

SENATE
STATE OF MINNESOTA
EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION

S.F. No. 2423

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DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
03/06/2014	6002	Introduction and first reading Referred to Judiciary
03/27/2014	6880a 6936	Comm report: To pass as amended Second reading
05/02/2014		Special Order: Amended Third reading Passed

1.1 A bill for an act
 1.2 relating to public safety; addressing the needs of incarcerated women related to
 1.3 pregnancy and childbirth; authorizing an advisory committee; proposing coding
 1.4 for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 241.

1.5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.6 Section 1. **[241.87] DEFINITIONS.**

1.7 As used in sections 241.88 and 241.89, the following terms have the meanings given:

1.8 (1) "certified doula" has the meaning given in section 148.995, subdivision 2;

1.9 (2) "correctional facility" has the meaning given in section 241.021, subdivision 1;

1.10 (3) "doula services" has the meaning given in section 148.995, subdivision 4;

1.11 (4) "postpartum" means the period of time following the birth of an infant to six

1.12 months after the birth; and

1.13 (5) "restrain" means the use of a mechanical or other device to constrain the

1.14 movement of a person's body or limbs.

1.15 Sec. 2. **[241.88] RESTRAINING AN INCARCERATED PREGNANT WOMAN.**

1.16 Subdivision 1. **Restraint.** (a) A representative of a correctional facility may not
 1.17 restrain a woman known to be pregnant unless the representative makes an individualized
 1.18 determination that restraints are reasonably necessary for the legitimate safety and security
 1.19 needs of the woman, correctional staff, or public. If restraints are determined to be
 1.20 necessary, the restraints must be the least restrictive available and the most reasonable
 1.21 under the circumstances.

1.22 (b) A representative of a correctional facility may not restrain a woman known to be
 1.23 pregnant while the woman is being transported if the restraint is through the use of waist

2.1 chains or other devices that cross or otherwise touch the woman's abdomen or handcuffs
 2.2 or other devices that cross or otherwise touch the woman's wrists when affixed behind
 2.3 the woman's back.

2.4 (c) A representative of a correctional facility may restrain a woman who is in labor
 2.5 or who has given birth within the preceding three days only if:

2.6 (1) there is a substantial flight risk or some other extraordinary medical or security
 2.7 circumstance that dictates restraints be used to ensure the safety and security of the
 2.8 woman, the staff of the correctional or medical facility, other inmates, or the public;

2.9 (2) a supervisor has made an individualized determination that restraints are
 2.10 necessary to prevent escape or injury;

2.11 (3) there is no objection from the treating medical care provider; and

2.12 (4) the restraints used are the least restrictive type and are used in the least restrictive
 2.13 manner.

2.14 (d) Section 645.241 does not apply to this section.

2.15 Subd. 2. **Required training.** The head of each correctional facility shall ensure that
 2.16 staff members of the facility who come in contact with pregnant women incarcerated in
 2.17 the facility are provided training on the provisions of this section.

2.18 Sec. 3. **[241.89] REQUIREMENTS FOR AN INCARCERATED WOMAN.**

2.19 Subdivision 1. **Applicability.** This section applies only to a woman:

2.20 (1) incarcerated following conviction; and

2.21 (2) incarcerated before conviction beyond the period specified for the woman's initial
 2.22 appearance before the court in Rules of Criminal Procedure, rules 3.02, 4.01, and 4.02.

2.23 Subd. 2. **Requirements.** The head of each correctional facility shall ensure that
 2.24 every woman incarcerated at the facility:

2.25 (1) is tested for pregnancy, if under 50 years of age unless the inmate refuses the test;

2.26 (2) if pregnant and agrees to testing, is tested for sexually transmitted diseases,
 2.27 including HIV;

2.28 (3) if pregnant or has given birth in the past six weeks, is provided appropriate
 2.29 educational materials and resources related to pregnancy, child birth, breast feeding,
 2.30 and parenting;

2.31 (4) if pregnant or has given birth in the past six weeks, has access to doula services if
 2.32 these services are provided by a certified doula without charge to the correctional facility
 2.33 or the incarcerated woman pays for the certified doula services;

3.1 (5) if pregnant or has given birth in the past six weeks, has access to a mental
3.2 health assessment and, if necessary, treatment while the incarcerated woman is pregnant
3.3 and postpartum;

3.4 (6) if pregnant or has given birth in the past six weeks and determined to be suffering
3.5 from a mental illness, has access to evidence-based mental health treatment including
3.6 psychotropic medication;

3.7 (7) if pregnant or has given birth in the past six weeks and determined to be
3.8 suffering from postpartum depression, has access to evidence-based therapeutic care for
3.9 the depression; and

3.10 (8) if pregnant, is advised, orally or in writing, of applicable laws and policies
3.11 governing incarcerated pregnant women.

3.12 **Sec. 4. ADVISORY COMMITTEE.**

3.13 (a) An advisory committee of stakeholders may be convened by a representative
3.14 from the University of Minnesota Department of Pediatrics. The committee shall consider
3.15 standards of evidence-based care, treatment, and education for incarcerated women and
3.16 girls who are pregnant or have recently given birth.

3.17 (b) The advisory committee may consist of representatives from corrections, human
3.18 services, and health; Isis Rising, Prison Doula Program; the Minnesota Better Birth
3.19 Coalition; Children's Defense Fund, Minnesota; and the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association.

3.20 (c) By January 15, 2015, the advisory committee shall report the committee's
3.21 findings to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of
3.22 representatives committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy.

3.23 **Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY.**

3.24 Section 4 is effective the day following final enactment. Sections 1 to 3 are effective
3.25 July 1, 2014, and apply to state correctional facilities on and after that date, and apply
3.26 to other correctional facilities on and after July 1, 2015.