03/04/14 REVISOR EAP/DI 14-5258 as introduced

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION

S.F. No. 2388

(SENATE AUTHORS: SKOE and Rest)

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DATE D-PG OFFICIAL STATUS

03/06/2014 5995 Introduction and first reading Referred to Taxes

03/10/2014 6083 Author added Rest

A bill for an act 1.1 relating to taxation; income and franchise; conforming to changes in the Internal 12 Revenue Code; extending the working family credit phase-out for married 1.3 filers; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 289A.02, subdivision 7; 1.4 289A.08, subdivision 7; 290.01, subdivision 19a; 290.067, subdivision 2a; 1.5 290.0671, subdivision 1; 290.0675, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2013 1.6 Supplement, sections 290.01, subdivisions 19, 31; 290.06, subdivision 2c; 1.7 290.091, subdivision 2; 290A.03, subdivision 15. 1.8

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.02, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Internal Revenue Code.** Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal

Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through April 14,

2011 December 20, 2013.

1.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years
1.15 beginning after December 31, 2012.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.08, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. Composite income tax returns for nonresident partners, shareholders, and beneficiaries. (a) The commissioner may allow a partnership with nonresident partners to file a composite return and to pay the tax on behalf of nonresident partners who have no other Minnesota source income. This composite return must include the names, addresses, Social Security numbers, income allocation, and tax liability for the nonresident partners electing to be covered by the composite return.
- (b) The computation of a partner's tax liability must be determined by multiplying the income allocated to that partner by the highest rate used to determine the tax liability

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for individuals under section 290.06, subdivision 2c. Nonbusiness deductions, standard deductions, or personal exemptions are not allowed.

- (c) The partnership must submit a request to use this composite return filing method for nonresident partners. The requesting partnership must file a composite return in the form prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. The filing of a composite return is considered a request to use the composite return filing method.
- (d) The electing partner must not have any Minnesota source income other than the income from the partnership and other electing partnerships. If it is determined that the electing partner has other Minnesota source income, the inclusion of the income and tax liability for that partner under this provision will not constitute a return to satisfy the requirements of subdivision 1. The tax paid for the individual as part of the composite return is allowed as a payment of the tax by the individual on the date on which the composite return payment was made. If the electing nonresident partner has no other Minnesota source income, filing of the composite return is a return for purposes of subdivision 1.
- (e) This subdivision does not negate the requirement that an individual pay estimated tax if the individual's liability would exceed the requirements set forth in section 289A.25. The individual's liability to pay estimated tax is, however, satisfied when the partnership pays composite estimated tax in the manner prescribed in section 289A.25.
- (f) If an electing partner's share of the partnership's gross income from Minnesota sources is less than the filing requirements for a nonresident under this subdivision, the tax liability is zero. However, a statement showing the partner's share of gross income must be included as part of the composite return.
- (g) The election provided in this subdivision is only available to a partner who has no other Minnesota source income and who is either (1) a full-year nonresident individual or (2) a trust or estate that does not claim a deduction under either section 651 or 661 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (h) A corporation defined in section 290.9725 and its nonresident shareholders may make an election under this paragraph. The provisions covering the partnership apply to the corporation and the provisions applying to the partner apply to the shareholder.
- (i) Estates and trusts distributing current income only and the nonresident individual beneficiaries of the estates or trusts may make an election under this paragraph. The provisions covering the partnership apply to the estate or trust. The provisions applying to the partner apply to the beneficiary.
- (j) For the purposes of this subdivision, "income" means the partner's share of federal adjusted gross income from the partnership modified by the additions provided in section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clauses (6) to (10) (9), and the subtractions provided in:

Sec. 2. 2 (i) section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause (8), to the extent the amount is assignable or allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17; and (ii) section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause (13). The subtraction allowed under section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause (8), is only allowed on the composite tax computation to the extent the electing partner would have been allowed the subtraction.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 290.01, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

Subd. 19. **Net income.** The term "net income" means the federal taxable income, as defined in section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through the date named in this subdivision, incorporating the federal effective dates of changes to the Internal Revenue Code and any elections made by the taxpayer in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income for federal income tax purposes, and with the modifications provided in subdivisions 19a to 19f.

In the case of a regulated investment company or a fund thereof, as defined in section 851(a) or 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, federal taxable income means investment company taxable income as defined in section 852(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that:

- (1) the exclusion of net capital gain provided in section 852(b)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code does not apply;
- (2) the deduction for dividends paid under section 852(b)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code must be applied by allowing a deduction for capital gain dividends and exempt-interest dividends as defined in sections 852(b)(3)(C) and 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (3) the deduction for dividends paid must also be applied in the amount of any undistributed capital gains which the regulated investment company elects to have treated as provided in section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The net income of a real estate investment trust as defined and limited by section 856(a), (b), and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code means the real estate investment trust taxable income as defined in section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The net income of a designated settlement fund as defined in section 468B(d) of the Internal Revenue Code means the gross income as defined in section 468B(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Sec. 3. 3

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through April 14, 2011 December 20, 2013, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, and before January 1, 2012, and for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012. The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through January 3, 2013, is in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2011, and before January 1, 2013.

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The provisions of sections 315 and 331 of the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012, Public Law 112-240, extension of increased expensing limitations and treatment of certain real property as section 179 property and extension and modification of bonus depreciation, are effective at the same time they become effective for federal purposes.

Except as otherwise provided, references to the Internal Revenue Code in subdivisions 19 to 19f mean the code in effect for purposes of determining net income for the applicable year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively from the same time as the changes were effective for federal purposes.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.01, subdivision 19a, is amended to read: Subd. 19a. **Additions to federal taxable income.** For individuals, estates, and trusts, there shall be added to federal taxable income:
- (1)(i) interest income on obligations of any state other than Minnesota or a political or governmental subdivision, municipality, or governmental agency or instrumentality of any state other than Minnesota exempt from federal income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code or any other federal statute; and
- (ii) exempt-interest dividends as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, except:
- (A) the portion of the exempt-interest dividends exempt from state taxation under the laws of the United States; and
- (B) the portion of the exempt-interest dividends derived from interest income on obligations of the state of Minnesota or its political or governmental subdivisions, municipalities, governmental agencies or instrumentalities, but only if the portion of the exempt-interest dividends from such Minnesota sources paid to all shareholders represents 95 percent or more of the exempt-interest dividends, including any dividends exempt under subitem (A), that are paid by the regulated investment company as defined in section 851(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, or the fund of the regulated investment company as defined in section 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, making the payment; and

(iii) for the purposes of items (i) and (ii), interest on obligations of an Indian tribal government described in section 7871(c) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as interest income on obligations of the state in which the tribe is located;

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- (2) the amount of income, sales and use, motor vehicle sales, or excise taxes paid or accrued within the taxable year under this chapter and the amount of taxes based on net income paid, sales and use, motor vehicle sales, or excise taxes paid to any other state or to any province or territory of Canada, to the extent allowed as a deduction under section 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, but the addition may not be more than the amount by which the itemized deductions as allowed under section 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code exceeds the amount of the standard deduction as defined in section 63(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, disregarding the amounts allowed under sections 63(c)(1)(C) and 63(c)(1)(E) of the Internal Revenue Code, minus any addition that would have been required under clause (21) if the taxpayer had claimed the standard deduction. For the purpose of this paragraph, the disallowance of itemized deductions under section 68 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, income, sales and use, motor vehicle sales, or excise taxes are the last itemized deductions disallowed;
- (3) the capital gain amount of a lump-sum distribution to which the special tax under section 1122(h)(3)(B)(ii) of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law 99-514, applies;
- (4) the amount of income taxes paid or accrued within the taxable year under this chapter and taxes based on net income paid to any other state or any province or territory of Canada, to the extent allowed as a deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income. For the purpose of this paragraph, income taxes do not include the taxes imposed by sections 290.0922, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), 290.9727, 290.9728, and 290.9729;
- (5) the amount of expense, interest, or taxes disallowed pursuant to section 290.10 other than expenses or interest used in computing net interest income for the subtraction allowed under subdivision 19b, clause (1);
- (6) the amount of a partner's pro rata share of net income which does not flow through to the partner because the partnership elected to pay the tax on the income under section 6242(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (7) 80 percent of the depreciation deduction allowed under section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this clause, if the taxpayer has an activity that in the taxable year generates a deduction for depreciation under section 168(k) and the activity generates a loss for the taxable year that the taxpayer is not allowed to claim for the taxable year, "the depreciation allowed under section 168(k)" for the taxable year is limited to excess of the depreciation claimed by the activity under section 168(k) over the amount of the loss from the activity that is not allowed in the taxable year. In succeeding

taxable years when the losses not allowed in the taxable year are allowed, the depreciation under section 168(k) is allowed;

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- (8) 80 percent of the amount by which the deduction allowed by section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code exceeds the deduction allowable by section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2003;
- (9) to the extent deducted in computing federal taxable income, the amount of the deduction allowable under section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (10) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2013, the exclusion allowed under section 139A of the Internal Revenue Code for federal subsidies for prescription drug plans;
 - (11) the amount of expenses disallowed under section 290.10, subdivision 2;
- (12) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2010, the amount deducted for qualified tuition and related expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income;
- (13) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2010, the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income;
- (14) the additional standard deduction for property taxes payable that is allowable under section 63(e)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (15) the additional standard deduction for qualified motor vehicle sales taxes allowable under section 63(e)(1)(E) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (16) (11) discharge of indebtedness income resulting from reacquisition of business indebtedness and deferred under section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (17) the amount of unemployment compensation exempt from tax under section 85(e) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (18) (12) changes to federal taxable income attributable to a net operating loss that the taxpayer elected to carry back for more than two years for federal purposes but for which the losses can be carried back for only two years under section 290.095, subdivision 11, paragraph (c);
- (19) to the extent included in the computation of federal taxable income in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, the amount of disallowed itemized deductions, but the amount of disallowed itemized deductions plus the addition required under clause (2) may not be more than the amount by which the itemized deductions as allowed under section 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code exceeds the amount of the standard deduction as defined in section 63(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, disregarding the amounts allowed under sections 63(e)(1)(C) and 63(e)(1)(E) of the Internal Revenue Code, and

reduced by any addition that would have been required under clause (21) if the taxpayer 7.1 7.2 had claimed the standard deduction: (i) the amount of disallowed itemized deductions is equal to the lesser of: 7.3 (A) three percent of the excess of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income 7.4 over the applicable amount; or 7.5 (B) 80 percent of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable to the 76 taxpayer under the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year; 7.7 (ii) the term "applicable amount" means \$100,000, or \$50,000 in the case of a 7.8 married individual filing a separate return. Each dollar amount shall be increased by 7.9 an amount equal to: 7.10 (A) such dollar amount, multiplied by 7 11 7.12 (B) the cost-of-living adjustment determined under section 1(f)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code for the calendar year in which the taxable year begins, by substituting 7.13 "calendar year 1990" for "calendar year 1992" in subparagraph (B) thereof; 7.14 7.15 (iii) the term "itemized deductions" does not include: (A) the deduction for medical expenses under section 213 of the Internal Revenue 7.16 Code: 7.17 (B) any deduction for investment interest as defined in section 163(d) of the Internal 7 18 Revenue Code; and 7.19 (C) the deduction under section 165(a) of the Internal Revenue Code for easualty or 7.20 theft losses described in paragraph (2) or (3) of section 165(e) of the Internal Revenue 7.21 Code or for losses described in section 165(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; 7.22 7.23 (20) to the extent included in federal taxable income in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, the amount of disallowed personal exemptions for taxpayers with 7.24 federal adjusted gross income over the threshold amount: 7.25 7.26 (i) the disallowed personal exemption amount is equal to the dollar amount of the personal exemptions claimed by the taxpayer in the computation of federal taxable income 7.27 multiplied by the applicable percentage; 7.28 (ii) "applicable percentage" means two percentage points for each \$2,500 (or 7.29 fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income for the taxable 7.30 year exceeds the threshold amount. In the case of a married individual filing a separate 7.31 return, the preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "\$1,250" for "\$2,500." In 7.32 no event shall the applicable percentage exceed 100 percent; 7.33 (iii) the term "threshold amount" means: 7.34 (A) \$150,000 in the case of a joint return or a surviving spouse; 7.35 (B) \$125,000 in the case of a head of a household; 7.36

8.1	(C) \$100,000 in the case of an individual who is not married and who is not a			
8.2	surviving spouse or head of a household; and			
8.3	(D) \$75,000 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return; and			
8.4	(iv) the thresholds shall be increased by an amount equal to:			
8.5	(A) such dollar amount, multiplied by			
8.6	(B) the cost-of-living adjustment determined under section 1(f)(3) of the Internal			
8.7	Revenue Code for the calendar year in which the taxable year begins, by substituting			
8.8	"calendar year 1990" for "calendar year 1992" in subparagraph (B) thereof; and			
8.9	(21) to the extent deducted in the computation of federal taxable income, for taxable			
8.10	years beginning after December 31, 2010, and before January 1, 2013, the difference			
8.11	between the standard deduction allowed under section 63(e) of the Internal Revenue Code			
8.12	and the standard deduction allowed for 2011 and 2012 under the Internal Revenue Code			
8.13	as amended through December 1, 2010.			
0.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for toyable years			
8.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years			
8.15	beginning after December 31, 2012.			
8.16	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 290.01, subdivision 31, is			
8.17	amended to read:			
	Subd. 31. Internal Revenue Code. Unless specifically defined otherwise, for			
8.18	taxable years beginning before January 1, 2012, and after December 31, 2012, "Internal			
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8.20	Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through April 14,			
8.21	2011; and for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2011, and before January 1,			
8.22	2013, "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended			
8.23	through January 3 December 20, 2013. Internal Revenue Code also includes any			
8.24	uncodified provision in federal law that relates to provisions of the Internal Revenue			
8.25	Code that are incorporated into Minnesota law. When used in this chapter, the reference			
8.26	to "subtitle A, chapter 1, subchapter N, part 1, of the Internal Revenue Code" is to the			
8.27	Internal Revenue Code as amended through March 18, 2010.			
8.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment,			
8.29	except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively from the			
8.30	same time the changes were effective for federal purposes.			
8.31	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, is			
8.32	amended to read:			

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Subd. 2c. Schedules of rates for individuals, estates, and trusts. (a) The income 9.1 9.2 taxes imposed by this chapter upon married individuals filing joint returns and surviving spouses as defined in section 2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code must be computed by 9.3 applying to their taxable net income the following schedule of rates: 9.4 (1) On the first \$35,480, 5.35 percent; 9.5 (2) On all over \$35,480, but not over \$140,960, 7.05 percent; 9.6 (3) On all over \$140,960, but not over \$250,000, 7.85 percent; 9.7 (4) On all over \$250,000, 9.85 percent. 9.8 Married individuals filing separate returns, estates, and trusts must compute their 9.9 income tax by applying the above rates to their taxable income, except that the income 9.10 brackets will be one-half of the above amounts. 9.11 (b) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals must be 9.12 computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates: 9.13 (1) On the first \$24,270, 5.35 percent; 9.14 (2) On all over \$24,270, but not over \$79,730, 7.05 percent; 9.15 (3) On all over \$79,730, but not over \$150,000, 7.85 percent; 9.16 (4) On all over \$150,000, 9.85 percent. 9.17 (c) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals qualifying 9.18 as a head of household as defined in section 2(b) of the Internal Revenue Code must be 9.19 computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates: 9.20 (1) On the first \$29,880, 5.35 percent; 9.21 (2) On all over \$29,880, but not over \$120,070, 7.05 percent; 9.22 9.23 (3) On all over \$120,070, but not over \$200,000, 7.85 percent; (4) On all over \$200,000, 9.85 percent. 9.24 (d) In lieu of a tax computed according to the rates set forth in this subdivision, the 9.25 tax of any individual taxpayer whose taxable net income for the taxable year is less than 9.26 an amount determined by the commissioner must be computed in accordance with tables 9.27 prepared and issued by the commissioner of revenue based on income brackets of not 9.28 more than \$100. The amount of tax for each bracket shall be computed at the rates set 9.29 forth in this subdivision, provided that the commissioner may disregard a fractional part of 9.30 a dollar unless it amounts to 50 cents or more, in which case it may be increased to \$1. 9.31

the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in this subdivision. After the application of the nonrefundable credits provided in this chapter, the tax liability must then be multiplied by a fraction in which:

(e) An individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year must compute

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10.1	(1) the numerator is the individual's Minnesota source federal adjusted gross income
10.2	as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and increased by the additions
10.3	required under section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clauses (1), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (12),
10.4	(13), and (16) to (18) (11), and (12), and reduced by the Minnesota assignable portion of
10.5	the subtraction for United States government interest under section 290.01, subdivision
10.6	19b, clause (1), and the subtractions under section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clauses (8),
10.7	(9), (13), (14), (16), and (17), after applying the allocation and assignability provisions of
10.8	section 290.081, clause (a), or 290.17; and
10.9	(2) the denominator is the individual's federal adjusted gross income as defined in
10.10	section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, increased by the amounts specified in
10.11	section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clauses (1), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (12), (13), and (16) to
10.12	(18) (11), and (12), and reduced by the amounts specified in section 290.01, subdivision
10.13	19b, clauses (1), (8), (9), (13), (14), (16), and (17).
10.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years
10.15	beginning after December 31, 2012.
10.13	oegiming area Becomes 51, 2012.
10.16	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.067, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
10.17	Subd. 2a. Income. (a) For purposes of this section, "income" means the sum of
10.18	the following:
10.19	(1) federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue
10.20	Code; and
10.21	(2) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (1):
10.22	(i) all nontaxable income;
10.23	(ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section
10.24	469, paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity
10.25	loss carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;
10.26	(iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness
10.27	of a solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal
10.28	Revenue Code;
10.29	(iv) cash public assistance and relief;

from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;

(v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments

received under the federal Social Security Act, supplemental security income, and veterans

funded exclusively by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were excluded

benefits), which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which was

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(vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality 11.1 or political subdivision thereof; 11.2 (vii) workers' compensation; 11.3 (viii) nontaxable strike benefits; 11.4 (ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or 11.5 sick pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through 11.6 insurance or otherwise; 11.7 (x) a lump-sum distribution under section 402(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 11.8 1986, as amended through December 31, 1995; 11.9 (xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account, 11.10 including a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan; 11.11 self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k) 11.12 of the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the 11.13 Internal Revenue Code; 11.14 11.15 (xii) nontaxable scholarship or fellowship grants; (xiii) the amount of deduction allowed under section 199 of the Internal Revenue 11.16 Code: 11.17 (xiv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 220 or 223 of the Internal 11.18 Revenue Code; 11.19 (xv) the amount of deducted for tuition expenses required to be added to income 11.20 under section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (12) under section 222 of the Internal 11.21 Revenue Code; and 11.22 11.23 (xvi) the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code; and. 11.24 (xvii) unemployment compensation. 11.25 11.26 In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the term "federal adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted gross income reflected in the 11.27 fiscal year ending in the next calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income may not be 11.28 reduced by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss 11.29 carryback or carryforward allowed for the year. 11.30 (b) "Income" does not include: 11.31 (1) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and 102; 11.32 (2) amounts of any pension or annuity that were exclusively funded by the claimant 11.33 or spouse if the funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross income 11.34 in the years when the payments were made; 11.35 (3) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency; 11.36

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(4) relief granted under chapter 290A;

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- (5) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution or legal separation; and
- (6) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, Public Law 107-16.

12.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0671, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Credit allowed.** (a) An individual is allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter equal to a percentage of earned income. To receive a credit, a taxpayer must be eligible for a credit under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (b) For individuals with no qualifying children, the credit equals 1.9125 percent of the first \$4,620 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 1.9125 percent of earned income or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of \$5,770, but in no case is the credit less than zero.
- (c) For individuals with one qualifying child, the credit equals 8.5 percent of the first \$6,920 of earned income and 8.5 percent of earned income over \$12,080 but less than \$13,450. The credit is reduced by 5.73 percent of earned income or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of \$15,080, but in no case is the credit less than zero.
- (d) For individuals with two or more qualifying children, the credit equals ten percent of the first \$9,720 of earned income and 20 percent of earned income over \$14,860 but less than \$16,800. The credit is reduced by 10.3 percent of earned income or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of \$17,890, but in no case is the credit less than zero.
- (e) For a nonresident or part-year resident, the credit must be allocated based on the percentage calculated under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).
- (f) For a person who was a resident for the entire tax year and has earned income not subject to tax under this chapter, including income excluded under section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause (9), the credit must be allocated based on the ratio of federal adjusted gross income reduced by the earned income not subject to tax under this chapter over federal adjusted gross income. For purposes of this paragraph, the subtractions for military pay under section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clauses (10) and (11), are not considered "earned income not subject to tax under this chapter."

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For the purposes of this paragraph, the exclusion of combat pay under section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code is not considered "earned income not subject to tax under this chapter."

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- (g) For tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and before December 31, 2010, and for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017, the \$5,770 in paragraph (b), the \$15,080 in paragraph (c), and the \$17,890 in paragraph (d), after being adjusted for inflation under subdivision 7, are each increased by \$3,000 for married taxpayers filing joint returns. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2008, the commissioner shall annually adjust the \$3,000 by the percentage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B), the word "2007" shall be substituted for the word "1992." For 2009, the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2007, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2008, and in each subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2007, to the 12 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The earned income thresholds as adjusted for inflation must be rounded to the nearest \$10. If the amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10. The determination of the commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule under the Administrative Procedure Act.
- (h) For tax years beginning after December 31, 2010, and before January 1, 2012, and for tax years beginning after December 31, 2012, and before January 1, 2018, the \$5,770 in paragraph (b), the \$15,080 in paragraph (c), and the \$17,890 in paragraph (d), after being adjusted for inflation under subdivision 7, are each increased by \$5,000 for married taxpayers filing joint returns. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2010, and before January 1, 2012, and for tax years beginning after December 31, 2012, and before January 1, 2018, the commissioner shall annually adjust the \$5,000 by the percentage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B), the word "2008" shall be substituted for the word "1992." For 2011, the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2008, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2010, and in each subsequent year from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2008, to the 12 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The earned income thresholds as adjusted for inflation must be rounded to the nearest \$10. If the amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10. The determination of the commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule under the Administrative Procedure Act.
- (i) The commissioner shall construct tables showing the amount of the credit at various income levels and make them available to taxpayers. The tables shall follow

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the schedule contained in this subdivision, except that the commissioner may graduate the transition between income brackets.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0675, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section the following terms

 have the meanings given.
 - (b) "Earned income" means the sum of the following, to the extent included in Minnesota taxable income:
 - (1) earned income as defined in section 32(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 14.11 (2) income received from a retirement pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, or 14.12 annuity plan; and
 - (3) Social Security benefits as defined in section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (c) "Taxable income" means net income as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 19.
 - (d) "Earned income of lesser-earning spouse" means the earned income of the spouse with the lesser amount of earned income as defined in paragraph (b) for the taxable year minus the sum of (i) the amount for one exemption under section 151(d) of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) one-half the amount of the standard deduction under section 63(c)(2)(A) and (4) of the Internal Revenue Code minus one-half of any addition required under section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (21), and one-half of the addition that would have been required under section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (21), if the taxpayer had claimed the standard deduction.
- 14.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years
 14.25 beginning after December 31, 2012.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 290.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, the following terms have the meanings given:
- 14.30 (a) "Alternative minimum taxable income" means the sum of the following for 14.31 the taxable year:
- 14.32 (1) the taxpayer's federal alternative minimum taxable income as defined in section 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;

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(2) the taxpayer's itemized deductions allowed in computing federal alternative 15.1 minimum taxable income, but excluding: 15.2 (i) the charitable contribution deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue 15.3 Code; 15.4 (ii) the medical expense deduction; 15.5 (iii) the casualty, theft, and disaster loss deduction; and 156 (iv) the impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person; 15.7 (3) for depletion allowances computed under section 613A(c) of the Internal 15.8 Revenue Code, with respect to each property (as defined in section 614 of the Internal 15.9 Revenue Code), to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, 15.10 the excess of the deduction for depletion allowable under section 611 of the Internal 15.11 Revenue Code for the taxable year over the adjusted basis of the property at the end of the 15.12 taxable year (determined without regard to the depletion deduction for the taxable year); 15.13 (4) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the 15.14 15.15 amount of the tax preference for intangible drilling cost under section 57(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code determined without regard to subparagraph (E); 15.16 (5) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the 15.17 amount of interest income as provided by section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (1); and 15.18 (6) the amount of addition required by section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clauses (7) 15.19 15.20 to (9), (11), and (12), (13), and (16) to (18); less the sum of the amounts determined under the following: 15.21 (1) interest income as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause (1); 15.22 15.23 (2) an overpayment of state income tax as provided by section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause (2), to the extent included in federal alternative minimum taxable income; 15.24 (3) the amount of investment interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on 15.25 15.26 indebtedness to the extent that the amount does not exceed net investment income, as defined in section 163(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Interest does not include 15.27 amounts deducted in computing federal adjusted gross income; 15.28 (4) amounts subtracted from federal taxable income as provided by section 290.01, 15.29 subdivision 19b, clauses (6), (8) to (14), and (16); and 15.30 (5) the amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision 15.31 11, paragraph (c). 15.32 In the case of an estate or trust, alternative minimum taxable income must be 15.33 computed as provided in section 59(c) of the Internal Revenue Code. 15.34 (b) "Investment interest" means investment interest as defined in section 163(d)(3) 15.35 of the Internal Revenue Code. 15.36

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for property tax refunds

based on property taxes payable after December 31, 2013, and rent paid after December

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