicted of an offense listed in
subdivision 9 in which the defendant used or possessed a firearm or other dangerous weapon.

41.29 (c) The court may not, on its own motion or the prosecutor's motion, sentence a defendant

41.30 without regard to the mandatory minimum sentences established by subdivision 5, if the

41.31 defendant was convicted of a crime under section 152.021, subdivision 1, or 152.022,

41.32 subdivision 1, and the person or an accomplice possessed on their person or within immediate

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42.1	reach, or used	l, whether by brandis	hing, displaying	z, threatening with, or o	therwise employing,
42.2	a firearm.				
42.3	EFFECT	TIVE DATE. This se	ection is effecti	ve August 1, 2022, and	d applies to crimes
42.4	committed or	n or after that date.			
42.5	Sec. 21. Mi	innesota Statutes 202	20, section 609.	11, is amended by add	ling a subdivision to
42.6	read:				
42.7	<u>Subd. 8a.</u>	Motion by prosecu	tor; firearms	cases. (a) Except as ot	herwise provided in
42.8	paragraphs (c) and (d), prior to th	e time of sente	ncing, the prosecutor	may file a motion to
42.9	have the defe	ndant sentenced with	out regard to the	e mandatory minimum	sentence established
42.10	in subdivisio	n 5 for a case in whi	ch the basis for	the mandatory senten	ce is that the
42.11	defendant's a	eccomplice had a fire	arm in possess	ion at the time of the c	offense. The motion
42.12	may be made	e only if the defendan	it was unaware	that the accomplice po	ossessed the firearm.
42.13	No motion to	sentence a defendar	nt without rega	rd to the mandatory se	ntence applicable in
42.14	subdivision 5	5 may be made or gra	anted for any o	ther reason or in any o	ther situation.
42.15	<u>(b) The m</u>	notion under paragra	ph (a) shall be	accompanied by a stat	ement on the record
42.16	of the reason	s for the motion. Wh	en presented w	with the motion, or on	its own motion, the
42.17	court may se	ntence the defendant	without regard	d to the mandatory min	nimum sentence
42.18	established in	n subdivision 5 if the	court finds the	at the criteria in paragr	aph (a) have been
42.19	met and there	e are substantial and	compelling rea	isons to do so. A sente	nce imposed under
42.20	this subdivisi	ion is a departure fro	m the Sentenci	ing Guidelines.	
42.21	<u>(c)</u> The co	ourt may not, on its ov	wn motion or th	e prosecutor's motion,	sentence a defendant
42.22	described in	paragraph (a) withou	it regard to the	mandatory minimum	sentence established
42.23	in subdivisio	n 5 if the defendant	previously had	been convicted of an o	offense listed in
42.24	subdivision 9	in which the defenda	ant used or poss	essed a firearm or other	r dangerous weapon.
42.25	(d) The co	ourt may not, on its ov	wn motion or th	e prosecutor's motion,	sentence a defendant
42.26	described in	paragraph (a) withou	it regard to the	mandatory minimum	sentence established
42.27	by subdivisio	on 5 if the defendant w	vas convicted of	f a crime under section	152.021, subdivision
42.28	<u>1, or 152.022</u>	2, subdivision 1, and	the person or a	n accomplice possesse	d on their person or
42.29	within imme	diate reach, or used,	whether by bra	ndishing, displaying,	threatening with, or
42.30	otherwise em	ploying, a firearm.			
42.31	<u>EFF</u> ECT	TIVE DATE. This se	ection is effecti	ve August 1, 2022, and	d applies to crimes
42.32		n or after that date.			

43.1 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.115, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

- 43.2 Subd. 2a. Sentencing worksheet; sentencing guidelines commission. If the defendant
 43.3 has been convicted of a felony, including a felony for which a mandatory life sentence is
 43.4 required by law, the court shall cause a sentencing worksheet as provided in subdivision 1
 43.5 to be completed and forwarded to the Sentencing Guidelines Commission.
- For the purpose of this section, "mandatory life sentence" means a sentence under section
 609.106, subdivision 2; 609.185; <u>609.2661;</u> 609.3455; <u>or</u> 609.385, subdivision 2; or
- 43.8 Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.109, subdivision 3, and governed by section 244.05.

43.9 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 43.10 committed on or after that date.

43.11 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 609.135, subdivision 2, is amended
43.12 to read:

43.13 Subd. 2. Stay of sentence maximum periods. (a) If the conviction is for a felony other
43.14 than section 609.2113, subdivision 1 or 2, 609.2114, subdivision 2, or section 609.3451,
43.15 subdivision 1 or 1a, or Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 609.21, subdivision 1a, paragraph
43.16 (b) or (c), the stay shall be for not more than four years or the maximum period for which
43.17 the sentence of imprisonment might have been imposed, whichever is longer.

(b) If the conviction is for a gross misdemeanor violation of section 169A.20, 609.2113,
subdivision 3, or 609.3451, or for a felony described in section 609.2113, subdivision 1 or
2, 609.2114, subdivision 2, or 609.3451, subdivision 1 or 1a, the stay shall be for not more
than six years. The court shall provide for unsupervised probation for the last year of the
stay unless the court finds that the defendant needs supervised probation for all or part of
the last year.

43.24 (c) If the conviction is for a gross misdemeanor not specified in paragraph (b), the stay43.25 shall be for not more than two years.

(d) If the conviction is for any misdemeanor under section 169A.20; 609.746, subdivision
1; 609.79; or 617.23; or for a misdemeanor under section 609.2242 or 609.224, subdivision
1, in which the victim of the crime was a family or household member as defined in section
518B.01, the stay shall be for not more than two years. The court shall provide for
unsupervised probation for the second year of the stay unless the court finds that the
defendant needs supervised probation for all or part of the second year.

43.32 (e) If the conviction is for a misdemeanor not specified in paragraph (d), the stay shall43.33 be for not more than one year.

(f) The defendant shall be discharged six months after the term of the stay expires, unless
the stay has been revoked or extended under paragraph (g), or the defendant has already
been discharged.

(g) Notwithstanding the maximum periods specified for stays of sentences under
paragraphs (a) to (f), a court may extend a defendant's term of probation for up to one year
if it finds, at a hearing conducted under subdivision 1a, that:

44.7 (1) the defendant has not paid court-ordered restitution in accordance with the payment44.8 schedule or structure; and

44.9 (2) the defendant is likely to not pay the restitution the defendant owes before the term44.10 of probation expires.

This one-year extension of probation for failure to pay restitution may be extended by the
court for up to one additional year if the court finds, at another hearing conducted under
subdivision 1a, that the defendant still has not paid the court-ordered restitution that the
defendant owes.

44.15 Nothing in this subdivision limits the court's ability to refer the case to collections under44.16 section 609.104.

(h) Notwithstanding the maximum periods specified for stays of sentences under
paragraphs (a) to (f), a court may extend a defendant's term of probation for up to three
years if it finds, at a hearing conducted under subdivision 1c, that:

44.20 (1) the defendant has failed to complete court-ordered treatment successfully; and

44.21 (2) the defendant is likely not to complete court-ordered treatment before the term of44.22 probation expires.

(i) Notwithstanding any law or provision of the Sentencing Guidelines to the contrary, 44.23 when ordering a stay of imposition or execution of sentence for a felony offense described 44.24 in this paragraph, the maximum length of the stay and the process for pronouncing it are 44.25 governed exclusively by this section. This paragraph applies to violations of the following: 44.26 sections 152.021 (controlled substance crime in the first degree); 152.022 (controlled 44.27 substance crime in the second degree); 152.023, subdivision 1 (controlled substance crime 44.28 44.29 in the third degree, sales); 152.024, subdivision 1 (controlled substance crime in the fourth degree, sales); 152.0261 (importing controlled substances across state borders); 152.0262 44.30 (possession of substances with intent to manufacture methamphetamine); 609.19 (murder 44.31 in the second degree); 609.195 (murder in the third degree); 609.20 (manslaughter in the 44.32 first degree); 609.205 (manslaughter in the second degree); 609.2112 (criminal vehicular 44.33

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homicide); 609.221 (assault in the first degree); 609.222 (assault in the second degree); 45.1 609.229 (crimes committed for the benefit of a gang); 609.24 (simple robbery); 609.245 45.2 (aggravated robbery); 609.2456 (carjacking); 609.25 (kidnapping); 609.2662 (murder of an 45.3 unborn child in the second degree); 609.2663 (murder of an unborn child in the third degree); 45.4 609.2664 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the first degree); 609.268 (death or injury of 45.5 an unborn child in the commission of a crime); 609.322 (solicitation, inducement, and 45.6 promotion of prostitution; sex trafficking); 609.342 (criminal sexual conduct in the first 45.7 degree); 609.343 (criminal sexual conduct in the second degree); 609.344 (criminal sexual 45.8 conduct in the third degree); 609.345 (criminal sexual conduct in the fourth degree); 45.9 609.3451, subdivision 3 (felony criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree); 609.377, 45.10 subdivision 6 (malicious punishment of a child, great bodily harm); 609.52 (involving theft 45.11 of a firearm and theft involving the theft of a controlled substance, an explosive, or an 45.12 45.13 incendiary device); 609.561 (arson in the first degree); 609.562 (arson in the second degree); 609.582, subdivision 1 or 2 (burglary in the first and second degrees); 609.66, subdivision 45.14 1e, paragraph (b) (drive-by shooting at or toward a person or occupied building); 609.71, 45.15 subdivision 1 (riot in the first degree); and 609.749, subdivisions 3, paragraph (b), 4, 45.16 paragraph (b), and 5, paragraph (a) (certain harassment crimes); and an attempt or conspiracy 45.17 to commit any of these offenses where the maximum penalty applicable for the attempt or 45.18 conspiracy is longer than five years imprisonment. 45.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and 45.20 applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 45.21 45.22 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.2231, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Firefighters and, emergency medical personnel, and other health care 45.23 professionals. Whoever assaults any of the following persons and inflicts demonstrable 45.24 bodily harm on or intentionally throws or otherwise transfers bodily fluids or feces at or 45.25 45.26 onto any of the following persons is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than two years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$4,000, or both: 45.27 45.28 (1) a member of a municipal or volunteer fire department or emergency medical services personnel unit in the performance of the member's duties; or 45.29 (2) a physician, nurse, or other person, while providing health care services in a hospital 45.30 45.31 emergency department.

45.32 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 45.33 committed on or after that date.

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Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.2231, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 46.1 Subd. 3. Correctional employees; prosecuting attorneys; judges; probation 46.2 officers. Whoever commits either of the following acts against an a correctional employee 46.3 of a correctional facility as defined in section 241.021, subdivision 1, paragraph (f) 609.221, 46.4 subdivision 6, against a prosecuting attorney as defined in section 609.221, subdivision $\frac{2}{2}$, 46.5 paragraph (c), clause (4) 6, against a judge as defined in section 609.221, subdivision 2, 46.6 paragraph (c), clause (5) 6, or against a probation officer or other qualified person employed 46.7 in supervising offenders while the person is engaged in the performance of a duty imposed 46.8 by law, policy, or rule is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not 46.9 more than two years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$4,000, or both: 46.10

46.11 (1) assaults the person and inflicts demonstrable bodily harm; or

46.12 (2) intentionally throws or otherwise transfers bodily fluids or feces at or onto the person.

46.13 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 46.14 committed on or after that date.

46.15 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 609.2325, subdivision 1, is amended
46.16 to read:

46.17 Subdivision 1. Crimes. A caregiver who, with intent to produce physical or mental pain 46.18 or injury to a vulnerable adult, <u>(1)</u> subjects a vulnerable adult to any aversive or deprivation 46.19 procedure, unreasonable confinement, or involuntary seclusion, <u>or (2) intentionally</u>

46.20 <u>administers a controlled substance to a vulnerable adult without a valid prescription or</u>

46.21 administers the controlled substance in a manner inconsistent with the terms of a valid
46.22 prescription, is guilty of criminal abuse and may be sentenced as provided in subdivision
46.23 3.

46.24 This subdivision does not apply to therapeutic conduct.

46.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 46.26 committed on or after that date.

46.27 Sec. 27. [609.2456] CARJACKING.

46.28 Subdivision 1. Crime described. A person who commits simple robbery as described

in section 609.24, or aggravated robbery as described in section 609.245, where the personal

46.30 property taken is a motor vehicle as defined in section 609.487, subdivision 2a, is guilty of

46.31 <u>carjacking and may be punished as provided in subdivision 2.</u>

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47.1	Subd. 2.	Penalties. (a) A pers	on who violate	s subdivision 1 throug	the commission of
47.2	simple robbe	ery as described in se	ction 609.24 m	ay be sentenced to im	prisonment for not
47.3	more than 15	5 years or to payment	t of a fine of no	ot more than \$30,000,	or both.
47.4	<u>(b)</u> A per	son who violates sub	division 1 throu	ugh the commission o	f aggravated robbery
47.5	as described	in section 609.245, s	subdivision 2, r	nay be sentenced to ir	nprisonment for not
47.6	more than 20) years or to payment	t of a fine of no	ot more than \$35,000,	or both.
47.7	<u>(c)</u> A per	son who violates sub	division 1 throu	ugh the commission of	f aggravated robbery
47.8	as described	in section 609.245, s	subdivision 1, r	nay be sentenced to ir	nprisonment for not
47.9	more than 25	5 years or to payment	t of a fine of no	ot more than \$40,000,	or both.
47.10	Subd. 3.	Mandatory minimu	<u>m sentences. (</u>	(a) A person convicted	l of carjacking shall
47.11	be committe	d to the custody of th	e commissione	er of corrections for no	ot less than:
47.12	<u>(1) two y</u>	ears, nor more than 1	5 years, for a	violation of subdivision	on 2, paragraph (a);
47.13	<u>(2) four y</u>	vears, nor more than 2	20 years, for a	violation of subdivision	on 2, paragraph (b);
47.14	or				
47.15	<u>(3) six ye</u>	ears, nor more than 2	5 years, for a v	iolation of subdivision	n 2, paragraph (c).
47.16	<u>(b) Notw</u>	ithstanding the provi	sions of section	ns 241.26, 242.19, 243	3.05, 244.04, 609.12,
47.17	and 609.135	, a defendant convict	ed and sentenc	ed as required by this	subdivision is not
47.18	eligible for p	robation, parole, disc	harge, work rel	ease, or supervised rel	ease until that person
47.19	has served th	ne full term of impris	onment as prov	vided by law. Notwith	standing section
47.20	<u>609.135, the</u>	court may not stay t	he imposition of	or execution of this set	ntence.
47.21	EFFECT	FIVE DATE. This se	ection is effecti	ve August 1, 2022, an	d applies to crimes
47.22	committed o	n or after that date.			
47.23	Sec 28 M	innesota Statutes 202	20 section 609	.487, is amended by a	dding a subdivision
47.24	to read:	ninesota Statutes 202		. 107, 15 amended by a	
-7.2-					
47.25				culpable negligence.	
47.26	of a motor v	ehicle, flees or attem	pts to flee a pea	ace officer who is acti	ng in the lawful
47.27	discharge of	an official duty, and t	he perpetrator l	knows or should reason	nably know the same
47.28	to be a peace	e officer, and who in	the course of fl	eeing operates the vel	nicle in a culpably
47.29	negligent ma	anner whereby the pe	rpetrator create	es an unreasonable ris	k and consciously
47.30	takes chance	es of causing death or	great bodily h	arm to another, is guil	ty of a felony and
47.31	may be sente	enced to imprisonment	nt for not more	than four years or to	payment of a fine of
47.32	not more tha	n \$8,000, or both.			

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48.1	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ection is effecti	ve August 1, 2022, and	applies to crimes
48.2	committed o	on or after that date.			
48.3	Sec. 29. M	innesota Statutes 202	20, section 609	487, subdivision 5, is a	amended to read:
48.4	Subd. 5.	Revocation; fleeing	peace officer	offense. When a person	is convicted of
48.5	operating a n	notor vehicle in violat	ion of subdivisi	on 3 <u>, 3a,</u> or 4, or an ordin	nance in conformity
48.6	with those su	ubdivisions, the court	t shall notify th	e commissioner of pub	lic safety and order
48.7	the commiss	sioner to revoke the d	river's license o	of the person.	
48.8	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ection is effecti	ve August 1, 2022, and	applies to crimes
48.9	committed o	on or after that date.			
48.10	Sec 30 M	finnesota Statutes 202	1 Supplement	section 609.5151, is an	mended to read:
40.10					
48.11				AL INFORMATION	
48.12	ENFORCE	<u>MENT CRIMINAL</u>	JUSTICE OI	FFICIALS PROHIBI	ГЕD; PENALTY.
48.13	Subdivis	ion 1. Definitions. A	s used in this s	ection:	
48.14	(1) <u>"crim</u>	inal justice official"	includes a peac	e officer as defined in s	section 626.84,
48.15	subdivision	1; a prosecuting attor	ney as defined	in section 609.221, sub	odivision 6; a judge
48.16	as defined in	n section 609.221, sul	odivision 6; a p	erson employed as a pu	ublic defender or a
48.17	criminal defe	ense attorney; a correc	tional employe	e as defined in section 6	09.221, subdivision
48.18	6; and other	persons employed by	y or in the same	e office as those official	<u>ls;</u>
48.19	<u>(2)</u> "fami	ly or household meml	per" has the mea	aning given in section 5	18B.01, subdivision
48.20	2; and				
48.21	(2) "law	enforcement official'	' means both pe	eace officers as defined	in section 626.84,
48.22	subdivision-	1, and persons emplo	yed by a law e	nforcement agency; and	d
48.23	(3) "perse	onal information" me	ans a home add	lress, directions to a ho	me, or photographs
48.24	of a home.				
48.25	Subd. 2.	Crime described. (a)	It is a misdeme	anor for a person to kno	wingly and without
48.26	consent mak	e publicly available,	including but n	ot limited to through th	e Internet, personal
48.27	information	about a law enforcen	nent criminal ju	ustice official or an offi	cial's family or
48.28	household m	nember, if:			
48.29	(1) the di	ssemination poses ar	imminent and	serious threat to the of	ficial's safety or the
48.30	safety of an	official's family or ho	ousehold memb	per; and	

49.1 (2) the person making the information publicly available knows or reasonably should49.2 know of the imminent and serious threat.

49.3 (b) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor if the person violates paragraph (a) and
49.4 a law enforcement criminal justice official or an official's family or household member
49.5 suffers great bodily harm or death as a result of the violation.

49.6 (c) A person who is convicted of a second or subsequent violation of this section is guilty
49.7 of a gross misdemeanor.

49.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 49.9 committed on or after that date.

49.10 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.52, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

49.11 Subd. 3. Sentence. Whoever commits theft may be sentenced as follows:

49.12 (1) to imprisonment for not more than 20 years or to payment of a fine of not more than

49.14 is more than \$35,000 and the conviction is for a violation of subdivision 2, clause (3), (4),

\$100,000, or both, if the property is a firearm, or the value of the property or services stolen

49.15 (15), (16), or (19), or section 609.2335, subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2), item (i); or

49.16 (2) to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than
49.17 \$20,000, or both, if the value of the property or services stolen exceeds \$5,000, or if the
49.18 property stolen was an article representing a trade secret, an explosive or incendiary device,
49.19 or a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II pursuant to section 152.02 with the
49.20 exception of marijuana; or

49.21 (3) to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more
49.22 than \$10,000, or both, if any of the following circumstances exist:

49.23 (a) the value of the property or services stolen is more than \$1,000 but not more than
49.24 \$5,000; or

49.25 (b) the property stolen was a controlled substance listed in Schedule III, IV, or V pursuant
49.26 to section 152.02; or

49.27 (c) the value of the property or services stolen is more than \$500 but not more than
49.28 \$1,000 and the person has been convicted within the preceding five years for an offense
49.29 under this section, section 256.98; 268.182; 609.24; 609.245; <u>609.522;</u> 609.53; 609.582,
49.30 subdivision 1, 2, or 3; 609.625; 609.63; 609.631; or 609.821, or a statute from another state,
49.31 the United States, or a foreign jurisdiction, in conformity with any of those sections, and

49.32 the person received a felony or gross misdemeanor sentence for the offense, or a sentence

49.13

that was stayed under section 609.135 if the offense to which a plea was entered would 50.1 allow imposition of a felony or gross misdemeanor sentence; or 50.2

(d) the value of the property or services stolen is not more than \$1,000, and any of the 50.3 following circumstances exist: 50.4

50.5 (i) the property is taken from the person of another or from a corpse, or grave or coffin containing a corpse; or 50.6

50.7 (ii) the property is a record of a court or officer, or a writing, instrument or record kept, filed or deposited according to law with or in the keeping of any public officer or office; or 50.8

(iii) the property is taken from a burning, abandoned, or vacant building or upon its 50.9 removal therefrom, or from an area of destruction caused by civil disaster, riot, bombing, 50.10 or the proximity of battle; or 50.11

(iv) the property consists of public funds belonging to the state or to any political 50.12 subdivision or agency thereof; or 50.13

(v) the property stolen is a motor vehicle; or 50.14

(4) to imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of a fine of not more than 50.15 \$3,000, or both, if the value of the property or services stolen is more than \$500 but not 50.16 more than 1,000; or 50.17

(5) in all other cases where the value of the property or services stolen is \$500 or less, 50.18 to imprisonment for not more than 90 days or to payment of a fine of not more than \$1,000, 50.19 or both, provided, however, in any prosecution under subdivision 2, clauses (1), (2), (3), 50.20 (4), (13), and (19), the value of the money or property or services received by the defendant 50.21 in violation of any one or more of the above provisions within any six-month period may 50.22 be aggregated and the defendant charged accordingly in applying the provisions of this 50.23 subdivision; provided that when two or more offenses are committed by the same person 50.24 in two or more counties, the accused may be prosecuted in any county in which one of the 50.25 offenses was committed for all of the offenses aggregated under this paragraph. 50.26

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 50.27 committed on or after that date. 50.28

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.52, subdivision 3a, is amended to read: 50.29 Subd. 3a. Enhanced penalty. (a) If a violation of this section creates a reasonably 50.30 foreseeable risk of bodily harm to another, the penalties described in subdivision 3 are 50.31 enhanced as follows: 50.32

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51.1	(1) if the penalty is a misdemeanor or a gross misdemeanor, the person is guilty of a
51.2	felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than three years or to payment
51.3	of a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both; and
51.4	(2) if the penalty is a felony, the statutory maximum sentence for the offense is 50 percent
51.5	longer than for the underlying crime.
51.6	(b) Notwithstanding the maximum penalty otherwise provided in subdivision 3, a person
51.7	who violates subdivision 2 where the property stolen is a motor vehicle, and where the
51.8	person uses the vehicle in furtherance of a crime of violence within seven days of the theft,
51.9	is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced:
51.10	(1) to imprisonment for not more than 15 years or to payment of a fine of not more than
51.11	\$30,000, or both, if the value of the stolen vehicle exceeds \$5,000; and
51.12	(2) to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than
51.13	\$20,000, or both, if the value of the stolen vehicle is \$5,000 or less.
51.14	(c) For the purposes of paragraph (b), "crime of violence" means:
51.15	(1) felony convictions of the following offenses: sections 152.021 (controlled substance
51.16	crime in the first degree); 152.022 (controlled substance crime in the second degree); 152.023,
51.17	subdivision 1 (controlled substance crime in the third degree, sales crimes); 152.024,
51.18	subdivision 1 (controlled substance crimes in the fourth degree, sales crimes); 152.025,
51.19	subdivision 1 (controlled substance crimes in the fifth degree, sales crimes); 152.0261
51.20	(importing controlled substances across state borders); 152.0262 (possession of substances
51.21	with intent to manufacture methamphetamine); 152.027, subdivision 6, paragraph (b) (sale
51.22	of synthetic cannabinoid for remuneration); 152.096 (conspiracy to commit a violation of
51.23	chapter 152); 152.097 (simulated controlled substances); 152.136, subdivision 4 (illegal
51.24	activities relating to anhydrous ammonia); 152.137 (certain methamphetamine-related
51.25	crimes); 152.33, subdivision 1, 2, or 4 (certain violations related to medical cannabis);
51.26	609.165 (possession of firearm or ammunition by an ineligible person); 609.185 (murder
51.27	in the first degree); 609.19 (murder in the second degree); 609.195 (murder in the third
51.28	degree); 609.20 (manslaughter in the first degree); 609.205 (manslaughter in the second
51.29	degree); 609.2112 (criminal vehicular homicide); 609.2113 (criminal vehicular operation);
51.30	609.2114 (criminal vehicular operation, unborn child); 609.215 (aiding suicide and aiding
51.31	attempted suicide); 609.221 (assault in the first degree); 609.222 (assault in the second
51.32	degree); 609.223 (assault in the third degree); 609.2247 (domestic assault by strangulation);
51.33	609.228 (great bodily harm by distribution of drugs); 609.229 (crimes committed for the
51.34	benefit of a gang); 609.235 (use of drugs to injure or facilitate crime); 609.24 (simple

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52.1	robbery); 609.245 (aggravated robbery); 609.2456 (carjacking); 609.25 (kidnapping);
52.2	609.255 (false imprisonment); 609.2661 (murder of an unborn child in the first degree);
2.3	609.2662 (murder of an unborn child in the second degree); 609.2663 (murder of an unborn
4	child in the third degree); 609.2664 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the first degree);
	609.2665 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the second degree); 609.267 (assault of an
	unborn child in the first degree); 609.2671 (assault of an unborn child in the second degree);
	609.2672 (assault of an unborn child in the third degree); 609.282 (labor trafficking); 609.322
	(solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution; sex trafficking); 609.342 (criminal
	sexual conduct in the first degree); 609.343 (criminal sexual conduct in the second degree);
	609.344 (criminal sexual conduct in the third degree); 609.345 (criminal sexual conduct in
	the fourth degree); 609.3453 (criminal sexual predatory conduct); 609.352 (solicitation of
	children); 609.377 (malicious punishment of a child); 609.378 (neglect or endangerment
	of a child); 609.486 (commission of crime while wearing or possessing a bullet-resistant
	vest); 609.49 (failure to appear); 609.504 (disarming a peace officer); 609.52 (involving
	theft of a firearm and theft involving the theft of a controlled substance, an explosive, or an
	incendiary device); 609.561 (arson in the first degree); 609.562 (arson in the second degree);
	609.582, subdivision 1 or 2 (burglary in the first and second degrees); 609.66, subdivision
	1e (drive-by shooting); 609.67 (unlawfully owning, possessing, operating a machine gun
	or short-barreled shotgun); 609.71 (riot); 609.713 (terroristic threats); and 609.855,
	subdivision 5 (shooting at a public transit vehicle or facility);
	(2) convictions regardless of the penalty level of the following offenses: sections 518B.01
	(domestic abuse orders for protection); 609.2231 (assault in the fourth degree); 609.224
	(assault in the fifth degree); 609.2242 (domestic assault); 609.3451 (criminal sexual conduct
	in the fifth degree); 609.487 (fleeing a peace officer); 609.66 (dangerous weapons); 609.749
	(harassment); 609.75 (domestic abuse no contact orders); and 624.713 (certain persons not
	to possess firearms); and
	(3) an attempt to commit any of these offenses described in clause (1) or (2).
	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes
	committed on or after that date.

52.30 Sec. 33. [609.522] ORGANIZED RETAIL THEFT.

52.31 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) As used in this section, the terms in this subdivision have
52.32 the meanings given.

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53.1	(b) "Artio	cle surveillance syste	em" means any e	electronic device or ot	her security device
53.2	that is design	ned to detect or preve	ent the unauthor	ized removal of retail	merchandise from
53.3	<u>a retailer.</u>				
53.4	<u>(c) "Reta</u>	iler" means a person	or entity that se	lls retail merchandise.	<u>.</u>
53.5	<u>(d)</u> "Reta	il merchandise" mea	ns all forms of t	angible property, with	out limitation, held
53.6	out for sale b	by a retailer.			
53.7	<u>(</u> e) "Valu	e" means the retail m	narket value at tl	ne time of the theft or,	if the retail market
53.8	value cannot	t be ascertained, the o	cost of replacem	ent of the property wi	thin a reasonable
53.9	time after the	e theft.			
53.10	Subd. 2.	Organized retail the	eft. (a) Whoever	steals or fraudulently	v obtains retail
53.11	merchandise	from a retailer comm	nits organized ret	ail theft and may be se	ntenced as provided
53.12	in subdivisio	on 3 if the actor:			
53.13	(1) resell	s or intends to resell	the retail merch	andise;	
53.14	<u>(2)</u> adver	tises or displays any	item of the reta	il merchandise for sale	<u>;</u>
53.15	(3) return	ns any item of the ret	ail merchandise	to a retailer for anyth	ing of value; or
53.16	(4) steals	retail merchandise v	within five years	of a conviction under	this section.
53.17	<u>(b) Whoe</u>	ever receives, purcha	ses, or possesse	s retail merchandise k	nowing or having
53.18	reason to kno	ow the retail merchan	idise was stolen	from a retailer and wit	h the intent to resell
53.19	that merchar	ndise may be sentenc	ed as provided i	n subdivision 3.	
53.20	<u>(c) Whoe</u>	ever possesses any de	evice, gear, or in	strument designed to	assist in shoplifting
53.21	or defeating	an electronic article	surveillance sys	tem with intent to use	the same to shoplift
53.22	and thereby	commit theft may be	sentenced purs	uant to subdivision 3,	clause (3).
53.23	Subd. 3.	Sentence. Whoever c	commits organiz	ed retail theft may be so	entenced as follows:
53.24	(1) to im	prisonment for not m	ore than 15 year	rs or to payment of a fi	ne of not more than
53.25	<u>\$35,000, or </u>	both, if the value of t	he property stol	en exceeds \$5,000;	
53.26	(2) to im	prisonment for not m	ore than seven	years or to payment of	f a fine of not more
53.27	<u>than \$14,000</u>), or both, if either of	the following c	ircumstances exist:	
53.28	<u>(i) the va</u>	lue of the property st	tolen is more that	an \$1,000 but not mor	e than \$5,000; or
53.29	(ii) the pe	erson commits the off	ense within ten y	rears of the first of two	or more convictions
53.30	under this se	ection;			

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54.1	(3) to imp	risonment for not m	ore than two y	ears or to payment of	a fine of not more
54.2	than \$5,000,	or both, if either of t	he following c	ircumstances exist:	
54.3	(i) the val	ue of the property st	olen is more th	an \$500 but not more	than \$1,000; or
54.4	(ii) the pe	rson commits the off	fense within te	n years of a previous c	conviction under this
54.5	section; or				
54.6	(4) to imp	risonment of not mo	re than one ye	ar or to payment of a f	fine of not more than
54.7	<u>``</u>	th, if the value of the		* *	
54.8	<u>Subd. 4.</u>	Aggregation. The va	lue of the retai	l merchandise receive	ed by the defendant
54.9	in violation of	f this section within a	ny six-month p	period may be aggregat	ted and the defendant
54.10	charged accor	rdingly in applying t	he provisions o	of this subdivision; pro	ovided that when two
54.11	or more offer	ises are committed b	y the same per	rson in two or more co	ounties, the accused
54.12	may be prose	cuted in any county	in which one o	f the offenses was con	nmitted for all of the
54.13	offenses aggr	regated under this par	ragraph.		
54.14	<u>Subd. 5.</u>	Enhanced penalty. If	a violation of	his section creates a re	asonably foreseeable
54.15	risk of bodily	harm to another, the	e penalties des	cribed in subdivision	3 are enhanced as
54.16	follows:				
54.17	(1) if the	penalty is a gross mi	sdemeanor, the	e person is guilty of a	felony and may be
54.18	sentenced to	mprisonment for not	t more than three	ee years or to payment	of a fine of not more
54.19	than \$5,000,	or both; and			
54.20	(2) if the p	enalty is a felony, the	e statutory max	imum sentence for the	offense is 50 percent
54.21	longer than for	or the underlying crim	me.		
54.22	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This se	ction is effecti	ve August 1, 2022, an	d applies to crimes
54.23	committed or	n or after that date.			
54.24	Sec. 34. Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	20, section 609	.527, subdivision 1, is	amended to read:
54.25	Subdivisi	on 1. Definitions. (a)) As used in th	is section, the followi	ng terms have the
54.26	meanings giv	en them in this subd	ivision.		
54.27	(b) "Direc	t victim" means any	person or entit	y described in section	611A.01, paragraph
54.28	(b), whose id	entity has been trans	ferred, used, o	r possessed in violatio	on of this section.
54.29	(c) "False	pretense" means any	y false, fictitio	us, misleading, or frau	dulent information
54.30	or pretense or	pretext depicting or	including or de	ceptively similar to the	e name, logo, website
54.31	address, e-ma	uil address, postal ad	dress, telephor	ne number, or any othe	er identifying

information of a for-profit or not-for-profit business or organization or of a government 55.1 agency, to which the user has no legitimate claim of right. 55.2 (d) "Financial institution" has the meaning given in section 13A.01, subdivision 2. 55.3 (e) "Identity" means any name, number, or data transmission that may be used, alone or 55.4 55.5 in conjunction with any other information, to identify a specific individual or entity, including any of the following: 55.6 55.7 (1) a name, Social Security number, date of birth, official government-issued driver's license or identification number, government passport number, or employer or taxpayer 55.8 identification number; 55.9 (2) unique electronic identification number, address, account number, or routing code; 55.10 55.11 or (3) telecommunication identification information or access device. 55.12 (e) (f) "Indirect victim" means any person or entity described in section 611A.01, 55.13 paragraph (b), other than a direct victim. 55.14 (f) (g) "Loss" means value obtained, as defined in section 609.52, subdivision 1, clause 55.15 (3), and expenses incurred by a direct or indirect victim as a result of a violation of this 55.16 section. 55.17 (g) (h) "Unlawful activity" means: 55.18 (1) any felony violation of the laws of this state or any felony violation of a similar law 55.19 of another state or the United States; and 55.20 (2) any nonfelony violation of the laws of this state involving theft, theft by swindle, 55.21 forgery, fraud, or giving false information to a public official, or any nonfelony violation 55.22 of a similar law of another state or the United States. 55.23 (h) (i) "Scanning device" means a scanner, reader, or any other electronic device that is 55.24 used to access, read, scan, obtain, memorize, or store, temporarily or permanently, 55.25 55.26 information encoded on a computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card, driver's license, or state-issued identification card. 55.27 (i) (j) "Reencoder" means an electronic device that places encoded information from the 55.28 computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card, driver's license, or state-issued 55.29 identification card, onto the computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a different payment 55.30

55.31 card, driver's license, or state-issued identification card, or any electronic medium that

s5.32 allows an authorized transaction to occur.

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56.1	(j) (k) "Pa	ayment card" means	a credit card, cl	narge card, debit card, o	r any other card
56.2	that:				
56.3	(1) is issu	ed to an authorized	card user; and		
56.4	(2) allows	s the user to obtain,	purchase, or rec	eive credit, money, a go	ood, a service, or
56.5	anything of v	value.			
56.6	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This so	ection is effectiv	ye August 1, 2022.	
56.7	Sec. 35. Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	20, section 609.	527, is amended by add	ing a subdivision
56.8	to read:				
56.9	Subd. 8.	Release of limited a	ccount informa	ition to law enforceme	nt authorities. (a)
56.10	A financial in	nstitution may release	se the information	on described in paragrap	oh (b) to a law
56.11	enforcement	or prosecuting authority	ority that certific	es in writing that it is in	vestigating or
56.12				ction. The certification r	
56.13	reasonable sp	becificity the nature	of the suspected	identity theft that is bei	ng investigated or
56.14	prosecuted, in	ncluding the dates o	f the suspected	criminal activity.	
56.15	(b) This s	ubdivision applies to	o requests for th	e following information	relating to a
56.16	potential vict	im's account:			
56.17	<u>(1) the na</u>	me of the account h	older or holders	; and	
56.18	(2) the las	t known home addre	ss and telephone	e numbers of the account	holder or holders.
56.19	(c) A fina	ncial institution may	y release the info	ormation requested und	er this subdivision
56.20	that it posses	ses within a reasona	ble time after th	e request. The financial	institution may
56.21	not impose a	fee for furnishing th	ne information.		
56.22	<u>(d)</u> A fina	incial institution is n	ot liable in a cri	minal or civil proceedir	ng for releasing
56.23	information i	n accordance with t	his subdivision.		
56.24	(e) Releas	se of limited accoun	t information to	a law enforcement ager	ncy under this
56.25	subdivision i	s criminal investigat	ive data under s	ection 13.82, subdivisio	on 7.
56.26	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This se	ection is effectiv	ve August 1, 2022.	
56.27	Sec. 36. Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	20, section 609.	582, subdivision 3, is ar	nended to read:
56.28	Subd. 3. I	Burglary in the thir	d degree. <u>(a) Ex</u>	ccept as otherwise provid	ded in this section,
56.29	whoever ente	ers a building withou	it consent and w	ith intent to steal or con	nmit any felony or
56.30	gross misden	neanor while in the b	ouilding, or enter	rs a building without co	nsent and steals or

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57.1	commits a felony or gross misdemeanor while in the building, either directly or as an
57.2	accomplice, commits burglary in the third degree and may be sentenced to imprisonment
57.3	for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.
57.4	(b) Whoever enters a building that is open to the public, other than a building identified
57.5	in subdivision 2, paragraph (b), with intent to steal while in the building, or enters a building

57.6 that is open to the public, other than a building identified in subdivision 2, paragraph (b),

57.7 and steals while in the building, either directly or as an accomplice, commits burglary in

- 57.8 the third degree and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to
- 57.9 payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if:
- 57.10 (1) the person enters the building within one year after being told to leave the building 57.11 and not return; and
- 57.12 (2) the person has been convicted within the preceding five years for an offense under

57.13 this section, section 256.98, 268.182, 609.24, 609.245, 609.52, 609.522, 609.53, 609.625,

57.14 609.63, 609.631, or 609.821, or a statute from another state, the United States, or a foreign

57.15 jurisdiction, in conformity with any of those sections, and the person received a felony

57.16 sentence for the offense or a sentence that was stayed under section 609.135 if the offense

57.17 to which a plea was entered would allow imposition of a felony sentence.

57.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes
 57.19 committed on or after that date.

57.20 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.582, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

57.21 Subd. 4. **Burglary in the fourth degree.** (a) Whoever enters a building without consent 57.22 and with intent to commit a misdemeanor other than to steal, or enters a building without 57.23 consent and commits a misdemeanor other than to steal while in the building, either directly 57.24 or as an accomplice, commits burglary in the fourth degree and may be sentenced to 57.25 imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000, 57.26 or both.

(b) Whoever enters a building that is open to the public, other than a building identified in subdivision 2, paragraph (b), with intent to steal while in the building, or enters a building that is open to the public, other than a building identified in subdivision 2, paragraph (b), and steals while in the building, either directly or as an accomplice, commits burglary in the fourth degree and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000, or both, if the person enters the building within one year after being told to leave the building and not return.

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58.1	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ection is effectiv	ve August 1, 2022, and	d applies to crimes
58.2		on or after that date.		<u> </u>	
58.3	Sec. 38. M	linnesota Statutes 202	20, section 6091	B.205, is amended to a	read:
58.4	609B.20	5 FLEEING PEACI	E OFFICER; I	REVOCATION.	
58.5	A persor	n's driver's license is r	evoked under s	ection 171.174 if that	person is convicted
58.6	of fleeing a	peace officer under se	ection 609.487,	subdivision 3 <u>, 3a,</u> or	4. The periods of
58.7	revocation v	vary depending upon	the offense of c	onviction and whethe	r the offense of
58.8	conviction i	s a second or subsequ	ent offense.		
58.9	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective	ve August 1, 2022, and	d applies to crimes
58.10	committed of	on or after that date.			
58.11	Sec. 39. [6	517.2471] CONDITI	ONS OF PRO	BATION.	
58.12	When se	ntencing a person con	nvicted of viola	ting any provision of	section 617.246 or
58.13	<u>617.247, wł</u>	here the court is not co	ommitting the p	person to the custody of	of the commissioner
58.14	of correction	ns, the court shall cons	ider the following	ng for inclusion as a co	ndition of probation:
58.15	<u>(1) incar</u>	ceration in a local jai	<u>l;</u>		
58.16	<u>(2) comp</u>	pletion of an appropri	ate sex offende	r or psycho-sexual off	ender evaluation,
58.17	with the req	uirement that all reco	mmendations b	e successfully comple	eted; and
58.18	<u>(3) prohi</u>	bition on the person	having contact	with minors, including	g a complete
58.19	prohibition,	a prohibition on unsu	pervised conta	ct, or a prohibition on	contact that has not
58.20	been approv	red in advance by the	person's probat	ion officer.	
58.21	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ection is effectiv	ve August 1, 2022, and	d applies to crimes
58.22	committed of	on or after that date.			
58.23	Sec. 40. M	linnesota Statutes 202	20, section 626.	15, is amended to read	d:
58.24	626.15 H	EXECUTION AND	RETURN OF	WARRANT; TIME.	
58.25	(a) Exce	pt as provided in para	ugraph (b) (c) , a	search warrant must	be executed and
58.26	returned to t	he court which issued	d it within ten d	ays after its date. Afte	er the expiration of
58.27	this time, th	e warrant is void unle	ess previously e	xecuted.	
58.28	(b) <u>A sea</u>	arch warrant on a fina	ncial institution	n for financial records	is valid for 30 days.

58.29 (c) A district court judge may grant an extension of $\frac{1}{2}$ the warrant on a financial institution

58.30 for financial records upon an application under oath stating that the financial institution has

- not produced the requested financial records within ten days the 30-day period and that an 59.1 extension is necessary to achieve the purposes for which the search warrant was granted. 59.2 59.3 Each extension may not exceed 30 days. (d) For the purposes of this paragraph section, "financial institution" has the meaning 59.4 given in section 13A.01, subdivision 2, and "financial records" has the meaning given in 59.5 section 13A.01, subdivision 3. 59.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2022. 59.7 Sec. 41. [626.5535] CARJACKING; REPORTING REQUIRED. 59.8
- 59.9 Subdivision 1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "carjacking" has the meaning
 59.10 given in section 609.2456.
- 59.11 Subd. 2. Use of information collected. (a) The head of a local law enforcement agency
- 59.12 or state law enforcement department that employs peace officers, as defined in section
- 59.13 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), must forward the following carjacking information
- 59.14 from the agency's or department's jurisdiction to the commissioner of public safety at least

59.15 quarterly each year:

- 59.16 (1) the number of carjacking attempts;
- 59.17 (2) the number of carjackings;
- 59.18 (3) the number of persons injured in each offense;
- 59.19 (4) the number of persons killed in each offense; and
- 59.20 (5) weapons used in each offense, if any.
- 59.21 (b) The commissioner of public safety must include the data received under paragraph
- 59.22 (a) in a separate carjacking category in the department's annual uniform crime report.
- 59.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2022.
- 59.24 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 626.8452, is amended by adding a subdivision59.25 to read:
- 59.26 Subd. 1b. Prohibition against retaliation; employers. (a) An employer or supervisor
 59.27 shall not discharge, discipline, threaten, retaliate, otherwise discriminate against, or penalize
 59.28 a peace officer regarding the officer's compensation, terms, conditions, location, or privileges
- 59.29 of employment because the officer interceded or made a report in compliance with section

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60.1	<u>626.8475 c</u>	or a policy adopted und	ler subdivision	1a regarding another e	employee or peace			
60.2	officer who	o used excessive force.						
60.3	(b) A court may order the employer or supervisor to pay back wages and offer job							
60.4	reinstatement to any officer discharged from employment in violation of paragraph (a).							
60.5	<u>(c)</u> In a	ddition to any remedie	s otherwise pro	wided by law, a peace	officer injured by a			
60.6	violation o	f paragraph (a) may br	ing a civil action	on for recovery of dam	ages together with			
60.7	costs and d	lisbursements, includin	ig reasonable a	torney fees, and may	receive injunctive			
60.8	and other e	equitable relief, includi	ng reinstateme	nt, as determined by th	e court.			
60.9	<u>EFFE(</u>	C TIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective	ve August 1, 2022, and	l applies to causes			
60.10	of action a	ccruing on or after that	date.					
(0.11	Sec. 13	Minnasata Statutas 202	0 sostion 626	8452 is smonded by a	dding a subdivision			
60.11 60.12	to read:	Minnesota Statutes 202	.0, section 626.	8452, is amended by a				
60.13		c. Prohibition agains						
60.14		of a law enforcement a						
60.15		te against a peace offic						
60.16	-	e with section 626.847	· ·	^	on 1a regarding			
60.17	another em	ployee or peace office	r who used exc	essive force.				
60.18	<u>(b)</u> A p	erson who violates par	agraph (a) is su	bject to disciplinary a	ction as determined			
60.19	by the chie	f law enforcement offi	cer of the agen	cy employing the pers	on.			
60.20	<u>(c) A p</u>	eace officer who is the	victim of cond	uct prohibited in parag	graph (a) may bring			
60.21	a civil action	on for recovery of dam	ages together v	vith costs and disburse	ments, including			
60.22	reasonable	attorney fees, and may	receive injunct	ive and other equitable	relief as determined			
60.23	by the cour	<u>t.</u>						
60.24	EFFEC	CTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effectiv	ve August 1, 2022, and	l applies to causes			
60.25	of action a	ccruing on or after that	date.					
60.26	Sec. 44.	626.8477] REQUIRE	D RETENTIO	ON OF RECORDING	GS OF DETAINED			
60.27	PERSONS	<u>).</u>						
60.28	Each ch	nief law enforcement o	fficer of a law	enforcement agency sl	nall ensure that any			
60.29	video or au	dio recording made of	a person during	a custodial interview,	booking, or implied			
60.30	consent or	breath testing proceed	ing is retained	for 60 days from the d	ate of recording or			
60.31	until all cri	minal proceedings relat	ing to the perso	n recorded are comple	te, whichever period			
60.32	is longer.							

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Sec. 45. DWI CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE ROADSIDE TESTING INSTRUMENT 61.1 61.2 **PILOT PROJECT; REPORT REQUIRED.** 61.3 (a) The commissioner of public safety shall design, plan, and implement a pilot project to study oral fluid roadside testing instruments to determine the presence of a controlled 61.4 61.5 substance or intoxicating substance in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired offenses. The pilot project shall determine the practicality, accuracy, and efficacy 61.6 of these testing instruments and determine and make recommendations on the best instrument 61.7 or instruments to pursue in the future. 61.8 (b) The pilot project must begin on September 1, 2022, and continue until August 31, 61.9 2023. 61.10 (c) The commissioner shall consult with law enforcement officials, prosecutors, criminal 61.11 defense attorneys, and other interested and knowledgeable parties when designing, 61.12 implementing, and evaluating the pilot project. 61.13 (d) All oral fluid samples obtained for the purpose of this pilot project shall be obtained 61.14 by a certified drug recognition evaluator and may only be collected with the express voluntary 61.15 consent of the person stopped or arrested for suspicion of driving while impaired. Results 61.16 of tests conducted under the pilot project are to be used for the purpose of analyzing the 61.17 practicality, accuracy, and efficacy of the instrument. Results may not be used to decide 61.18 61.19 whether an arrest should be made and are not admissible in any legal proceeding. (e) By February 1, 2024, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority 61.20 members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over public safety on the results of 61.21 the pilot project. At a minimum, the report must include information on how accurate the 61.22 instruments were when tested against laboratory results, how often participants were found 61.23 to have controlled substances or intoxicating substances in their systems, how often there 61.24 was commingling of controlled substances or intoxicating substances with alcohol, the types 61.25 of controlled substances or intoxicating substances found in participants' systems and which 61.26 types were most common, and the number of participants in the project. In addition, the 61.27 61.28 report must assess the practicality and reliability of using the instruments in the field and make recommendations on continuing the project permanently. 61.29 61.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 46. REVISOR INSTRUCTION. 61.31

61.32 (a) The revisor of statutes shall insert a cross-reference to Minnesota Statutes, section
 609.2456, in the following statutory sections: Minnesota Statutes, sections 145A.061,

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62.1	subdivision 3; 146A.08, subdivision 1, paragraph (c); 253B.02, subdivision 4e; 253D.02,
62.2	subdivision 8, paragraph (b); 260B.171, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (1); 299A.296,
62.3	subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (5); 299C.105, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (1),
62.4	item (iv), and clause (3), item (iv); 299C.67, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), clause (1);
62.5	609.1095, subdivision 1, paragraph (d); 609.11, subdivision 9; 609.341, subdivision 22;
62.6	609.52, subdivision 3, clause (3), paragraph (c); 609.531, subdivision 1, paragraph (f),
62.7	clause (3); 609.631, subdivision 4, clause (3), paragraph (b); 609.632, subdivision 4,
62.8	paragraph (b), clause (3), item (ii); 609.821, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (1), item
62.9	(iv); 611A.031; 611A.036, subdivision 7; 611A.08, subdivision 6; and 624.712, subdivision
62.10	<u>5.</u>
62.11	(b) The revisor shall insert a cross-reference to Minnesota Statutes, section 609.2456,
62.12	subdivision 2, paragraph (a), in the following statutory sections: Minnesota Statutes, sections
62.13	245C.15, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), and subdivision 4a, paragraph (d); and 245C.24,
62.14	subdivision 3, paragraph (a).
62.15	(c) The revisor shall insert a cross-reference to Minnesota Statutes, section 609.2456,
62.16	subdivision 2, paragraph (c), in Minnesota Statutes, section 243.167, subdivision 1.
62.17	(d) The revisor shall insert a cross-reference to Minnesota Statutes, section 609.2456,
62.18	subdivision 2, paragraphs (b) and (c), in the following statutory sections: Minnesota Statutes,
62.19	sections 245C.15, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), and subdivision 4a, paragraph (a); 609.902,
62.20	subdivision 4; and 626A.05, subdivision 2, clause (1).
62.21	(e) Consistent with paragraphs (a) to (d), the revisor may make technical and other
62.22	necessary changes to language, grammar, and sentence structure in the statutory sections
62.23	listed in this section to preserve the meaning of the text.
62.24	ARTICLE 3
62.25	DRIVING WHILE IMPAIRED SEARCH WARRANT CHANGES
62.26	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 169A.51, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
62.27	Subd. 3. Blood or urine tests; search warrant required. (a) Notwithstanding any
62.28	contrary provisions in sections 169A.51 to 169A.53, a blood or urine test may be conducted
62.29	only pursuant to a search warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18, or a judicially recognized
62.30	exception to the search warrant requirement. In addition, blood and urine tests may be
62.31	conducted only as provided in sections 169A.51 to 169A.53 and 171.177.

(b) When, under the provisions of section 169A.20, 169A.51, or 171.177, a search
warrant is required for a blood or urine test, that requirement is met if a judicially recognized
exception to the warrant requirement is applicable.

63.4 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 169A.51, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

63.5 Subd. 4. Requirement of urine or blood test. A blood or urine test may be required
63.6 pursuant to a search warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18 even after a breath test has
63.7 been administered if there is probable cause to believe that:

(1) there is impairment by a controlled substance or an intoxicating substance that is not
subject to testing by a breath test;

63.10 (2) a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II or its metabolite, other than marijuana
63.11 or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body; or

63.12 (3) the person is unconscious or incapacitated to the point that the peace officer providing

a breath test advisory, administering a breath test, or serving the search warrant has a

63.14 good-faith belief that the person is mentally or physically unable to comprehend the breath63.15 test advisory or otherwise voluntarily submit to chemical tests.

Action may be taken against a person who refuses to take a blood test under this
subdivision only if a urine test was offered and action may be taken against a person who
refuses to take a urine test only if a blood test was offered. This limitation does not apply
to an unconscious person under the circumstances described in clause (3).

63.20 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 169A.51, is amended by adding a subdivision to63.21 read:

63.22 <u>Subd. 8.</u> Definition. As used in this section, a "search warrant" means a judicially

approved search warrant obtained pursuant to the requirements in sections 626.04 to 626.18
 or conforming statutes in an adjacent state.

63.25 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 171.177, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

63.26 Subdivision 1. Search warrant-required testing advisory. At the time a blood or urine
63.27 test is directed pursuant to a search warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18, the person
63.28 must be informed that refusal to submit to a blood or urine test is a crime.

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64.1 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 171.177, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. License revocation pursuant to search warrant. After executing a search
 warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18 for the collection of a blood or urine sample based
 upon probable cause of a violation of section 169A.20, the peace officer acting under sections
 626.13 to 626.17 shall certify to the commissioner of public safety:
- 64.6 (1) when a person refuses to comply with the execution of the search warrant; or
- 64.7 (2) if a person submits to the test and the test results indicate:
- 64.8 (i) an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;

64.9 (ii) an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more, if the person was driving, operating, or in
64.10 physical control of a commercial motor vehicle at the time of the violation; or

64.11 (iii) the presence of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II or its metabolite,64.12 other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols.

64.13 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 171.177, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Test refusal; license revocation. (a) Upon certification under subdivision 3
that there existed probable cause to believe the person had been driving, operating, or in
physical control of a motor vehicle in violation of section 169A.20, and that the person
refused to comply with the execution of the search warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18,
the commissioner shall revoke the person's license or permit to drive or nonresident operating
privilege. The commissioner shall revoke the license, permit, or nonresident operating
privilege:

(1) for a person with no qualified prior impaired driving incidents within the past tenyears, for a period of not less than one year;

(2) for a person under the age of 21 years and with no qualified prior impaired driving
incidents within the past ten years, for a period of not less than one year;

(3) for a person with one qualified prior impaired driving incident within the past ten
years or two qualified prior impaired driving incidents, for a period of not less than two
years;

(4) for a person with two qualified prior impaired driving incidents within the past ten
years or three qualified prior impaired driving incidents, for a period of not less than three
years;

(5) for a person with three qualified prior impaired driving incidents within the past ten
years, for a period of not less than four years; or

65.3 (6) for a person with four or more qualified prior impaired driving incidents, for a period
65.4 of not less than six years.

(b) When a person who had been driving, operating, or in physical control of a
commercial motor vehicle refuses to comply with the search warrant and permit testing,
the commissioner shall disqualify the person from operating a commercial motor vehicle
and shall revoke the person's license or permit to drive or nonresident operating privilege
according to the federal regulations adopted by reference in section 171.165, subdivision
2.

65.11 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 171.177, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Test failure; license revocation. (a) Upon certification under subdivision 3, 65.12 pursuant to a search warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18, that there existed probable 65.13 cause to believe the person had been driving, operating, or in physical control of a motor 65.14 vehicle in violation of section 169A.20, and that the person submitted to a test and the test 65.15 65.16 results indicate an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or the presence of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II or its metabolite, other than marijuana or 65.17 tetrahydrocannabinols, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license or permit to drive 65.18 or nonresident operating privilege: 65.19

(1) for a period of 90 days or, if the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of twice
the legal limit or more, not less than one year;

(2) if the person is under the age of 21 years, for a period of not less than 180 days or,
if the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of twice the legal limit or more, not less
than one year;

(3) for a person with one qualified prior impaired driving incident within the past ten
years or two qualified prior impaired driving incidents, for a period of not less than one
year or, if the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of twice the legal limit or more,
not less than two years;

(4) for a person with two qualified prior impaired driving incidents within the past ten
years or three qualified prior impaired driving incidents, for a period of not less than three
years;

(5) for a person with three qualified prior impaired driving incidents within the past tenyears, for a period of not less than four years; or

66.1 (6) for a person with four or more qualified prior impaired driving incidents, for a period66.2 of not less than six years.

66.3 (b) On certification by the peace officer that there existed probable cause to believe the 66.4 person had been driving, operating, or in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle 66.5 with any presence of alcohol and that the person submitted to a test and the test results 66.6 indicated an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more, the commissioner shall disqualify the 66.7 person from operating a commercial motor vehicle under section 171.165.

(c) If the test is of a person's blood or urine by a laboratory operated by the Bureau of 66.8 Criminal Apprehension or authorized by the bureau to conduct the analysis of a blood or 66.9 66.10 urine sample, the laboratory may directly certify to the commissioner the test results, and the peace officer shall certify to the commissioner that there existed probable cause to 66.11 believe the person had been driving, operating, or in physical control of a motor vehicle in 66.12 violation of section 169A.20, and that the person submitted to a test. Upon receipt of both 66.13 certifications, the commissioner shall undertake the license actions described in paragraphs 66.14 (a) and (b). 66.15

66.16 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 171.177, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

66.17 Subd. 8. **Test refusal; driving privilege lost.** (a) On behalf of the commissioner, a peace 66.18 officer requiring a test or directing the administration of a chemical test pursuant to a search 66.19 warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18 shall serve immediate notice of intention to revoke 66.20 and of revocation on a person who refuses to permit a test or on a person who submits to a 66.21 test, the results of which indicate an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.

(b) On behalf of the commissioner, a peace officer requiring a test or directing the
administration of a chemical test of a person driving, operating, or in physical control of a
commercial motor vehicle pursuant to a search warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18
shall serve immediate notice of intention to disqualify and of disqualification on a person
who refuses to permit a test or on a person who submits to a test, the results of which indicate
an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more.

66.28 (c) The officer shall:

(1) invalidate the person's driver's license or permit card by clipping the upper corner
of the card in such a way that no identifying information including the photo is destroyed,
and immediately return the card to the person;

66.32

(2) issue the person a temporary license effective for only seven days; and

67.1 (3) send the notification of this action to the commissioner along with the certificate
67.2 required by subdivision 5 or 6.

67.3

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 171.177, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Judicial hearing; issues, order, appeal. (a) A judicial review hearing under 67.4 this section must be before a district judge in any county in the judicial district where the 67.5 alleged offense occurred. The hearing is to the court and may be conducted at the same time 67.6 and in the same manner as hearings upon pretrial motions in the criminal prosecution under 67.7 section 169A.20, if any. The hearing must be recorded. The commissioner shall appear and 67.8 be represented by the attorney general or through the prosecuting authority for the jurisdiction 67.9 involved. The hearing must be held at the earliest practicable date, and in any event no later 67.10 than 60 days following the filing of the petition for review. The judicial district administrator 67.11 shall establish procedures to ensure efficient compliance with this subdivision. To accomplish 67.12 this, the administrator may, whenever possible, consolidate and transfer review hearings 67.13 67.14 among the locations within the judicial district where terms of district court are held.

67.15 (b) The scope of the hearing is limited to the issues in clauses (1) to (13):

(1) Did the peace officer have probable cause to believe the person was driving, operating,
or in physical control of a motor vehicle or commercial motor vehicle in violation of section
169A.20?

67.19 (2) Was the person lawfully placed under arrest for violation of section 169A.20?

67.20 (3) Was the person involved in a motor vehicle accident or collision resulting in property67.21 damage, personal injury, or death?

67.22 (4) Did a licensed peace officer apply for a search warrant in accordance with the
67.23 requirements set forth in sections 626.04 to 626.18 or conforming statutes in an adjacent
67.24 state?

(5) Did a neutral magistrate review the application for a search warrant and determine
there was probable cause to believe that the person was driving, operating, or in physical
control of a motor vehicle or commercial motor vehicle in violation of section 169A.20?

67.28 (6) Was the search warrant and the process by which it was obtained valid?

67.29 (7) At the time of directing the person to take the test, did the peace officer inform the67.30 person that refusing the test was a crime as required by subdivision 1?

67.31 (8) Did the person refuse to permit the test?

(9) If a test was taken by a person driving, operating, or in physical control of a motor
vehicle, did the test results indicate at the time of testing:

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(i) an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more; or

68.4 (ii) the presence of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II or its metabolite,68.5 other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols?

(10) If a test was taken by a person driving, operating, or in physical control of a
commercial motor vehicle, did the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or
more at the time of testing?

(11) Was the testing method used valid and reliable and were the test results accuratelyevaluated?

68.11 (12) Did the person prove the defense of necessity?

(13) Did the person prove the defense of controlled substance use in accordance with aprescription?

(c) Certified or otherwise authenticated copies of laboratory or medical personnel reports,
 records, documents, licenses, and certificates are admissible as substantive evidence.

(d) The court shall order that the revocation or disqualification be either rescinded or
sustained and forward the order to the commissioner. The court shall file its order within
14 days following the hearing. If the revocation or disqualification is sustained, the court
shall also forward the person's driver's license or permit to the commissioner for further
action by the commissioner if the license or permit is not already in the commissioner's
possession.

(e) Any party aggrieved by the decision of the reviewing court may appeal the decisionas provided in the Rules of Appellate Procedure.

(f) The civil hearing under this section shall not give rise to an estoppel on any issuesarising from the same set of circumstances in any criminal prosecution.

68.26 (g) It is an affirmative defense for the petitioner to prove a necessity.

(h) It is an affirmative defense to the presence of a Schedule I or II controlled substance
that the person used the controlled substance according to the terms of a prescription issued
for the person according to sections 152.11 and 152.12, unless the court finds by a
preponderance of the evidence that the use of the controlled substance impaired the person's
ability to operate a motor vehicle.

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69.1	Sec. 10. Minne	esota Statutes 202	0, section 171.	177, subdivision 14, is a	mended to read:
69.2	Subd. 14. De	finitions. <u>(a)</u> The	definitions in	section 169A.03 apply to	o this section.
69.3	(b) For purpo	oses of this section	n, a "search wa	rrant" means a judicially	approved search
69.4	warrant obtained	l pursuant to the r	equirements of	sections 626.04 to 626.	18 or conforming
69.5	statutes in an adj	acent state.			
69.6			ARTICL	E 4	
69.7		FENTA	NYL-RELAT	ED CHANGES	
60 Q			0 0 0 (* 15	201 . 111 11	
69.8		nesota Statutes 20	J20, section 15	2.01, is amended by add	ing a subdivision
69.9	to read:				
69.10	Subd. 25. Fei	1tanyl. As used in	sections 152.02	21 to 152.025, "fentanyl"	includes fentanyl,
69.11	carfentanil, and a	ny fentanyl analog	gs and fentanyl	related substances listed	in section 152.02,
69.12	subdivisions 2 an	<u>nd 3.</u>			
69.13	Sec. 2. Minnes	ota Statutes 2020	, section 152.0	21, subdivision 1, is ame	ended to read:
69.14	Subdivision	l. Sale crimes. A	person is guilt	y of controlled substance	e crime in the first
69.15	degree if:				
69.16	(1) on one or	more occasions v	within a 90-day	period the person unlaw	vfully sells one or
69.17	more mixtures of	a total weight of 1	7 grams or mor	e containing cocaine or m	nethamphetamine;
69.18	(2) on one or	more occasions v	within a 90-day	period the person unlaw	vfully sells one or
69.19	more mixtures of	a total weight of t	en grams or mo	re containing cocaine or r	nethamphetamine
69.20	and:				
69.21	(i) the person	or an accomplice	e possesses on t	heir person or within im	mediate reach, or
69.22	uses, whether by	[,] brandishing, disp	playing, threate	ning with, or otherwise	employing, a
69.23	firearm; or				
69.24	(ii) the offens	se involves two ag	ggravating fact	ors;	
69.25	(3) on one or	more occasions v	within a 90-day	period the person unlaw	vfully sells one or
69.26	more mixtures o	f a total weight of	f ten grams or r	nore containing heroin <u>c</u>	or fentanyl;
69.27	(4) on one or	more occasions v	within a 90-day	period the person unlaw	vfully sells one or
69.28	more mixtures o	f a total weight of	f 50 grams or n	nore containing a narcoti	c drug other than
69.29	cocaine, heroin,	fentanyl, or meth	amphetamine;		

(5) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or
more mixtures of a total weight of 50 grams or more containing amphetamine, phencyclidine,
or hallucinogen or, if the controlled substance is packaged in dosage units, equaling 200 or
more dosage units; or

(6) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or
 more mixtures of a total weight of 25 kilograms or more containing marijuana or

70.7 Tetrahydrocannabinols.

70.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 70.9 committed on or after that date.

70.10 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 152.021, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Possession crimes. (a) A person is guilty of a controlled substance crime in
the first degree if:

(1) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 50 gramsor more containing cocaine or methamphetamine;

(2) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 25 grams
or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine and:

(i) the person or an accomplice possesses on their person or within immediate reach, or
uses, whether by brandishing, displaying, threatening with, or otherwise employing, a
firearm; or

70.20 (ii) the offense involves two aggravating factors;

(3) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 25 grams
or more containing heroin or fentanyl;

(4) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 500 grams
or more containing a narcotic drug other than cocaine, heroin, <u>fentanyl</u>, or methamphetamine;

(5) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 500 grams
or more containing amphetamine, phencyclidine, or hallucinogen or, if the controlled
substance is packaged in dosage units, equaling 500 or more dosage units; or

(6) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 50
kilograms or more containing marijuana or Tetrahydrocannabinols, or possesses 500 or
more marijuana plants.

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(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, the weight of fluid used in a water pipe may 71.1 not be considered in measuring the weight of a mixture except in cases where the mixture 71.2 contains four or more fluid ounces of fluid. 71.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 71.4 71.5 committed on or after that date. Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 152.022, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 71.6 Subdivision 1. Sale crimes. A person is guilty of controlled substance crime in the 71.7 second degree if: 71.8 71.9 (1) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or more mixtures of a total weight of ten grams or more containing a narcotic drug other than 71.10 heroin or fentanyl; 71.11 (2) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or 71.12 71.13 more mixtures of a total weight of three grams or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine and: 71.14 71.15 (i) the person or an accomplice possesses on their person or within immediate reach, or uses, whether by brandishing, displaying, threatening with, or otherwise employing, a 71.16 firearm; or 71.17 (ii) the offense involves three aggravating factors; 71.18 (3) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or 71.19 more mixtures of a total weight of three grams or more containing heroin or fentanyl; 71.20 (4) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or 71.21 more mixtures of a total weight of ten grams or more containing amphetamine, phencyclidine, 71.22 or hallucinogen or, if the controlled substance is packaged in dosage units, equaling 50 or 71.23 71.24 more dosage units; (5) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or 71.25 more mixtures of a total weight of ten kilograms or more containing marijuana or 71.26 Tetrahydrocannabinols; 71.27 (6) the person unlawfully sells any amount of a Schedule I or II narcotic drug to a person 71.28 under the age of 18, or conspires with or employs a person under the age of 18 to unlawfully 71.29 sell the substance; or 71.30 (7) the person unlawfully sells any of the following in a school zone, a park zone, a 71.31 public housing zone, or a drug treatment facility: 71.32

Article 4 Sec. 4.

72.1	(i) any amount of a Schedule I or II narcotic drug, lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD),					
72.2	3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine, or 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine;					
72.3	(ii) one or more mixtures containing methamphetamine or amphetamine; or					
72.4	(iii) one or more mixtures of a total weight of five kilograms or more containing marijuana					
72.5	or Tetrahydrocannabinols.					
72.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes					
72.7	committed on or after that date.					
72.8	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 152.022, subdivision 2, is amended to read:					
72.9	Subd. 2. Possession crimes. (a) A person is guilty of controlled substance crime in the					
72.10	second degree if:					
72.11	(1) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 25 grams					
72.12	or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine;					
72.13	(2) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of ten grams					
72.14	or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine and:					
72.15	(i) the person or an accomplice possesses on their person or within immediate reach, or					
72.16	uses, whether by brandishing, displaying, threatening with, or otherwise employing, a					
72.17	firearm; or					
72.18	(ii) the offense involves three aggravating factors;					
72.19	(3) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of six grams					
72.20	or more containing heroin or fentanyl;					
72.21	(4) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 50 grams					
72.22	or more containing a narcotic drug other than cocaine, heroin, <u>fentanyl</u> , or methamphetamine;					
72.23	(5) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 50 grams					
72.24	or more containing amphetamine, phencyclidine, or hallucinogen or, if the controlled					
72.25	substance is packaged in dosage units, equaling 100 or more dosage units; or					
72.26	(6) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 25					
72.27	kilograms or more containing marijuana or Tetrahydrocannabinols, or possesses 100 or					
72.28	more marijuana plants.					
72.29	(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, the weight of fluid used in a water pipe may					
72.30	not be considered in measuring the weight of a mixture except in cases where the mixture					
72.31	contains four or more fluid ounces of fluid.					

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73.1	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effecti	ve August 1, 2022, an	d applies to crimes		
73.2	committed o	on or after that date.					
73.3	Sec. 6. Min	nnesota Statutes 2020	, section 152.0	023, subdivision 2, is a	amended to read:		
73.4	Subd. 2.	Possession crimes. (a	a) A person is	guilty of controlled su	bstance crime in the		
73.5	third degree	if:					
73.6	(1) on on	e or more occasions	within a 90-da	y period the person ur	lawfully possesses		
73.7	one or more mixtures of a total weight of ten grams or more containing a narcotic drug other						
73.8	than heroin of	or fentanyl;					
73.9	(2) on on	e or more occasions	within a 90-da	y period the person ur	lawfully possesses		
73.10	one or more	mixtures of a total we	ight of three g	rams or more containir	ng heroin <u>or fentanyl</u> ;		
73.11	(3) on on	e or more occasions	within a 90-da	y period the person ur	llawfully possesses		
73.12	one or more	mixtures containing a	a narcotic drug	, it is packaged in dos	age units, and equals		
73.13	50 or more o	losage units;					
73.14	(4) on on	e or more occasions	within a 90-da	y period the person ur	lawfully possesses		
73.15	any amount	of a schedule I or II n	arcotic drug or	r five or more dosage	units of lysergic acid		
73.16	diethylamide	e (LSD), 3,4-methyler	nedioxy amph	etamine, or			
73.17	3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine in a school zone, a park zone, a public housing zone,						
73.18	or a drug tre	atment facility;					
73.19	(5) on on	e or more occasions	within a 90-da	y period the person ur	lawfully possesses		
73.20	one or more mixtures of a total weight of ten kilograms or more containing marijuana or						
73.21	Tetrahydroc	annabinols; or					
73.22	(6) the pe	erson unlawfully posse	esses one or m	ore mixtures containir	g methamphetamine		
73.23	or amphetan	nine in a school zone,	a park zone, a	public housing zone,	or a drug treatment		
73.24	facility.						
73.25	(b) For the	ne purposes of this su	bdivision, the	weight of fluid used in	n a water pipe may		
73.26	not be consid	dered in measuring th	e weight of a	mixture except in case	s where the mixture		
73.27	contains fou	r or more fluid ounce	s of fluid.				
73.28	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effecti	ve August 1, 2022, an	d applies to crimes		
73.29	committed o	on or after that date.					

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 152.025, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 74.1 Subd. 4. Penalty. (a) A person convicted under the provisions of subdivision 2, clause 74.2 (1), who has not been previously convicted of a violation of this chapter or a similar offense 74.3 in another jurisdiction, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor if: (1) the amount of the controlled 74.4 substance possessed, other than heroin or fentanyl, is less than 0.25 grams or one dosage 74.5 unit or less if the controlled substance was possessed in dosage units; or (2) the controlled 74.6 substance possessed is heroin or fentanyl and the amount possessed is less than 0.05 grams. 74.7 (b) A person convicted under the provisions of subdivision 1; subdivision 2, clause (1), 74.8 unless the conduct is described in paragraph (a); or subdivision 2, clause (2), may be 74.9 74.10 sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both. 74.11

74.12 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to crimes 74.13 committed on or after that date.