SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

S.F. No. 1831

(SENATE AUTHORS: KIFFMEYER and Lang)

OFFICIAL STATUS DATE D-PG 03/08/2021 Introduction and first reading Referred to State Government Finance and Policy and Elections 04/06/2021 1218 Author added Lang 1439a Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance 04/08/2021 04/19/2021 2927a Comm report: To pass as amended 2954 Second reading Rule 45-amend, subst. General Orders HF1952 04/20/2021 3017 See First Special Session 2021, SF2

1.1 A bill for an act

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relating to operation of state government; appropriating money for the legislature, office of the governor and lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, state auditor, Military and Veterans Affairs, and certain state agencies, departments, offices, boards, commissions, councils, Minnesota State Lottery, Minnesota Humanities Center, and certain retirement accounts; canceling certain 2021 appropriated funds; modifying Legislative Coordinating Commission provisions; creating the Legislative Commission on Cybersecurity; modifying the legislative auditor's duties; prohibiting a businesses address on the secretary of state's website under certain circumstances; modifying provisions pertaining to peacetime emergencies, administrative procedures, and distribution of state employees during a layoff; establishing the SAVI program; determining growth of state employment; changing audits of state use of federal funds; making changes affecting the budget and budget forecast; authorizing virtual payments; modifying provisions affecting the motor pool; changing the name of the office of MN.IT Services; requiring the state to contract with a pharmacy benefit manager; adding provisions related to cosmetology, public employee pay, non-health-related licensing board, retirement, standard of time, federal funds for COVID-19 spending, executive orders, unfilled state agency positions, obsolete rules report, state surplus property, repair of Christopher Columbus statue, campaign finance, and elections; changing provisions of the legislative advisory commission; providing for expenditure and review of federal money; requiring a report on the use of federal money; establishing a stadium payoff fund; changing pari-mutuel horse racing and lawful gambling and gambling taxes provisions; providing veterans and military affairs policy; establishing the capitol flag program; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 3.30, subdivision 2; 3.3005, subdivisions 2, 2a, 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 3.302, subdivision 3; 3.303, subdivision 1; 3.8853, subdivision 4, by adding a subdivision; 3.971, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 3.972, subdivisions 2, 2a; 3.9741, subdivision 5; 3.978, subdivision 2; 3.979, subdivision 3; 3.98, subdivision 1; 4.07, by adding a subdivision; 10.578; 10A.01, subdivisions 26, 35; 10A.09, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 6, by adding a subdivision; 10A.14, by adding a subdivision; 10A.20, subdivision 13; 10A.27, subdivision 13; 10A.275, subdivision 1; 10A.31, subdivision 7; 10A.323; 12.31, subdivision 2; 13.64, subdivisions 3, 4; 14.05, subdivision 1; 14.389, subdivision 5; 14.57; 15.01; 15.057; 16A.06, by adding a subdivision; 16A.152, subdivision 2; 16A.28, subdivision 3; 16B.24, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 16B.281, subdivisions 3, 6; 16B.2975, by adding a subdivision; 16B.48, subdivision 2; 16B.54, subdivisions 1, 2; 16E.01; 16E.016; 16E.02; 16E.03, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 6; 16E.036; 16E.04, subdivision

3; 16E.0465, subdivision 2; 16E.05, subdivision 1; 16E.07, subdivision 12; 16E.21, 2.2 subdivision 2; 97A.057, subdivision 1; 138.081, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 138.31, by adding a subdivision; 138.34; 138.38; 138.40; 138.661, subdivision 2, by adding 2.3 a subdivision; 138.665, subdivision 2; 138.666; 138.667; 138.669; 138.763, 2.4 subdivision 1; 155A.23, subdivision 16, by adding a subdivision; 155A.271, subdivision 2; 179A.20, by adding a subdivision; 190.07; 197.791, subdivisions 2.6 4, 5, 5a, 5b; 198.006; 201.061, subdivisions 1a, 3, 4; 201.091, subdivision 4; 2.7 201.121, subdivisions 1, 3; 201.225, subdivisions 2, 5; 203B.01, subdivision 3; 2.8 203B.04, subdivisions 1, 4; 203B.07, subdivision 3; 203B.08, subdivision 3; 2.9 203B.081, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 203B.12, subdivision 7; 203B.121, subdivisions 2.10 2, 4; 203B.24, subdivision 1; 204B.09, subdivision 3; 204B.14, subdivision 3; 2.11 204B.16, subdivision 1; 204B.21, by adding a subdivision; 204B.36, subdivision 2.12 2; 204C.05, subdivisions 1a, 1b; 204C.10; 204C.12, subdivision 2; 204C.21, 2.13 subdivision 1; 204C.24, by adding a subdivision; 204C.27; 204C.32; 204C.33, 2.14 subdivision 1; 204C.36, subdivision 1; 204C.37; 204D.08, subdivision 4; 204D.13, 2.15 subdivision 1; 204D.195; 204D.27, subdivision 5; 204D.28, subdivisions 9, 10; 2.16 205.065, subdivision 5; 205.185, subdivision 3; 205A.03, subdivision 4; 205A.10, 2.17 subdivision 3; 206.805, subdivision 1; 206.89, subdivisions 4, 5; 206.90, subdivision 2.18 6; 207A.13; 207A.14, subdivision 3; 208.03; 208.05; 214.01, subdivision 3; 240.01, 2.19 subdivision 18; 240.06, subdivision 7; 240.11; 240.131, subdivision 7; 240.24, 2.20 subdivisions 2a, 3; 240.30, subdivision 5; 297E.021, subdivisions 3, 4, by adding 2.21 a subdivision; 349.151, subdivision 2; 349A.01, by adding a subdivision; 349A.08, 2.22 subdivision 9; 353.27, subdivision 3c; 353.505; 367.25, subdivision 1; 412.02, 2.23 subdivision 2a; 477A.03, subdivision 2b; 645.071; proposing coding for new law 2.24 in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3; 5; 10A; 15; 16A; 16B; 43A; 138; 196; 201; 2.25 204B; 204C; 206; 609; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 3.972, 2.26 subdivisions 2c, 2d; 16E.0466, subdivision 1; 16E.05, subdivision 3; 16E.071; 2.27 16E.145; 116O.03, subdivision 9; 116O.04, subdivision 3; 135A.17, subdivision 2.28 2; 155A.23, subdivision 2; 201.061, subdivision 7; 204C.12, subdivision 3. 2.29

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

ARTICLE 1 2.31 STATE GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS 2.32

Section 1. STATE GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies 2.34 and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, 2.35 or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. 2.36 The figures "2022" and "2023" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under 2.37 them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, or June 30, 2023, respectively. 2.38 "The first year" is fiscal year 2022. "The second year" is fiscal year 2023. "The biennium" 2.39 is fiscal years 2022 and 2023. 2.40

APPROPRIATIONS 2.41 Available for the Year 2.42 **Ending June 30** 2.43 2022 2023 2.44

Sec. 2. LEGISLATURE

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	SF1831	REVISOR	SGS		S1831-2	2nd Engrossment
3.1	Subdivision 1. T	Total Appropriation	<u>1</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>98,130,000</u> <u>\$</u>	97,739,000
3.2	The amounts that	at may be spent for e	each			
3.3	purpose are spec	cified in the followin	<u>ıg</u>			
3.4	subdivisions.					
3.5	Subd. 2. Senate				37,430,000	37,545,000
3.6	Subd. 3. House	of Representatives			38,857,000	38,857,000
3.7	Subd. 4. Legisla	ntive Coordinating	Commission		21,843,000	21,337,000
3.8	The base for this	s appropriation in fis	scal year			
3.9	2024 and each y	ear thereafter is \$21,	562,000.			
3.10	\$190,000 the fir	est year and \$170,000) the			
3.11	second year are	for the Legislative				
3.12	Commission on	Cybersecurity.				
3.13	\$50,000 each ye	ear is to comply with	<u>!</u>			
3.14	accessibility star	ndards pursuant to M	<u> Iinnesota</u>			
3.15	Statutes, section	3.199. If the approp	oriation_			
3.16	for either year is	insufficient, the appr	opriation			
3.17	for the other year	ar is available for it.	The base			
3.18	for this appropri	iation in fiscal year 2	2024 and			
3.19	each year therea	after is \$250,000.				
3.20	From its funds,	\$10,000 each year is	for			
3.21	purposes of the	legislators' forum, th	rough			
3.22	which Minnesot	a legislators meet w	<u>ith</u>			
3.23	counterparts from	m South Dakota, No	<u>orth</u>			
3.24	Dakota, and Ma	nitoba to discuss iss	ues of			
3.25	mutual concern.	<u>.</u>				
3.26	Legislative Aud	litor. \$8,096,000 the	first year			
3.27	and \$7,596,000	the second year are	for the			
3.28	Office of the Le	gislative Auditor.				
3.29	Of the amount is	n fiscal year 2021, \$	500,000			
3.30	is for the audit re	equired under article	4, section			
3.31	65. This is a one	etime appropriation.				
3.32	Within the resou	irces that become ava	ailable to			
3.33	the legislative at	uditor from the remo	oval of			

	SF1831 R	EVISOR	SGS	S1831-2	2nd Engrossment			
5.1	jurisdiction over state government finance any							
5.2	personnel costs incurred by the Offices of the							
5.3	Governor and Lieutenant Governor that were							
5.4	supported by appropriations to other agencies							
5.5	during the previous	fiscal year. The Of	fice of					
5.6	the Governor shall:	inform the chairs an	<u>ıd</u>					
5.7	ranking minority m	embers of the comn	nittees					
5.8	before initiating any	y interagency agreei	ments.					
5.9	Sec. 4. STATE AU	DITOR	<u>\$</u>	10,665,000 \$	10,602,000			
5.10	Sec. 5. ATTORNE	Y GENERAL	<u>\$</u>	<u>26,629,000</u> \$	26,429,000			
5.11	Appr	opriations by Fund						
5.12		<u>2022</u>	2023					
5.13	General	23,713,000	23,513,000					
5.14 5.15	State Government Special Revenue	2,521,000	2,521,000					
5.16	Environmental	145,000	145,000					
5.17	Remediation	250,000	250,000					
5.18	Sec. 6. SECRETAL	RY OF STATE	<u>\$</u>	<u>17,218,000</u> \$	17,152,000			
5.19	The base for this ap	propriation in fisca	l year					
5.20	2024 and each year	thereafter is \$12,90	2,000.					
5.21	\$9,750,000 each ye	ar is for transfer to	<u>the</u>					
5.22	voting equipment g	rant account under						
5.23	Minnesota Statutes,	section 206.95. Th	e base					
5.24	for this appropriation	on in fiscal year 202	4 and					
5.25	each year thereafter	is \$5,500,000.						
5.26 5.27	Sec. 7. <u>CAMPAIG</u> DISCLOSURE BO		PUBLIC §	1,123,000 \$	1,123,000			
5.28	Sec. 8. STATE BO	ARD OF INVEST		139,000 \$	139,000			
5.29	Sec. 9. ADMINIST	TRATIVE HEARI	<u>NGS</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>8,231,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,231,000			
5.30	Appr	opriations by Fund						
5.31		2022	2023					
5.32	<u>General</u>	400,000	400,000					
5.33 5.34	Workers' Compensation	7,831,000	<u>7,831,000</u>					

REVISOR

S1831-2

2nd Engrossment

SF1831

	511051	REVISOR	303		31031-2	2nd Engrossment
7.1	for the biennium	, the office may	charge for			
7.2	access fees in exc	cess of these an	nounts.			
7.3	Sec. 11. <u>ADMIN</u>	<u> IISTRATION</u>				
7.4	Subdivision 1. To	otal Appropria	tion	<u>\$</u>	<u>25,709,000</u> \$	25,535,000
7.5	The base for this	appropriation i	n fiscal year			
7.6	2024 and each ye	ear thereafter is	\$25,525,000.			
7.7	The amounts that	t may be spent	for each			
7.8	purpose are spec	ified in the follo	owing			
7.9	subdivisions.					
7.10	Subd. 2. Govern	ment and Citiz	zen Services		10,251,000	10,077,000
7.11	\$174,000 the firs	st year is for the	repair and			
7.12	reinstallation of t	the statue of Ch	ristopher			
7.13	Columbus and its	s pedestal requi	red under			
7.14	article 2, section	103. This is a o	<u>netime</u>			
7.15	appropriation and	d is available ur	ntil June 30,			
7.16	<u>2023.</u>					
7.17	Council on Deve	elopmental Dis	abilities.			
7.18	\$74,000 each year	ar is for the Cou	ncil on			
7.19	Developmental I	Disabilities.				
7.20	State Agency Ac	ccommodation				
7.21	Reimbursement	t. \$200,000 the	first year and			
7.22	\$200,000 the sec	ond year may b	e transferred			
7.23	to the accommod	lation account e	stablished in			
7.24	Minnesota Statut	tes, section 16B	.4805.			
7.25	State Historic P	reservation Of	fice.			
7.26	\$10,000 each year	ar is for the Stat	e Historic			
7.27	Preservation Offi	ice to install fla	g poles and			
7.28	staffs and to purc	chase United Sta	ates and			
7.29	Minnesota state f	flags to satisfy t	<u>he</u>			
7.30	requirements in I	Minnesota Statu	ites, section			
7.31	138.6675. This is	s a onetime app	ropriation.			
7.32	Subd. 3. Strateg	ic Managemen	t Services		2,124,000	2,124,000

S1831-2

2nd Engrossment

SF1831

S1831-2

2nd Engrossment

SF1831

				C			
9.1	(d) The appropriations in paragraphs (a) to (c)						
9.2	may not be used for indirect costs claimed by						
9.3	an institution or governing body.						
9.4	(e) The commissioner of administration must						
9.5	consider the recommendations of the						
9.6	Association of Minnesota Public Educational						
9.7	Radio Stations before awarding grants under						
9.8	Minnesota Statutes, section 129D.14, using						
9.9	the appropriations in paragraphs (a) and (b).						
9.10	No grantee is eligible for a grant unless they						
9.11	are a member of the Association of Minnesota						
9.12	Public Educational Radio Stations on or before						
9.13	July 1, 2021.						
9.14	(f) Any unencumbered balance remaining the						
9.15	first year for grants to public television or						
9.16	public radio stations does not cancel and is						
9.17	available for the second year.						
9.18	Sec. 12. CAPITOL AREA ARCHITECTUR.	ΑŢ					
9.18	AND PLANNING BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>351,000</u> <u>\$</u>	351,000			
9.20	Sec. 13. MINNESOTA MANAGEMENT AN	ND					
9.21	BUDGET	<u>\$</u>	<u>25,299,000</u> <u>\$</u>	25,299,000			
9.22	The commissioner of management and budget						
9.23	must reduce executive budget officer staffing						
9.24	levels by six full-time equivalents.						
9.25	Sec. 14. REVENUE						
9.26	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>162,271,000</u> §	162,271,000			
9.27	Appropriations by Fund						
9.28	2022 2023	}					
9.29	General 158,057,000 158,05	_					
9.30		50,000					
9.31	Highway User Tax						
9.32		5,000					
9.33	Environmental 259,000 25	9,000					
9.34	Subd. 2. Tax System Management		133,924,000	133,924,000			

S1831-2

2nd Engrossment

SF1831

grants to one or more nonprofit organizations,						
347,000 28,347,000						
<u>5,123,000</u> § <u>5,123,000</u>						

SF1831

REVISOR

SGS

S1831-2

2nd Engrossment

	SF1831	REVISOR	SGS		S1831-2	2nd Engrossment		
11.1	base for this appropriation in fiscal year 2024							
11.2	is \$230,000. The base for this appropriation							
11.3	in fiscal year 202	25 and each year there	eafter is					
11.4	\$60,000.							
11.5	Sec. 16. RACIN	G COMMISSION		<u>\$</u>	913,000	<u>913,000</u>		
11.6	These appropriat	tions are from the rac	ing and					
11.7	card playing regu	lation accounts in the	e special					
11.8	revenue fund.							
11.9	Sec. 17. STATE	LOTTERY						
11.10	Notwithstanding	Minnesota Statutes,	section					
11.11	349A.10, subdiv	ision 3, the State Lot	tery's					
11.12	operating budget	must not exceed \$36,	500,000					
11.13	in fiscal year 202	22 and \$36,500,000 is	n fiscal					
11.14	<u>year 2023.</u>							
11.15	Sec. 18. AMATI	EUR SPORTS COM	<u>MMISSION</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>306,000</u> S	<u>306,000</u>		
11.16 11.17	Sec. 19. COUNC	CIL FOR MINNESO RITAGE	OTANS OF	<u>\$</u>	532,000	<u>532,000</u>		
11.18	Sec. 20. <u>COUNC</u>	CIL ON LATINO A	FFAIRS	<u>\$</u>	<u>525,000</u> S	<u>525,000</u>		
11.19 11.20	Sec. 21. COUNC	CIL ON ASIAN-PA	<u>CIFIC</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>515,000</u> S	<u>\$ 515,000</u>		
11.21	Sec. 22. INDIAN	N AFFAIRS COUN	CIL	<u>\$</u>	846,000	<u>846,000</u>		
11.22 11.23	Sec. 23. MINNE SOCIETY	ESOTA HISTORICA	<u>AL</u>					
11.24	Subdivision 1. To	otal Appropriation		<u>\$</u>	23,768,000	§ <u>23,518,000</u>		
11.25	The amounts that	t may be spent for ea	<u>ich</u>					
11.26	purpose are spec	ified in the following	2					
11.27	subdivisions.							
11.28	Subd. 2. Operati	ions and Programs			23,197,000	23,197,000		
11.29	Subd. 3. Fiscal A	Agent						
11.30	(a) Global Minne	<u>esota</u>			39,000	39,000		
11.31	(b) Minnesota A	ir National Guard M	useum_		17,000	17,000		
11.32	(c) Hockey Hall	of Fame			100,000	100,000		

	SF1831	REVISOR	SGS		S1831-2	2nd Engrossment	
12.1	(d) Farmamerica				365,000	115,000	
12.2	\$250,000 the firs	st year is for site					
12.3	improvements, including classroom, upgrades,						
12.4	visitor center ren	nodeling, and expand	ded				
12.5	agricultural litera	acy programming.					
12.6	(e) Minnesota M	ilitary Museum			50,000	50,000	
12.7	Any unencumber	red balance remainin	g in this				
12.8	subdivision the f	irst year does not car	ncel but				
12.9	is available for the	ne second year of the	<u>2</u>				
12.10	biennium.						
12.11	Sec. 24. BOARI	O OF THE ARTS					
12.12	Subdivision 1. T	otal Appropriation		<u>\$</u>	<u>7,541,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>7,541,000</u>	
12.13	The amounts tha	t may be spent for ea	<u>ach</u>				
12.14	purpose are spec	ified in the following	<u>g</u>				
12.15	subdivisions.						
12.16	Subd. 2. Operat	ions and Services			602,000	602,000	
12.17	Subd. 3. Grants	Program			4,800,000	4,800,000	
12.18	Subd. 4. Region:	al Arts Councils			2,139,000	2,139,000	
12.19	Any unencumber	red balance remainin	g in this				
12.20	section the first y	year does not cancel,	but is				
12.21	available for the	second year.					
12.22	Sec. 25. MINNE	SOTA HUMANIT	<u>IES</u>				
12.23	<u>CENTER</u>			<u>\$</u>	<u>375,000</u> \$	<u>375,000</u>	
12.24	Sec. 26. BOARI	O OF ACCOUNTA	<u>NCY</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>675,000</u> \$	675,000	
12.25		O OF ARCHITECT					
12.26 12.27		<u>G, LAND SURVEY</u> ARCHITECTURE,	<u>ING,</u>				
12.28	GEOSCIENCE	, AND INTERIOR	DESIGN	<u>\$</u>	<u>851,000</u> \$	<u>851,000</u>	
12.29 12.30	Sec. 28. BOARI EXAMINERS	O OF COSMETOL	<u>OGIST</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,923,000 \$	2,923,000	
12.31	Sec. 29. BOARI	O OF BARBER EX	<u>AMINERS</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>343,000</u> §	343,000	
12.32 12.33	Sec. 30. GENERACCOUNTS	RAL CONTINGEN	<u>T</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,000,000</u> \$	500,000	

	SF1831	REVISOR	SGS		S1831-2	2nd Engrossment		
13.1	Appropriations by Fund							
13.2		2022	2023					
13.3	General	500,000	<u> </u>	0				
13.4 13.5	State Government Special Revenue		0 400,0					
13.6 13.7	Workers' Compensation	100,000	0 100,0	000				
13.8	(a) The appropria	ntions in this section	may only					
13.9	be spent with the	e approval of the go	vernor					
13.10	after consultation with the Legislative							
13.11	Advisory Comm	ission pursuant to M	<u> Iinnesota</u>					
13.12	Statutes, section	3.30.						
13.13	(b) If an appropri	ation in this section	for either					
13.14		ent, the appropriation						
13.15	other year is ava	ilable for it.						
13.16								
13.17		al year, it should be						
13.18		nnial appropriation.	•					
13.19	Sec. 31. TORT		•	<u>\$</u>	161,000 \$	161,000		
13.20	These appropriate	tions are to be spent	by the					
13.21		f management and b						
13.21		nnesota Statutes, sec						
13.23		on 7. If the appropri						
13.24		ufficient, the approp						
13.25		r is available for it.						
12.26	<u> </u>							
13.26 13.27	SYSTEM	ESOTA STATE RE	<u>TIREMENT</u>					
13.28	Subdivision 1. T	otal Appropriation	<u>1</u>	<u>\$</u>	14,886,000 \$	14,878,000		
13.29	The amounts that	t may be spent for e	each_					
13.30	purpose are spec	ified in the following	n <u>g</u>					
13.31	subdivisions.							
13.32 13.33		ned Legislators and Officers Retiremen	_		8,886,000	8,878,000		

	SF1031 REVISOR SUS	31031-2	2nd Engrossment
14.1	Under Minnesota Statutes, sections 3A.03,		
14.2	subdivision 2; 3A.04, subdivisions 3 and 4;		
14.3	and 3A.115.		
14.4	If an appropriation in this section for either		
14.5	year is insufficient, the appropriation for the		
14.6	other year is available for it.		
14.7	Subd. 3. Judges Retirement Plan	6,000,000	6,000,000
14.8	For transfer to the judges retirement fund		
14.9	under Minnesota Statutes, section 490.123.		
14.10	This transfer continues each fiscal year until		
14.11	the judges retirement plan reaches 100 percent		
14.12	funding as determined by an actuarial		
14.13	valuation prepared according to Minnesota		
14.14	Statutes, section 356.214.		
14.15 14.16	Sec. 33. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION	<u>T</u> <u>\$ 15,000,000</u> \$	15,000,000
14.17	(a) \$9,000,000 in each year is for direct state		
14.18	aid to the public employees police and fire		
14.19	retirement plan authorized under Minnesota		
14.20	Statutes, section 353.65, subdivision 3b.		
14.21	(b) State payments from the general fund to		
14.22	the Public Employees Retirement Association		
14.23	on behalf of the former MERF division		
14.24	account are \$6,000,000 on September 15,		
14.25	2021, and \$6,000,000 on September 15, 2022.		
14.26	These amounts are estimated to be needed		
14.27	under Minnesota Statutes, section 353.505.		
14.28 14.29	Sec. 34. <u>TEACHERS RETIREMENT</u> <u>ASSOCIATION</u>	<u>\$</u> 29,831,000 §	29,831,000
14.30	The amounts estimated to be needed are as		
14.31	<u>follows:</u>		
14.32	Special Direct State Aid. \$27,331,000 each		
14.33	year is for special direct state aid authorized		
14.34	under Minnesota Statutes, section 354.436.		

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15.1	Special Direct State Matching Aid.			
15.2	\$2,500,000 each year is for special direct state			
15.3	matching aid authorized under Minnesota			
15.4	Statutes, section 354.435.			
15.5 15.6	Sec. 35. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND	<u>\$</u>	<u>14,827,000</u> <u>\$</u>	14,827,000
15.7	The amounts estimated to be needed for			
15.8	special direct state aid to the first class city			
15.9	teachers retirement fund association authorized			
15.10	under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12,			
15.11	subdivisions 3a and 3c.			
15.12	Sec. 36. MILITARY AFFAIRS			
15.13	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>24,393,000</u> §	24,589,000
15.14	The amounts that may be spent for each			
15.15	purpose are specified in the following			
15.16	subdivisions.			
15.17	Subd. 2. Maintenance of Training Facilities		9,772,000	9,842,000
15.18	Subd. 3. General Support		3,507,000	3,633,000
15.19	Subd. 4. Enlistment Incentives		11,114,000	11,114,000
15.20	The appropriations in this subdivision are			
15.21	available until June 30, 2025, except that any			
15.22	unspent amounts allocated to a program			
15.23	otherwise supported by this appropriation are			
15.24	canceled to the general fund upon receipt of			
15.25	federal funds in the same amount to support			
15.26	administration of that program.			
15.27	If the amount for fiscal year 2022 is			
15.28	insufficient, the amount for 2023 is available			
15.29	in fiscal year 2022.			
15.30	Sec. 37. <u>VETERANS AFFAIRS</u>			
15.31	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>79,851,000</u> <u>\$</u>	79,389,000

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17.1	commissioner. In order to avoid duplication
17.2	of services, the commissioner must ensure that
17.3	this assistance is coordinated with all other
17.4	available programs for veterans.
17.5	(c) Honor Guards. \$200,000 each year is for
17.6	compensation for honor guards at the funerals
17.7	of veterans under Minnesota Statutes, section
17.8	<u>197.231.</u>
17.9	(d) Minnesota GI Bill. \$200,000 each year is
17.10	for the costs of administering the Minnesota
17.11	GI Bill postsecondary educational benefits,
17.12	on-the-job training, and apprenticeship
17.13	program under Minnesota Statutes, section
17.14	<u>197.791.</u>
17.15	(e) Gold Star Program. \$100,000 each year
17.16	is for administering the Gold Star Program for
17.17	surviving family members of deceased
17.18	veterans.
17.19	(f) County Veterans Service Office.
17.20	\$1,100,000 each year is for funding the
17.21	County Veterans Service Office grant program
17.22	
	under Minnesota Statutes, section 197.608.
17.23	under Minnesota Statutes, section 197.608. (g) Veteran Homelessness Initiative.
17.23 17.24	
	(g) Veteran Homelessness Initiative.
17.24	(g) Veteran Homelessness Initiative. \$750,000 each year is for an initiative to
17.24 17.25	(g) Veteran Homelessness Initiative. \$750,000 each year is for an initiative to prevent and end veteran homelessness. The
17.24 17.25 17.26	(g) Veteran Homelessness Initiative. \$750,000 each year is for an initiative to prevent and end veteran homelessness. The commissioner of veterans affairs may provide
17.24 17.25 17.26 17.27	(g) Veteran Homelessness Initiative. \$750,000 each year is for an initiative to prevent and end veteran homelessness. The commissioner of veterans affairs may provide housing vouchers and other services to
17.24 17.25 17.26 17.27 17.28	(g) Veteran Homelessness Initiative. \$750,000 each year is for an initiative to prevent and end veteran homelessness. The commissioner of veterans affairs may provide housing vouchers and other services to alleviate homelessness among veterans and
17.24 17.25 17.26 17.27 17.28 17.29	(g) Veteran Homelessness Initiative. \$750,000 each year is for an initiative to prevent and end veteran homelessness. The commissioner of veterans affairs may provide housing vouchers and other services to alleviate homelessness among veterans and former service members in Minnesota. The
17.24 17.25 17.26 17.27 17.28 17.29 17.30	(g) Veteran Homelessness Initiative. \$750,000 each year is for an initiative to prevent and end veteran homelessness. The commissioner of veterans affairs may provide housing vouchers and other services to alleviate homelessness among veterans and former service members in Minnesota. The commissioner may contract for program
17.24 17.25 17.26 17.27 17.28 17.29 17.30 17.31	(g) Veteran Homelessness Initiative. \$750,000 each year is for an initiative to prevent and end veteran homelessness. The commissioner of veterans affairs may provide housing vouchers and other services to alleviate homelessness among veterans and former service members in Minnesota. The commissioner may contract for program administration and may establish a vacancy

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19.1	fiscal vear 2	2024 and each year the	ereafter is		
19.2	\$550,000.				
	+				
19.3	Sec. 38. <u>A</u>	APPROPRIATION; I	<u>DEPARTMEN</u>	NT OF ADMINISTR	ATION.
19.4	\$5,499,0	000 in fiscal year 2021	is appropriated	l from the general fund	to the commissioner
19.5	of administr	ration to reimburse the	e Federal Eme	rgency Management A	gency for the real
19.6	property des	scribed in article 2, sec	ction 102. This	is a onetime appropria	ation and is available
19.7	until June 3	0, 2022.			
19.8	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. This se	ection is effecti	ve the day following t	inal enactment.
19.9	Sec. 39. <u>A</u>	APPROPRIATION; S	SECRETARY	OF STATE.	
19.10	\$919,00	0 in fiscal year 2021 i	s appropriated	from the general fund	to the secretary of
19.11	state to imp	lement the requiremen	nts of article 4.	This is a onetime app	propriation and is
19.12	available ur	ntil June 30, 2022.			
19.13	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. This se	ection is effecti	ve the day following t	inal enactment.
19.14	Sec. 40. <u>H</u>	IAVA APPROPRIAT	TIONS; MOD	IFICATION.	
19.15	(a) Notw	vithstanding any law to	the contrary, the	ne secretary of state mu	st use all unobligated
19.16	amounts in	the Help America Vote	Act account a	ppropriated under Law	vs 2019, First Special
19.17	Session cha	pter 10, article 1, sect	ion 40, to mak	e grants to political su	bdivisions for the
19.18	purchase of	election equipment in	the manner pr	escribed under Minne	sota Statutes, section
19.19	206.95. Exp	penditures under this s	ection are subj	ect to the federal Omr	nibus Appropriations
19.20	Act of 2018	8, Public Law 115-141	0. These funds	s are available until M	arch 23, 2023.
19.21	(b) Notw	vithstanding any law to	the contrary, tl	ne secretary of state mu	st use all unobligated
19.22	amounts in	the Help America Vot	e Act account	appropriated under La	ws 2020, chapter 77,
19.23	section 3, to	make grants to politi	cal subdivision	ns for the purchase of	election equipment
19.24	in the mann	er prescribed under M	innesota Statut	es, section 206.95. Ex	penditures under this
19.25	section are s	subject to the federal Co	onsolidated Ap	propriations Act, 2020	, Public Law 116-93,
19.26	Title V. The	ese funds are available	until Decemb	er 21, 2024.	
19.27	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. This se	ection is effecti	ve the day following t	inal enactment.
19.28	Sec. 41. <u>C</u>	CANCELLATION; F	ISCAL YEA	R 2021.	
19.29	(a) \$379	,000 of the fiscal year	· 2021 general	fund appropriation un	der Laws 2019, First

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Special Session chapter 10, article 1, section 10 is canceled.

Article 2 Section 1.

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of the senate Committee on Finance, and the chair of the senate Division of Finance

responsible for overseeing the items being considered by the commission, the speaker of

the house or a designee, the chair of the house of representatives Committee on Ways and

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Means, and the chair of the appropriate finance committee, or division of the house of
representatives committee responsible for overseeing the items being considered by the
commissioner, constitute the Legislative Advisory Commission. The division chair of the
Finance Committee in the senate and the division chair of the appropriate finance committee
or division in the house of representatives The Legislative Advisory Commission is composed
of the majority leader of the senate or a designee, the minority leader of the senate or a
designee, the president of the senate, the chair of the senate Committee on Finance, the
ranking minority member of the senate Committee on Finance, the chair of the appropriate
senate committee with budget jurisdiction over the item under consideration, the ranking
minority member of the appropriate senate committee with budget jurisdiction over the item
under consideration, the speaker of the house of representatives or a designee, the minority
leader of the house of representatives or a designee, the majority leader of the house of
representatives, the chair of the house of representatives Committee on Ways and Means,
the ranking minority member of the house of representatives Committee on Ways and
Means, the chair of the appropriate house of representatives committee with budget
jurisdiction over the item under consideration, and the ranking minority member of the
appropriate house of representatives committee with budget jurisdiction over the item under
consideration. The Legislative Advisory Commission members that serve on the commission
by being the chair or ranking minority member of the appropriate committee with budget
jurisdiction over the item under consideration shall rotate according to the items being
considered by the commission. If any of the members elect not to serve on the commission,
the house of which they are members, if in session, shall select some other member for the
vacancy. If the legislature is not in session, vacancies in the house of representatives
membership of the commission shall be filled by the last speaker of the house or, if the
speaker is not available, by the last chair of the house of representatives Rules Committee,
and by the last senate Committee on Committees or other appointing authority designated
by the senate rules in case of a senate vacancy. The commissioner of management and
budget shall be secretary of the commission and keep a permanent record and minutes of
its proceedings, which are public records. The commissioner of management and budget
shall post to the agency website all actions of the commission. Members shall receive
traveling and subsistence expenses incurred attending meetings of the commission. The
commission shall meet from time to time upon the call of the governor or upon the call of
the secretary at the request of two or more of its members. A recommendation of the
commission must be made at a meeting of the commission unless a written recommendation
is signed by all the members entitled to vote on the item.

(b) Members shall receive traveling and subsistence expenses incurred while attending 22.1 meetings of the commission. 22.2 (c) The chair of the commission alternates between a member of the senate and a member 22.3 of the house of representatives in January of each odd-numbered year. 22.4 22.5 (d) The commissioner of management and budget shall serve as secretary of the Legislative Advisory Commission. The secretary shall keep a permanent record and minutes 22.6 of the commission's proceedings, which are public records. 22.7 (e) The commissioner of management and budget shall post to the agency website all 22.8 actions of the commission. 22.9 (f) The commission shall meet from time to time upon the call of the governor or upon 22.10 the call of the secretary at the request of two or more of the commission's members. 22.11 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.3005, is amended by adding a subdivision to 22.12 22.13 Subd. 1a. **Application.** This section applies to the expenditure of all federal money 22.14 22.15 whether that federal money is appropriated under section 4.07 or another section, unless the federal money is specifically excluded from the requirements of this section. 22.16 22.17 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.3005, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Governor's request to legislature. (a) A state agency shall not expend money 22.18 received by it under federal law for any purpose unless a request to spend federal money 22.19 from that source for that purpose in that biennium has been submitted by the governor to 22.20 22.21 the legislature as a part of a budget request submitted during or within ten days before the start of a regular legislative session, or unless specifically authorized by law or as provided 22.22 by this section. A budget request submitted to the legislature according to this subdivision 22.23 must be submitted at least 20 days before the deadline set by the legislature for legislative 22.24 budget committees to act on finance bills. 22.25 22.26 (b) A budget request to spend federal funds submitted to the legislature under this subdivision must clearly identify the federal funds submitted for review under this subdivision 22.27 and subject to the review period under subdivision 2a. A state agency is prohibited from 22.28 expending money subject to the requirements of paragraph (a) if the request to spend federal 22.29

for review under this subdivision.

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money from that source for that purpose in that biennium has not previously been reviewed

by the commission and is not clearly identified in the governor's federal funds budget request

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.3005, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. **Review of federal funds spending request.** (a) Twenty days after a governor's budget request that includes a request to spend federal money is submitted to the legislature under subdivision 2, a state agency may expend money included in that request unless, within the 20-day period, a member of the Legislative Advisory Commission requests further review. If a Legislative Advisory Commission member requests further review of a federal funds spending request, the agency may not expend the federal funds until the request has been satisfied and withdrawn, the expenditure is approved in law, or, if the commission has not provided a negative review under paragraph (b), the regular session of the legislature is adjourned for the year.

- (b) If a member requests further review under paragraph (a), the member may request the chair of the Legislative Advisory Commission to call a public meeting to review the proposed expenditure of federal funds on which the member requested more information. The chair of the commission must call a public meeting of the commission to review the proposed expenditure within ten days. If at the public meeting a majority of the commission members provide a negative recommendation on the proposed expenditure that is under review, the agency is prohibited from expending the money. The commission may hold a separate public meeting and may revoke its negative recommendation. If the negative recommendation is revoked by the commission, the agency may expend the federal funds after the regular session of the legislature is adjourned for the year.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.3005, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. **Interim procedures; urgencies.** (a) If federal money is awarded to the state for expenditure after the deadline in subdivision 2 or while the legislature is not in session, and the availability of money from that source or for that purpose or in that fiscal year could not reasonably have been anticipated and included in the governor's budget request, and an urgency requires that all or part of the money be encumbered or expended before the legislature reconvenes or prior to the end of the 20-day period specified in subdivision 2, it may be allotted to a state agency after the requirements of subdivision 5 are met Legislative Advisory Commission has reviewed the request. If the members of the commission make a positive recommendation or no recommendation, or if the commission has not reviewed the request within ten days after the date the request was submitted, the commission may approve the request and the federal money may be allotted for expenditure. If the commission makes a negative recommendation or a recommendation for further review within ten days after the date the request was submitted, the commissioner is prohibited from approving

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the expenditure of the federal money. If a request to expend federal money submitted under 24.1 this subdivision receives a negative recommendation or a recommendation for further review, 24.2 24.3 the request may be submitted again under subdivision 2 or 6. (b) For the purpose of this subdivision, a recommendation of the commission must be 24.4 made at a meeting of the commission unless a written recommendation is signed by all 24.5 members entitled to vote on the item. 24.6 (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, an urgency exists if: 24.7 (1) the expenditure of the federal funds would prevent imminent harm to life or property; 24.8 24.9 or (2) failure to encumber or spend the federal funds before the expiration of the earliest 24.10 time provided under this subdivision would result in a loss of the federal funds. 24.11 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.3005, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 24.12 Subd. 5. Legislative Advisory Commission review. Federal money that is awarded 24.13 and becomes available under subdivision 3, 3a, or 3b, or 4 may be allotted after the 24.14 24.15 commissioner of management and budget has submitted the request to the members of the Legislative Advisory Commission for their review and recommendation for further review. 24.16 If a recommendation is not made within ten days, no further review by the Legislative 24.17 Advisory Commission is required, and the commissioner shall approve or disapprove the 24.18 request. If a recommendation by any member is for further review the governor shall submit 24.19 24.20 the request to the Legislative Advisory Commission for its review and recommendation. Failure or refusal of the commission to make a recommendation promptly is a negative 24.21 recommendation. If a member of the commission makes a negative recommendation or 24.22 requests further review on a request within 20 days after the date the request was submitted, 24.23 the commissioner is prohibited from approving the expenditure of the federal money. If a 24.24 24.25 request to expend federal money submitted under this subdivision receives a negative recommendation or a request for further review, the request may be submitted again under 24.26 subdivision 2. If the members of the commission make a positive recommendation or no 24.27 recommendation, the commissioner may approve the request and the federal money may 24.28 be allotted for expenditure. 24.29 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.302, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 24.30 Subd. 3. **State documents.** The library is a depository of all documents published by 24.31

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the state and shall receive them automatically without cost to the legislature or library. As

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used in this chapter, "document" includes any publication issued by the state, constitutional officers, departments, commissions, councils, bureaus, research centers, societies, task forces, including advisory task forces created under section 15.014 or 15.0593, or other agencies supported by state funds, or any publication prepared for the state by private individuals or organizations considered to be of interest or value to the library. Intraoffice or interoffice memos and forms and information concerning only the internal operation of an agency are not included.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.303, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** The Legislative Coordinating Commission is created to coordinate the legislative activities of the senate and house of representatives and the joint legislative commissions, committees, offices, and task forces.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.8853, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. Access to data; treatment. Upon request of the director of the Legislative Budget Office, the head or chief administrative officer of each department or agency of state government, including the supreme court, must promptly supply data that are used to used by the agency to prepare or necessary for the Legislative Budget Office to review or prepare a fiscal note, including data that are not public data under section 13.64 or other applicable law, unless there are federal laws or regulations that prohibit the provision of the not public data for this purpose. Not public data supplied under this subdivision may only be used by the Legislative Budget Office to review a department or agency's work in preparing a fiscal note and may not be used or disseminated for any other purpose, including use by or dissemination to a legislator or to any officer, department, agency, or committee within the legislative branch. Violation of this subdivision by the director or other staff of the Legislative Budget Office is cause for removal, suspension without pay, or immediate dismissal at the direction of the oversight commission.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.8853, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 4a. Access employees. Upon request of the director of the Legislative Budget

 Office, the head or chief administrative officer of each department or agency of state

 government, including the supreme court, must permit reasonable access to employees with

 subject matter expertise to assist the Legislative Budget Office prepare and review fiscal

 notes or enacted legislation.

2nd Engrossment

26.1	Sec. 11. [3.888] LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION ON CYBERSECURITY.
26.2	Subdivision 1. Membership. The Legislative Commission on Cybersecurity consists
26.3	of the following eight members:
26.4	(1) four senators, including two senators appointed by the senate majority leader and
26.5	two senators appointed by the senate minority leader; and
26.6	(2) four members of the house of representatives, including two members appointed by
26.7	the speaker of the house and two members appointed by the minority leader of the house.
26.8	Subd. 2. Terms; vacancies. Members of the commission serve for a two-year term
26.9	beginning upon appointment and expiring on appointment of a successor after the opening
26.10	of the next regular session of the legislature in the odd-numbered year. A vacancy in the
26.11	membership of the commission must be filled for the unexpired term in a manner that will
26.12	preserve the representation established by this section.
26.13	Subd. 3. Duties. The commission shall provide oversight of the state's cybersecurity
26.14	measures. The commission shall review the policies and practices of state agencies with
26.15	regard to cybersecurity and may recommend changes in policy to adequately protect the
26.16	state from cybersecurity threats. The commission may develop recommendations and draft
26.17	legislation to support and strengthen the state's cybersecurity infrastructure.
26.18	Subd. 4. Chair. The commission shall elect a chair by a majority vote of members
26.19	present. If the commission is unable to elect a chair by a majority vote at its first meeting
26.20	of a biennium, the ranking member of the majority party shall serve as chair. The officers
26.21	shall alternate between a member of the senate and a member of the house of representatives.
26.22	A chair shall serve a two-year term expiring upon election of a new chair after the opening
26.23	of the next regular session of the legislature in the odd-numbered year.
26.24	Subd. 5. Meetings. The commission must meet at least three times per calendar year.
26.25	The meetings of the commission are subject to section 3.055, except that the commission
26.26	may close a meeting when necessary to safeguard the state's cybersecurity. The minutes,
26.27	recordings, and documents from a closed meeting under this subdivision shall be maintained
26.28	by the Legislative Coordinating Commission and shall not be made available to the public
26.29	until eight years after the date of the meeting.
26.30	Subd. 6. Administration. The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall provide
26.31	administrative services for the commission.
26.32	Subd. 7. Expiration. The commission expires December 31, 2028.

26.33

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.971, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2. **Staff; compensation.** (a) The legislative auditor shall establish a Financial Audits Division and a Program Evaluation Division to fulfill the duties prescribed in this

27.4 section.

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- (b) Each division may be supervised by a deputy auditor, appointed by the legislative auditor, with the approval of the commission, for a term coterminous with the legislative auditor's term. The deputy auditors may be removed before the expiration of their terms only for cause. The legislative auditor and deputy auditors may each appoint a confidential secretary an administrative support specialist to serve at pleasure. The salaries and benefits of the legislative auditor, deputy auditors, and confidential secretaries administrative support specialists shall be determined by the compensation plan approved by the Legislative Coordinating Commission. The deputy auditors may perform and exercise the powers, duties and responsibilities imposed by law on the legislative auditor when authorized by the legislative auditor.
- 27.15 (c) The legislative auditor must appoint a fiscal oversight officer with duties that include performing the review under section 3.972, subdivision 4.
 - (d) (c) The legislative auditor, deputy auditors, and the confidential secretaries administrative support specialists shall serve in the unclassified civil service, but the fiscal oversight officer and all other employees of the legislative auditor are shall serve in the classified civil service. Compensation for employees of the legislative auditor in the classified service shall be governed by a plan prepared by the legislative auditor and approved by the Legislative Coordinating Commission and the legislature under section 3.855, subdivision 3.
 - (e) (d) While in office, a person appointed deputy for the Financial Audit Division must hold an active license as a certified public accountant.
- (e) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 43A.32, subdivisions 2 and 3, or any other law to the contrary, an employee of the legislative auditor is prohibited from being a candidate for an elected public office.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.971, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 8a. Special reviews. The legislative auditor may conduct a special review to: (1)
 fulfill a legal requirement; (2) investigate allegations that an individual or organization
 subject to audit by the legislative auditor may not have complied with legal requirements

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funds and other public resources.

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Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.972, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. Audits of Department of Human Services. (a) To ensure eontinuous effective legislative oversight and accountability, the legislative auditor shall give high priority to auditing the programs, services, and benefits administered by the Department of Human Services. The audits shall determine whether As resources permit, the legislative auditor shall track and assess expenditures throughout the human service delivery system, from the department offered to the point of service delivery, and determine whether human services programs and provided, services, and benefits are being provided cost-effectively and only to eligible persons individuals and organizations, and complied in compliance with applicable legal requirements.

- (b) The legislative auditor shall, based on an assessment of risk and using professional standards to provide a statistically significant sample, no less than three times each year, test a representative sample of persons enrolled in a medical assistance program or MinnesotaCare to determine whether they are eligible to receive benefits under those programs. The legislative auditor shall report the results to the commissioner of human services and recommend corrective actions. The commissioner shall provide a response to the legislative auditor within 20 business days, including corrective actions to be taken to address any problems identified by the legislative auditor and anticipated completion dates. The legislative auditor shall monitor the commissioner's implementation of corrective actions and periodically report the results to the Legislative Audit Commission and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance. The legislative auditor's reports to the commission and the chairs and ranking minority members must include recommendations for any legislative actions needed to ensure that medical assistance and MinnesotaCare benefits are provided only to eligible persons.
 - Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.9741, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. State Data security; account; appropriation. (a) The data security account is created in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is appropriated to the legislative auditor.
- 29.30 (b) Subject to available funds appropriated under paragraph (a), the legislative auditor
 29.31 shall:
- 29.32 (1) review and audit the audit reports of subscribers and requesters submitted under section 168.327, subdivision 6, including producing findings and opinions;

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- (3) review and audit driver records subscription services and bulk data practices of the Department of Public Safety, including identifying any deficiencies and making recommendations to the commissioner.
- (c) The legislative auditor shall submit any reports, findings, and recommendations under this subdivision to the legislative commission on data practices.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.978, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Inquiry and inspection power; duty to aid legislative auditor. All public officials and their deputies and employees, and all corporations, firms, and individuals having business involving the receipt, disbursement, or custody of public funds shall at all times afford reasonable facilities for examinations by the legislative auditor, make returns and reports required by the legislative auditor, attend and answer under oath the legislative auditor's lawful inquiries, produce and exhibit all books, accounts, documents, data of any classification, and property that the legislative auditor may need requests to inspect, and in all things aid cooperate with the legislative auditor in the performance of duties.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.979, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 30.18
 - Subd. 3. Audit data. (a) "Audit" as used in this subdivision means a financial audit, review, program evaluation, best practices special review, or investigation. Data relating to an audit are not public or with respect to data on individuals are confidential until the final report of the audit has been released by the legislative auditor or the audit is no longer being actively pursued. Upon release of a final audit report by the legislative auditor, data relating to an audit are public except data otherwise classified as not public.
 - (b) Data related to an audit but not published in the audit report and that the legislative auditor reasonably believes will be used in litigation are not public and with respect to data on individuals are confidential until the litigation has been completed or is no longer being actively pursued.
 - (c) Data on individuals that could reasonably be used to determine the identity of an individual supplying data for an audit are private if the data supplied by the individual were needed for an audit and the individual would not have provided the data to the legislative

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auditor without an assurance that the individual's identity would remain private, or the legislative auditor reasonably believes that the subject would not have provided the data.

- (d) The definitions of terms provided in section 13.02 apply for purposes of this subdivision.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.98, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 31.5
 - Subdivision 1. Preparation; duties. (a) The head or chief administrative officer of each department or agency of the state government, including the supreme court, shall prepare a fiscal note consistent with the standards and procedures adopted under section 3.8853, at the request of the chair of the standing committee to which a bill has been referred, or the chair of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee, or the chair of the senate Committee on Finance, and as assigned by the director of the Legislative Budget Office. The Legislative Budget Office may prepare a fiscal note if an agency does not comply with this subdivision.
 - (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "supreme court" includes all agencies, committees, and commissions supervised or appointed by the state supreme court or the state court administrator.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 4.07, is amended by adding a subdivision to 31.17 read: 31.18
 - Subd. 4. Federal funds savings; reports. Beginning July 1, 2021, each state agency must submit a detailed report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Committee on Finance and the house of representatives Committee on Ways and Means, and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over the budget for the agency concerning the use of any federal funds as described within this section. The report must detail the use of any federal funds in the calendar quarter preceding the report that permitted the agency to redirect or reduce the use of state funds. Agencies must continue reporting pursuant to this section on the first day of each subsequent calendar quarter until July 1, 2025, and annually on June 30 of each year beginning in 2026. For the purposes of this section, "agency" has the meaning given in section 16A.011, subdivision 2.

Sec. 21. [5.42] DISPLAY OF BUSINESS ADDRESS ON WEBSITE.

(a) The secretary of state must not display on its website the addresses of an eligible business entity that has made a written request to have the addresses omitted from the

website. A business entity is eligible to have all addresses omitted from display if the entity certifies that:

- (1) there is only one shareholder, member, manager, or owner of the business entity;
- (2) the shareholder, manager, member, or owner is a natural person; and

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- 32.5 (3) at least one of the addresses provided is the residential address of the sole shareholder, 32.6 manager, member, or owner.
- The secretary of state shall post a notice that this option is available and a link to the form needed to make a request on the secretary's website. The secretary of state shall also attach a copy of the request form to all business filing forms provided in a paper format that require a business entity to submit an address.
- (b) This section does not change the classification of data under chapter 13 and addresses
 shall be made available to the public in response to requests made by telephone, mail, e-mail,
 and facsimile transmission.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to business entity filings filed with the secretary of state on or after that date.
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 12.31, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. Declaration of peacetime emergency. (a) The governor may declare a peacetime emergency. A peacetime declaration of emergency may be declared only when an act of nature, a technological failure or malfunction, a terrorist incident, an industrial accident, a hazardous materials accident, or a civil disturbance endangers life and property and local government resources are inadequate to handle the situation. If the peacetime emergency occurs on Indian lands, the governor or state director of emergency management shall consult with tribal authorities before the governor makes such a declaration. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the governor's authority to act without such consultation when the situation calls for prompt and timely action. When the governor declares a peacetime emergency, the governor must immediately notify the majority and minority leaders of the senate and the speaker and majority and minority leaders of the house of representatives. A peacetime emergency must not be continued for more than five days unless extended by resolution of the Executive Council for up to an additional 25 days for a cumulative total of 30 days. An order, or proclamation declaring, continuing, or terminating an emergency must be given prompt and general publicity and filed with the secretary of state.

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33.1	(b) The governor shall not extend a peacetime emergency beyond the 30 days provided
33.2	in paragraph (a), unless the extension is approved by majority vote of each house of the
33.3	legislature, the legislature may terminate a peacetime emergency extending beyond 30 days.
33.4	The governor may make additional proposals to extend the peacetime emergency, and the
33.5	legislature may, by majority vote of each house, extend the peacetime emergency for up to
33.6	an additional 30 days per proposal. If the governor determines a need to extend the peacetime
33.7	emergency declaration beyond 30 days or beyond a peacetime emergency declaration
33.8	extended by up to 30 days by the legislature under this paragraph and the legislature is not
33.9	sitting in session, the governor must provide at least three days' notice to the majority and
33.10	minority leaders in both houses of the legislature of the governor's intent to issue a call
33.11	immediately convening both houses of the legislature. Nothing in this section limits the
33.12	governor's authority over or command of the National Guard as described in the Military
33.13	Code, chapters 190 to 192A, and required by the Minnesota Constitution, article V, section
33.14	3.
33.15	(c) The governor shall not allow a peacetime emergency declaration to expire and declare

- a new peacetime emergency for the same emergency in an effort to avoid obtaining legislative approval for an extension of a peacetime emergency as provided under this subdivision.
- (d) If a peacetime emergency declaration is in effect under this subdivision and the governor determines the need to declare an additional, separate peacetime emergency in response to a different event than the event for which the first emergency was declared, the governor is not required to make an additional declaration under this subdivision for the second peacetime emergency except for purposes of receiving federal aid under section 12.22. A second peacetime emergency declared under this paragraph shall be effective for the duration of the first peacetime emergency declaration. An extension of either the first or second peacetime emergency declaration, or both, under this paragraph is subject to legislative approval as required in paragraph (b).
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 33.28 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.64, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. Unofficial fiscal note. (a) For purposes of this subdivision, "unofficial fiscal note" means a fiscal note requested by or on behalf of a member of the legislature on draft language for a bill that has not been introduced. Unofficial fiscal notes are public data unless a classification under paragraph (b) applies.
 - (b) This paragraph applies if a request for an unofficial fiscal note is accompanied by a directive from the requester that the data be classified under this paragraph subdivision.

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Government data on the request, the bill draft, and the unofficial fiscal note are private data on individuals or nonpublic data, provided except that the data are accessible to, and may be disclosed by, the requester. If the proposed bill draft used to develop the unofficial fiscal note or an updated version is subsequently used for an introduced bill, or any legislation, including an amendment or a proposed bill, that any member of the legislature offers for consideration by a legislative committee introduced as a bill, included in an introduced bill, offered as an amendment, or otherwise distributed at a public meeting or event, or if an unofficial fiscal note is distributed at a public meeting or event, the fiscal note becomes public data.

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(c) An agency must not share data that is classified under this subdivision as nonpublic data or private data on individuals with another agency without authorization from the bill author, as obtained from the director of the Legislative Budget Office. This paragraph supersedes any authorization to share data with the commissioner of management and budget under section 15.08 or 16A.06, subdivision 7, or other applicable law.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.64, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Fiscal note data must be shared with Legislative Budget Office. A head or chief administrative officer of a department or agency of the state government, including the supreme court, must provide data that are used to prepare a fiscal note or for the Legislative Budget Office to review the accuracy of fiscal notes on enacted legislation, including data that are not public data under this section to the director of the Legislative Budget Office upon the director's request and consistent with section 3.8853, subdivision 4, unless there are federal laws or regulations that prohibit the provision of the not public data for this purpose. The data must be supplied according to any standards and procedures adopted under section 3.8853, subdivision 3, including any standards and procedures governing timeliness. Notwithstanding section 13.05, subdivision 9, a responsible authority may not require the Legislative Budget Office to pay a cost for supplying data requested under this subdivision.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 14.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Authority to adopt original rules restricted. Each agency shall adopt, amend, suspend, or repeal its rules in accordance with the procedures specified in sections 14.001 to 14.69, and only pursuant to specific authority delegated by law and in full compliance with its duties and obligations. If a law authorizing rules is repealed, the rules adopted pursuant to that law are automatically repealed on the effective date of the law's

repeal unless there is another law authorizing the rules. Except as provided in section 14.06
sections 14.388 and 14.3895, sections 14.001 to 14.69 shall not be specific authority for an
agency to adopt, amend, suspend, or repeal rules.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2021, and applies to rules adopted on or after that date.
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 14.389, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Option.** A law authorizing or requiring rules to be adopted under this section may refer specifically to this subdivision. If the law contains a specific reference to this subdivision, as opposed to a general reference to this section:
- (1) the notice required in subdivision 2 must include a statement that a public hearing will be held if 100 25 or more people request a hearing. The request must be in the manner specified in section 14.25; and
- 35.13 (2) if $100 \ \underline{25}$ or more people submit a written request for a public hearing, the agency may adopt the rule only after complying with all of the requirements of chapter 14 for rules adopted after a public hearing.
- 35.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2021, and applies to rules proposed on or after that date.
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 14.57, is amended to read:
- 35.19 **14.57 INITIATION; DECISION; AGREEMENT TO ARBITRATE.**
- (a) An agency shall initiate a contested case proceeding when one is required by law.

 Unless otherwise provided by law, An agency shall decide submit a contested case only to the Office of Administrative Hearings for disposition in accordance with the contested case procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act. Upon initiation of a contested case proceeding, an agency may, by order, provide that the report or order of the administrative
- proceeding, an agency may, by order, provide that the report or order of the administrative law judge constitutes the final decision in the case.
- (b) As an alternative to initiating or continuing with a contested case proceeding, the parties, subsequent to agency approval, may enter into a written agreement to submit the issues raised to arbitration by an administrative law judge according to sections 572B.01 to 572B.31.
- 35.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to contested cases initiated on or after that date.

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Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 15.01, is amended to read:

15.01 DEPARTMENTS OF THE STATE.

The following agencies are designated as the departments of the state government: the Department of Administration; the Department of Agriculture; the Department of Commerce; the Department of Corrections; the Department of Education; the Department of Employment and Economic Development; the Department of Health; the Department of Human Rights; the Department of Information Technology Services; the Department of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation; the Department of Labor and Industry; the Department of Management and Budget; the Department of Military Affairs; the Department of Natural Resources; the Department of Public Safety; the Department of Human Services; the Department of Revenue; the Department of Transportation; the Department of Veterans Affairs; and their successor departments.

Sec. 29. [15.4442] GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION OF STATE EMPLOYEE

36.14 **LAYOFFS.**

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Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, if layoffs of employees of executive branch state agencies are necessary due to an anticipated budget deficit, each executive branch state agency must make personnel reductions so that economies of the state outside of the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, are not disproportionately affected by the layoffs. "Executive branch state agency" has the meaning given in section 16A.011, subdivision 12a.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to collective bargaining agreements entered into on or after that date.

Sec. 30. [15.761] SAVI PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. **Program established.** The state agency value initiative (SAVI) program is established to encourage state agencies to identify cost-effective and efficiency measures in agency programs and operations that result in cost savings for the state. All state agencies not separately authorized to carry forward operating funds may participate in this program. Subd. 2. **Retained savings.** (a) In order to encourage innovation and creative cost savings

Subd. 2. Retained savings. (a) In order to encourage innovation and creative cost savings by state employees, upon approval of the commissioner of management and budget, 50 percent of any appropriations for agency operations that remain unspent at the end of a biennium because of unanticipated innovation, efficiencies, or creative cost-savings may be carried forward and retained by the agency to fund specific agency proposals or projects.

37.1	Agencies choosing to spend retained savings funds must ensure that project expenditures
37.2	do not create future obligations beyond the amounts available from the retained savings.
37.3	The retained savings must be used only to fund projects that directly support the performance
37.4	of the agency's duties. This section does not restrict authority granted by other law to carry
37.5	forward money for a different period or for different purposes.
37.6	(b) This section supersedes any contrary provision of section 16A.28.
37.7	Subd. 3. Review process. An agency may spend money for a project after:
37.8	(1) the agency has posted notice of spending for the proposed project on the agency
37.9	website for at least 30 days;
37.10	(2) the commissioner of management and budget has approved spending money from
37.11	the SAVI account for the project; and
37.12	(3) the commissioner has notified the Legislative Advisory Commission for its review
37.13	and comment.
37.14	Subd. 4. SAVI-dedicated account. Each agency that participates in the SAVI program
37.15	shall have a SAVI-dedicated account in the special revenue fund, or other appropriate fund
37.16	as determined by the commissioner of management and budget, into which the agency's
37.17	savings are deposited. The agency will manage and review projects that are funded from
37.18	this account. Money in the account is appropriated to the participating agency for purposes
37.19	authorized by this section.
37.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 30, 2022, and first applies to funds
37.21	to be carried forward from the biennium ending June 30, 2022, to the biennium beginning
37.22	July 1, 2022.
37.23	Sec. 31. [16A.0465] LIMITING GROWTH IN STATE EMPLOYMENT BASED
37.24	ON STATE POPULATION.
37.25	The percentage growth of the total number of full-time equivalent positions employed
37.26	by all executive branch state agencies from one fiscal year to the next must not exceed the
37.27	percentage growth of the state population during the same time frame, as projected by the
37.28	state demographer. "Executive branch state agencies" as used in this section has the meaning

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given for the same term in Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.011, subdivision 12a, and does

not include Minnesota State Colleges and Universities.

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38.1	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to
38.2	read:
38.3	Subd. 12. Audit of state's use of federal funds; annual appropriation. The
38.4	commissioner shall contract with a qualified auditor to conduct the annual audit required
38.5	by the United States Single Audit Act of 1984, Public Law 98-502, the Single Audit Act
38.6	Amendments of 1996, Public Law 104-156, and Title 2 United States Code of Federal
38.7	Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and
38.8	Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). There is annually appropriated
38.9	from the general fund to the commissioner an amount sufficient to pay the cost of the annual
38.10	audit. The cost of the audit shall be billed to the agencies audited during the subsequent
38.11	fiscal year. Amounts paid by state agencies shall be deposited to the general fund.
38.12	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16A.152, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
38.13	Subd. 2. Additional revenues; priority. (a) If on the basis of a forecast of general fund
38.14	revenues and expenditures, the commissioner of management and budget determines that
38.15	there will be a positive unrestricted budgetary general fund balance at the close of the
38.16	biennium, the commissioner of management and budget must allocate money to the following
38.17	accounts and purposes in priority order:
38.18	(1) the cash flow account established in subdivision 1 until that account reaches
38.19	\$350,000,000;
38.20	(2) the budget reserve account established in subdivision 1a until that account reaches
38.21	\$1,596,522,000;
• • • •	
38.22	(3) the amount necessary to increase the aid payment schedule for school district aids
38.23	and credits payments in section 127A.45 to not more than 90 percent rounded to the nearest
38.24	tenth of a percent without exceeding the amount available and with any remaining funds
38.25	deposited in the budget reserve;
38.26	(4) the amount necessary to restore all or a portion of the net aid reductions under section
38.27	127A.441 and to reduce the property tax revenue recognition shift under section 123B.75,
38.28	subdivision 5, by the same amount; and
38.29	(5) the clean water fund established in section 114D.50 until \$22,000,000 has been
38.30	transferred into the fund; and
38.31	(6) (5) the amount necessary to increase the Minnesota 21st century fund by not more
38.32	than the difference between \$5,000,000 and the sum of the amounts credited and canceled
38.33	to it in the previous 12 months under Laws 2020, chapter 71, article 1, section 11, until the

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sum of all transfers under this section and all amounts credited or canceled under Laws 2020, chapter 71, article 1, section 11, equals \$20,000,000.

- (b) The amounts necessary to meet the requirements of this section are appropriated from the general fund within two weeks after the forecast is released or, in the case of transfers under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), as necessary to meet the appropriations schedules otherwise established in statute.
- (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall certify the total dollar amount of the reductions under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), to the commissioner of education. The commissioner of education shall increase the aid payment percentage and reduce the property tax shift percentage by these amounts and apply those reductions to the current fiscal year and thereafter.
- 39.12 (d) Paragraph (a), clause (5), expires after the entire amount of the transfer has been made.
- 39.14 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16A.28, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Lapse.** Any portion of any appropriation not carried forward and remaining unexpended and unencumbered at the close of a fiscal year lapses to the fund from which it was originally appropriated. Except as provided in section 15.761, any appropriation amounts not carried forward and remaining unexpended and unencumbered at the close of a biennium lapse to the fund from which the appropriation was made.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 30, 2022.
- 39.21 Sec. 35. [16A.401] VIRTUAL PAYMENTS AUTHORIZED.
- Subdivision 1. Virtual payments. The commissioner may establish a program to issue virtual payments from the state treasury. Any rebate to the state generated by the program must be deposited in the general fund unless retained under subdivision 3.
- Subd. 2. Rebates. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, rebates attributable to expenditures in funds established in the state constitution or protected by federal law must be returned to the account from which the expenditure originated.
- Subd. 3. Rebates retained. The commissioner may retain a portion of rebates for the
 administration of this section. Money retained under this subdivision must be deposited in
 an account in the special revenue fund and is appropriated to the commissioner for the
 purposes of this section.

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Subdivision 1. Creation of fund. The commissioner of management and budget shall establish the stadium payoff fund in the state treasury.

- Subd. 2. Payoff supplement transfer. (a) If on the basis of a final closing balance for the general fund for a fiscal year the amount of the general reserve account under section 297E.021, subdivision 4, exceeds the greater of the stadium-related expenses under section 297E.021, subdivision 3, clause (1), or \$44,000,000, the commissioner shall certify a payoff supplement in the general reserve account. The payoff supplement is equal to the difference between the general reserve account at the final closing of a fiscal year and the greater of the stadium-related expenses, or \$44,000,000.
- 40.11 (b) By October 1 of each year, the commissioner shall transfer the payoff supplement
 40.12 computed under paragraph (a) to the stadium payoff fund.
 - Subd. 3. Use of fund. (a) After the date that the appropriation bonds under section 16A.695 become callable, the commissioner must use the amount in the fund to redeem or defease outstanding debt for the stadium appropriation bonds under section 16A.965, to the extent permitted by the bond contract. The money in the fund is appropriated only for this purpose. Notwithstanding sections 16A.66 and 16A.965, refunding bonds issued after redeeming outstanding debt for the stadium authorized under section 473J.03, subdivision 8, using funds from the stadium payoff fund may be issued without regard to whether the interest to be paid on the bonds is includable in gross income for federal tax purposes.
 - (b) After receiving the written approval of a majority of the senate members and a majority of the house members of the Legislative Advisory Commission, the commissioner may transfer balances in the stadium payoff fund to the general fund to offset a shortfall in revenue collected under section 297A.994.
- Subd. 4. Report. By October 15, 2021, and each year thereafter, the commissioner of 40.25 management and budget must analyze and report to the legislature about the use of the 40.26 money in the stadium payoff fund, and the amount of the actual and projected payoff balance 40.27 transfers from the general reserve account. The report should also analyze when the money 40.28 in the stadium payoff fund will be used to redeem or defease the outstanding debt on the 40.29 stadium appropriation bonds under section 16A.965. The report must be provided to the 40.30 chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives Committee on Ways 40.31 and Means and Taxes Committee, and the chairs and ranking minority members of the 40.32 senate Finance Committee and Taxes Committee. 40.33
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16B.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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Subdivision 1. Operation and maintenance of buildings. The commissioner is authorized to maintain and operate the State Capitol building and grounds, subject to whatever standards and policies are set for its appearance and cleanliness by the Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board and the commissioner under section 15B.15, subdivision 2, and all other buildings, cafeterias, and grounds in state-owned buildings in the Capitol Area under section 15B.02, the state Department of Public Safety, Bureau of Criminal Apprehension building in St. Paul, the state Department of Health building in Minneapolis, 321 Grove Street buildings 603 Pine Street building in St. Paul, Fleet and Surplus Services building in Arden Hills, Ely Revenue building, any other properties acquired by the Department of Administration, and, when the commissioner considers it advisable and practicable, any other building or premises owned or rented by the state for the use of a state agency. The commissioner shall assign and reassign office space in the Capitol and state buildings to make an equitable division of available space among agencies. The commissioner shall regularly update the long-range strategic plan for locating agencies and shall follow the plan in assigning and reassigning space to agencies. The plan must include locational and urban design criteria, a cost-analysis method to be used in weighing state ownership against leasing of space in specific instances, and a transportation management plan. If the commissioner determines that a deviation from the plan is necessary or desirable in a specific instance, the commissioner shall provide the legislature with a timely written explanation of the reasons for the deviation. The power granted in this subdivision does not apply to state hospitals or to educational, penal, correctional, or other institutions not enumerated in this subdivision the control of which is vested by law in some other agency.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16B.24, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13. Electric vehicle charging. The commissioner shall require that a user of a charging station located on the State Capitol complex used to charge a private electric vehicle pay an electric service fee. The commissioner shall set the electric service fee rate to cover electricity costs for charging an electric vehicle, depreciation for the charging station, and the administrative costs associated with providing electric charging stations.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16B.281, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Notice to agencies; determination of surplus.** The commissioner of administration shall send written notice to all state departments, agencies, and the University

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of Minnesota describing any lands or tracts that may be declared surplus. For any property designated as a historic place under section 138.664 or a historic site under section 138.662, the commissioner must send written notice to the State Historic Preservation Office describing any lands or tracts that may be declared surplus. If a department or agency or the University of Minnesota desires custody of the lands or tracts, it shall submit a written request to the commissioner, no later than four calendar weeks after mailing of the notice, setting forth in detail its reasons for desiring to acquire and its intended use of the land or tract. The commissioner shall then determine whether any of the lands described should be declared surplus and offered for sale or otherwise disposed of by transferring custodial control to other requesting state departments or agencies or to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for educational purposes, provided however that transfer to the Board of Regents shall not be determinative of tax exemption or immunity. If the commissioner determines that any of the lands are no longer needed for state purposes, the commissioner shall make findings of fact, describe the lands, declare the lands to be surplus state land, and state the reasons for the sale or disposition of the lands.

- Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16B.281, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. Maintenance of land before sale. The state department or agency holding 42.17 custodial control shall maintain the state-owned lands until the lands are sold or otherwise 42.18 42.19 disposed of as provided for in sections 16B.281 to 16B.287. State-owned land designated as a historic place under section 138.664 or a historic site under section 138.662 must not 42.20 be disposed of without specific authorization in law. 42.21
- Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16B.2975, is amended by adding a subdivision 42.22 to read: 42.23
- 42.24 Subd. 8. Canine management. The commissioner may give and convey to a canine's handler the state's entirety of the right, title, interest, and estate in and to a canine who is 42.25 retired from service, with whom the handler trained and worked while the canine was in 42.26 service to the state. The handler is solely responsible for all future expenses related to the 42.27 retired canine. 42.28
- Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16B.48, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 42.29
- Subd. 2. **Purpose of funds.** Money in the state treasury credited to the general services 42.30 revolving fund and money that is deposited in the fund is appropriated annually to the 42.31 commissioner for the following purposes: 42.32

	SF1831	REVISOR	SGS	S1831-2	2nd Engrossment		
43.1	(1) to ope	erate the central mailir	ng service, incl	uding purchasing pos	tage and related items		
43.2	and refunding postage deposits;						
43.3	(2) to op	erate a documents ser	vice as prescr	ibed by section 16B.5	1;		
43.4	(3) to pro	ovide services for the	maintenance,	operation, and upkeep	of buildings and		
43.5	grounds mai	naged by the commiss	sioner of admi	nistration;			
43.6	(4) to op	erate a materials hand	lling service, i	ncluding interagency	mail and product		
43.7	delivery, sol	id waste removal, cou	rier service, c	quipment rental, and v	ehiele and equipment		
43.8	maintenance	2. ,					
43.9	$\frac{(5)}{(4)}$ to	provide analytical, sta	atistical, and o	rganizational develop	ment services to state		
43.10	agencies, loc	cal units of governmen	t, metropolitar	n and regional agencies	s, and school districts;		
43.11	and						
43.12	(6) (5) to	perform services for a	ny other agend	cy. Money may be expe	ended for this purpose		
43.13	only when d	lirected by the govern	or. The agency	y receiving the service	es shall reimburse the		
43.14	fund for their	r cost, and the commiss	sioner shall ma	ke the appropriate tran	sfers when requested.		
43.15	The term "se	ervices" as used in this	clause means	compensation paid of	fficers and employees		
43.16	of the state g	of the state government; supplies, materials, equipment, and other articles and things used					
43.17	by or furnish	hed to an agency; and	utility service	es and other services f	or the maintenance,		
43.18	operation, an	nd upkeep of building	s and offices	of the state governmen	nt ; and .		
43.19	(7) to op	erate a state recycling	center.				
43.20	Sec. 43. M	linnesota Statutes 202	0, section 16E	3.54, subdivision 1, is	amended to read:		
43.21	Subdivis	ion 1. Motor pools. 7	The commission	oner shall manage a co	entral motor pool of		
43.22	passenger m	otor vehicles and truc	ks used by sta	te agencies with princ	ipal offices in the city		
43.23	of St. Paul a	nd may provide for br	ranch central r	notor pools at other pl	laces within the state.		
43.24	For purpose	s of this section, (1) "	agencies" incl	udes the Minnesota S	tate Colleges and		
43.25	Universities,	, and (2) <u>"passenger mo</u>	otor vehicle" m	eans on-road vehicle c	apable of transporting		
43.26	people, and	(3) "truck" means a p	ickup or panel	truck up to one ton c	arrying capacity.		
43.27	Sec. 44. M	Iinnesota Statutes 202	0, section 16E	3.54, subdivision 2, is	amended to read:		
43.28	Subd. 2.	Vehicles. (a) The con	nmissioner ma	y direct an agency to	make a transfer of a		
43.29	passenger m	otor vehicle or truck	currently assig	gned to it. The transfer	must be made to the		
43.30	commission	er for use in the central	l motor pool. T	he commissioner shall	l reimburse an agency		
43.31	whose moto	r vehicles have been j	paid for with f	unds dedicated by the	constitution for a		

special purpose and which are assigned to the central motor pool. The amount of

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reimbursement for a motor vehicle is its average wholesale price as determined from the midwest edition of the National Automobile Dealers Association official used car guide.

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- (b) To the extent that funds are available for the purpose, the commissioner may purchase or otherwise acquire additional passenger motor vehicles and trucks necessary for the central motor pool. The title to all motor vehicles assigned to or purchased or acquired for the central motor pool is in the name of the Department of Administration.
- (c) On the request of an agency, the commissioner may transfer to the central motor pool any passenger motor vehicle or truck for the purpose of disposing of it. The department or agency transferring the vehicle or truck must be paid for it from the motor pool revolving account established by this section in an amount equal to two-thirds of the average wholesale price of the vehicle or truck as determined from the midwest edition of the National Automobile Dealers Association official used car guide.
- (d) The commissioner shall provide for the uniform marking of all motor vehicles. Motor vehicle colors must be selected from the regular color chart provided by the manufacturer each year. The commissioner may further provide for the use of motor vehicles without marking by:
- (1) the governor; 44.17
- (2) the lieutenant governor; 44.18
- (3) the Division of Criminal Apprehension, the Division of Alcohol and Gambling 44.19 Enforcement, and arson investigators of the Division of Fire Marshal in the Department of 44.20 Public Safety; 44.21
- (4) the Financial Institutions Division and investigative staff of the Department of 44.22 44.23 Commerce;
- (5) the Division of Disease Prevention and Control of the Department of Health; 44.24
- (6) the State Lottery; 44.25
- (7) criminal investigators of the Department of Revenue; 44.26
- (8) state-owned community service facilities in the Department of Human Services; 44.27
- (9) the Office of the Attorney General; and 44.28
- (10) the investigative staff of the Gambling Control Board-; and 44.29
- (11) the Department of Corrections inmate community work crew program under section 44.30 352.91, subdivision 3g. 44.31

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Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.01, is amended to read:

16E.01 OFFICE OF MN.IT	<u>MINNESOTA D</u>	DEPARTMENT OF	F INFORMATION
TECHNOLOGY SERVICES.			

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- Department of Information Technology Services, which may also be known as Minnesota Information Technology Services or Minnesota IT Services, referred to in this chapter as the "office," "department," is an agency in the executive branch headed by a commissioner, who also is the state chief information officer. The appointment of the commissioner is subject to the advice and consent of the senate under section 15.066.
- Subd. 1a. **Responsibilities.** The <u>office department</u> shall provide oversight, leadership, and direction for information and telecommunications technology policy and the management, delivery, accessibility, and security of <u>executive branch</u> information and telecommunications technology systems and services in Minnesota. The <u>office department</u> shall manage strategic investments in information and telecommunications technology systems and services to encourage the development of a technically literate society, to ensure sufficient access to and efficient delivery of accessible government services, and to maximize benefits for the state government as an enterprise.

Subd. 2. **Discretionary powers.** The office department may:

- (1) enter into contracts for goods or services with public or private organizations and charge fees for services it provides;
 - (2) apply for, receive, and expend money from public agencies;
- 45.22 (3) apply for, accept, and disburse grants and other aids from the federal government 45.23 and other public or private sources;
 - (4) enter into contracts with agencies of the federal government, local governmental units, the University of Minnesota and other educational institutions, and private persons and other nongovernmental organizations as necessary to perform its statutory duties;
 - (5) sponsor and conduct conferences and studies, collect and disseminate information, and issue reports relating to information and communications technology issues;
 - (6) review the technology infrastructure of regions of the state and cooperate with and make recommendations to the governor, legislature, state agencies, local governments, local technology development agencies, the federal government, private businesses, and individuals for the realization of information and communications technology infrastructure development potential;

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46.1	(7) spons	or, support, and facilit	ate innovative a	nd collaborative econ	omic and community
46.2	development	t and government ser	vices projects, i	ncluding technology	initiatives related to
46.3	culture and t	the arts, with public a	nd private organ	nizations; and	
46.4	(8) review	w and recommend alt	ernative sourcir	ng strategies for state	information and
46.5	communicat	ions systems.			
46.6	Subd. 3.	Duties. (a) The office	e department sh	all:	
46.7	(1) mana	ge the efficient and e	ffective use of a	vailable federal, stat	e, local, and
46.8	public-privat	e resources to develop	statewide inform	nation and telecomm	unications technology
46.9	systems and	services and its infra	structure;		
46.10	(2) appro	ove state agency and i	ntergovernment	tal information and to	elecommunications
46.11	technology s	systems and services	development eft	forts involving state	or intergovernmental
46.12	funding, incl	uding federal funding	g, provide inforn	nation to the legislatu	re regarding projects
46.13	reviewed, an	nd recommend project	ts for inclusion	in the governor's buc	lget under section
46.14	16A.11;				
46.15	(3) ensur	e promote cooperation	on and collabora	tion among state and	l local governments
46.16	in developin	g intergovernmental	information and	telecommunications	s technology systems
46.17	and services	, and define the struct	ture and respons	sibilities of a represe	ntative governance
46.18	structure;				
46.19	(4) coope	erate and collaborate w	ith the legislativ	e and judicial branch	es in the development
46.20	of information	on and communication	ons systems in th	nose branches, as req	uested;
46.21	(5) contin	nue the development	of North Star, th	ne state's official con	nprehensive online
46.22	service and i	information initiative	;		
46.23	(6) prom	ote and collaborate w	rith the state's ag	gencies in the state's	transition to an
46.24	effectively c	ompetitive telecomm	unications mark	xet;	
46.25	(7) collal	orate with entities ca	arrying out educ	ation and lifelong le	arning initiatives to
46.26	assist Minne	sotans in developing t	echnical literacy	and obtaining acces	s to ongoing learning
46.27	resources;				
46.28	(8) <u>(6)</u> pr	comote and coordinate	e public informa	ation access and netv	vork initiatives,
46.29	consistent w	ith chapter 13, to con	nect Minnesota'	s citizens and comm	unities to each other,
46.30	to their gove	ernments, and to the w	vorld;		

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(9) promote and coordinate electronic commerce initiatives to ensure that Minnesota

businesses and citizens can successfully compete in the global economy;

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(10) (7) manage and promote the regular and periodic reinvestment in the information and telecommunications technology systems and services infrastructure so that state and local government agencies can effectively and efficiently serve their customers;

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- (11) (8) facilitate the cooperative development of and ensure compliance with standards and policies for information and telecommunications technology systems and services, electronic data practices and privacy, and electronic commerce among international, national, state, and local public and private organizations within the executive branch;
- (12) (9) eliminate unnecessary duplication of existing information and telecommunications technology systems and services provided by state agencies;
- (13) (10) identify, sponsor, develop, and execute shared information and 47.10 telecommunications technology projects and ongoing operations; 47.11
- (14) (11) ensure overall security of the state's information and technology systems and 47.12 services; and 47.13
 - (15) (12) manage and direct compliance with accessibility standards for informational technology, including hardware, software, websites, online forms, and online surveys.
 - (b) The chief information officer, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, must determine when it is cost-effective for agencies to develop and use shared information and telecommunications technology systems and services for the delivery of electronic government services. The chief information officer may require agencies to use shared information and telecommunications technology systems and services. The chief information officer shall establish reimbursement rates in cooperation with the commissioner of management and budget to be billed to agencies and other governmental entities sufficient to cover the actual development, operating, maintenance, and administrative costs of the shared systems. The methodology for billing may include the use of interagency agreements, or other means as allowed by law.
 - (c) A state agency that has an information and telecommunications technology project with a total expected project cost of more than \$1,000,000, whether funded as part of the biennial budget or by any other means, shall register with the office department by submitting basic project startup documentation, as specified by the chief information officer in both format and content, before any project funding is requested or committed and before the project commences. State agency project leaders must demonstrate that the project will be properly managed, provide updates to the project documentation as changes are proposed, and regularly report on the current status of the project on a schedule agreed to with the

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chief information officer. The chief information officer has the authority to define a project for the purposes of this chapter.

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- (d) The chief information officer shall monitor progress on any active information and telecommunications technology project with a total expected project cost of more than \$5,000,000 and report on the performance of the project in comparison with the plans for the project in terms of time, scope, and budget. The chief information officer may conduct an independent project audit of the project. The audit analysis and evaluation of the projects subject to paragraph (c) must be presented to agency executive sponsors, the project governance bodies, and the chief information officer. All reports and responses must become part of the project record.
- (e) For any active information and telecommunications technology project with a total expected project cost of more than \$10,000,000, the state agency must perform an annual independent audit that conforms to published project audit principles promulgated adopted by the office department.
- (f) The chief information officer shall report by January 15 of each year to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the office department regarding projects the office department has reviewed under paragraph (a), clause (13) (10). The report must include the reasons for the determinations made in the review of each project and a description of its current status.
- Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.016, is amended to read: 48.20

16E.016 RESPONSIBILITY FOR INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES 48.21 AND EQUIPMENT. 48.22

- (a) The chief information officer is responsible for providing or entering into managed services contracts for the provision, improvement, and development of the following information technology systems and services to state agencies:
- (1) state data centers; 48.26
- (2) mainframes including system software; 48.27
- (3) servers including system software; 48.28
- (4) desktops including system software; 48.29
- (5) laptop computers including system software; 48.30
- (6) a data network including system software; 48.31

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49.1	(7) database, electronic mail, office systems, reporting, and other standard software
49.2	tools;
49.3	(8) business application software and related technical support services;
49.4	(9) help desk for the components listed in clauses (1) to (8);
49.5	(10) maintenance, problem resolution, and break-fix for the components listed in clauses
49.6	(1) to (8);
49.7	(11) regular upgrades and replacement for the components listed in clauses (1) to (8);
49.8	and
49.9	(12) network-connected output devices.
49.10	(b) All state agency employees whose work primarily involves functions specified in
49.11	paragraph (a) are employees of the Office of MN.IT Services Minnesota Department of
49.12	<u>Information Technology Services</u> . This includes employees who directly perform the
49.13	functions in paragraph (a), as well as employees whose work primarily involves managing,
49.14	supervising, or providing administrative services or support services to employees who
49.15	directly perform these functions. The chief information officer may assign employees of
49.16	the office department to perform work exclusively for another state agency.
49.17	(c) Subject to sections 16C.08 and 16C.09, the chief information officer may allow a
49.18	state agency to obtain services specified in paragraph (a) through a contract with an outside
49.19	vendor when the chief information officer and the agency head agree that a contract would
49.20	provide best value, as defined in section 16C.02, under the service-level agreement. The
49.21	chief information officer must require that agency contracts with outside vendors ensure
49.22	that systems and services are compatible with standards established by the Office of MN.IT
49.23	Minnesota Department of Information Technology Services.
49.24	(d) The Minnesota State Retirement System, the Public Employees Retirement
49.25	Association, the Teachers Retirement Association, the State Board of Investment, the
49.26	Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board, the State Lottery, and the Statewide Radio

49.28 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.02, is amended to read:

Board are not state agencies for purposes of this section.

49.29 16E.02 OFFICE OF MN.IT MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION 49.30 TECHNOLOGY SERVICES; STRUCTURE AND PERSONNEL.

Subdivision 1. Office Department management and structure. (a) The chief information officer is appointed by the governor. The chief information officer serves in

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the unclassified service at the pleasure of the governor. The chief information officer must have experience leading enterprise-level information technology organizations. The chief information officer is the state's chief information officer and information and telecommunications technology advisor advisor to the governor.

- (b) The chief information officer may appoint other employees of the <u>office department</u>. The Staff of the <u>office department</u> must include individuals knowledgeable in information and telecommunications technology systems and services and individuals with specialized training in information security and accessibility.
- (c) The chief information officer may appoint a webmaster responsible for the supervision and development of state websites under the control of the office. The webmaster, if appointed, shall ensure that these websites are maintained in an easily accessible format that is consistent throughout state government and are consistent with the accessibility standards developed under section 16E.03, subdivision 9. The webmaster, if appointed, shall provide assistance and guidance consistent with the requirements of this paragraph to other state agencies for the maintenance of other websites not under the direct control of the office.
- Subd. 1a. **Accountability.** The chief information officer reports to the governor. The chief information officer must consult regularly with the executive branch agency commissioners of administration, management and budget, human services, revenue, and other commissioners as designated by the governor, on technology projects, standards, and services as well as management of resources and staff utilization.
- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the meanings given them.
 - (b) "Information and telecommunications technology systems and services" means all computing and telecommunications hardware and software, the activities undertaken to secure that hardware and software, and the activities undertaken to acquire, transport, process, analyze, store, and disseminate information electronically. "Information and telecommunications technology systems and services" includes all proposed expenditures for computing and telecommunications hardware and software, security for that hardware and software, and related consulting or other professional services.
- 50.32 (c) "Information and telecommunications technology project" means an effort to acquire
 50.33 or produce information and telecommunications technology systems and services.

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51.1	(d) (c) "Telecommunications" means voice, video, and data electronic transmissions
51.2	transported by wire, wireless, fiber-optic, radio, or other available transport technology.
51.3	(e) (d) "Cyber security" means the protection of data and systems in networks connected
51.4	to the Internet.
51.5	(f) (a) Ctata a conserve and a conserve the average bounds of state accomment and
51.5	(f) (e) "State agency" means an agency in the executive branch of state government and
51.6	includes the Minnesota Office of Higher Education, but does not include the Minnesota
51.7	State Colleges and Universities unless specifically provided elsewhere in this chapter.
51.8	$\frac{g}{g}$ "Total expected project cost" includes direct staff costs, all supplemental contract
51.9	staff and vendor costs, and costs of hardware and software development or purchase.
51.10	Breaking a project into several phases does not affect the cost threshold, which must be
51.11	computed based on the full cost of all phases.
51.12	(h) (g) "Cloud computing" has the meaning described by the National Institute of
51.13	Standards and Technology of the United States Department of Commerce in special
51.14	publication 800-145, September 2011.
51.15	Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
51.16	Subd. 2. Chief information officer's responsibility. The chief information officer shall:
51.17	(1) design a master plan for information and telecommunications technology systems
51.18	and services in the state and its political subdivisions and shall report on the plan to the
51.19	governor and legislature at the beginning of each regular session;
51.20	(2) coordinate, review, and approve all information and telecommunications technology
51.21	projects and oversee the state's information and telecommunications technology systems
51.22	and services;
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51.23	(3) establish and enforce compliance with standards for information and
51.24	telecommunications technology systems and services that are cost-effective and support
51.25	open systems environments and that are compatible with state, national, and international
51.26	standards, including accessibility standards;
51.27	(4) maintain a library of systems and programs developed by the state and its political
51.28	subdivisions for use by agencies of government;
51.29	(5) direct and manage the shared operations of the state's information and
51.30	telecommunications technology systems and services; and

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necessary to protect data and systems in state agency networks connected to the Internet.

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Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 3. **Evaluation and approval.** A state agency may not undertake an information and telecommunications technology project until it has been evaluated according to the procedures developed under subdivision 4. The chief information officer or delegate shall give written approval of the proposed project. When notified by the chief information officer that a project has not been approved, the commissioner of management and budget shall cancel the unencumbered balance of any appropriation allotted for the project.
- Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 6. **System development methods.** The chief information officer shall establish and, as necessary, update and modify methods for developing information and communications systems appropriate to the specific needs of individual state agencies. The development methods shall be used to define the design, programming, and implementation of systems. The development methods must also enable and require a data processing system to be defined in terms of its computer programs, input requirements, output formats, administrative procedures, and processing frequencies.
- Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.036, is amended to read:

16E.036 ADVISORY COMMITTEE COUNCIL.

- (a) The Technology Advisory Committee Council is created to advise the governor, executive branch, and the state chief information officer. The committee consists of council shall consist of 15 voting members. The governor shall appoint six members appointed by the governor who are individuals actively involved in business planning for state executive branch agencies, one county member designated by the Association of Minnesota Counties, one member appointed by the governor as a representative of a union that represents state information technology employees, and one member appointed by the governor to represent private businesses. The governor shall also select six additional members with private-sector or public-sector IT experience or experience in academia pertaining to IT. The council shall have the following four ex officio nonvoting members:
 - (1) a member of the house of representatives selected by the speaker of the house;
- 52.29 (2) a member of the house of representatives selected by the minority leader of the house 52.30 of representatives;
- 52.31 (3) a member of the senate selected by the majority leader of the senate; and
- 52.32 (4) a member of the senate selected by the minority leader of the senate.

- (c) The committee shall select a chair from its members. The chief information officer
- (d) The committee council shall advise the chief information officer on: 53.6

shall provide administrative support to the committee council.

- 53.7 (1) development and implementation of the state information technology strategic plan;
- (2) critical information technology initiatives for the state; 53.8
- (3) standards for state information architecture; 53.9

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- (4) identification of business and technical needs of state agencies; 53.10
- (5) strategic information technology portfolio management, project prioritization, and 53.11 investment decisions; 53.12
- 53.13 (6) the office's department's performance measures and fees for service agreements with executive branch agencies; 53.14
- (7) management of the state MN.IT services revolving fund; and 53.15
- (8) the efficient and effective operation of the office department. 53.16
- Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 53.17
 - Subd. 3. Risk assessment and mitigation. (a) A risk assessment and risk mitigation plan are required for all information systems development projects undertaken by a state agency in the executive or judicial branch or by a constitutional officer. The chief information officer must contract with an entity outside of state government to conduct the initial assessment and prepare the mitigation plan for a project estimated to cost more than \$5,000,000. The outside entity conducting the risk assessment and preparing the mitigation plan must not have any other direct or indirect financial interest in the project. The risk assessment and risk mitigation plan must provide for periodic monitoring by the commissioner until the project is completed.
 - (b) The risk assessment and risk mitigation plan must be paid for with money appropriated for the information and telecommunications technology project. The chief information officer must notify the commissioner of management and budget when work has begun on a project and must identify the proposed budget for the project. The commissioner of management and budget shall ensure that no more than ten percent of the proposed budget

54.1	be spent on the project, other than the money spent on the risk assessment and risk mitigation
54.2	plan, is spent until the risk assessment and mitigation plan are reported to the chief
54.3	information officer and the chief information officer has approved the risk mitigation plan.
54.4	Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.0465, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
54.5	Subd. 2. Required review and approval. (a) A state agency receiving an appropriation
54.6	for an information and telecommunications technology project subject to this section must
54.7	divide the project into phases.
54.8	(b) The commissioner of management and budget may not authorize the An encumbrance
54.9	or expenditure of an appropriation of state funds to a state agency may not be made for any
54.10	phase of a state agency information and telecommunications technology project, device, or
54.11	system subject to this section unless the Office of MN.IT Minnesota Department of
54.12	<u>Information Technology</u> Services has reviewed each phase of the project , device, or system,
54.13	and based on this review, the chief information officer has determined for each phase that:
54.14	(1) the project is compatible with the state information architecture and other policies
54.15	and standards established by the chief information officer;
54.16	(2) the agency is able to accomplish the goals of the phase of the project with the funds
54.17	appropriated; and
54.18	(3) the project supports the enterprise information technology strategy.
54.19	Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
54.20	Subdivision 1. Duties. The office department, in consultation with interested persons,
54.21	shall÷
54.22	(1) coordinate statewide efforts by units of state and local government to plan for and
54.23	develop a system for providing access to government services; and
54.24	(2) explore ways and means to improve citizen and business access to public services,
54.25	including implementation of technological improvements.
54.26	Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.07, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
54.27	Subd. 12. Private entity services; fee authority. (a) The office department may enter
54.28	into a contract with a private entity to manage, maintain, support, and expand North Star
54.29	and online government information services to citizens and businesses.

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(b) A contract established under paragraph (a) may provide for compensation of the private entity through a fee established under paragraph (c).

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- (c) The office department, subject to the approval of the agency or office department responsible for the data or services involved in the transaction, may charge and may authorize a private entity that enters into a contract under paragraph (a) to charge a convenience fee for users of North Star and online government information services up to a total of \$2 per transaction, provided that no fee shall be charged for viewing or inspecting data. The office shall consider the recommendation of the E-Government Advisory Council under section 16E.071 in setting the convenience fee. A fee established under this paragraph is in addition to any fees or surcharges authorized under other law.
- (d) Receipts from the convenience fee shall be deposited in the North Star account established in subdivision 7. Notwithstanding section 16A.1285, subdivision 2, receipts credited to the account are appropriated to the office department for payment to the contracted private entity under paragraph (a). In lieu of depositing the receipts in the North Star account, the office department can directly transfer the receipts to the private entity or allow the private entity to retain the receipts pursuant to a contract established under this subdivision.
- (e) The office department shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over state government finance by January 15 of each odd-numbered year regarding the convenience fee receipts and the status of North Star projects and online government information services developed and supported by convenience fee receipts.
- Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16E.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 55.22
 - Subd. 2. Charges. (a) Upon agreement of the participating agency, the Office of MN.IT Minnesota Department of Information Technology Services may collect a charge or receive a fund transfer under section 16E.0466 for purchases of information and telecommunications technology systems and services by state agencies and other governmental entities through state contracts for purposes described in subdivision 1. Charges collected under this section must be credited to the information and telecommunications technology systems and services account.
 - (b) Notwithstanding section 16A.28, subdivision 3, any unexpended operating balance appropriated to a state agency may be transferred to the information and telecommunications technology systems and services account for the information technology cost of a specific project, subject to the review of the Legislative Advisory Commission under section 16E.21, subdivision 3.

in SEGIP through: 56.31

rounds of bidding.

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(g) "SEGIP" is the State Employees Group Insurance Program under section 43A.316,

Subd. 2. **Purpose.** The purpose of this section is to optimize prescription drug savings

provided to participants eligible under section 43A.24.

57.1	(1) contracting with a pharmacy benefit manager to manage and administer the
57.2	prescription drug benefit for SEGIP;
57.3	(2) the adoption of a reverse auction process for the selection of a pharmacy benefit
57.4	manager;
57.5	(3) providing a process for the electronic review and validation of pharmacy benefit
57.6	manager claims invoices for the purpose of reconciling pharmacy bills;
57.7	(4) market checks of the pharmacy benefit manager's prescription drug pricing; and
57.8	(5) limiting independent pharmacies from unsustainable reimbursement practices.
57.9	Subd. 3. Procurement of a pharmacy benefit manager. (a) Notwithstanding any law
57.10	to the contrary, the commissioner of management and budget shall procure a contract for
57.11	the services of a pharmacy benefit manager to administer the prescription drug benefit and
57.12	pharmacy benefit management services for SEGIP participants, effective January 1, 2023.
57.13	(b) The commissioner shall conduct a reverse auction as described in this section to
57.14	select the pharmacy benefit manager.
57.15	(c) In consultation with the technology platform vendor selected under subdivision 4
57.16	and any recommendations offered by the Formulary Committee under section 256B.0625,
57.17	subdivision 13c, the commissioner shall specify the terms of a participant bidding agreement
57.18	that all bidders must accept as a prerequisite for participation in the reverse auction process,
57.19	including:
57.20	(1) common definitions;
57.21	(2) prescription drug classifications;
57.22	(3) retail pricing rules, including maximum allowable cost price lists and dispensing
57.23	fees; and
57.24	(4) any other contract terms the commissioner deems necessary to further the purpose
57.25	of this section as specified under subdivision 2.
57.26	(d) A pharmacy benefit manager that submits a bid under this subdivision must provide
57.27	the commissioner access to complete pharmacy claims data necessary for the commissioner
57.28	to conduct the reverse auction and to carry out administrative and management duties.
57.29	(e) The terms of any contract entered into under this subdivision shall not be modified
57.30	by the pharmacy benefit manager except with the approval of the commissioner.

	SF1831	REVISOR	SGS	S1831-2	2nd Engrossment
58.1	(f) The	commissioner may str	ucture the contr	act awarded under th	is subdivision to pay
58.2		the technology platfor			
58.3		ubdivision by assessin		•	
58.4		nager to the technolog		-	
58.5	(g) The	commissioner must pe	rform annual ma	arket checks on pharn	nacy benefit manager
58.6	services pe	rformed by the pharm	acy benefit man	ager during the term	of the contract. A
58.7	market che	ck performed under th	is paragraph ma	ay include an evaluat	ion of the effect of
58.8	alternative	drug pricing metrics,	such as the nation	onal average drug acc	uisition cost and
58.9	average wh	olesale price, on the c	ost of prescripti	on drugs and savings	s to the state.
58.10	(h) The	commissioner shall m	ake regular, per	iodic payment of inv	oices within the time
58.11	periods spe	cified in the contract l	pased on the aut	omated adjudication	of invoiced claims
58.12	using the te	echnology platform to	validate that cla	ims payments compl	y with the terms of
58.13	the contrac	<u>t.</u>			
58.14	Subd. 4	. Technology platfor	m vendor. (a) N	otwithstanding section	on 16C.08, at least
58.15	three montl	ns before the reverse a	uction process i	s scheduled to be con	mpleted, the
58.16	commission	ner shall procure throu	igh a competitiv	e bidding process a c	contract with a
58.17	professiona	al services vendor for a	a technology pla	atform and any associ	iated professional
58.18	services ne	cessary to operate the	platform to:		
58.19	(1) eval	uate the qualifications	of prospective	pharmacy benefit ma	nager bidders for the
58.20	pharmacy b	penefit manager procu	rement;		
58.21	(2) auto	matically adjudicate p	rescription drug	g claims; and	
58.22	(3) colle	ect data on pharmacy	reimbursement.		
58.23	(b) The	platform procured und	der paragraph (a	a) must have the capa	bility to:
58.24	(1) host	and conduct an online	e automated rev	erse auction:	
58.25	(i) using	g a software application	n and high-perf	formance data infrastr	ructure to intake,
58.26	cleanse, and	d normalize pharmacy	benefit manage	er data; and	
58.27	(ii) with	development methods	and information	security standards that	at have been validated
58.28	by receivin	g Service Organizatio	n Control 2 (SO	C 2) and National In	stitute of Standards

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and Technology certification;

(2) automate repricing of diverse and complex pharmacy benefit manager prescription

drug pricing proposals to enable direct comparisons of the price of bids using all annual

59.1	claims data available for the medical assistance program using code-based classification or
59.2	prescription drugs from nationally accepted drug sources;
59.3	(3) simultaneously evaluate, within one hour, diverse and complex multiple proposals
59.4	from full-service pharmacy benefit managers, including average wholesale price (AWP),
59.5	guaranteed net cost, and National Average Drug Acquisition Cost (NADAC) pricing models,
59.6	as well as proposals from pharmacy benefit administrators and specialty drug and rebate
59.7	carve-out service providers;
59.8	(4) produce an automated report and analysis of bids, including ranking of bids on the
59.9	comparative costs and qualitative aspects of the costs within one hour after the close of each
59.10	round of reverse auction bidding; and
59.11	(5) after the close of the reverse auction process, perform an electronic, line-by-line,
59.12	claim-by-claim review of all invoiced pharmacy benefit manager claims within one hour
59.13	of receipt that allows for an online comparison of pharmacy benefit manager invoices, an
59.14	audit of other services provided by the pharmacy benefit manager services, and identifies
59.15	all deviations from the specific terms of the services contract resulting from the reverse
59.16	auction.
59.17	(c) The commissioner shall not award the platform technology vendor contract under
59.18	this subdivision to:
59.19	(1) a pharmacy benefit manager;
59.20	(2) a subsidiary or affiliate of a pharmacy benefit manager; or
59.21	(3) a vendor that is managed by a pharmacy benefit manager or receives, directly or
59.22	indirectly, remuneration from a pharmacy benefit manager for aggregating clients into a
59.23	contractual relationship with a pharmacy benefit manager.
59.24	(d) The vendor that is awarded the contract under this subdivision must not subcontract
59.25	any part of the reverse auction process or the review described under paragraph (b), clause
59.26	<u>(5).</u>
59.27	Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.057, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
59.28	Subdivision 1. Compliance with federal law. The commissioner shall take any action
59.29	necessary to comply with the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, United States Code,
59.30	title 16, sections 669 to 669i, and the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, United States
59.31	Code, title 16, sections 777 to 777k. Notwithstanding section 16E.145 or any other law to
59.32	the contrary, an appropriation for an information or telecommunications technology project

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from the game and fish fund, as established in section 97A.055, must be made to the commissioner. Any assets acquired with or expenditures made from the game and fish fund must remain under control of the commissioner.

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Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.081, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Department of Administration as agency to accept federal funds. The Department of Administration is hereby designated the state agency with power to accept any and all money provided for or made available to this state by the United States of America or any department or agency thereof for surveys, restoration, construction, equipping, or other purposes relating to the State Historic sites Preservation Program in accordance with the provisions of federal law and any rules or regulations promulgated thereunder and are further authorized to do any and all things required of this state by such federal law and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder in order to obtain such federal money.

- Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.081, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Commissioner's responsibilities. The commissioner as the state historic preservation officer shall be responsible for the preparation, implementation and administration of the State Historic Preservation Plan and shall administer the State Historic Preservation Program authorized by the National Historic Preservation Act (United States Code, title 16 54, section 470 300101 et seq. as amended). The commissioner shall review and approve in writing all grants-in-aid for architectural, archaeological and historic preservation made by state agencies and funded by the state or a combination of state and federal funds in accordance with the State Historic Preservation Program.
- Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.081, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 60.23
- Subd. 3. Administration of federal act. The Department of Administration is designated 60.24 as the state agency to administer the provisions of the federal act providing for the 60.25 preservation of historical and archaeological data, United States Code, title 16, sections 469 60.26 to 469C 54, section 312501, as amended, insofar as the provisions of the act provide for 60.27 implementation by the state. 60.28

Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.31, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 13a. State Historic Preservation Office. "State Historic Preservation Office" means the State Historic Preservation Office at the Department of Administration.
- Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.34, is amended to read:

138.34 ADMINISTRATION OF THE ACT.

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- The state archaeologist shall act as the agent of the state to administer and enforce the provisions of sections 138.31 to 138.42. Some enforcement provisions are shared with the society and the State Historic Preservation Office.
- Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.38, is amended to read:

138.38 REPORTS OF STATE ARCHAEOLOGIST.

- The state archaeologist shall consult with and keep the Indian Affairs Council and, the director of the historical society, and the State Historic Preservation Office informed as to significant field archaeology, projected or in progress, and as to significant discoveries made. Annually, and also upon leaving office, the state archaeologist shall file with the commissioner a full report of the office's activities including a summary of the activities of licensees, from the date of the last full report of the state archaeologist. Copies of the report must be sent upon completion to the Minnesota Historical Society and, the Indian Affairs Council, and the State Historic Preservation Office, and made available to other interested parties.
- Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.40, is amended to read:

138.40 COOPERATION OF STATE AGENCIES; DEVELOPMENT PLANS.

- Subdivision 1. **Cooperation.** The Department of Natural Resources, the Department of Transportation, and all other state agencies whose activities may be affected, shall cooperate with the historical society, the State Historic Preservation Office, and the state archaeologist to carry out the provisions of sections 138.31 to 138.42 and the rules issued thereunder, but sections 138.31 to 138.42 are not meant to burden persons who wish to use state property for recreational and other lawful purposes or to unnecessarily restrict the use of state property.
- Subd. 2. Compliance, enforcement, preservation. State and other governmental agencies
- shall comply with and aid in the enforcement of provisions of sections 138.31 to 138.42.
- 61.31 Conservation officers and other enforcement officers of the Department of Natural Resources

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shall enforce the provisions of sections 138.31 to 138.42 and report violations to the director of the society state archeologist. When archaeological or historic sites are known or, based on scientific investigations are predicted to exist on public lands or waters, the agency or department controlling said lands or waters shall use the professional services of archaeologists from the University of Minnesota, Minnesota Historical Society, or other qualified professional archaeologists, to preserve these sites. In the event that archaeological excavation is required to protect or preserve these sites, state and other governmental agencies may use their funds for such activities.

Subd. 3. Review of plans. When significant archaeological or historic sites are known or, based on scientific investigations, are predicted to exist on public lands or waters, the agency or department controlling said lands or waters shall submit construction or development plans to the state archaeologist and the director of the society State Historic Preservation Office for review prior to the time bids are advertised. The state archaeologist and the society State Historic Preservation Office shall promptly review such plans and within 30 days of receiving the plans shall make recommendations for the preservation of archaeological or historic sites which may be endangered by construction or development activities. When archaeological or historic sites are related to Indian history or religion, the state archaeologist shall submit the plans to the Indian Affairs Council for the council's review and recommend action.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.661, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Authority for property owned by the Historical Society. The Minnesota Historical Society shall exercise the administration and control of the sites in section 138.662 other than the Minnesota State Capitol that are owned by the Minnesota Historical Society, preserve their historic features, conduct archaeological investigations, establish necessary interpretive centers, and perform additional duties and services at the sites necessary to meet their educational mission. Ownership of the properties is either by the state or the Minnesota Historical Society. The Minnesota Historical Society may contract with existing state departments and agencies for materials and services, including utility services, necessary for the administration and maintenance of the sites listed in section 138.662 that are owned by the Minnesota Historical Society. The authority of the commissioner of natural resources to administer and control the historic sites enumerated in section 138.662 that are owned by the Minnesota Historical Society is withdrawn, and is conferred upon the Minnesota Historical Society. The commissioner of natural resources shall continue to administer and control the state parks enumerated in this section excepting the portions designated as historic

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sites, the administration and control of which is by this section vested in the Minnesota 63.1 Historical Society. 63.2

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.661, is amended by adding a subdivision 63.3 to read: 63.4

Subd. 2a. Authority for property owned by the state. The State Historic Preservation Office shall exercise the administration and control of the sites in section 138.662 that are owned by the state, preserve their historic features, conduct archaeological investigations, establish necessary interpretive centers, and perform additional duties and services at the sites necessary to meet their educational mission. The State Historic Preservation Office may contract with existing state departments and agencies for materials and services, including utility services, necessary for the administration and maintenance of the sites listed in section 138.662 that are owned by the state. The authority of the commissioner of natural resources to administer and control the historic sites enumerated in section 138.662 that are owned by the state is withdrawn, and is conferred upon the State Historic Preservation Office. The commissioner of natural resources shall continue to administer and control the state parks enumerated in this section excepting the portions designated as historic sites, the administration and control of which is by this section vested in the State Historic Preservation Office.

Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.665, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Mediation. The state, state departments, agencies, and political subdivisions, including the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota, have a responsibility to protect the physical features and historic character of properties designated in sections 138.662 and 138.664 or listed on the National Register of Historic Places created by Public Law 89-665. Before carrying out any undertaking that will affect designated or listed properties, or funding or licensing an undertaking by other parties, or conveying state-owned designated or listed property, the state department or agency shall consult with the State Historic Preservation Office pursuant to the society's State Historic Preservation Office's established procedures to determine appropriate treatments and to seek ways to avoid and mitigate any adverse effects on designated or listed properties. If the state department or agency and the State Historic Preservation Office agree in writing on a suitable course of action, the project may proceed. If the parties cannot agree, any one of the parties may request that the governor appoint and convene a mediation task force consisting of five members, two appointed by the governor, the chair of the State Review Board of the State Historic Preservation Office, the commissioner of administration or the commissioner's

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designee, and one member who is not an employee of the Minnesota Historical Society appointed by the director of the Minnesota Historical Society. The two appointees of the governor and the one of the director of the society shall be qualified by training or experience in one or more of the following disciplines: (1) history; (2) archaeology; and (3) architectural history. The mediation task force is not subject to the conditions of section 15.059. This subdivision does not apply to section 138.662, subdivision 24, and section 138.664, subdivisions 8 and 111.

Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.666, is amended to read:

138.666 COOPERATION.

The state, state departments and agencies, political subdivisions, and the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota shall cooperate with the Minnesota Historical Society and the State Historic Preservation Office in safeguarding state historic sites and in the preservation of historic and archaeological properties.

Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.667, is amended to read:

138.667 HISTORIC PROPERTIES; CHANGES.

Properties designated as historic properties by sections 138.661 to 138.664 may be changed from time to time, and the Minnesota Historical Society and the State Historic Preservation Office shall notify the legislature of the need for changes, and shall make recommendations to keep the state historic sites network and the state register of historic places current and complete. The significance of properties proposed for designation under section 138.663, subdivision 2, shall be documented under the documentation standards established by the Minnesota Historical Society. This State Historic Preservation Office. documentation shall include the opinion of the Minnesota Historical Society for the historic sites network under section 138.661, subdivision 3, and the State Historic Preservation Office for the state register of historic places under section 138.663, subdivision 2, as to whether the property meets the selection criteria.

Sec. 72. [138.6675] UNITED STATES AND MINNESOTA FLAGS.

At every historic site owned by the state, a United States flag and a Minnesota state flag must be displayed on a flag pole on the grounds of the site, or outside a building on the site on proper staffs. The State Historic Preservation Office must display the flags in a prominent place and in a manner consistent with the United States Flag Code.

2nd Engrossment

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024, except that the State Historic 65.1 Preservation Office must install flag poles and staffs and display flags as funding becomes 65.2 available for this purpose. 65.3 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.669, is amended to read: 65.4 138.669 CONTRACTS FOR HISTORIC SITE MANAGEMENT. 65.5 The Minnesota Historical Society State Historic Preservation Office may contract with 65.6 a county, municipality, or a county or local historical society for the management and 65.7 65.8 operation of sites in the state historic site network. Notwithstanding section 138.668, the contract may provide for the retention of admission fees received by the management unit 65.9 and for grants-in-aid to the management unit for use in the site's operation and maintenance. 65.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2021, and applies to contracts 65.11 executed on or after that date. 65.12 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 138.763, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 65.13 Subdivision 1. Membership. There is a St. Anthony Falls Heritage Board consisting of 65.14 22 members with the director of the Minnesota Historical Society as chair. The members 65.15 include the mayor; the chair of the Hennepin County Board of Commissioners or the chair's 65.16 designee; the president of the Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board or the president's 65.17 designee; the superintendent of the park board; two members each from the house of 65.18 representatives appointed by the speaker, the senate appointed by the Rules Committee, the 65.19 city council, the Hennepin County Board, and the park board; one member each from the 65.20 preservation commission, the State Historic Preservation Office, Hennepin County Historical 65.21 Society, and the society; one person appointed by the park board; and two persons appointed 65.22 by the chair of the board. 65.23 Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 155A.23, is amended by adding a subdivision 65.24 to read: 65.25 Subd. 2a. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health. 65.26 Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 155A.23, subdivision 16, is amended to read: 65.27 Subd. 16. School manager. A "school manager" is a cosmetologist who is a salon 65.28 manager and who has a school manager license. A school manager must maintain an active 65.29 salon manager's license. 65.30

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Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 155A.271, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 66.1

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Subd. 2. Continuing education providers. (a) Only a board-licensed school of cosmetology licensed under this chapter, a postsecondary institution as defined in section 136A.103, paragraph (a), or a board-recognized professional association organized under chapter 317A may be approved by the board commissioner to offer continuing education for credit under subdivision 1, paragraph (a). Continuing education under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), may be offered by a:

- (1) board-licensed school of cosmetology licensed under this chapter;
- (2) board-recognized professional association organized under chapter 317A; or 66.9
- (3) board-licensed salon licensed under this chapter. 66.10
- An approved school or professional association may offer web-based continuing education 66.11 instruction to achieve maximum involvement of licensees. Continuing education providers 66.12 are encouraged to offer classes available in foreign language formats. 66.13
 - (b) Board Commissioner approval of any continuing education provider is valid for one calendar year and is contingent upon submission and preapproval of the lesson plan or plans with learning objectives for the class to be offered and the payment of the application fee in section 155A.25, subdivision 1a, paragraph (d), clause (10). The board commissioner shall maintain a list of approved providers and courses on the board's Department of Health's website. The board commissioner may revoke authorization of a continuing education provider at any time for just cause and the board commissioner may demand return of documents required under subdivision 3.
- Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 179A.20, is amended by adding a subdivision 66.22 to read: 66.23
- Subd. 2b. Limited by appropriation. A public employer must not contract to pay more 66.24 to employees in compensation and benefits in a biennium than is permitted under the first 66.25spending plan submitted by July 31 in an odd-numbered year and approved by the 66.26 commissioner under section 16A.14, subdivisions 3 and 4. 66.27
- Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 214.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 66.28
- Subd. 3. Non-health-related licensing board. "Non-health-related licensing board" 66.29 means the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board established pursuant to 66.30 section 122A.07, the Board of Barber Examiners established pursuant to section 154.001, 66.31 the Board of Cosmetologist Examiners established pursuant to section 155A.20, the Board 66.32

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67.1	of Assessors established pursuant to section 270.41, the Board of Architecture, Engineering,
67.2	Land Surveying, Landscape Architecture, Geoscience, and Interior Design established
67.3	pursuant to section 326.04, the Private Detective and Protective Agent Licensing Board
67.4	established pursuant to section 326.33, the Board of Accountancy established pursuant to
67.5	section 326A.02, and the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board established pursuant
67.6	to section 626.841.
67.7	Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 240.01, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
67.8	Subd. 18. Racing meeting. "Racing meeting" is a series of days in which racing days
67.9	are not separated by more than five nonracing days unless approved in advance by the
67.10	commission.
67.11	Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 240.06, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
67.12	Subd. 7. License suspension and revocation. The commission:
67.13	(1) may revoke a class A license for (i) a violation of law, order, or rule which in the
67.14	commission's opinion adversely affects the integrity of horse racing in Minnesota, or for
67.15	an intentional false statement made in a license application, or (ii) a willful failure to pay
67.16	any money required to be paid by Laws 1983, chapter 214;
67.17	(2) may revoke a class A license for failure to perform material covenants or
67.18	representations made in a license application; and
67.19	(3) shall revoke a class A license if live racing has not been conducted on at least 50
67.20	racing days assigned by the commission during any period of 12 consecutive months, unless
67.21	the commission authorizes a shorter period because of circumstances beyond the licensee's
67.22	control pursuant to section 240.30, subdivision 5.
67.23	The commission may suspend a class A license for up to one year for a violation of law,
67.24	order, or rule which in the commission's opinion adversely affects the integrity of horse
67.25	racing in Minnesota, and may suspend a class A license indefinitely if it determines that
67.26	the licensee has as an officer, director, shareholder, or other person with a direct, indirect,
67.27	or beneficial interest a person who is in the commission's opinion inimical to the integrity
67.28	of horse racing in Minnesota or who cannot be certified under subdivision 1, clause (4).
67.29	A license revocation or suspension under this subdivision is a contested case under

Article 2 Sec. 81.

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sections 14.57 to 14.69 of the Administrative Procedure Act, and is in addition to criminal

penalties imposed for a violation of law or rule.

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Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 240.11, is amended to read: 68.1

240.11 LICENSES NONTRANSFERABLE.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a license issued under this chapter may not be transferred.

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- (b) A class A, class B, class C, or class D license to provide advance deposit wagering 68.5 may be transferred with prior approval by the commission. 68.6
- Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 240.131, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 68.7
 - Subd. 7. Payments to state. (a) A regulatory fee is imposed at the rate of two percent of all amounts wagered by Minnesota residents with an authorized advance deposit wagering provider. The fee shall be declared on a form prescribed by the commission. The ADW provider must pay the fee to the commission no more than 15 days after the end of the month in which the wager was made. Fees collected under this paragraph must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a racing and card-playing regulation account in the special revenue fund and are appropriated to the commission to offset the costs incurred by the commission as described in section 240.30, subdivision 9, or the costs associated with regulating horse racing and pari-mutuel wagering in Minnesota.
 - (b) A breeders fund fee is imposed in the amount of one-quarter of one percent of all amounts wagered by Minnesota residents with an authorized advance deposit wagering provider. The fee shall be declared on a form prescribed by the commission. The ADW provider must pay the fee to the commission no more than 15 days after the end of the month in which the wager was made. Fees collected under this paragraph must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a racing and card-playing regulation account in the special revenue fund and are appropriated to the commission to offset the cost of administering the breeders fund and promote horse breeding in Minnesota.
- Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 240.24, subdivision 2a, is amended to read: 68.25
- Subd. 2a. **Reimbursement.** Increased expenses related to the use of upgraded drug 68.26 testing technologies and procedures are deemed to be necessary costs within the meaning 68.27 of section 240.155 and the commission shall may be reimbursed for these expenses from 68.28 receipts from card playing activities regulated by the commission. 68.29

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Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 240.24, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. Fees. The commission shall establish by rule a fee or schedule of fees that may be used to recover the costs of medical testing of horses running at racetracks licensed by the commission. Fees charged for the testing of horses shall cover the cost of the medical testing laboratory. Fee receipts shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the racing reimbursement account.
- Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 240.30, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 69.7
 - Subd. 5. Limitation. (a) The commission shall not authorize a licensee to operate a card club if the licensee has not conducted at least 50 days of live racing at a class A facility within the past 12 months or during the preceding calendar year unless the commission authorizes a shorter period because of as a result of an epidemic, natural disaster, flood, war, or other circumstances beyond the licensee's control that made conducting 50 days of live racing untenable for either public or equine health, welfare, or safety.
- (b) Any authorization by the commission for a shorter period under paragraph (a), must 69.14 be approved in writing by the horsepersons' organization representing the majority of 69.15 69.16 horsepersons racing the breed racing the majority of races at the licensee's class A facility during the preceding 12 months. 69.17
- Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297E.021, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 69.18
- 69.19 Subd. 3. Available revenues. For purposes of this section, "available revenues" equals the amount determined under subdivision 2, plus up to \$20,000,000 each fiscal year from 69.20 the taxes imposed under section 290.06, subdivision 1: 69.21
- (1) reduced by the following amounts paid for the fiscal year under: 69.22
- (i) the appropriation to principal and interest on appropriation bonds under section 69.23 16A.965, subdivision 8; 69.24
- (ii) the appropriation from the general fund to make operating expense payments under 69.25 section 473J.13, subdivision 2, paragraph (b); 69.26
- (iii) the appropriation for contributions to the capital reserve fund under section 473J.13, 69.27 subdivision 4, paragraph (c); 69.28
- (iv) the appropriations under Laws 2012, chapter 299, article 4, for administration and 69.29 any successor appropriation; 69.30

- (v) the reduction in revenues resulting from the sales tax exemptions under section 70.1 297A.71, subdivision 43; 70.2
- (vi) reimbursements authorized by section 473J.15, subdivision 2, paragraph (d); 70.3
- (vii) the compulsive gambling appropriations under section 297E.02, subdivision 3, 70.4 70.5 paragraph (c), and any successor appropriation; and
- (viii) the appropriation for the city of St. Paul under section 16A.726, paragraph (c); and 70.6
- 70.7 (2) increased by the revenue deposited in the general fund under section 297A.994, subdivision 4, clauses (1) to (3), for the fiscal year. 70.8
- Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297E.021, is amended by adding a subdivision 70.9 70.10 to read:
- Subd. 3a. Revenue dedication. If the commissioner of management and budget 70.11 determines that the available revenues determined under subdivision 2 are insufficient, the 70.12 commissioner may add up to \$20,000,000 each fiscal year from the taxes imposed under 70.13 section 290.06, subdivision 1, to the available revenues under subdivision 3. The 70.14 70.15 commissioner must notify the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of 70.16 representatives Ways and Means Committee and the senate Finance Committee at least 15 days prior to increasing the available revenue under subdivision 3. 70.17
- Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297E.021, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 70.18
- Subd. 4. Appropriation; general reserve account. To the extent the commissioner 70.19 determines that revenues are available under subdivision subdivisions 3 and 3a for the fiscal 70.20 year, those amounts are appropriated from the general fund for deposit in a general reserve 70.21 account established by order of the commissioner of management and budget. Amounts in 70.22 this reserve are appropriated as necessary for application against any shortfall in the amounts 70.23 deposited to the general fund under section 297A.994 or, after consultation with the 70.24 Legislative Commission on Planning and Fiscal Policy, amounts in this reserve are 70.25 70.26 appropriated to the commissioner of management and budget for other uses related to the stadium authorized under section 473J.03, subdivision 8, that the commissioner deems 70.27 financially prudent including but not limited to reimbursements for capital and operating 70.28 costs relating to the stadium, refundings, and prepayment of debt. In no event, shall available 70.29 revenues be pledged, nor shall the appropriations of available revenues made by this section 70.30 constitute a pledge of available revenues as security for the prepayment of principal and 70.31 interest on the appropriation bonds under section 16A.965. 70.32

- Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 349.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Membership.** (a) The board consists of seven members, as follows: (1) five members appointed by the governor; (2) one member appointed by the commissioner of public safety; and (3) one member appointed by the attorney general.
- (b) All appointments under this subdivision are with the advice and consent of the senate.
- 71.6 (c) After expiration of the initial terms, Appointments are for four years. A member may
 71.7 continue holding office until a successor is appointed unless, prior to the expiration of the
 71.8 member's term, the appointing authority notifies the board that a member's appointment
 71.9 may not be extended.
- 71.10 (d) The board shall select one of its members to serve as chair. No more than three 71.11 members appointed by the governor under this subdivision may belong to the same political 71.12 party.
- 71.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 349A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 14. Second chance drawing. "Second chance drawing" means a drawing in which
 an eligible nonwinning lottery ticket is submitted to the lottery for entry into a drawing for
 a chance to win a prize.
- Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 349A.08, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Privacy.** (a) The phone number and street address of a winner of a lottery prize is private data on individuals under chapter 13.
- (b) Data on an individual, including name, physical and electronic address, and telephone number, that are given to the lottery for direct marketing purposes are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02. For purposes of this subdivision, "direct marketing" means marketing conducted by the lottery directly with the consumer.
- (c) The name of the winner of a lottery prize that includes a cash payment greater than \$10,000, and the name of a winner of a second chance drawing prize that includes a cash payment greater than \$10,000, are private data on individuals under chapter 13.
- (d) The name of the winner of a lottery prize that is classified under paragraph (c) may
 be made public if the winner provides written consent after the director has informed the
 winner of the director's intended use of the winner's name.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2021.

Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 353.27, subdivision 3c, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 3c. **Former MERF members; member and employer contributions.** (a) For the period July 1, 2019, through December 31, 2031, the member contributions for former
- 72.5 members of the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund and by the former Minneapolis
- 72.6 Employees Retirement Fund-covered employing units are governed by this subdivision.
- 72.7 (b) The member contribution for a public employee who was a member of the former
 72.8 Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund on June 29, 2010, is 9.75 percent of the salary of
- 72.9 the employee.

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- 72.10 (c) The employer regular contribution with respect to a public employee who was a
 72.11 member of the former Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund on June 29, 2010, is 9.75
- 72.12 percent of the salary of the employee.
- 72.13 (d) The annual employer supplemental contribution is the employing unit's share of \$21,000,000 \$31,000,000.
- (e) Each employing unit's share under paragraph (d) is the amount determined from an allocation between each employing unit in the portion equal to the unit's employer supplemental contribution paid or payable under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 353.50, during calendar year 2014.
 - (f) The employer supplemental contribution amount under paragraph (d) for calendar year 2019 must be invoiced by the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association by July 1, 2019. For subsequent calendar years, the employer supplemental contribution under paragraph (d) must be invoiced on January 31 of each year. The employer supplemental contribution is payable in two parts, with the first half payable on or before July 31 and with the second half payable on or before December 15. Late payments are payable with interest, compounded annually, at the applicable rate or rates specified in section 356.59, subdivision 3, per month for each month or portion of a month that has elapsed after the due date.
- 72.28 (g) The employer supplemental contribution under paragraph (d) terminates on December 72.29 31, 2031.

Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 353.505, is amended to read:

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353.505 STATE CONTRIBUTIONS; FORMER MERF DIVISION.

(a) On September 15, 2019, and annually thereafter, the state shall pay to the general employees retirement plan of the Public Employees Retirement Association, with respect to the former MERF division, \$16,000,000 \$6,000,000.

2nd Engrossment

- (b) State contributions under this section end on September 15, 2031.
- 73.7 (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall pay the contribution specified 73.8 in this section. The amount required is appropriated annually from the general fund to the 73.9 commissioner of management and budget.
- 73.10 Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.03, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2b. Counties. (a) For aids payable in 2018 and 2019, the total aid payable under 73.11 section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$103,795,000, of which \$3,000,000 shall be allocated 73.12 as required under Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 4, section 6. For aids payable in 2020, 73.13 the total aid payable under section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$116,795,000, of which 73.14 \$3,000,000 shall be allocated as required under Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 4, section 73.15 6. For aids payable in 2021 through 2024, the total aid payable under section 477A.0124, 73.16 subdivision 3, is \$118,795,000, of which \$3,000,000 shall be allocated as required under 73.17 Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 4, section 6. For aids payable in 2025 and thereafter, the 73.18 73.19 total aid payable under section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$115,795,000. Each calendar year, \$500,000 of this appropriation shall be retained by the commissioner of revenue to 73.20 make reimbursements to the commissioner of management and budget for payments made 73.21 under section 611.27. The reimbursements shall be to defray the additional costs associated 73.22 with court-ordered counsel under section 611.27. Any retained amounts not used for 73.23 reimbursement in a year shall be included in the next distribution of county need aid that 73.24 is certified to the county auditors for the purpose of property tax reduction for the next taxes 73.25 payable year. 73.26
- (b) For aids payable in 2018 and 2019, the total aid under section 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$130,873,444. For aids payable in 2020, the total aid under section 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$143,873,444. For aids payable in 2021 and thereafter, the total aid under section 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$145,873,444. The commissioner of revenue shall transfer to the commissioner of management and budget Legislative Budget Office \$207,000 annually for the cost of preparation of local impact notes as required by section 3.987, and other local government activities. The commissioner of revenue shall transfer to the

commissioner of education \$7,000 annually for the cost of preparation of local impact notes 74.1 for school districts as required by section 3.987. The commissioner of revenue shall deduct 74.2 the amounts transferred under this paragraph from the appropriation under this paragraph. 74.3 The amounts transferred are appropriated to the commissioner of management and budget 74.4 and the commissioner of education respectively. 74.5 Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 645.071, is amended to read: 74.6 645.071 STANDARD OF TIME. 74.7 74.8 Every mention of, or reference to, any hour or time in any law, during any period of the year, is to be construed with reference to and in accordance with the standard time or 74.9 advanced standard time provided by federal law. No department of the state government 74.10and no county, city or town shall employ, during any period of the year, any other time, or 74.11 adopt any ordinance or order providing for the use, during any period of the year, of any 74.12 other time than the federal standard time or advanced standard time. 74.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon the first commencement of advanced 74.14 standard time, also known as daylight saving time, following enactment of an amendment 74.15 to United States Code, title 15, section 260a, or another applicable law, which authorizes 74.16 74.17states to observe advanced standard time year-round. Sec. 97. FEDERAL FUNDS; SUSPENSION OF STATUTORY APPROPRIATION. 74.18 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 3.3005 and 4.07, or any other appropriation 74.19 of federal funds, any federal funds received by the state of Minnesota for COVID-19 between 74.20 March 1, 2021, and June 30, 2022, must not be spent except pursuant to a direct appropriation 74.21 by law. This section does not apply to appropriations of federal funds under Laws 2020, 74.22 Seventh Special Session chapter 2, article 7. 74.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and 74.24 applies to all federal funds received between March 1, 2021, and June 30, 2022. 74.25 Sec. 98. <u>VIOLATION OF EXECUTIVE ORDERS DURING A PEACETIME</u> 74.26 **EMERGENCY.** 74.27

Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, no board or agency, including agencies
that issue licenses, may impose additional penalties on a business for a violation of an
executive order issued in response to the spread of COVID-19, pursuant to Minnesota
Statutes, section 12.21 or 12.31, beyond the penalties imposed by the executive orders.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec	99	REDUCTION IN	APPROPRIATIONS	FOR	UNFILLED	POSITIONS.
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- 75.3 Subdivision 1. Reduction required. The general fund and nongeneral fund appropriations
- to an executive branch state agency for agency operations for the biennium ending June 30,
- 75.5 2023, are reduced by the amount for salary and benefits savings that results from any
- positions that have not been filled within 180 days of the initial posting of the position.
- "Agency" as used in this section has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section
- 75.8 16A.011, subdivision 12a, but does not include Minnesota State Colleges and Universities.
- This section applies only to positions that are posted in fiscal years 2021, 2022, and 2023.
- 75.10 Reductions made under this subdivision must be reflected as reductions in agency base
- budgets for fiscal years 2024 and 2025. This section does not apply to:
- 75.12 (1) any position within the Department of Public Safety;
- 75.13 (2) any position that requires law enforcement training; or
- 75.14 (3) any other public safety position.
- Subd. 2. **Reporting.** The commissioner of management and budget must report to the
- chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and the house of representatives finance
- committees regarding the amount of reductions in spending by each agency under this
- 75.18 section.

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75.19 Sec. 100. OBSOLETE RULES REPORT MUST DESCRIBE CURRENT GRANTS

75.20 **OF RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.**

- (a) As part of its obsolete rules report due December 1, 2021, each agency must list all
- current grants of rulemaking authority provided to the agency by law. The list must include
- a citation to the applicable law, a citation to any current rules adopted under the authority
- provided by that law, and describe, in the agency's view, whether the grant of authority
- complies with the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 14.05, subdivision 1, that permit
- adoption of rules only under a specific grant of rulemaking authority. A grant of rulemaking
- authority is presumed invalid for purposes of adopting future rules if the authority is not
- 75.28 cited in the report required by this section.
- (b) The requirements of this section are in addition to the ongoing requirements for the
- obsolete rules report provided by Minnesota Statutes, section 14.05, subdivision 5.

76.1	Sec. 101. FIRST APPOINTMENTS AND FIRST MEETING OF LEGISLATIVE
76.2	COMMISSION ON CYBERSECURITY.
76.3	Subdivision 1. First appointments. Appointing authorities must make initial
76.4	appointments to the Legislative Commission on Cybersecurity within 60 days after final
76.5	enactment. These members serve a term that expires on appointment of a successor after
76.6	the start of the next regular session of the legislature in 2023.
76.7	Subd. 2. First meeting. The majority leader of the senate shall designate one senate
76.8	member of the Legislative Commission on Cybersecurity under Minnesota Statutes, section
76.9	3.888, to convene the first meeting within 105 days after final enactment. The commission
76.10	must select a chair from among the senate members at the first meeting.
76.11	Subd. 3. Meetings in 2021. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 3.888,
76.12	subdivision 5, the commission must meet at least twice in 2021.
76.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
76.14	Sec. 102. DESIGNATION AND SALE OF SURPLUS STATE-OWNED REAL
76.15	PROPERTY; ST. PAUL.
76.16	(a) For purposes of this act, "L'Orient Street property" means the real property located
76.17	at 1415 L'Orient Street in the city of St. Paul that was acquired by the state using money
76.18	appropriated from the COVID-19 Minnesota fund in accordance with the Legislative
76.19	COVID-19 Response Commission, Action Order number 13, signed by the commissioner
76.20	of management and budget May 7, 2020.
76.21	(b) The commissioner of administration must designate the L'Orient Street property as
76.22	surplus and dispose of the property in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, sections 16B.281
76.23	to 16B.287.
76.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
76.25	Sec. 103. REQUIRING REPAIR AND RETURN OF COLUMBUS STATUE.
76.26	The commissioner of administration shall repair the statue of Christopher Columbus
76.27	and its pedestal that was illegally removed from its place on the Capitol grounds in the
76.28	summer of 2020. Notwithstanding any process in law for approving the installation of
76.29	memorials or artwork on the Capitol grounds, the commissioner must reinstall the statue in
76.30	its former location on the Capitol grounds on the same pedestal with the same signage as
76.31	before its removal.

	77.1	Sec.	104.	CONDITIONAL	REPEALER
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- The commissioner of management and budget shall report within 30 days that the bonds
- under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.965, have been redeemed or defeased to the revisor
- of statutes.

77.5 Sec. 105. TRANSFER FROM THE BOARD OF COSMETOLOGIST EXAMINERS

- 77.6 **TO COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH.**
- 77.7 Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, applies to the transfer of responsibilities from the
- 77.8 Board of Cosmetologist Examiners to the commissioner of health, except that the position
- of executive director of the Board of Cosmetologist Examiners is not transferred.
- 77.10 Sec. 106. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**
- Subdivision 1. **MN.IT.** The revisor of statutes shall change "Office of MN.IT Services"
- 77.12 to "Minnesota Department of Information Technology Services" wherever it appears in
- 77.13 <u>Minnesota Statutes.</u>
- Subd. 2. **Contested case procedures.** By January 15, 2022, the revisor of statutes shall
- present a bill to the legislature to make the conforming statutory changes to incorporate the
- 77.16 contested case procedures under section 16.
- Subd. 3. **Cosmetology.** The revisor of statutes shall change the terms "board" and
- 77.18 "executive secretary of the board" to "commissioner of health" or "commissioner" wherever
- those terms appear in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 155A, and in Minnesota Rules adopted
- by the Board of Cosmetologist Examiners.
- Subd. 4. **Enterprise fleet.** The revisor of statutes shall change "central motor pool" to
- 77.22 "enterprise fleet" wherever it appears in Minnesota Statutes.
- 77.23 Sec. 107. **REPEALER.**
- (a) Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.972, subdivisions 2c and 2d, are repealed.
- 77.25 (b) Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 16E.0466, subdivision 1; 16E.05, subdivision 3;
- 77.26 <u>16E.071</u>; and 16E.145, are repealed.
- (c) Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 155A.23, subdivision 2, is repealed.

78.1	ARTICLE 3
78.2	CAMPAIGN FINANCE
78.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.01, subdivision 26, is amended to read:
78.4	Subd. 26. Noncampaign disbursement. (a) "Noncampaign disbursement" means a
78.5	purchase or payment of money or anything of value made, or an advance of credit incurred,
78.6	or a donation in kind received, by a principal campaign committee for any of the following
78.7	purposes:
78.8	(1) payment for accounting and legal services;
78.9	(2) return of a contribution to the source;
78.10	(3) repayment of a loan made to the principal campaign committee by that committee;
78.11	(4) return of a public subsidy;
78.12	(5) payment for food, beverages, and necessary utensils and supplies, entertainment,
78.13	and facility rental for a fund-raising event;
78.14	(6) services for a constituent by a member of the legislature or a constitutional officer
78.15	in the executive branch as provided in section 10A.173, subdivision 1;
78.16	(7) payment for food and beverages consumed by a candidate or volunteers while they
78.17	are engaged in campaign activities;
78.18	(8) payment for food or a beverage consumed while attending a reception or meeting
78.19	directly related to legislative duties;
78.20	(9) payment of expenses incurred by elected or appointed leaders of a legislative caucus
78.21	in carrying out their leadership responsibilities;
78.22	(10) payment by a principal campaign committee of the candidate's expenses for serving
78.23	in public office, other than for personal uses;
78.24	(11) costs of child care for the candidate's children when campaigning;
78.25	(12) fees paid to attend a campaign school;
78.26	(13) costs of a postelection party during the election year when a candidate's name will
78.27	no longer appear on a ballot or the general election is concluded, whichever occurs first;
78.28	(14) interest on loans paid by a principal campaign committee on outstanding loans;
78.29	(15) filing fees;

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79.1	(16) post-general election holiday or seasonal cards, thank-you notes, or advertisements
79.2	in the news media mailed or published prior to the end of the election cycle;

- (17) the cost of campaign material purchased to replace defective campaign material, if the defective material is destroyed without being used;
- 79.5 (18) contributions to a party unit;
- 79.6 (19) payments for funeral gifts or memorials;
- 79.7 (20) the cost of a magnet less than six inches in diameter containing legislator contact information and distributed to constituents;
- 79.9 (21) costs associated with a candidate attending a political party state or national convention in this state;
- 79.11 (22) other purchases or payments specified in board rules or advisory opinions as being 79.12 for any purpose other than to influence the nomination or election of a candidate or to 79.13 promote or defeat a ballot question;
- 79.14 (23) costs paid to a third party for processing contributions made by a credit card, debit 79.15 card, or electronic check;
- 79.16 (24) a contribution to a fund established to support a candidate's participation in a recount of ballots affecting that candidate's election;
- 79.18 (25) costs paid by a candidate's principal campaign committee for a single reception 79.19 given in honor of the candidate's retirement from public office after the filing period for 79.20 affidavits of candidacy for that office has closed;
- 79.21 (26) a donation from a terminating principal campaign committee to the state general fund; and
- 79.23 (27) a donation from a terminating principal campaign committee to a county obligated to incur special election expenses due to that candidate's resignation from state office; and
- (28) during a period starting January 1 in the year following a general election and ending on December 31 of the year of general election, total payments of up to \$2,000 for security expenses for a candidate, including home security hardware, maintenance of home security hardware, identity theft monitoring services, and credit monitoring services.
- 79.29 (b) The board must determine whether an activity involves a noncampaign disbursement 79.30 within the meaning of this subdivision.

80.1	(c) A noncampaign disbursement is considered to be made in the year in which the
80.2	candidate made the purchase of goods or services or incurred an obligation to pay for goods
80.3	or services.
80.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
80.5	applies to payments made on or after January 1, 2021.
80.6	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.01, subdivision 35, is amended to read:
80.7	Subd. 35. Public official. "Public official" means any:
80.8	(1) member of the legislature;
80.9	(2) individual employed by the legislature as secretary of the senate, legislative auditor,
80.10	director of the Legislative Budget Office, chief clerk of the house of representatives, revisor
80.11	of statutes, or researcher, legislative analyst, fiscal analyst, or attorney in the Office of
80.12	Senate Counsel, Research and Fiscal Analysis, House Research, or the House Fiscal Analysis
80.13	Department;
80.14	(3) constitutional officer in the executive branch and the officer's chief administrative
80.15	deputy;
80.16	(4) solicitor general or deputy, assistant, or special assistant attorney general;
80.17	(5) commissioner, deputy commissioner, or assistant commissioner of any state
80.18	department or agency as listed in section 15.01 or 15.06, or the state chief information
80.19	officer;
80.20	(6) member, chief administrative officer, or deputy chief administrative officer of a state
80.21	board or commission that has either the power to adopt, amend, or repeal rules under chapter
80.22	14, or the power to adjudicate contested cases or appeals under chapter 14;
80.23	(7) individual employed in the executive branch who is authorized to adopt, amend, or
80.24	repeal rules under chapter 14 or adjudicate contested cases under chapter 14;
80.25	(8) executive director of the State Board of Investment;
80.26	(9) deputy of any official listed in clauses (7) and (8);
80.27	(10) judge of the Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals;
80.28	(11) administrative law judge or compensation judge in the State Office of Administrative
80.29	Hearings or unemployment law judge in the Department of Employment and Economic
80.30	Development;

(12) member, regional administrator, division director, general counsel, or operations 81.1 manager of the Metropolitan Council; 81.2 81.3 (13) member or chief administrator of a metropolitan agency; (14) director of the Division of Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement in the Department 81.4 81.5 of Public Safety; (15) member or executive director of the Higher Education Facilities Authority; 81.6 81.7 (16) member of the board of directors or president of Enterprise Minnesota, Inc.; (17) member of the board of directors or executive director of the Minnesota State High 81.8 81.9 School League; (18) member of the Minnesota Ballpark Authority established in section 473.755; 81.10 (19) citizen member of the Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources; 81.11 (20) manager of a watershed district, or member of a watershed management organization 81.12 as defined under section 103B.205, subdivision 13; 81.13 (21) supervisor of a soil and water conservation district; 81.14 (22) director of Explore Minnesota Tourism; 81.15 (23) citizen member of the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council established in section 81.16 97A.056; 81.17 (24) citizen member of the Clean Water Council established in section 114D.30; 81.18 (25) member or chief executive of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority established 81.19 in section 473J.07; 81.20 (26) district court judge, appeals court judge, or supreme court justice; 81.21 (27) county commissioner; 81.22 (28) member of the Greater Minnesota Regional Parks and Trails Commission; or 81.23 81.24 (29) member of the Destination Medical Center Corporation established in section 469.41 81.25 ÷; or (30) chancellor or member of the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges 81.26

Article 3 Sec. 2.

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- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Time for filing.** An individual must file a statement of economic interest with the board:
 - (1) within 60 days of accepting employment as a public official or a local official in a metropolitan governmental unit;
 - (2) within 60 days of assuming office as a district court judge, appeals court judge, supreme court justice, or county commissioner;
- (3) within 14 days after filing an affidavit of candidacy or petition to appear on the ballot for an elective state constitutional or legislative office or an elective local office in a metropolitan governmental unit other than county commissioner;
- (4) in the case of a public official requiring the advice and consent of the senate, within ladys after undertaking the duties of office; or
- (5) in the case of members of the Minnesota Racing Commission, the director of the Minnesota Racing Commission, chief of security, medical officer, inspector of pari-mutuels, and stewards employed or approved by the commission or persons who fulfill those duties under contract, within 60 days of accepting or assuming duties.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Notice to board.** The secretary of state or the appropriate county auditor, upon receiving an affidavit of candidacy or petition to appear on the ballot from an individual required by this section to file a statement of economic interest, and any official who nominates or employs a public or local official required by this section to file a statement of economic interest, must notify the board of the name of the individual required to file a statement and the date of the affidavit, petition, or nomination.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.09, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Form; general requirements.** (a) A statement of economic interest required by this section must be on a form prescribed by the board. The individual filing must provide the following information:
- 82.28 (1) name, address, occupation, and principal place of business;
- 82.29 (2) the name of each associated business and the nature of that association;
- (3) a listing of all real property within the state, excluding homestead property, in which the individual holds: (i) a fee simple interest, a mortgage, a contract for deed as buyer or

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seller, or an option to buy, whether direct or indirect, if the interest is valued in excess of \$2,500; or (ii) an option to buy, if the property has a fair market value of more than \$50,000;

- (4) a listing of all real property within the state in which a partnership of which the individual is a member holds: (i) a fee simple interest, a mortgage, a contract for deed as buyer or seller, or an option to buy, whether direct or indirect, if the individual's share of the partnership interest is valued in excess of \$2,500; or (ii) an option to buy, if the property has a fair market value of more than \$50,000. A listing under this clause or clause (3) must indicate the street address and the municipality or the section, township, range and approximate acreage, whichever applies, and the county in which the property is located;
- (5) a listing of any investments, ownership, or interests in property connected with pari-mutuel horse racing in the United States and Canada, including a racehorse, in which the individual directly or indirectly holds a partial or full interest or an immediate family member holds a partial or full interest;
- (6) a listing of the principal business or professional activity category of each business from which the individual receives more than \$250 in any month during the reporting period as an employee, if the individual has an ownership interest of 25 percent or more in the business;
- (7) a listing of each principal business or professional activity category from which the individual received compensation of more than \$2,500 in the past 12 months as an independent contractor; and
- (8) a listing of the full name of each security with a value of more than \$10,000 owned in part or in full by the individual, at any time during the reporting period.
- (b) The business or professional categories for purposes of paragraph (a), clauses (6) and (7), must be the general topic headings used by the federal Internal Revenue Service for purposes of reporting self-employment income on Schedule C. This paragraph does not require an individual to report any specific code number from that schedule. Any additional principal business or professional activity category may only be adopted if the category is enacted by law.
- (c) For the purpose of an original statement of economic interest, "compensation in any month" includes only compensation received in the calendar month immediately preceding the date of appointment as a public official or filing as a candidate.
- (d) (c) For the purpose of calculating the amount of compensation received from any single source in a single month, the amount shall include the total amount received from

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84.1	one month.
84.3	(e) (d) For the purpose of determining the value of an individual's interest in real property,
84.4	the value of the property is the market value shown on the property tax statement.
84.5	(f) For the purpose of an original statement of economic interest, the individual shall
84.6	disclose only those real properties owned on the date of appointment as a public official or
84.7	filing as a candidate.
84.8	(g) (e) For the purpose of this section, "date of appointment" means the effective date
84.9	of appointment to a position.
84.10	(h) (f) For the purpose of this section, "accepting employment as a public official" means
84.11	the effective date of the appointment to the position, as stated in the appointing authority's
84.12	notice to the board.
84.13	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to
84.14	read:
84.15	Subd. 5a. Original statement; reporting period. (a) An original statement of economic
84.16	interest required under subdivision 1, clause (1), must cover the calendar month before the
84.17	month in which the individual accepted employment as a public official or a local official
84.18	in a metropolitan governmental unit.
84.19	(b) An original statement of economic interest required under subdivision 1, clauses (2),
84.20	(4), and (5), must cover the calendar month before the month in which the individual assumed
84.21	or undertook the duties of office.
84.22	(c) An original statement of economic interest required under subdivision 1, clause (3),
84.23	must cover the calendar month before the month in which the candidate filed the affidavit
84.24	of candidacy.
84.25	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.09, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
84.26	Subd. 6. Annual statement. (a) Each individual who is required to file a statement of
84.27	economic interest must also file an annual statement by the last Monday in January of each
84.28	year that the individual remains in office. The annual statement must cover the period
84.29	through December 31 of the year prior to the year when the statement is due. The annual
84.30	statement must include the amount of each honorarium in excess of \$50 \$250 received since
84.31	the previous statement and the name and address of the source of the honorarium. The board

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must maintain each annual statement of economic interest submitted by an officeholder in
the same file with the statement submitted as a candidate.
(b) For the purpose of annual statements of economic interest to be filed, "compensation

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in any month" includes compensation and honoraria received in any month between the end of the period covered in the preceding statement of economic interest and the end of the current period.

- (e) (b) An individual must file the annual statement of economic interest required by this subdivision to cover the period for which the individual served as a public official even though at the time the statement was filed, the individual is no longer holding that office as a public official.
- (d) For the purpose of an annual statement of economic interest, the individual shall 85.11 85.12 disclose any real property owned at any time between the end of the period covered by the preceding statement of economic interest and through the last day of the month preceding 85.13 the current filing or the last day of employment, if the individual is no longer a public 85.14 official. 85.15
- 85.16 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 85.17
 - Subd. 2a. Alternate contact information; form. (a) A candidate; treasurer of a political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit; or chair of a political committee, principal campaign committee, or party unit may file a form with the board that includes alternate contact information. If a form is filed, the form must include the following information for the filer:
- (1) name; 85.23
- (2) political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit; and 85.24
- (3) alternate contact information. 85.25
- (b) The board must only use the alternate contact information to contact the filer for the 85.26 purposes of administering chapter 10A. Information collected pursuant to this subdivision 85.27 is private data on individuals. 85.28
- (c) For purposes of this subdivision, "alternate contact information" means an address, 85.29 phone number, or e-mail address that is different from the information provided on the form 85.30 85.31 required by subdivision 2.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2021.

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Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.20, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

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Subd. 13. Third-party reimbursement. An individual or association filing a report disclosing an expenditure or noncampaign disbursement that must be reported and itemized under subdivision 3, paragraph (g) (h) or (1) (m), that is a reimbursement to a third party must report the purpose of each expenditure or disbursement for which the third party is being reimbursed. In the alternative, the reporting individual or association may report individually each of the underlying expenditures being reimbursed. An expenditure or disbursement is a reimbursement to a third party if it is for goods or services that were not directly provided by the individual or association to whom the expenditure or disbursement is made. Third-party reimbursements include payments to credit card companies and reimbursement of individuals for expenses they have incurred.

- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.27, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13. Unregistered association limit; statement; penalty. (a) The treasurer of a political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit must not accept a contribution of more than \$200 from an association not registered under this chapter unless the contribution is accompanied by a written statement that meets the disclosure and reporting period requirements imposed by section 10A.20. The statement may be a written statement or a government website where the disclosure report for the unregistered association may be viewed. This statement must be certified as true and correct by an officer of the contributing association. The committee, fund, or party unit that accepts the contribution must include a copy of the written statement or website with the report that discloses the contribution to the board.
- (b) An unregistered association may provide the written statement required by this subdivision to no more than three committees, funds, or party units in a calendar year. Each statement must cover at least the 30 days immediately preceding and including the date on which the contribution was made. An unregistered association or an officer of it is subject to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$1,000, if the association or its officer:
 - (1) fails to provide a written statement as required by this subdivision; or
- (2) fails to register after giving the written statement required by this subdivision to more than three committees, funds, or party units in a calendar year.
- (c) The treasurer of a political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit who accepts a contribution in excess of \$200 from an unregistered association

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without the required written disclosure statement is subject to a civil penalty up to four times the amount in excess of \$200.

- (d) This subdivision does not apply:
- (1) when a national political party contributes money to its state committee; or
- (2) when a federal committee of a major or minor political party registered with the board gives an in-kind contribution to the federal committee's state central committee or a party organization within a house of the state legislature; or
- (2) (3) to purchases by candidates for federal office of tickets to events or space rental at events held by party units in this state (i) if the geographical area represented by the party unit includes any part of the geographical area of the office that the federal candidate is seeking and (ii) the purchase price is not more than that paid by other attendees or renters of similar spaces.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.275, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Exceptions.** Notwithstanding other provisions of this chapter, the following expenditures by a party unit, or two or more party units acting together, with at least one party unit being either: the state committee or the party organization within a congressional district, county, or legislative district, are not considered contributions to or expenditures on behalf of a candidate for the purposes of section 10A.25 or 10A.27 and must not be allocated to candidates under section 10A.20, subdivision 3, paragraph (g) (h):
- (1) expenditures on behalf of candidates of that party generally without referring to any of them specifically in a published, posted, or broadcast advertisement;
- (2) expenditures for the preparation, display, mailing, or other distribution of an official party sample ballot listing the names of three or more individuals whose names are to appear on the ballot;
- (3) expenditures for a telephone eonversation including call, voice mail, text message, multimedia message, internet chat message, or e-mail when the communication includes the names of three or more individuals whose names are to appear on the ballot;
- 87.28 (4) expenditures for a political party fund-raising effort on behalf of three or more candidates; or
- 87.30 (5) expenditures for party committee staff services that benefit three or more candidates.

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- Subd. 7. **Distribution of general account.** (a) As soon as the board has obtained the results of the primary election from the secretary of state, but no later than one week after certification of the primary results by the State Canvassing Board, the board must distribute the available money in the general account, as certified by the commissioner of revenue one week before the state primary and according to allocations set forth in subdivision 5, in equal amounts to all candidates of a major political party whose names are to appear on the ballot in the general election and who:
 - (1) have signed a spending limit agreement under section 10A.322;
 - (2) have filed the affidavit of contributions required by section 10A.323; and
 - (3) were opposed in either the primary election or the general election.
- (b) If one or more candidates for an office are not eligible for the public subsidy, and one or more candidates for the same office are eligible for the public subsidy, then the amount of public subsidy that would have otherwise been paid to the ineligible candidate or candidates must be equally distributed to the eligible candidate or candidates.
- (b) (c) The public subsidy under this subdivision may not be paid in an amount that would cause the sum of the public subsidy paid from the party account plus the public subsidy paid from the general account to exceed 50 percent of the expenditure limit for the candidate or 50 percent of the expenditure limit that would have applied to the candidate if the candidate had not been freed from expenditure limits under section 10A.25, subdivision 10. Money from the general account not paid to a candidate because of the 50 percent limit must be distributed equally among all other qualifying candidates for the same office until all have reached the 50 percent limit or the balance in the general account is exhausted.
 - Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.323, is amended to read:

10A.323 AFFIDAVIT OF CONTRIBUTIONS.

- (a) In addition to the requirements of section 10A.322, to be eligible to receive a public subsidy under section 10A.31 a candidate or the candidate's treasurer must:
- (1) between January 1 of the previous year and the cutoff date for transactions included in the report of receipts and expenditures due before the primary election, accumulate contributions from individuals eligible to vote in this state in at least the amount indicated for the office sought, counting only the first \$50 received from each contributor, excluding in-kind contributions:

89.1	(i) candidates for governor and lieutenant governor running together, \$35,000;
89.2	(ii) candidates for attorney general, \$15,000;
89.3	(iii) candidates for secretary of state and state auditor, separately, \$6,000;
89.4	(iv) candidates for the senate, \$3,000; and
89.5	(v) candidates for the house of representatives, \$1,500;
89.6	(2) file an affidavit with the board stating that the principal campaign committee has
89.7	complied with this paragraph. The affidavit must state the total amount of contributions that
89.8	have been received from individuals eligible to vote in this state, excluding:
89.9	(i) the portion of any contribution in excess of \$50;
89.10	(ii) any in-kind contribution; and
89.11	(iii) any contribution for which the name and address of the contributor is not known
89.12	and recorded; and
89.13	(3) submit the affidavit required by this section to the board in writing by the deadline
89.14	for reporting of receipts and expenditures before a primary under section 10A.20, subdivision
89.15	4 <u>2</u> .
89.16	(b) A candidate for a vacancy to be filled at a special election for which the filing period
89.17	does not coincide with the filing period for the general election must accumulate the
89.18	contributions specified in paragraph (a) and must submit the affidavit required by this section
89.19	to the board within five days after the close of the filing period for the special election for
89.20	which the candidate filed.
89.21	(c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), a candidate for a vacancy to be filled at a
89.22	special election called under section 204B.13, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), must accumulate
89.23	the contributions specified in paragraph (a) and must submit the affidavit required by this
89.24	section to the board within 12 calendar days after the general election.
89.25	(d) A candidate or the candidate's treasurer must be able to electronically file the affidavit
89.26	required under this section in the same manner as other reports required by this chapter.
89.27	The board must not require the candidate or candidate's treasurer to notarize the affidavit
89.28	of contribution.
89.29	Sec. 14. REPEALER.

Sec. 14. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 116O.03, subdivision 9; and 116O.04, subdivision 3, 89.30 are repealed. 89.31

90.1 ARTICLE 4

90.2 ELECTIONS

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Section 1. [5.385] USE OF PUBLIC FUNDS; BALLOT QUESTIONS.

Notwithstanding section 10A.52, paragraph (b), the secretary of state shall not spend, or cause to be spent, any public funds or use any other public resource with the purpose of promoting or defeating a ballot question at any time. The secretary of state shall not use the inherent prestige of the office in any manner that has the effect of promoting or defeating a ballot question. The secretary of state may spend public funds to provide impartial and balanced information on ballot questions that does not have the effect of promoting or defeating a ballot question. For purposes of this section, public funds means all general, special, permanent, trust, and other funds, regardless of source or purpose, held or administered by a government entity.

Sec. 2. [10A.52] USE OF PUBLIC FUNDS; BALLOT QUESTIONS.

- (a) No public official shall spend, or cause to be spent, any public funds or use any other public resource with the purpose of promoting or defeating a ballot question or in a manner that has the effect of promoting or defeating a ballot question.
- (b) This prohibition only applies after final enactment of a legislative act that places a ballot question on the ballot.
- (c) For purposes of this section, public funds means all general, special, permanent, trust, and other funds, regardless of source or purpose, held or administered by a government entity.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 201.061, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 1a. **Incomplete registration by mail.** If the county auditor determines that a voter who has submitted a voter registration application by mail has not previously voted in this state for a federal office and has also not presented a document authorized for election day registration in section 201.061, subdivision 3, to the county auditor, and the county auditor is unable to verify the voter's driver's license, state identification, or last four digits of the voter's Social Security number as provided by the voter on the voter registration application whether the voter is eligible to vote, then the county auditor must notify the voter that the registration is incomplete and to complete registration by using one of the following methods:

91.1	(1) presenting to the auditor submitting a completed voter registration application more
91.2	than 20 days before the election a document authorized for election day registration in
91.3	section 201.061, subdivision 3;
91.4	(2) registering in person before or on election day; or
91.5	(3) if voting by absentee ballot or by mail, following election day registration procedures
91.6	for absentee voters as described in section 203B.04, subdivision 4; or
91.7	(4) providing proof of residence by any of the methods authorized for election day
91.8	registration in section 201.061, subdivision 3.
91.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections
91.10	on or after that date.
91.11	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 201.061, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
91.12	Subd. 3. Election day registration. (a) An individual who is eligible to vote may register
91.13	on election day by appearing in person at the polling place for the precinct in which the
91.14	individual maintains residence, by and completing a voter registration application, making
91.15	an oath in the form prescribed by the secretary of state and providing proof of residence.
91.16	An individual may prove residence for purposes of registering by:
91.17	(1) presenting a driver's license or Minnesota identification card issued pursuant to
91.18	section 171.07;
91.19	(2) presenting any document approved by the secretary of state as proper identification;
91.20	(3) presenting one of the following:
91.21	(i) a current valid student identification card from a postsecondary educational institution
91.22	in Minnesota, if a list of students from that institution has been prepared under section
91.23	135A.17 and certified to the county auditor in the manner provided in rules of the secretary
91.24	of state; or
91.25	(ii) a current student fee statement that contains the student's valid address in the precinct
91.26	together with a picture identification card; or
91.27	(4) having a voter who is registered to vote in the precinct, or an employee employed
91.28	by and working in a residential facility in the precinct and vouching for a resident in the
91.29	facility, sign an oath in the presence of the election judge vouching that the voter or employee
91.30	personally knows that the individual is a resident of the precinct. A voter who has been
91.31	vouched for on election day may not sign a proof of residence oath vouching for any other
91.32	individual on that election day. A voter who is registered to vote in the precinct may sign

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up to eight proof-of-residence oaths on any election day. This limitation does not apply to an employee of a residential facility described in this clause. The secretary of state shall provide a form for election judges to use in recording the number of individuals for whom a voter signs proof-of-residence oaths on election day. The form must include space for the maximum number of individuals for whom a voter may sign proof-of-residence oaths. For each proof-of-residence oath, the form must include a statement that the individual: (i) is registered to vote in the precinct or is an employee of a residential facility in the precinet, (ii) personally knows that the voter is a resident of the precinet, and (iii) is making the statement on oath. The form must include a space for the voter's printed name, signature, telephone number, and address.

The oath required by this subdivision and Minnesota Rules, part 8200.9939, must be attached to the voter registration application.

- (b) The operator of a residential facility shall prepare a list of the names of its employees currently working in the residential facility and the address of the residential facility. The operator shall certify the list and provide it to the appropriate county auditor no less than 20 days before each election for use in election day registration.
- (c) "Residential facility" means transitional housing as defined in section 256E.33, subdivision 1; a supervised living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under section 144.50, subdivision 6; a nursing home as defined in section 144A.01, subdivision 5; a residence registered with the commissioner of health as a housing with services establishment as defined in section 144D.01, subdivision 4; a veterans home operated by the board of directors of the Minnesota Veterans Homes under chapter 198; a residence licensed by the commissioner of human services to provide a residential program as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 14; a residential facility for persons with a developmental disability licensed by the commissioner of human services under section 252.28; setting authorized to provide housing support as defined in section 256I.03, subdivision 3; a shelter for battered women as defined in section 611A.37, subdivision 4; or a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter or dwelling designed to provide temporary living accommodations for the homeless.
- (d) For tribal band members, an individual may prove residence for purposes of registering by:
- (1) presenting an identification eard issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the name, address, signature, and picture of the individual; or

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(2) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the name, signature, and picture of the individual and also presenting one of the documents listed in Minnesota Rules, part 8200.5100, subpart 2, item B. For purposes of registration under this subdivision, the voter registration application must be printed on or affixed to a provisional ballot envelope and contain the information required by section 201.071, subdivision 1. The application may be completed using an electronic roster and then printed and affixed to the provisional ballot envelope. An individual who registers on election day is entitled to cast a provisional ballot pursuant to section 204C.135.

(e) (b) A county, school district, or municipality may require that an election judge responsible for election day registration initial each completed registration application.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections on or after that date.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 201.061, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Registration by election judges; procedures. Registration at the polling place on election day shall be conducted by the election judges. Before registering an individual to vote at the polling place, the election judge must review any list of absentee election day registrants provided by the county auditor or municipal clerk to see if the person has already voted by absentee ballot. If the person's name appears on the list, the election judge must not allow the individual to register or to vote in the polling place. The election judge who registers an individual at the polling place on election day shall not handle that voter's ballots at any time prior to the opening of the ballot box after the voting ends. Registration applications and forms for oaths shall be available at each polling place. If an individual who registers on election day proves residence by oath of a registered voter, the form containing the oath shall be attached to the individual's registration application. Registration applications completed on election day shall be forwarded to the county auditor who shall add the name of each voter to the registration system unless the information forwarded is substantially deficient. A county auditor who finds an election day registration substantially deficient shall give written notice to the individual whose registration is found deficient. An election day registration shall not be found deficient solely because the individual who provided proof of residence was ineligible to do so.

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Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 201.091, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

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Subd. 4. **Public information lists.** (a) The county auditor shall make available for inspection a public information list which must contain the name, address, year of birth, and voting history of each registered voter in the county. The list must indicate each voter whose status is challenged in the statewide voter registration system at the time the list was prepared. For each voter, the list must include the history of each change in status and the date that the change to that status was made. The list must also include individuals that were previously registered but were removed or made inactive in the statewide voter registration system, and the reason for the removal or inactivation.

The list must not include the party choice of any voter who voted in a presidential nomination primary. The telephone number must be included on the list if provided by the voter. The public information list may also include information on voting districts.

- (b) The county auditor may adopt reasonable rules governing access to the list. No individual inspecting the public information list shall tamper with or alter it in any manner. No individual who inspects the public information list or who acquires a list of registered voters prepared from the public information list may use any information contained in the list for purposes unrelated to elections, political activities, or law enforcement. The secretary of state may provide copies of the public information lists and other information from the statewide registration system for uses related to elections, political activities, or in response to a law enforcement inquiry from a public official concerning a failure to comply with any criminal statute or any state or local tax statute.
- (c) Before inspecting the public information list or obtaining a list of voters or other information from the list, the individual shall provide identification to the public official having custody of the public information list and shall state in writing that any information obtained from the list will not be used for purposes unrelated to elections, political activities, or law enforcement. Requests to examine or obtain information from the public information lists or the statewide registration system must be made and processed in the manner provided in the rules of the secretary of state.
- (d) Upon receipt of a statement signed by the voter that withholding the voter's name from the public information list is required for the safety of the voter or the voter's family, the secretary of state and county auditor must withhold from the public information list the name of a registered voter.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2021, and applies to public information lists created on or after that date. Information on status changes or individuals

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removed from the statewide voter registration system collected prior to July 1, 2021, must not be included on a public information list.

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Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 201.121, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Entry of registration information. (a) At the time a voter registration application is properly completed, submitted, and received in accordance with sections 201.061 and 201.071, the county auditor shall enter the information contained on it into the statewide registration system. Voter registration applications completed before election day must be entered into the statewide registration system within ten days after they have been submitted to the county auditor. Voter registration applications completed on election day must be entered into the statewide registration system within 42 as soon as possible, but no later than three days after the election, unless the county auditor notifies the secretary of state before the deadline has expired that the deadline will not be met. Upon receipt of a notification under this paragraph, the secretary of state must extend the deadline for that county auditor by an additional 28 days. The secretary of state may waive a county's obligations under this paragraph if, on good cause shown, the county demonstrates its permanent inability to comply.

The secretary of state must post data on each county's compliance with this paragraph on the secretary of state's website including, as applicable, the date each county fully complied or the deadline by which a county's compliance must be complete.

- (b) Upon receiving a completed voter registration application, the secretary of state may electronically transmit the information on the application to the appropriate county auditor as soon as possible for review by the county auditor before final entry into the statewide registration system. The secretary of state may mail the voter registration application to the county auditor.
- (c) Within ten days after the county auditor has entered information from a voter registration application into the statewide registration system, the secretary of state shall compare the voter's name, date of birth, and driver's license number, state identification number, or the last four digits of the Social Security number with the same information contained in the Department of Public Safety database. For applications received on election day, this must be completed within three days after the county auditor or municipal clerk has entered the information into the statewide voter registration system.
- (d) The secretary of state shall provide a report to the county auditor on a weekly basis that includes a list of voters whose name, date of birth, or identification number have been compared with the same information in the Department of Public Safety database and cannot

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be verified as provided in this subdivision. The report must list separately those voters who have submitted a voter registration application by mail and have not voted in a federal election in this state. For the six days following an election, the secretary of state must provide this report at least daily to county auditors and municipal clerks.

- (e) The county auditor shall compile a list of voters for whom the county auditor and the secretary of state are unable to conclude that information on the voter registration application and the corresponding information in the Department of Public Safety database relate to the same person.
- (f) The county auditor shall send a notice of incomplete registration to any voter whose name appears on the list and change the voter's status to "incomplete." A voter who receives a notice of incomplete registration from the county auditor may either provide the information required to complete the registration at least 21 days before the next election or at the polling place on election day.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections on or after that date.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 201.121, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Postelection sampling.** (a) Within ten days after an election, the county auditor shall send the notice required by subdivision 2 to a random sampling of the individuals registered on election day. The random sampling shall be determined in accordance with the rules of the secretary of state. As soon as practicable after the election, the county auditor shall mail the notice required by subdivision 2 to all other individuals registered on election day. If a notice is returned as not deliverable, the county auditor shall attempt to determine the reason for the return. A county auditor who does not receive or obtain satisfactory proof of an individual's eligibility to vote shall immediately notify the county attorney of all of the relevant information. The By February 15 of each year, the county auditor must notify the secretary of state of the following information for each election held in the previous year by each precinct:
 - (1) the total number of all notices that were returned as nondeliverable;
- (2) the total number of nondeliverable notices that the county auditor was able to determine the reason for the return along with the reason for each return; and
- (3) the total number of individuals for whom the county auditor does not receive or 96.31 obtain satisfactory proof of an individual's eligibility to vote. 96.32

97.1	(b) By March 1 of every odd-numbered year, the secretary of state shall report to the
97.2	chair and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over
97.3	elections the following information for each election held in the previous year by each
97.4	precinct and each county:
97.5	(1) the total number of all notices that were returned as nondeliverable;
97.6	(2) the total number of nondeliverable notices that a county auditor was able to determine
97.7	the reason for the return along with the reason for each return; and
97.8	(3) the total number of individuals for whom the county auditor does not receive or
97.9	obtain satisfactory proof of an individual's eligibility to vote.
97.10	Sec. 9. [201.146] NOTICE OF CHALLENGE; CONTEST.
97.11	Subdivision 1. Notice of challenge. No later than seven days after changing the status
97.12	of a registrant in the statewide voter registration system pursuant to section 201.13,
97.13	subdivision 1, 201.14, or 201.145, the county auditor or municipal clerk must mail a notice
97.14	to the registrant. The notice must include, at a minimum, the following information:
97.15	(1) a statement that the voter's status was challenged or that a challenge was removed;
97.16	(2) the reason for the change;
97.17	(3) a copy of the information provided by the state agency or court that was the basis
97.18	for the change in status; and
97.19	(4) a description of the process to contest the change in status, as provided in subdivision
97.20	<u>2.</u>
97.21	Subd. 2. Contest. (a) An individual whose status was challenged in the statewide voter
97.22	registration system pursuant to section 201.13, subdivision 1, 201.14, or 201.145 has the
97.23	right to contest the challenge as provided in this section.
97.24	(b) To contest the challenge, the individual must file a contest petition with the named
97.25	entity. The petition must state the basis for the contest and provide any supporting
97.26	documentation. The individual may request a review meeting as part of the petition. The
97.27	meeting may be conducted by interactive video technology. The petition must be in a form
97.28	prescribed by the secretary of state.
97.29	(c) No later than seven days after receiving the contest petition, the named entity must
97.30	review the contest petition and any supporting documentation, as well as the data provided
97.31	to the secretary of state. If the individual requested a review meeting, the named entity must
97.32	schedule a meeting with the individual within 14 days after receiving the contest petition.

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(d) After reviewing the required data, and after the review meeting if one occurred, the
named entity must determine whether the data is accurate or should be changed. If the named
entity determines that no change to the data is required, the named entity must notify the
individual. If the named entity determines that the data must be changed, the named entity
must promptly notify the individual and the secretary of state. Upon receiving the changed
data from the named entity, the secretary of state must promptly remove the challenged
status. If an individual disagrees with the decision of the named entity, the individual may
appeal to the district court.

- (e) For purposes of this section, "named entity" means the entity listed in the notice as required by subdivision 1, clause (3).
- 98.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2021, and applies to individuals
 98.12 who are challenged on or after that date, and applies to reports received by the secretary of
 98.13 state on or after that date. The notices required by subdivision 1 must be sent to individuals
 98.14 who are challenged in the statewide voter registration system pursuant to this section on or
 98.15 after July 1, 2021.
- 98.16 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 201.225, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 98.17 Subd. 2. **Technology requirements.** An electronic roster must:
- 98.18 (1) be able to be loaded with a data file that includes voter registration data in a file 98.19 format prescribed by the secretary of state;
 - (2) allow for data to be exported in a file format prescribed by the secretary of state;
 - (3) allow for data to be entered manually or by scanning a Minnesota driver's license or identification card to locate a voter record or populate a voter registration application that would be printed and signed and dated by the voter. The printed registration application can be either a printed form, labels printed with voter information to be affixed to a preprinted form, or a combination of both and affixed to the provisional ballot envelope;
 - (4) allow an election judge to update data that was populated from a scanned driver's license or identification card;
- 98.28 (5) cue an election judge to ask for and input data that is not populated from a scanned driver's license or identification card that is otherwise required to be collected from the voter or an election judge;
- 98.31 (6) immediately alert the election judge if the voter has provided information that indicates 98.32 that the voter is not eligible to vote;

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99.1	(7) immediately alert the el	ection judge if the	e electronic roster ind	icates that a voter has
99.2	already voted in that precinct, the voter's registration status is challenged, or it appears the			
99.3	voter resides in a different pred	cinct;		
99.4	(8) provide immediate instr	uctions on how to	resolve a particular ty	pe of challenge when
99.5	a voter's record is challenged;			
99.6	(9) provide for a printed vo	ter signature certi	ficate, containing the	voter's name, address
99.7	of residence, date of birth, voter	r identification nur	mber, the oath require	d by section 204C.10,
99.8	and a space for the voter's orig	inal signature. Th	e printed voter signat	ture certificate can be
99.9	either a printed form or a label	printed with the v	oter's information to 1	oe affixed to the oath;
99.10	(10) contain only preregiste	ered voters within	the precinct, and not	contain preregistered
99.11	voter data on voters registered	outside of the pre	ecinct;	
99.12	(11) be only networked with	nin the polling loca	ation on election day,	except for the purpose
99.13	of updating absentee ballot rec	cords;		
99.14	(12) meet minimum securit	ty, reliability, and	networking standards	s established by the
99.15	Office of the Secretary of State	e in consultation v	with the Office of MN	J.IT Services;
99.16	(13) be capable of providing	ng a voter's correc	t polling place; and	
99.17	(14) perform any other fun	ctions necessary f	For the efficient and so	ecure administration
99.18	of the participating election, as	s determined by th	ne secretary of state.	
99.19	Electronic rosters used only for	r election day regi	stration do not need to	comply with clauses
99.20	(1), (8), and (10). Electronic ros	sters used only for	preregistered voter p	rocessing do not need
99.21	to comply with clauses (4) and	1 (5).		
99.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	s section is effective	ve January 1, 2022, ar	nd applies to elections
99.23	on or after that date.			
99.24	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2	2020 section 201	225 subdivision 5 is	s amandad ta raad
99.24	Sec. 11. Willingsola Statutes 2	2020, Section 201	.223, subdivision 3, is	s afficilited to read.
99.25	Subd. 5. Election day. (a)	Precincts may use	electronic rosters for	r election day
99.26	registration, to process preregi	stered voters, or b	ooth. The printed elec	tion day registration
99.27	applications must be reviewed	when electronic r	ecords are processed	in the statewide voter
99.28	registration system. The election	on judges shall det	ermine the number of	ballots to be counted
99.29	by counting the number of origi	nal voter signature	e certificates or the nur	mber of voter receipts.

(b) Each precinct using electronic rosters shall have a paper backup system approved by the secretary of state present at the polling place to use in the event that the election judges are unable to use the electronic roster.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections on or after that date.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 203B.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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Subd. 3. Military. "Military" means the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast 100.4 Guard or Merchant Marine of the United States, all other uniformed services as defined in 100.5 United States Code, title 52, section 20310, and military forces as defined by section 190.05, 100.6 100.7 subdivision 3, or any eligible citizen of Minnesota enrolled as a student at the United States Naval Academy, the United States Coast Guard Academy, the United States Merchant 100.8 100.9

- Marine Academy, the United States Air Force Academy, or the United States Military
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 203B.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 100.11
- Subdivision 1. Application procedures. (a) Except as otherwise allowed by subdivision 100.12 2 or by section 203B.11, subdivision 4, an application for absentee ballots for any election 100.13 may be submitted at any time not less than one day before the day of that election. The 100.14 county auditor shall prepare absentee ballot application forms in the format provided by the 100.15 secretary of state and shall furnish them to any person on request. By January 1 of each 100.16 even-numbered year, the secretary of state shall make the forms to be used available to 100.17 auditors through electronic means. An application submitted pursuant to this subdivision 100.18 shall be in writing. An application may be submitted in person, by electronic facsimile 100.19 device, by electronic mail, or by mail to: 100.20
 - (1) the county auditor of the county where the applicant maintains residence; or
- (2) the municipal clerk of the municipality, or school district if applicable, where the 100.22 applicant maintains residence. 100.23
- 100.24 For a federal, state, or county election, an absentee ballot application may alternatively be submitted electronically through a secure website that shall be maintained by the secretary 100.25 of state for this purpose. Notwithstanding paragraph (b), the secretary of state must require 100.26 applicants using the website to submit the applicant's e-mail address and verifiable Minnesota 100.27 driver's license number, Minnesota state identification card number, or the last four digits 100.28 of the applicant's Social Security number. 100.29
- 100.30 An application submitted electronically under this paragraph may only be transmitted to the county auditor for processing if the secretary of state has verified the application 100.31 information matches the information in a government database associated with the applicant's

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driver's license number, state identification card number, or Social Security number. The secretary of state must review all unverifiable applications for evidence of suspicious activity and must forward any such application to an appropriate law enforcement agency for investigation.

- (b) An application shall be approved if it is timely received, signed and dated by the applicant, contains the applicant's name and residence and mailing addresses, date of birth, and at least one of the following:
 - (1) the applicant's Minnesota driver's license number;
- (2) Minnesota state identification card number; 101.9
- (3) the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number; or 101.10
- (4) a statement that the applicant does not have any of these numbers. 101.11
- 101.12 (c) To be approved, the application must contain an oath that the information contained on the form is accurate, that the applicant is applying on the applicant's own behalf, and that the applicant is signing the form under penalty of perjury. 101.14
- 101.15 (d) An applicant's full date of birth, Minnesota driver's license or state identification number, and the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number must not be made 101.16 available for public inspection. An application may be submitted to the county auditor or municipal clerk by an electronic facsimile device. An application mailed or returned in 101.18 person to the county auditor or municipal clerk on behalf of a voter by a person other than 101.19 the voter must be deposited in the mail or returned in person to the county auditor or 101.20 municipal clerk within ten days after it has been dated by the voter and no later than six 101.21 days before the election. The absentee ballot applications or a list of persons applying for 101.22 an absentee ballot may not be made available for public inspection until the close of voting on election day, except as authorized in section 203B.12, and must be available to the public 101.24 101.25 in the same manner as public information lists in section 201.091, subdivisions 4, 5, and 9.
- (e) An application under this subdivision may contain an application under subdivision 101.26 101.27 5 to automatically receive an absentee ballot application.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 203B.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 101.28
- Subd. 4. Registration at time of application. An eligible voter who is not registered 101.29 to vote but who is otherwise eligible to vote by absentee ballot may register by including 101.30 101.31 submitting a completed voter registration application with the absentee ballot. The individual shall present proof of residence as required by section 201.061, subdivision 3, to the

individual who witnesses the marking of the absentee ballots If the absentee ballot and voter 102.1 registration application are returned by mail, the voter registration must be placed into the 102.2 return envelope along with the signature envelope. A military voter, as defined in section 102.3 203B.01, may register in this manner if voting pursuant to sections 203B.04 to 203B.15, or 102.4 may register pursuant to sections 203B.16 to 203B.27. 102.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections 102.6 on or after that date. 102.7 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 203B.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 102.8 Subd. 3. Eligibility certificate. A certificate of eligibility to vote by absentee ballot 102.9 shall be printed on the back of the return envelope. The certificate shall contain space for the voter's Minnesota driver's license number, state identification number, or the last four 102.11 digits of the voter's Social Security number, or to indicate that the voter does not have one 102.12 of these numbers. The space must be designed to ensure that the voter provides the same 102.13 type of identification as provided on the voter's absentee ballot application for purposes of 102.14 comparison. The certificate must also contain a statement to be signed and sworn by the 102.15 voter indicating that the voter meets all of the requirements established by law for voting by absentee ballot and space for a statement signed by a person who is registered to vote in Minnesota or by a notary public or other individual authorized to administer oaths stating 102.18 102.19 that: (1) the ballots were displayed to that individual unmarked; and 102.20 102.21 (2) the voter marked the ballots in that individual's presence without showing how they were marked, or, if the voter was physically unable to mark them, that the voter directed 102.22 another individual to mark them; and 102.23 (3) if the voter was not previously registered, the voter has provided proof of residence 102.24 as required by section 201.061, subdivision 3. 102.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections 102.26 102.27 on or after that date. Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 203B.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 102.28 Subd. 3. Procedures on receipt of ballots. (a) When absentee ballots are returned to a

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registration application is in the envelope. If a voter registration application is in the envelope,

county auditor or municipal clerk, that official shall stamp or initial and date the return

envelope and. The county auditor must open the return envelope to determine if a voter

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the county auditor must remove the voter registration application. The county auditor must reseal the return envelope, initial across the seal, and note that a voter registration application was removed from the envelope. The county auditor must place it all return envelopes in a secure location with other return envelopes received by that office. Except for voter registration applications removed pursuant to this section, all contents of the return envelope must remain in the return envelope until delivered to the ballot board.

- (b) Within five days after receipt, the county auditor or municipal clerk shall deliver to the ballot board all ballots received, except that during the 14 days immediately preceding an election, the county auditor or municipal clerk shall deliver all ballots received to the ballot board within three days. Ballots received on election day either (1) after 3:00 p.m., if delivered in person; or (2) after 8:00 p.m., if delivered by mail or a package delivery service, shall be marked as received late by the county auditor or municipal clerk, and must not be delivered to the ballot board.
- (c) Upon removing the voter registration application as required by paragraph (a), the county auditor must immediately process the voter registration application as provided in section 201.121, subdivisions 1 and 2.
- 103.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections on or after that date.
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 203B.081, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 103.19 Subdivision 1. Location; timing. An eligible voter may vote by absentee ballot in the 103.20 office of the county auditor and at any other polling place designated by the county auditor 103.21 during the 46 days before the election, except as provided in this section. Any other polling 103.22 place designated by the county auditor pursuant to this section must be at a precinct polling 103.23 place designated pursuant to section 204B.16. Where the county auditor administers absentee 103.24 voting, all polling places must be open for in-person absentee voting for the entire absentee 103.25 voting period during the same days and hours as the office of the county auditor is open for 103.26 in-person absentee voting. Where a municipal clerk has been designated to administer 103.27 absentee voting pursuant to section 203B.05, all polling places designated within the 103.28 municipality must be open for in-person absentee voting for the entire absentee voting period 103.29 103.30 during the regular business hours for the municipal clerk's office.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 203B.081, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Town elections.** Voters casting absentee ballots in person for a town election held in March may do so during the 30 days before the election. The county auditor shall

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make such designations at least 14 weeks before the election. At least one voting booth in each polling place must be made available by the county auditor for this purpose. The county auditor must also make available at least one electronic ballot marker in each polling place that has implemented a voting system that is accessible for individuals with disabilities pursuant to section 206.57, subdivision 5.

- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 203B.081, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Alternative procedure.** (a) The county auditor may make available a ballot counter and ballot box for use by the preregistered voters during the seven days before the election. If a ballot counter and ballot box is provided, a voter must be given the option either (1) to vote using the process provided in section 203B.08, subdivision 1, or (2) to vote in the manner provided in this subdivision.
 - (b) If a voter chooses to vote in the manner provided in this subdivision, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and date of birth to the county auditor or municipal clerk. The voter shall sign a voter's certificate, which must include the voter's name, identification number, and the certification required by section 201.071, subdivision 1. The signature of an individual on the voter's certificate and the issuance of a ballot to the individual is evidence of the intent of the individual to vote at that election.
- 104.18 (c) After signing the voter's certificate, the voter shall be issued a ballot and immediately retire to a voting station or other designated location in the polling place to mark the ballot. The ballot must not be taken from the polling place. If the voter spoils the ballot, the voter may return it to the election official in exchange for a new ballot. After completing the ballot, the voter shall deposit the ballot into the ballot box.
- 104.23 (d) The election official must immediately record that the voter has voted in the manner provided in section 203B.121, subdivision 3.
- 104.25 (e) The election duties required by this subdivision must be performed by the county auditor, municipal clerk, or a deputy of the auditor or clerk.
- 104.27 (f) If a person is not preregistered to vote, the person must not be allowed to cast an absentee ballot using the alternative procedure authorized by this subdivision.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections on or after that date.

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Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 203B.12, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Names of persons; rejected absentee ballots. The names of voters who have submitted an absentee ballot to the county auditor or municipal clerk that has not been accepted may not be made available for public inspection until the close of voting on election day.

After the close of voting on election day, the lists must be available to the public in the same manner as public information lists in section 201.091, subdivisions 4, 5, and 9.

- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 203B.121, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Duties of ballot board; absentee ballots. (a) The members of the ballot board shall take possession of all return signature envelopes delivered to them in accordance with section 203B.08. Upon receipt from the county auditor, municipal clerk, or school district clerk, two or more members of the ballot board shall examine each return signature envelope 105.12 and shall mark it accepted or rejected in the manner provided in this subdivision. Election 105.13 judges performing the duties in this section must be of different major political parties, unless they are exempt from that requirement under section 205.075, subdivision 4, or 105.16 section 205A.10, subdivision 2.
- (b) The members of the ballot board shall mark the return signature envelope "Accepted" 105.17 and initial or sign the return signature envelope below the word "Accepted" if a majority of the members of the ballot board examining the envelope are satisfied that: 105.19
- (1) the voter's name and address on the return signature envelope are the same as the 105.20 information provided on the absentee ballot application; 105.21
- (2) the voter signed the certification on the envelope; 105.22
- (3) the voter's Minnesota driver's license, state identification number, or the last four 105.23 digits of the voter's Social Security number are the same as a number on the voter's absentee ballot application or voter record. If the number does not match, the election judges must 105.25 compare the signature provided by the applicant to determine whether the ballots were 105.26 returned by the same person to whom they were transmitted; 105.27
- (4) the voter is registered and eligible to vote in the precinct or has included a properly 105.28 completed voter registration application in the return envelope; 105.29
- (5) the certificate has been completed as prescribed in the directions for casting an 105.30 105.31 absentee ballot; and

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(6) the voter has not already voted at that election, either in person or, if it is after the close of business on the seventh day before the election, by absentee ballot.

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The return signature envelope from accepted ballots must be preserved and returned to the county auditor.

- (c)(1) If a majority of the members of the ballot board examining a return signature envelope find that an absentee voter has failed to meet one of the requirements provided in paragraph (b), they shall mark the return signature envelope "Rejected," initial or sign it below the word "Rejected," list the reason for the rejection on the envelope, and return it to the county auditor. There is no other reason for rejecting an absentee ballot beyond those permitted by this section. Failure to place the ballot within the security secrecy envelope before placing it in the outer white envelope is not a reason to reject an absentee ballot.
- (2) If an envelope has been rejected at least five days before the election, the envelope must remain sealed and the official in charge of the ballot board shall provide the voter with a replacement absentee ballot and return signature envelope in place of the rejected ballot.
- (3) If an envelope is rejected within five days of the election, the envelope must remain sealed and the official in charge of the ballot board must attempt to contact the voter by telephone or e-mail to notify the voter that the voter's ballot has been rejected. The official must document the attempts made to contact the voter.
- (d) The official in charge of the absentee ballot board must mail the voter a written notice of absentee ballot rejection between six and ten weeks following the election. If the official determines that the voter has otherwise cast a ballot in the election, no notice is required. If an absentee ballot arrives after the deadline for submission provided by this chapter, the notice must be provided between six to ten weeks after receipt of the ballot. A notice of absentee ballot rejection must contain the following information:
- (1) the date on which the absentee ballot was rejected or, if the ballot was received after 106.25 the required deadline for submission, the date on which the ballot was received; 106.26
- (2) the reason for rejection; and 106.27
- (3) the name of the appropriate election official to whom the voter may direct further 106.28 questions, along with appropriate contact information. 106.29
- (e) An absentee ballot return signature envelope marked "Rejected" may not be opened 106.30 or subject to further review except in an election contest filed pursuant to chapter 209. 106.31
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections 106.32 106.33 on or after that date.

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- Subd. 4. **Opening of envelopes.** After the close of business on the seventh day before the election, the ballots from return secrecy envelopes within the signature envelopes marked "Accepted" may be opened, duplicated as needed in the manner provided in section 206.86, subdivision 5, initialed by the members of the ballot board, and deposited in the appropriate ballot box. If more than one voted ballot is enclosed in the ballot envelope, the ballots must be returned in the manner provided by section 204C.25 for return of spoiled ballots, and may not be counted.
- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 203B.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 107.9
- Subdivision 1. Check of voter eligibility; proper execution of certificate. Upon receipt 107.10 of an absentee ballot returned as provided in sections 203B.16 to 203B.27, the election judges shall compare the voter's name with the names recorded under section 203B.19 in 107.12 the statewide registration system to insure that the ballot is from a voter eligible to cast an 107.13 absentee ballot under sections 203B.16 to 203B.27. The election judges shall mark the return 107.14 signature envelope "Accepted" and initial or sign the return signature envelope below the 107.16 word "Accepted" if the election judges are satisfied that:
- (1) the voter's name and address on the return signature envelope appears in substantially 107.17 the same form as on the application records provided to the election judges by the county 107.18 auditor; 107.19
- (2) the voter has signed the federal oath prescribed pursuant to section 705(b)(2) of the 107.20 Help America Vote Act, Public Law 107-252; 107.21
- (3) the voter has set forth the same voter's passport number, or Minnesota driver's license 107.22 or state identification card number, or the last four digits of the voter's Social Security 107.23 number as submitted on the application, if the voter has one of these documents; 107.24
- (4) the voter is not known to have died; and 107.25
- (5) the voter has not already voted at that election, either in person or by absentee ballot. 107.26
- If the identification number described in clause (3) does not match the number as 107.27 submitted on the application, the election judges must make a reasonable effort to satisfy 107.28 107.29 themselves through other information provided by the applicant, or by an individual authorized to apply on behalf of the voter, that the ballots were returned by the same person 107.30 to whom the ballots were transmitted. 107.31

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An absentee ballot cast pursuant to sections 203B.16 to 203B.27 may only be rejected for the lack of one of clauses (1) to (5). In particular, failure to place the ballot within the security secrecy envelope before placing it in the outer white envelope is not a reason to reject an absentee ballot.

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Election judges must note the reason for rejection on the back of the envelope in the space provided for that purpose.

Failure to return unused ballots shall not invalidate a marked ballot, but a ballot shall not be counted if the certificate on the return envelope is not properly executed. In all other respects the provisions of the Minnesota Election Law governing deposit and counting of ballots shall apply. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, the counting of the absentee ballot of a deceased voter does not invalidate the election.

- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204B.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Write-in candidates. (a) A candidate for county, state, or federal office who 108.13 wants write-in votes for the candidate to be counted must file a written request with the filing office for the office sought not more than 84 days before the primary and no later 108.15 108.16 than the seventh day before the general election. The filing officer shall provide copies of the form to make the request. No The filing officer shall not accept a written request shall 108.17 be accepted later than 5:00 p.m. on the last day for filing a written request. 108.18
 - (b) A candidate for president of the United States who files a request under this subdivision must include the name of a candidate for vice president of the United States. file jointly with another individual seeking nomination as a candidate for vice president of the United States. A candidate for vice president of the United States who files a request under this subdivision must file jointly with another individual seeking nomination as a candidate for president of the United States. The request must also include the name of at least one candidate for presidential elector. The total number of names of candidates for presidential elector on the request may not exceed the total number of electoral votes to be cast by Minnesota in the presidential election.
 - (c) A candidate for governor who files a request under this subdivision must include the name of a candidate for lieutenant governor. file jointly with another individual seeking nomination as a candidate for lieutenant governor. A candidate for lieutenant governor who files a request under this subdivision must file jointly with another individual seeking nomination as a candidate for governor.

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Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204B.14, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 3. **Boundary changes; prohibitions; exception.** (a) Notwithstanding other law or charter provisions to the contrary, during the period from January 1 in any year ending in zero to the time when the legislature has been redistricted in a year ending in one or two, no changes may be made in the boundaries of any election precinct except as provided in this subdivision.
- (a) (b) If a city annexes an unincorporated area located in the same county as the city and adjacent to the corporate boundary, the annexed area may be included in an election precinct immediately adjacent to it.
- (b) (c) A municipality or county may establish new election precincts lying entirely 109.10 within the boundaries of any existing precinct and shall assign names to the new precincts 109.11 which include the name of the former precinct. 109.12
- (c) (d) Precinct boundaries in a city of the first class electing council members by wards may be reestablished within four weeks of the adoption of ward boundaries in a year ending 109.14 in one, as provided in section 204B.135, subdivision 1. If precinct boundaries are 109.15 reestablished in a year ending in one, the city council must designate polling places for each 109.16 election precinct pursuant to section 204B.16, subdivision 1, within 30 days establishing 109.17 precinct boundaries. The polling place designations are effective for the year ending in one. 109.18
 - (d) (e) Precinct boundaries must be reestablished within 60 days of the time when the legislature has been redistricted, or at least 19 weeks before the state primary election in a year ending in two, whichever comes first. The governing body of each municipality and of each county with precincts in unorganized territory must designate polling places for each election precinct pursuant to section 204B.16, subdivision 1, within 30 days of establishing precinct boundaries or at least 19 weeks before the state primary election in a year ending in two, whichever comes first. The adoption of reestablished precinct boundaries and polling places becomes effective on the date of the state primary election in the year ending in two.
- (f) Precincts must be arranged so that no precinct lies in more than one legislative or 109.28 congressional district. 109.29
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204B.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 109.30
- 109.31 Subdivision 1. Authority; location. By December 31 of each year, the governing body of each municipality and of each county with precincts in unorganized territory must 109.32 designate by ordinance or resolution a polling place for each election precinct. The polling 109.33

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places designated in the ordinance or resolution are the polling places for the following 110.1 110.2 calendar year, unless a change is made:

- (1) pursuant to section 204B.175;
- 110.4 (2) because a polling place has become unavailable; or
- 110.5 (3) because a township designates one location for all state and federal elections and one location for all township only elections; and 110.6
- 110.7 (4) pursuant to section 204B.14, subdivision 3.
- (b) Polling places must be designated and ballots must be distributed so that no one is required to go to more than one polling place to vote in a school district and municipal election held on the same day. The polling place for a precinct in a city or in a school district 110.10 located in whole or in part in the metropolitan area defined by section 200.02, subdivision 24, shall be located within the boundaries of the precinct or within one mile of one of those 110.12 boundaries unless a single polling place is designated for a city pursuant to section 204B.14, 110.13 subdivision 2, or a school district pursuant to section 205A.11. The polling place for a 110.14 precinct in unorganized territory may be located outside the precinct at a place which is convenient to the voters of the precinct. If no suitable place is available within a town or within a school district located outside the metropolitan area defined by section 200.02, subdivision 24, then the polling place for a town or school district may be located outside the town or school district within five miles of one of the boundaries of the town or school 110.19 district. 110.20
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204B.21, is amended by adding a subdivision 110.21 110.22 to read:
- Subd. 4. Election judge list; party affiliation. (a) Notwithstanding section 13.43, the 110.23 municipal clerk or county auditor must submit to the secretary of state a list of each person 110.24 who served as an election judge for an election. The list must be submitted to the secretary 110.25 of state within 14 days after an election. The list must include the following information 110.26 110.27 for each election judge:
- (1) name; 110.28
- 110.29 (2) address;
- (3) whether the election judge was appointed from a list provided by a major political 110.30 party or from another source; if the election judge was appointed from another source, the list must include a description of that source; and 110.32

111.1 (4) whether the election judge was affiliated with a major political party and, if so, which
111.2 party.

(b) Notwithstanding section 13.43, the secretary of state must provide a list of politically affiliated election judges to the chair of the respective major political party. The lists must be provided to the chairs between 14 and 21 days after an election. The information on the lists must be used only for purposes related to elections or political activity.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204B.36, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Candidates and offices. The name of each candidate shall be printed at a right angle to the length of the ballot. At a general election the name of the political party or the political principle of each candidate for partisan office shall be printed above or below the name of the candidate. The name of a political party or a political principle shall be printed in capital and lowercase letters of the same type, with the capital letters at least one-half the height of the capital letters used for names of the candidates. At a general or special election, blank lines containing the words "write-in, if any" shall be printed below the name of the last candidate for each office, or below the title of the office if no candidate has filed for that office, so that a voter may write in the names of individuals whose names are not on the ballot. One blank line shall be printed for each officer of that kind to be elected. At a primary election, no blank lines shall be provided for writing in the names of individuals whose names do not appear on the primary ballot.

On the left side of the ballot at the same level with the name of each candidate and each blank line shall be printed an oval or similar target shape in which the voter may designate a vote by filling in the oval or similar mark if a different target shape is used. Each oval or target shape shall be the same size. Above the first name on each ballot shall be instructions for voting. Directly underneath the official title of each office shall be printed the words "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to ..." (any greater number to be elected).

Sec. 29. [204B.50] RANKED-CHOICE VOTING; PROHIBITION.

(a) The following political subdivisions may not adopt or enforce in any manner a rule, resolution, charter provision, or ordinance establishing ranked-choice voting as a method of voting, or any voting method similar to ranked-choice voting, for local offices within the political subdivision:

(1) home rule charter or statutory cities;

111.32 (2) counties;

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- (3) townships; and 112.1
- (4) school districts. 112.2

- (b) For purposes of this section, "ranked-choice voting" means any election method in 112.3 which a voter ranks or assigns a numerical value to candidates for an office in order of the 112.4 112.5 voter's preference.
- (c) Any rule, resolution, charter provision, or ordinance inconsistent with this section is 112.6 112.7 void.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and 112.8 applies to elections on or after that date. 112.9
- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204C.05, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: Subd. 1a. Elections; organized town. The governing body of a town with less than 500 112.11 inhabitants according to the most recent federal decennial census, which is located outside 112.12 the metropolitan area as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, may fix a later time for 112.13 voting to begin at state primary, special, or general elections, if approved by a vote of the 112.14 town electors at the annual town meeting. The question of shorter voting hours must be included in the notice of the annual town meeting before the question may be submitted to the electors at the meeting. The later time may not be later than 10:00 a.m. for special, 112.17 primary, or general elections. The town clerk shall either post or publish notice of the 112.18 changed hours and notify the county auditor and the secretary of state of the change 30 days 112.19 before the election. 112.20
- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204C.05, subdivision 1b, is amended to read: 112.21
- Subd. 1b. Elections; unorganized territory. An unorganized territory or unorganized 112.22 territories which constitute a voting district may have shorter voting hours if at least 20 112.23 percent of the registered voters residing in the voting district sign a petition for shorter hours 112.24 and present it to the county auditor and secretary of state at least 30 days before the election. 112.25 112.26 The later time may not be later than 10:00 a.m. for special, primary, or general elections. The county auditor shall either post or publish notice of the changed hours, within the voting 112.27 district, 30 days before the election. 112.28

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Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204C.10, is amended to read:

204C.10 POLLING PLACE ROSTER; VOTER SIGNATURE CERTIFICATE; VOTER RECEIPT.

- (a) An individual seeking to vote shall sign a polling place roster or voter signature certificate which states that the individual is at least 18 years of age, a citizen of the United States, has resided in Minnesota for 20 days immediately preceding the election, maintains residence at the address shown, is not under a guardianship in which the court order revokes the individual's right to vote, has not been found by a court of law to be legally incompetent to vote or has the right to vote because, if the individual was convicted of a felony, the felony sentence has expired or been completed or the individual has been discharged from the sentence, is registered and has not already voted in the election. The roster must also state: "I understand that deliberately providing false information is a felony punishable by not more than five years imprisonment and a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both."
- (b) At the presidential nomination primary, the polling place roster must also state: "I am in general agreement with the principles of the party for whose candidate I intend to vote." This statement must appear separately from the statements required in paragraph (a). The felony penalty provided for in paragraph (a) does not apply to this paragraph.
- (c) A judge may, Before the applicant signs the roster or voter signature certificate, an election judge must confirm the applicant's name, address, and date of birth. If the voter's registration status is challenged, the voter must not be allowed to sign the polling place roster or a voter signature certificate, but must be allowed to cast an administrative challenged ballot or a verification challenged ballot pursuant to section 204C.136. A voter must be allowed to cast an administrative challenged ballot if the basis of the challenge is:
- (1) based on a death reported by the commissioner of health;
- 113.25 (2) a name change recorded with a court in state;
- 113.26 (3) a Minnesota court order revoking the person's right to vote or where the court has
 113.27 found the person to be legally incompetent to vote;
- 113.28 (4) a felony conviction; or
- (5) a temporary lawful status in the county based on a person's driver's license status.
- 113.30 A voter must be allowed to cast a verification challenged ballot if the challenge is for any
- other reason.

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(d) After the applicant signs the roster or voter signature certificate, the judge shall give
the applicant a voter's receipt. The voter shall deliver the voter's receipt to the judge in
charge of ballots as proof of the voter's right to vote, and thereupon the judge shall hand to
the voter the ballot. The voters' receipts must be maintained during the time for notice of
filing an election contest.

- (e) Whenever a challenged status appears on the polling place roster, If a voter has a challenged status in the statewide voter registration system at the time the roster was prepared, the voter's challenged status must be indicated on the roster. The roster must also include the basis for the challenge. An election judge must ensure that the challenge is concealed or hidden from the view of any voter other than the voter whose status is challenged.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections on or after that date.
- Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204C.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Statement of grounds; oath.** A challenger must be a resident of this state. The secretary of state shall prepare a form that challengers must complete and sign when making a challenge. The form must include space to state the ground for the challenge, a statement that the challenge is based on the challenger's personal knowledge, and a statement that the challenge is made under oath. The form must include a space for the challenger's printed name, signature, telephone number, and address.
- An election judge shall administer to the challenged individual the following oath:
- "Do you solemnly swear (or affirm) that you will fully and truly answer all questions

 put to you concerning your eligibility to vote at this election?"
- The election judge shall then ask the challenged individual sufficient questions to test that individual's residence and right to vote.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections on or after that date.
- 114.27 Sec. 34. **[204C.135] PROVISIONAL BALLOTS.**
- Subdivision 1. Casting provisional ballots. (a) A voter who registered on election day pursuant to section 201.061, subdivision 3, is entitled to cast a provisional ballot.
- (b) A voter seeking to cast a provisional ballot must sign a provisional ballot roster or a provisional voter signature certificate and complete a voter registration application. The

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voter registration application may be completed by an electronic roster and affixed to the provisional ballot envelope. The voter must also swear or affirm in writing that the voter is eligible to vote, has not voted previously in the same election, and meets the criteria for registering to vote in the precinct in which the voter appears.

- (c) Once the voter has completed the provisional ballot envelope, the voter must be allowed to cast a provisional ballot. The provisional ballot must be in the same form as the official ballot available in the precinct on election day. A completed provisional ballot shall be sealed in a secrecy envelope. The secrecy envelope shall be sealed inside the voter's provisional ballot envelope and deposited by the voter in a secure, sealed provisional ballot box. Completed provisional ballots must not be combined with other voted ballots in the polling place.
- (d) The secretary of state must prescribe the form of the secrecy and provisional ballot envelopes. The provisional ballot envelope must be a color other than that provided for absentee ballot envelopes or challenged ballot envelopes and must be prominently labeled "Provisional Ballot Envelope."
- (e) Provisional ballots and related documentation shall be delivered to and securely maintained by the county auditor or municipal clerk in the same manner as required for other election materials under sections 204C.27 and 204C.28.
- 115.19 Subd. 2. Accepting or rejecting provisional ballot envelopes. (a) Within seven days after the election, two or more election judges that are affiliated with different major political 115.20 parties must process each applicant's registration application as provided by section 201.121, 115.21 subdivisions 1 and 2. If more than two election judges are processing registration applications, 115.22 the party balance requirements of section 204B.19, subdivision 5, apply. All election judges 115.23 processing voter registration applications must have a major political party affiliation. If 115.24 the applicant is registered to vote, then the election judges must determine if the voter's 115.25 status is challenged in the statewide voter registration system. If the voter's status is 115.26 challenged, the provisional ballot must not be accepted but must be processed as a challenged 115.27 ballot as provided in section 204C.136, subdivision 2. If the ballot will be treated as a 115.28 verification challenged ballot, the election judges must attempt to contact the voter to inform 115.29 the voter they must appear in-person to prove their eligibility to vote before their ballot will 115.30 be counted. If the applicant is registered to vote and the voter's status is not challenged in 115.31 the statewide voter registration system, that voter's provisional ballot envelope must be 115.32 115.33 accepted. The election judges must mark the provisional ballot envelope "Accepted" and initial or sign the envelope below the word "Accepted." If the applicant is not registered to 115.34 115.35 vote, the provisional ballot envelope must be rejected. If a provisional ballot envelope is

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116.1	rejected, the election judges must mark the provisional ballot envelope "Rejected," initial
116.2	or sign it below the word "Rejected," and list the reason for rejection on the envelope. The
116.3	election judges must promptly record in the statewide voter registration system that a voter's
116.4	provisional ballot envelope has been accepted or rejected.
116.5	(b) The county auditor or municipal clerk must mail the voter a written notice of
116.6	provisional ballot rejection between six and ten weeks following the election. The notice
116.7	must include the reason for rejection and the name of the appropriate election official to
116.8	whom the voter may direct further questions, along with appropriate contact information.
116.9	(c) A provisional ballot envelope marked "Rejected" may not be opened or subject to
116.10	further review except in an election contest filed pursuant to chapter 209.
116.11	Subd. 3. Provisional ballots; reconciliation. On the seventh day after the election and
116.12	prior to counting any provisional ballots in the final vote totals from a precinct, the two or
116.13	more election judges that are affiliated with different major political parties must verify that
116.14	the number of signatures appearing on the provisional ballot roster from that precinct is
116.15	equal to or greater than the number of provisional ballots submitted by voters in the precinct
116.16	on election day. If more than two election judges are reconciling ballots, the party balance
116.17	requirements of section 204B.19, subdivision 5, apply. All election judges must have a
116.18	major political party affiliation. Any discrepancy must be resolved before the provisional
116.19	ballots from the precinct may be counted. Excess provisional ballots must be randomly
116.20	withdrawn from the accepted provisional ballots in the manner required by section 204C.20,
116.21	subdivision 2.
116.22	Subd. 4. Counting provisional ballots. Once the reconciliation process required by
116.23	subdivision 3 is completed, accepted provisional ballot envelopes must be opened; duplicated
116.24	as needed in the manner provided in section 206.86, subdivision 5; initialed by the election
116.25	judges; and deposited in the appropriate ballot box. If more than one ballot is enclosed in
116.26	the ballot envelope, the ballots must be spoiled and must not be counted.
116.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections
116.28	on or after that date.
116.29	Sec. 35. [204C.136] CHALLENGED BALLOTS.
116.30	Subdivision 1. Casting challenged ballots. (a) A voter whose registration status is
116.31	challenged is entitled to cast a challenged ballot. A voter must be allowed to cast an
116.32	administrative challenged ballot if the basis of the challenge is:

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(1) based on a death reported by the commissioner of health;

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- (2) a name change recorded with a court in state; 117.1
- (3) a Minnesota court order revoking the person's right to vote or where the court has 117.2 found the person to be legally incompetent to vote; 117.3
- 117.4 (4) a felony conviction; or
- (5) a temporary lawful status in the county based on a person's driver's license status. 117.5
- A voter must be allowed to cast a verification challenged ballot if the challenge is for any 117.6
- other reason. For purposes of this section, both types of challenged ballots are handled the 117.7
- in the same manner except where otherwise specified. 117.8
- 117.9 (b) A voter seeking to cast a challenged ballot must sign a challenged ballot roster or a challenged voter signature certificate and complete a challenged ballot envelope. The roster 117.10 must indicate whether the voter is provided with an administrative challenged ballot or a 117.11 verification challenged ballot. The envelope must contain a space for the voter to list the 117.12 voter's name, address of residence, date of birth, voter identification number, and any other 117.13 information prescribed by the secretary of state. The voter must also swear or affirm, in 117.14 writing, that the voter is eligible to vote, has not voted previously in the same election, and 117.15 meets the criteria for registering to vote in the precinct in which the voter appears. 117.16
 - (c) Once the voter has completed the challenged ballot envelope, the voter must be allowed to cast a challenged ballot. The challenged ballot must be in the same form as the official ballot available in the precinct on election day. A completed challenged ballot shall be sealed in a secrecy envelope. The secrecy envelope shall be sealed inside the voter's challenged ballot envelope and deposited by the voter in a secure, sealed challenged ballot box. There must be separate ballot boxes for administrative challenged ballot envelopes and verification challenged ballot envelopes. Completed challenged ballots may not be combined with other voted ballots in the polling place.
 - (d) The form of the secrecy and challenged ballot envelopes shall be prescribed by the secretary of state. The administrative challenged ballot envelopes and verification challenged ballot envelopes must be different colors and must be a color other than that provided for absentee ballot envelopes or provisional ballot envelopes and must be prominently labeled "Administrative Challenged Ballot Envelope" or "Verification Challenged Envelope."
- (e) Challenged ballots and related documentation shall be delivered to and securely 117.30 maintained by the county auditor or municipal clerk in the same manner as required for 117.31 other election materials under sections 204C.27 and 204C.28. 117.32

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Subd. 2. Accepting or rejecting challenged ballot envelopes. (a) This paragraph applies to accepting or rejecting administrative challenged ballot envelopes. Before the meeting of the canvassing board, the two or more election judges that are affiliated with different major political parties must accept or reject each challenged ballot. If more than two election judges are processing registration applications, the party balance requirements of section 204B.19, subdivision 5, apply. All election judges processing voter registration applications must have a major political party affiliation. The election judges must review the information in the statewide voter registration system, required by section 201.145, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), for the date of the election. If the information shows that the voter was not challenged, or should not have been challenged on that date and was otherwise eligible to vote, that voter's challenged ballot must be accepted. The election judges must mark the challenged ballot envelope "Accepted" and initial or sign the envelope below the word "Accepted." If a challenged ballot envelope is not accepted, the election judges must mark the challenged ballot envelope "Rejected," initial or sign it below the word "Rejected," and list the reason for the rejection on the envelope. The election judges must promptly record in the statewide voter registration system that a voter's challenged ballot has been accepted or rejected.

(b) This paragraph applies to accepting or rejecting verification challenged ballot envelopes. A voter who casts a verification challenged ballot may personally appear at the office of the county auditor or municipal clerk no later than seven calendar days following the election to prove that the voter's challenged ballot should be counted. The county auditor's office and the city clerk's office must be open for approving verification challenged ballots on the Saturday following the election for the hours prescribed in section 203B.085. The voter must provide proof of eligibility to vote in the precinct where the voter cast the verification challenged ballot. Two or more election judges that are affiliated with different major political parties must review the voter's proof of eligibility. If more than two election judges are reviewing eligibility, the party balance requirements of section 204B.19, subdivision 5, apply. All election judges processing voter registration applications must have a major political party affiliation. The election judges must accept a challenged ballot if the voter is able to provide satisfactory proof of the voter's eligibility. The election judges must mark the challenged ballot envelope "Accepted" and initial or sign the envelope below the word "Accepted." If a challenged ballot envelope is not accepted, the election judges must mark the challenged ballot envelope "Rejected," initial or sign it below the word "Rejected," and list the reason for the rejection on the envelope. The election judges must promptly record in the statewide voter registration system that a voter's challenged ballot has been accepted or rejected.

119.1	(c) The county auditor or municipal clerk must mail the voter a written notice of
119.2	challenged ballot rejection between six and ten weeks following the election. The notice
119.3	must include the reason for rejection and the name of the appropriate election official to
119.4	whom the voter may direct further questions, along with appropriate contact information.
119.5	(d) A challenged ballot envelope marked "Rejected" may not be opened or subject to
119.6	further review except in an election contest filed pursuant to chapter 209.
119.7	Subd. 3. Challenged ballots; reconciliation. Prior to counting any challenged ballots
119.8	in the final vote totals from a precinct, the two or more election judges that are affiliated
119.9	with different major political parties must verify that the number of signatures appearing
119.10	on the challenged ballot roster from that precinct is equal to or greater than the number of
119.11	challenged ballots submitted by voters in the precinct on election day. If more than two
119.12	election judges are reconciling ballots, the party balance requirements of section 204B.19,
119.13	subdivision 5, apply. All election judges must have a major political party affiliation. Any
119.14	discrepancy must be resolved before the challenged ballots from the precinct may be counted.
119.15	Excess challenged ballots to be counted must be randomly withdrawn in the manner required
119.16	by section 204C.20, subdivision 2.
119.17	Subd. 4. Counting challenged ballots. Accepted challenged ballot envelopes must be
119.18	opened, duplicated as needed in the manner provided in section 206.86, subdivision 5,
119.19	initialed by the election judges, and deposited in the appropriate ballot box. If more than
119.20	one ballot is enclosed in the ballot envelope, the ballots must be spoiled and must not be
119.21	counted.
119.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections
119.23	on or after that date.
119.24	Sec. 36. [204C.137] PROVISIONAL AND CHALLENGED BALLOTS; PUBLIC
119.25	INFORMATION LISTS.
119.26	On the eighth day after the election, the following information must be made available
119.27	for public inspection:
119.28	(1) the names of all voters who cast provisional ballots;
119.29	(2) the names of all voters whose provisional ballots were rejected;
119.30	(3) the names of all voters who cast challenged ballots and whether the ballot was an
119.31	administrative challenged ballot or a verification challenged ballot; and
119.32	(4) the names of all voters whose challenged ballots were rejected.

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This information must be available to the public in the same manner as public information lists in section 201.091, subdivisions 4, 5, and 9.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204C.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Method. The election judges shall take all the ballots of the same kind and count the votes cast for each office or question, beginning with the first office or question on the ballot. They shall make one pile of the ballots for each candidate who received votes for that office, or one pile for the "Yes" votes and one pile for the "No" votes on a question. They shall make a pile of totally defective ballots and a pile of totally blank ballots. They shall make a pile of ballots that are not totally defective but are defective with respect to the office or question being counted and a pile of ballots that are not totally blank but are blank with respect to the office or question being counted. After the separation into piles, the election judges shall examine each pile and remove and place in the proper pile any ballots that are found in the wrong pile. The election judges shall count the totally blank and totally defective ballots and set them aside until the counting is over for that ballot. In conducting the count of blank ballots, election judges may presume that the total count provided for sealed prepackaged ballots is correct. The election judges may pile ballots crosswise in groups of 25 in the same pile to facilitate counting. When their counts agree, the election judges shall announce the number of ballots in each pile, and shall write the number in the proper place on the summary statements.

The election judges shall then return all the counted ballots, and all the partially defective or partially blank ballots, to the original pile to be separated and counted in the same manner for the next office or question.

- Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204C.24, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3. Copy to candidates. Upon request of a candidate or a candidate's representative, an election judge must provide a copy of the summary statement or printed tape results to the candidate or representative.
- Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204C.27, is amended to read:

204C.27 DELIVERY OF RETURNS TO COUNTY AUDITORS.

One or more of the election judges in each precinct shall deliver two sets one set of summary statements; all spoiled ballots; and the envelopes containing the ballots either directly to the municipal clerk for transmittal to the county auditor's office or directly to the

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county auditor's office as soon as possible after the vote counting is completed but no later than 24 hours after the end of the hours for voting. One or more election judges shall deliver the remaining set of summary statements and returns, all unused and spoiled municipal and school district ballots, the envelopes containing municipal and school district ballots, and all other things furnished by the municipal or school district clerk, to the municipal or school district clerk's office within 24 hours after the end of the hours for voting. The municipal or school district clerk shall return all polling place rosters and completed voter registration cards to the county auditor within 48 hours after the end of the hours for voting.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204C.32, is amended to read:

204C.32 CANVASS OF STATE PRIMARIES.

Subdivision 1. **County canvass.** The county canvassing board shall meet at the county auditor's office on either the second or third the tenth day following the state primary. After taking the oath of office, the canvassing board shall publicly canvass the election returns delivered to the county auditor. The board shall complete the canvass by the third tenth day following the state primary and shall promptly prepare and file with the county auditor a report that states:

- (a) the number of individuals voting at the election in the county, and in each precinct;
- (b) the number of individuals registering to vote on election day and the number of individuals registered before election day in each precinct;
 - (c) for each major political party, the names of the candidates running for each partisan office and the number of votes received by each candidate in the county and in each precinct;
 - (d) the names of the candidates of each major political party who are nominated; and
- 121.23 (e) the number of votes received by each of the candidates for nonpartisan office in each 121.24 precinct in the county and the names of the candidates nominated for nonpartisan office.

Upon completion of the canvass, the county auditor shall mail or deliver a notice of nomination to each nominee for county office voted for only in that county. The county auditor shall transmit one of the certified copies of the county canvassing board report for state and federal offices to the secretary of state by express mail or similar service immediately upon conclusion of the county canvass. The secretary of state shall mail a notice of nomination to each nominee for state or federal office.

Subd. 2. **State canvass.** The State Canvassing Board shall meet at a public meeting space located in the Capitol complex area seven 14 days after the state primary to canvass

- the certified copies of the county canvassing board reports received from the county auditors. 122.1
- Immediately after the canvassing board declares the results, the secretary of state shall 122.2
- certify the names of the nominees to the county auditors. The secretary of state shall mail 122.3
- to each nominee a notice of nomination. 122.4
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections 122.5
- 122.6 on or after that date.
- Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204C.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 122.7
- Subdivision 1. County canvass. The county canvassing board shall meet at the county 122.8
- auditor's office between the third tenth and tenth 17th days following the state general 122.9
- election. After taking the oath of office, the board shall promptly and publicly canvass the 122.10
- general election returns delivered to the county auditor. Upon completion of the canvass, 122.11
- the board shall promptly prepare and file with the county auditor a report which states: 122.12
- (a) the number of individuals voting at the election in the county and in each precinct; 122.13
- (b) the number of individuals registering to vote on election day and the number of 122.14
- individuals registered before election day in each precinct; 122.15
- (c) the names of the candidates for each office and the number of votes received by each 122.16
- candidate in the county and in each precinct; 122.17
- (d) the number of votes counted for and against a proposed change of county lines or 122.18
- county seat; and 122.19
- (e) the number of votes counted for and against a constitutional amendment or other 122 20
- question in the county and in each precinct. 122.21
- 122.22 The result of write-in votes cast on the general election ballots must be compiled by the
- county auditor before the county canvass, except that write-in votes for a candidate for 122.23
- federal, state, or county office must not be counted unless the candidate has timely filed a 122.24
- request under section 204B.09, subdivision 3. The county auditor shall arrange for each 122.25
- municipality to provide an adequate number of election judges to perform this duty or the 122.26
- county auditor may appoint additional election judges for this purpose. The county auditor 122.27
- may open the envelopes or containers in which the voted ballots have been sealed in order 122.28
- 122.29 to count and record the write-in votes and must reseal the voted ballots at the conclusion of

this process. The county auditor must prepare a separate report of votes received by precinct

- for write-in candidates for federal, state, and county offices who have requested under 122.31
- section 204B.09 that votes for those candidates be tallied. 122.32

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Upon completion of the canvass, the county canvassing board shall declare the candidate duly elected who received the highest number of votes for each county and state office voted for only within the county. The county auditor shall transmit a certified copy of the county canvassing board report for state and federal offices to the secretary of state by messenger, express mail, or similar service immediately upon conclusion of the county canvass.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections on or after that date.

- Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204C.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Publicly funded recounts.** (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), a losing candidate for nomination or election to a county, municipal, or school district office may request a recount of the votes cast for the nomination or election to that office if the difference between the vote cast for that candidate and for a winning candidate for nomination or election is less than one-quarter of one percent of the total votes counted for that office. In case of offices where two or more seats are being filled from among all the candidates for the office, the one-quarter of one percent difference is between the elected candidate with the fewest votes and the candidate with the most votes from among the candidates who were not elected.
- (b) A losing candidate for nomination or election to a county, municipal, or school district office may request a recount of the votes cast for nomination or election to that office if the difference between the votes cast for that candidate and for a winning candidate for nomination or election is less than one-half of one percent, and the total number of votes cast for the nomination or election of all candidates is more than 400 but less than 50,000. In cases of offices where two or more seats are being filled from among all the candidates for the office, the one-half of one percent difference is between the elected candidate with the fewest votes and the candidate with the most votes from among the candidates who were not elected.
- (c) A losing candidate for nomination or election to a county, municipal, or school district office may request a recount of the votes cast for nomination or election to that office if the difference between the vote cast for that candidate and for a winning candidate for nomination or election is ten votes or less, and the total number of votes cast for the nomination or election of all candidates is no more than 400. In cases of offices where two or more seats are being filled from among all the candidates for the office, the ten vote difference is between the elected candidate with the fewest votes and the candidate with the most votes from among the candidates who were not elected.

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(d) Candidates for county offices shall file a written request for the recount with the county auditor. Candidates for municipal or school district offices shall file a written request with the municipal or school district clerk as appropriate. All requests under this paragraph shall be filed by between the close of the canvass of a primary or special primary and 5:00 p.m. on the fifth day after the canvass of a primary or special primary or by between the close of the canvass of a special or general election and 5:00 p.m. on the seventh day of the canvass of a special or general election for which a recount is sought.

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- (e) Upon receipt of a request made pursuant to this section, the county auditor shall recount the votes for a county office at the expense of the county, the governing body of the municipality shall recount the votes for a municipal office at the expense of the 124.10 municipality, and the school board of the school district shall recount the votes for a school 124.11 district office at the expense of the school district. 124.12
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections 124.13 on or after that date. 124.14
- Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204C.37, is amended to read: 124.15
- 204C.37 COUNTY CANVASS; RETURN OF REPORTS TO SECRETARY OF 124.16 STATE. 124.17
- A copy of the report required by sections 204C.32, subdivision 1, and 204C.33, 124.18 subdivision 1, shall be certified under the official seal of the county auditor. The copy shall 124.19 be enclosed in an envelope addressed to the secretary of state, with the county auditor's 124.20 name and official address and the words "Election Returns" endorsed on the envelope. The 124.21 copy of the canvassing board report must be sent by express mail or delivered to the secretary of state. If the copy is not received by the secretary of state within ten 17 days following 124.23 the applicable election a primary election, or within 24 days following a general election, 124.24 the secretary of state shall immediately notify the county auditor, who shall deliver another 124.25 copy to the secretary of state by special messenger. 124.26
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections 124.27 on or after that date. 124.28
- Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204D.08, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 124.29
- 124.30 Subd. 4. State partisan primary ballot; party columns. The state partisan primary ballot shall be headed by the words "State Partisan Primary Ballot." The ballot shall be 124.31 printed on white paper. There must be at least three vertical columns on the ballot and each 124.32

major political party shall have a separate column headed by the words ".......... Party," giving the party name. Above the party names, the following statement shall be printed.

"Minnesota Election Law permits you to vote for the candidates of only one political party in a state partisan primary election."

If there are only two major political parties to be listed on the ballot, one party must occupy the left-hand column, the other party must occupy the right-hand column, and the center column must contain the following statement:

"Do not vote for candidates of more than one party."

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The names of the candidates seeking the nomination of each major political party shall be listed in that party's column. If only one individual files an affidavit of candidacy seeking the nomination of a major political party for an office, the name of that individual shall be placed on the state partisan primary ballot at the appropriate location in that party's column.

In each column, the candidates for senator in Congress shall be listed first, candidates for representative in Congress second, candidates for state senator third, candidates for state representative fourth and then candidates for state office in the order specified by the secretary of state. Vacant offices being filled by special election must be listed with other offices of that type, but after any office of that type for which a candidate will be elected for a full term.

The party columns shall be substantially the same in width, type, and appearance. The columns shall be separated by a 12-point solid line.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204D.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Order of offices.** The candidates for partisan offices shall be placed on the state general election ballot in the following order: senator in Congress shall be first; representative in Congress, second; state senator, third; and state representative, fourth. The candidates for state offices shall follow in the order specified by the secretary of state. Candidates for governor and lieutenant governor shall appear so that a single vote may be cast for both offices. Vacant offices being filled by special election must be listed with other offices of that type, but after any office of that type for which a candidate will be elected for a full term.

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Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204D.195, is amended to read:

204D.195 DATE OF SPECIAL ELECTION; CERTAIN TIMES PROHIBITED.

- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a special primary and special general election may not be held:
- 126.5 (1) for a period beginning the day following the date of the state primary election and 126.6 ending the day prior to the date of the state general election; or
- 126.7 (2) on a holiday, or during the four days before or after a holiday, as defined in section 645.44, subdivision 5.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to special elections occurring on or after that date.
- Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204D.27, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 126.12 Subd. 5. Canvass; special primary; state canvassing board; contest. Not later than four days after the returns of the county canvassing boards are certified to the secretary of 126.13 state, the State Canvassing Board shall complete its canvass of the special primary. The 126.14 secretary of state shall then promptly certify to the county auditors the names of the 126.15 nominated individuals, prepare notices of nomination, and notify each nominee of the 126.16 nomination. In case of a contest of a special primary for state senator or state representative, 126.17 the notice of contest must be filed within two days, excluding Sundays and legal holidays, 126.18 126.19 after the canvass is completed, and the contest shall otherwise proceed in the manner provided by law for contesting elections. 126.20
- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204D.28, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Filing by candidates.** The time for filing of affidavits and nominating petitions for candidates to fill a vacancy at a special election shall open 12 weeks before the special primary or on the day the secretary of state issues notice of the special election, whichever occurs later. Filings shall close ten weeks before the special primary. A candidate filing for the office of United States senator to fill a vacancy at a special election when both offices of United States senator are required to be placed on the same ballot must specify on the affidavit of candidacy the expiration date of the term of the office that the candidate is seeking.

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Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 204D.28, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **United States senator; candidates; designation of term.** When the names of candidates for both offices of United States senator are required to be placed on the same ballot, the expiration date of the term of each office shall be printed on the ballot in the office heading opposite the name of each candidate for nomination or election to that office.

- Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 205.065, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Results.** The municipal primary shall be conducted and the returns made in the manner provided for the state primary so far as practicable. The canvass may be conducted on either the second or third day after the primary.
- The governing body of the municipality shall canvass the returns on the tenth day after the primary, and the two candidates for each office who receive the highest number of votes, or a number of candidates equal to twice the number of individuals to be elected to the office, who receive the highest number of votes, shall be the nominees for the office named. Their names shall be certified to the municipal clerk who shall place them on the municipal general election ballot without partisan designation and without payment of an additional fee.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections on or after that date.
- Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 205.185, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Canvass of returns, certificate of election, ballots, disposition. (a) Between the third tenth and tenth 17th days after an election, the governing body of a city conducting any election including a special municipal election, or the governing body of a town conducting the general election in November shall act as the canvassing board, canvass the returns, and declare the results of the election. The governing body of a town conducting the general election in March shall act as the canvassing board, canvass the returns, and declare the results of the election within two nine days after an election.
 - (b) After the time for contesting elections has passed, the municipal clerk shall issue a certificate of election to each successful candidate. In case of a contest, the certificate shall not be issued until the outcome of the contest has been determined by the proper court.
- 127.30 (c) In case of a tie vote, the canvassing board having jurisdiction over the municipality 127.31 shall determine the result by lot. The clerk of the canvassing board shall certify the results

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of the election to the county auditor, and the clerk shall be the final custodian of the ballots and the returns of the election.

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- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections on or after that date.
- Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 205A.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Results.** (a) The school district primary must be conducted and the returns made in the manner provided for the state primary as far as practicable. If the primary is conducted:
- 128.9 (1) only within that school district, a canvass may be conducted on either the second or 128.10 third day after the primary; or
- (2) in conjunction with the state primary, the canvass must be conducted on the third day after the primary, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b).
- On the tenth day after the primary, the school board of the school district shall canvass
 the returns, and the two candidates for each specified school board position who receive
 the highest number of votes, or a number of candidates equal to twice the number of
 individuals to be elected to at-large school board positions who receive the highest number
 of votes, are the nominees for the office named. Their names must be certified to the school
 district clerk who shall place them on the school district general election ballot without
 partisan designation and without payment of an additional fee.
 - (b) Following a school district primary as described in paragraph (a), clause (2), a canvass may be conducted on the second day after the primary if the county auditor of each county in which the school district is located agrees to administratively review the school district's primary voting statistics for accuracy and completeness within a time that permits the canvass to be conducted on that day.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections on or after that date.
- Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 205A.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Canvass of returns, certificate of election, ballots, disposition. Between the third tenth and tenth 17th days after a school district election other than a recount of a special election conducted under section 126C.17, subdivision 9, or 475.59, the school board shall canvass the returns and declare the results of the election. After the time for contesting elections has passed, the school district clerk shall issue a certificate of election to each

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successful candidate. If there is a contest, the certificate of election to that office must not be issued until the outcome of the contest has been determined by the proper court. If there is a tie vote, the school board shall determine the result by lot. The clerk shall deliver the certificate of election to the successful candidate by personal service or certified mail. The successful candidate shall file an acceptance and oath of office in writing with the clerk within 30 days of the date of mailing or personal service. A person who fails to qualify prior to the time specified shall be deemed to have refused to serve, but that filing may be made at any time before action to fill the vacancy has been taken. The school district clerk shall certify the results of the election to the county auditor, and the clerk shall be the final custodian of the ballots and the returns of the election.

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A school district canvassing board shall perform the duties of the school board according to the requirements of this subdivision for a recount of a special election conducted under section 126C.17, subdivision 9, or 475.59.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections 129.14 on or after that date. 129.15
- 129.16 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 206.805, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Contracts required. (a) The secretary of state, with the assistance of the 129.17 commissioner of administration, must establish one or more state voting systems contracts. 129.18 The contracts should, if practical, include provisions for maintenance of the equipment 129.19 purchased. The voting systems contracts must address precinct-based optical scan voting 129.20 equipment, assistive voting technology, automatic tabulating equipment, and electronic 129.21 roster equipment. The contracts must give the state a perpetual license to use and modify 129.22 the software. The contracts must include provisions to escrow the software source code, as 129.23 provided in subdivision 2. Bids for voting systems and related election services must be 129.24 solicited from each vendor selling or leasing voting systems that have been certified for use 129.25 by the secretary of state. Bids for electronic roster equipment, software, and related services 129.26 must be solicited from each vendor selling or leasing electronic roster equipment that meets 129.27 the requirements of section 201.225, subdivision 2. The contracts must be renewed from 129.28 time to time. 129.29
 - (b) Counties and municipalities may purchase or lease voting systems and obtain related election services from the state contracts. All counties and municipalities are members of the cooperative purchasing venture of the Department of Administration for the purpose of this section. For the purpose of township elections, counties must aggregate orders under contracts negotiated under this section for products and services and may apportion the

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costs of those products and services proportionally among the townships receiving the products and services. The county is not liable for the timely or accurate delivery of those products or services.

2nd Engrossment

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 206.89, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Standard of acceptable performance by voting system. A comparison of the results compiled by the voting system with the postelection review described in this section must show that the results of the electronic voting system differed by no more than one-half of one percent from the manual count of the offices reviewed by no more than two votes in a precinct where fewer than 1,200 voters cast ballots, three votes in a precinct where between 1,200 and 1,599 voters cast ballots, four votes in a precinct where between 1,600 and 1,999 voters cast ballots, or five votes in a precinct where 2,000 or more voters cast ballots. Valid votes that have been marked by the voter outside the vote targets or using a manual marking device that cannot be read by the voting system must not be included in making the determination whether the voting system has met the standard of acceptable performance for any precinct.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 206.89, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Additional review. (a) If the postelection review in one of the reviewed precincts reveals a difference greater than one-half of one percent, or greater than two votes in a precinct where 400 or fewer voters cast ballots the thresholds specified in subdivision 4, the postelection review official must, within two days, conduct an additional review of the races indicated in subdivision 3 in at least three precincts in the same jurisdiction where the discrepancy was discovered. If all precincts in that jurisdiction have been reviewed, the county auditor must immediately publicly select by lot at least three additional precincts for review. The postelection review official must complete the additional review within two days after the precincts are selected and report the results immediately to the county auditor. If the second review in any of the reviewed precincts also indicates a difference in the vote totals compiled by the voting system that is greater than one-half of one percent from the result indicated by the postelection review, or greater than two votes in a precinct where 400 or fewer voters cast ballots the thresholds specified in subdivision 4, the county auditor must conduct a review of the ballots from all the remaining precincts in the county for the races indicated in subdivision 3. This review must be completed and the results must be 130.32 reported to the secretary of state within one week after the second review was completed.

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Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 206.90, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Ballots. In precincts using optical scan voting systems, a single ballot card on which all ballot information is included must be printed in black ink on white colored material except that marks not to be read by the automatic tabulating equipment may be printed in another color ink. In state elections, a single ballot title must be used, as provided in sections 204D.08, subdivision 6, and 204D.11, subdivision 1. In odd-numbered years When both municipal and school district offices or questions appear on the ballot, the single ballot title "City (or Town) and School District Ballot" must be used.

On the front of the ballot must be printed the words "Official Ballot" and the date of the election and lines for the initials of at least two election judges.

When optical scan ballots are used, the offices to be elected must appear in the following order: federal offices; state legislative offices; constitutional offices; proposed constitutional amendments; county offices and questions; municipal offices and questions; school district offices and questions; special district offices and questions; and judicial offices.

On optical scan ballots, the names of candidates and the words "yes" and "no" for ballot questions must be printed as close to their corresponding vote targets as possible.

The line on an optical scan ballot for write-in votes must contain the words "write-in, if any." 131.26

If a primary ballot contains both a partisan ballot and a nonpartisan ballot, the instructions to voters must include a statement that reads substantially as follows: "This ballot card contains a partisan ballot and a nonpartisan ballot. On the partisan ballot you are permitted to vote for candidates of one political party only." If a primary ballot contains political party columns on both sides of the ballot, the instructions to voters must include a statement that reads substantially as follows: "Additional political parties are printed on the other side of this ballot. Vote for one political party only." At the bottom of each political party column

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on the primary ballot, the ballot must contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: 132.1 "Continue voting on the nonpartisan ballot." The instructions in section 204D.08, subdivision 132.2 132.3 4, do not apply to optical scan partisan primary ballots. Electronic ballot displays and audio ballot readers must follow the order of offices and questions on the optical scan or paper 132.4 ballot used in the same precinct, or the sample ballot posted for that precinct.

Sec. 58. [206.93] AUDIT LOGS.

- (a) For purposes of this section, "audit log" means recorded information that allows a person to see each action of the equipment, including transmitting data in any manner, in a way that allows the person to verify or reconstruct the steps followed without compromising the ballot or voter secrecy.
- 132.11 (b) Each ballot tabulator used in the state must maintain an audit log. A full copy of each tabulator's audit log must be printed after the tabulation of election results on election night. 132.12 The printed copy of the log must be retained in the county auditor or municipal clerk's office 132.13 as provided in section 204B.40. 132.14
- 132.15 (c) Within 30 days of the state general election, the county auditor or municipal clerk 132.16 must provide to the secretary of state copies of the audit log from each tabulator used in the state primary or the state general election. The secretary of state must compile the audit 132.17 logs and transmit them to the legislature by January 1 of each odd-numbered year. 132.18
- Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 207A.13, is amended to read: 132.19

207A.13 FORM OF BALLOTS; CANDIDATES ON BALLOT.

- Subdivision 1. Form. (a) Except as provided by law, presidential nomination primary 132.21 ballots shall be printed in the same manner as state primary ballots as far as practicable. A 132.22 sufficient number of each ballot shall be printed for each precinct and ward in the state. 132.23
- (b) There must be separate ballots for the names of the candidates of each participating 132.24 132.25 political party. Each ballot must be headed by the words "Presidential Nomination Primary Ballot." The heading must also indicate the party that appears on the ballot. 132.26
- (c) If requested by a party chair, the ballot for that participating party must contain a place for a voter to indicate a preference for having delegates to the party's national 132.28 convention remain uncommitted. If requested by a party chair, the ballot for that participating 132.29 party must contain a blank line printed below the other choices on the ballot so that a voter 132.30 may write in the name of a person who is not listed on the ballot. A request under this 132.31

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paragraph must be submitted to the secretary of state no later than 63 days before the presidential nomination primary.

- Subd. 2. Candidates on the ballot. (a) Each party participating in the presidential nomination primary must determine which candidates are to be placed on the presidential nomination primary ballot for that party. The chair of each participating party must submit to the secretary of state the names of the candidates to appear on the ballot for that party no later than 63 days before the presidential nomination primary. Once submitted, changes must not be made to the candidates that will appear on the ballot.
- (b) No later than the seventh day before the presidential nomination primary, the chair of each participating party must submit to the secretary of state the names of write-in candidates, if any, to be counted for that party.
- Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 207A.14, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 133.12
- Subd. 3. Notice of primary to public. At least 15 days before the date of the presidential nomination primary, each municipal clerk shall post a public notice stating the date of the presidential nomination primary, the location of each polling place in the municipality, the 133.15 hours during which the polling places in the municipality will be open, and information 133.16 about the requirements of section 207A.12, paragraph (b), including a notice that the voter's 133.17 choice of a political party's ballot will be recorded and is public information. The county 133.18 auditor shall post a similar notice in the auditor's office with information for any polling 133.19 places in unorganized territory in the county. The governing body of a municipality or county may publish the notice in addition to posting it. Failure to give notice does not invalidate the election. 133.22
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 133.23
- Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 208.03, is amended to read: 133.24

208.03 NOMINATION OF PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS AND ALTERNATES.

Presidential electors and alternates for the major political parties of this state shall be nominated by delegate conventions called and held under the supervision of the respective state central committees of the parties of this state. Each major political party shall nominate one presidential elector from each congressional district and two presidential electors from the state at large. At least 71 days before the general election day the chair of the major political party shall certify to the secretary of state the names of the persons nominated as presidential electors, the names of persons nominated as alternate presidential electors, and SGS

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the names of the party candidates for president and vice president. For each person nominated as an elector or alternate elector, the chair shall indicate whether the person is nominated as an at-large elector or is nominated to represent a congressional district. If the person is nominated to represent a congressional district, the chair must indicate the congressional district number for each nominee. The chair shall also certify that the party candidates for president and vice president have no affidavit on file as a candidate for any office in this state at the ensuing general election.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 208.05, is amended to read:

208.05 STATE CANVASSING BOARD.

- The State Canvassing Board at its meeting on the date provided in section 204C.33 shall open and canvass the returns made to the secretary of state for presidential electors and alternates, prepare a statement of the number of votes cast for the persons receiving votes for these offices statewide and within each congressional district, and declare the person or persons receiving the highest number of votes for each office duly elected, as follows:
- 134.15 (1) the statewide vote totals must be used to determine the persons elected to serve as
 134.16 electors under the at-large designation; and
- 134.17 (2) the vote totals within each congressional district must be used to determine the person elected to serve as an elector representing that district.
- When it appears that more than the number of persons to be elected as presidential electors or alternates have the highest and an equal number of votes, the secretary of state, in the presence of the board shall decide by lot which of the persons shall be declared elected. The governor shall transmit to each person declared elected a certificate of election, signed by the governor, sealed with the state seal, and countersigned by the secretary of state.
- Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 367.25, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Requirement, fee.** Every person elected at a March election, elected at a special election, or appointed to a town office, within ten days after receiving a certificate or notice of election or appointment, shall take and subscribe the oath required by law.

 Persons elected at a November election shall take their oath before assuming office. If taken before the town clerk, the oath shall be administered and certified without fee.

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Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 412.02, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. Vacancy. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 2b, a vacancy in an office shall be filled by council appointment until an election is held as provided in this subdivision. In case of a tie vote in the council, the mayor shall make the appointment. If the vacancy occurs before the first day to file affidavits of candidacy for the next regular city election and more than two years remain in the unexpired term, a special election shall be held at or before the next regular city election and the appointed person shall serve until the qualification of a successor elected at a special election to fill the unexpired portion of the term. If the vacancy occurs on or after the first day to file affidavits of candidacy for the regular city election or when less than two years remain in the unexpired term, there need not be a special election to fill the vacancy and the appointed person shall serve until the qualification of a successor. The council must specify by ordinance under what circumstances it will hold a special election to fill a vacancy other than a special election held at the same time as the regular city election.

All of the provisions of the Minnesota Election Law are applicable to special elections as far as practicable.

Sec. 65. AUDIT OF ELECTION EQUIPMENT.

- (a) For purposes of this section, "election equipment means" electronic poll books, tabulating equipment, electronic voting systems, and assistive voting technology.
- (b) The legislative auditor must conduct an audit of election equipment and related 135.20 software as described in this section. The auditor must complete the audit by February 1, 135.21 2022. The auditor may contract with a vendor to complete any or all of the requirements of 135.22 this section. At a minimum, the audit must include eight cities or counties in the metropolitan 135.23 area, as defined by Minnesota Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 2, and eight cities or 135.24 135.25 counties outside of the metropolitan area. To the extent possible, the auditor must select cities and counties so as to examine at least one of each model of tabulator used in the state 135.26 and at least one of each model of assistive voting equipment used in the state. 135.27
- (c) The auditor must review all elections policies, procedures, and practices, for:
- (1) selecting and procuring election equipment and related software; and
- 135.30 (2) for updating or maintaining election equipment and related software.
- The auditor must determine whether the policies, procedures, and practices are consistent with state law.

136.1	(d) The auditor must examine election equipment and related software that was used in
136.2	the 2020 general election. At a minimum, the auditor must:
136.3	(1) specify the brand, model, and year of manufacture for each piece of election
136.4	equipment;
136.5	(2) specify the brand and version of each type of software used;
136.6	(3) determine whether any software updates or other changes were made to the equipment
136.7	after completion of the testing required by Minnesota Statutes, section 206.83, and if so,
136.8	the purpose of the updates or changes;
136.9	(4) whether the equipment is capable of connecting to the internet or is otherwise capable
136.10	of transmitting data;
136.11	(5) review the incident logs from each polling place to identify incidents related to
136.12	equipment or software and determine the cause of the incident and how it was resolved;
136.13	and
136.14	(6) review the source code to determine whether the code functioned as represented by
136.15	the vendor and that the code was free from defects.
136.16	Upon request, the secretary of state must provide a copy of the source code to the auditor.
136.17	(e) For each piece of equipment that is capable of connecting to the internet or otherwise
136.18	capable of transmitting data, the auditor must:
136.19	(1) determine the manner of connecting to the internet and any security or encryption
136.20	measures in place; and
136.21	(2) review any audit log or other similar data to determine each time the equipment was
136.22	connected to the internet since September 18, 2020, and if possible, determine the purpose
136.23	of the connection.
136.24	(f) The auditor must examine each ballot tabulator or central count machine or the related
136.25	software to determine the accuracy of the machine. For the 2020 general election results,
136.26	the auditor must also examine whether the tape from the tabulator or machine accurately
136.27	reflects the ballots counted by the machine.
136.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
136.29	Sec. 66. PUBLIC AWARENESS CAMPAIGN; SECRETARY OF STATE.
136.30	The secretary of state must contract with a vendor to conduct a public awareness campaign
136.31	to encourage people to register to vote prior to election day. At a minimum, the vendor must

137.1	conduct the public awareness campaign in each even-numbered year from June 1 until the
137.2	voter registration period ends prior to the state general election. The secretary of state may
137.3	consult with the vendor in coordinating material related to the campaign, but the secretary,
137.4	the secretary's staff, and any other documents or materials promoting the Office of the
137.5	Secretary of State may not appear visually or audibly in any advertising or promotional
137.6	items disseminated by the vendor as part of the public awareness campaign.
137.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to elections
137.8	on or after that date.
127.0	Sec. 67. REPEALER.
137.9	Sec. 6/. REPEALER.
137.10	Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 135A.17, subdivision 2; 201.061, subdivision 7; and
137.11	204C.12, subdivision 3, are repealed.
137.12	Sec. 68. <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u>
137.13	Except as otherwise provided, this article is effective July 1, 2021 and applies to elections
137.14	on or after that date.
137.15	ARTICLE 5
137.16	VETERANS AND MILITARY AFFAIRS POLICY
137.17	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10.578, is amended to read:
137.18	10.578 VETERANS SUICIDE <u>PREVENTION AND AWARENESS DAY.</u>
137.19	The first Saturday of every October is designated Veterans Suicide Prevention and
137.20	Awareness Day. Each year, the governor shall issue a proclamation honoring this observance.
137.21	Each year in conjunction with this observance, the commissioner of veterans affairs shall
137.22	coordinate activities that raise awareness of, and promote the prevention of, veteran suicides.
137.23	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 15.057, is amended to read:
137.24	15.057 PUBLICITY REPRESENTATIVES.
137.25	No state department, bureau, or division, whether the same operates on funds appropriated
137.26	or receipts or fees of any nature whatsoever, except the Department of Veterans Affairs,
137.27	the Department of Transportation, the Department of Employment and Economic
137.28	Development, the Game and Fish Division, State Agricultural Society, and Explore Minnesota
137.29	Tourism shall use any of such funds for the payment of the salary or expenses of a publicity
137.30	representative. The head of any such department, bureau, or division shall be personally

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2nd Engrossment

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SF1831 **REVISOR** SGS S1831-2 liable for funds used contrary to this provision. This section shall not be construed, however, 138.1 as preventing any such department, bureau, or division from sending out any bulletins or 138.2 138.3 other publicity required by any state law or necessary for the satisfactory conduct of the business for which such department, bureau, or division was created. 138.4 Sec. 3. [16B.276] CAPITOL FLAG PROGRAM. 138.5 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The terms used in this section have the meanings given 138.6 them. 138.7 (b) "Active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05, subdivision 5. 138.8 138.9 (c) "Eligible family member" means a surviving spouse, parent or legal guardian, child, or sibling of (1) a public safety officer killed in the line of duty, or (2) a person who has 138.10 138.11 died while serving honorably in active service in the United States armed forces. For purposes of this section, an eligibility relationship may be established by birth or adoption. 138.12 138.13 (d) "Killed in the line of duty" has the meaning given in section 299A.41, subdivision 138.14 138.15 (e) "Public safety officer" has the meaning given in section 299A.41, subdivision 4. 138.16

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Subd. 2. Establishment. A Capitol flag program is established. The purpose of the program is to make a Minnesota state flag and an American flag that were flown over the Minnesota State Capitol available to the family members of a public safety officer killed in the line of duty or a member of the United States armed forces who died while in active service. In addition to appropriations provided by law, the commissioner of management and budget may receive gifts to support the program as authorized in sections 16A.013 to 16A.016. The program established by this section is required only to the extent that sufficient funds are available through appropriations or gifts to support its operations.

Subd. 3. Submission of request; presentation. (a) A flag request may only be made by a legislator or state constitutional officer on behalf of an eligible family member after verification of the family member's eligibility under the procedures adopted under subdivision 4. The request must be made to the commissioner of administration, and must indicate the type of flag requested, a certification that the family member's eligibility has been verified, special requests for the date the flag is requested to be flown over the Capitol, and the method of presentment. The commissioner may adopt a form to be used for this purpose. With at least 30 days' notice, the commissioner must honor a request that a flag be flown on a specific commemorative date.

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139.1	(b) Upon receipt of a request, the commissioner shall deliver the requested flags to the
139.2	requesting legislator or constitutional officer for coordination of a later presentment
139.3	ceremony. If relevant information is made available, the commissioner shall provide a
139.4	certificate memorializing the details of the occasion and the date the flag was flown with
139.5	each flag presented.
139.6	Subd. 4. Verification of eligibility. The house of representatives, the senate, and each
139.7	constitutional officer must adopt procedures for the administration of flag requests received
139.8	from eligible family members, including a procedure for verification of a family member's
139.9	eligibility to receive a flag.
139.10	Subd. 5. Eligibility; fees. (a) For deaths that occur on or after August 1, 2021, the family
139.11	of a public safety officer killed in the line of duty or service member of the United States
139.12	armed forces who died in active service is entitled to receive one United States flag and one
139.13	Minnesota state flag free of charge under this section. If multiple flags of the same type are
139.14	requested to be flown in honor of the same decedent, the commissioner may charge a
139.15	reasonable fee that does not exceed the actual cost of flying each flag and preparing a
139.16	certificate memorializing the occasion.
139.17	(b) For deaths that occurred before August 1, 2021, the family of a public safety officer
139.18	killed in the line of duty or service member of the United States armed forces who died in
139.19	active service may receive a Minnesota state flag and a United States flag for a fee, unless
139.20	there are donated, nonstate funds available to provide a flag without a fee. If payment of a
139.21	fee is required under this paragraph, the commissioner may charge an eligible family an
139.22	amount that does not exceed the actual cost of flying each flag and preparing a certificate
139.23	memorializing the occasion.
139.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021.
139.25	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 190.07, is amended to read:
139.26	190.07 APPOINTMENT; QUALIFICATIONS; RANK; TERM; VACANCY.
139.27	Subdivision 1. Qualifications. There shall be an adjutant general of the state who shall
139.28	be appointed by the governor within 120 days of a vacancy of the position. The adjutant
139.29	general shall be a staff officer, who at the time of appointment shall be a commissioned
139.30	officer of the National Guard of this state, with not less than ten years military service in
139.31	the National Guard of this state or the armed forces of the United States, at least three of
139.32	which shall have been commissioned and who shall have reached, at a minimum, the grade
139.33	of a field officer rank of colonel (O-6).

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Subd. 2. Rank. The adjutant general shall be promoted, if necessary, directly to and shall hold at least the rank of major general and may be promoted to and including the highest rank authorized under federal law. However, the adjutant general may not be promoted to the rank of major general without having at least 20 years service in the Minnesota National Guard, at least one of which has been in the rank of brigadier general. If not already a major general, the adjutant general's promotion is effective beginning on the date the governor appoints the adjutant general. At the time of appointment and in accordance with the authorities governing federal recognition of officers, the adjutant general is authorized to wear the rank of major general.

Subd. 3. Term. The term of the adjutant general is <u>for a single term of seven</u> years from the date of appointment. Section 15.06, subdivisions 3, 4, and 5, governs filling of vacancies in the Office of Adjutant General. The adjutant general shall not be removed from office during a term except upon withdrawal of federal recognition or as otherwise provided by the military laws of this state.

Subd. 4. Vacancy; acting or temporary adjutant general. In the event of a vacancy of the adjutant general, the governor may appoint a person qualified under subdivision 1 as an acting adjutant general. If the governor does not appoint an acting adjutant general, the deputy adjutant general as defined in section 190.09, subdivision 1, shall become temporary adjutant general without further official action. Upon taking office, the acting or temporary adjutant general shall have all the powers and emoluments and perform all the duties of the office of adjutant general until a permanent adjutant general is appointed.

Sec. 5. [196.081] VETERANS STABLE HOUSING INITIATIVE; DATA.

- (a) The commissioner may establish a veterans stable housing initiative. If the commissioner establishes a veterans stable housing initiative under this section, the commissioner must provide resources and support to assist veterans experiencing homelessness in obtaining or maintaining stable housing.
- (b) Data on individuals maintained by the commissioner in the Homeless Veteran Registry
 for purposes of the veterans stable housing initiative is private data on individuals as defined
 in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and must not be disclosed or shared except for coordinating
 homelessness prevention efforts with:
- (1) members of the Minnesota Interagency Council on Homelessness; and

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141.1	(2) Homeless Veteran Registry partners to address a veteran's episode of homelessness
141.2	or maintain a veteran's housing plan through Department of Veterans Affairs funded
141.3	programs.
141.4	(c) For purposes of this section, "homelessness" means that a veteran lacks a fixed,
141.5	nighttime residence.
141.6	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 197.791, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
141.7	Subd. 4. Eligibility. (a) A person is eligible for educational assistance under subdivisions
141.8	subdivision 5 and 5a if:
141.9	(1) the person is:
141.10	(i) a veteran who is serving or has served honorably in any branch or unit of the United
141.11	States armed forces at any time;
141.12	(ii) a nonveteran who has served honorably for a total of five years or more cumulatively
141.13	as a member of the Minnesota National Guard or any other active or reserve component of
141.14	the United States armed forces, and any part of that service occurred on or after September
141.15	11, 2001;
141.16	(iii) the surviving spouse or child of a person who has served in the military and who
141.17	has died as a direct result of that military service, only if the surviving spouse or child is
141.18	eligible to receive federal education benefits under United States Code, title 38, chapter 33,
141.19	as amended, or United States Code, title 38, chapter 35, as amended; or
141.20	(iv) the spouse or child of a person who has served in the military at any time and who
141.21	has a total and permanent service-connected disability as rated by the United States Veterans
141.22	Administration, only if the spouse or child is eligible to receive federal education benefits
141.23	under United States Code, title 38, chapter 33, as amended, or United States Code, title 38,
141.24	chapter 35, as amended; and
141.25	(2) the person receiving the educational assistance is a Minnesota resident, as defined
141.26	in section 136A.101, subdivision 8; and
141.27	(3) the person receiving the educational assistance:
141.28	(i) is an undergraduate or graduate student at an eligible institution;
141.29	(ii) is maintaining satisfactory academic progress as defined by the institution for students
141.30	participating in federal Title IV programs;

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- 142.1 (iii) is enrolled in an education program leading to a certificate, diploma, or degree at 142.2 an eligible institution;
 - (iv) has applied for educational assistance under this section prior to the end of the academic term for which the assistance is being requested;
- (v) is in compliance with child support payment requirements under section 136A.121, subdivision 2, clause (5); and
- (vi) has completed the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA).
- 142.8 (b) A person's eligibility terminates when the person becomes eligible for benefits under section 135A.52.
 - (c) To determine eligibility, the commissioner may require official documentation, including the person's federal form DD-214 or other official military discharge papers; correspondence from the United States Veterans Administration; birth certificate; marriage certificate; proof of enrollment at an eligible institution; signed affidavits; proof of residency; proof of identity; or any other official documentation the commissioner considers necessary to determine eligibility.
 - (d) The commissioner may deny eligibility or terminate benefits under this section to any person who has not provided sufficient documentation to determine eligibility for the program. An applicant may appeal the commissioner's eligibility determination or termination of benefits in writing to the commissioner at any time. The commissioner must rule on any application or appeal within 30 days of receipt of all documentation that the commissioner requires. The decision of the commissioner regarding an appeal is final. However, an applicant whose appeal of an eligibility determination has been rejected by the commissioner may submit an additional appeal of that determination in writing to the commissioner at any time that the applicant is able to provide substantively significant additional information regarding the applicant's eligibility for the program. An approval of an applicant's eligibility by the commissioner following an appeal by the applicant is not retroactively effective for more than one year or the semester of the person's original application, whichever is later.
 - (e) Upon receiving an application with insufficient documentation to determine eligibility, the commissioner must notify the applicant within 30 days of receipt of the application that the application is being suspended pending receipt by the commissioner of sufficient documentation from the applicant to determine eligibility.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 197.791, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 143.1

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- Subd. 5. Educational assistance amount. (a) On approval by the commissioner of 143.2 eligibility for the program, the applicant shall be awarded, on a funds-available basis, the 143.3 educational assistance under the program for use at any time according to program rules at 143.4 143.5 any eligible institution.
- (b) The amount of educational assistance in any semester or term for an eligible person 143.6 must be determined by subtracting from the eligible person's cost of attendance the amount 143.7 the person received or was eligible to receive in that semester or term from: 143.8
- (1) the federal Pell Grant; 143.9

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- (2) the state grant program under section 136A.121; and 143.10
- (3) any federal military or veterans educational benefits including but not limited to the 143.11 Montgomery GI Bill, GI Bill Kicker, the federal tuition assistance program, vocational 143.12 rehabilitation benefits, and any other federal benefits associated with the person's status as 143.13 a veteran, except veterans disability payments from the United States Department of Veterans 143.14 Administration and payments made under the Veterans Retraining Assistance Program (VRAP) Affairs. 143.16
- (c) The amount of educational assistance for any eligible person who is a full-time 143.17 student must not exceed the following: 143.18
- (1) \$3,000 per state fiscal year; and 143.19
- (2) \$10,000 in a lifetime. 143.20
- (d) For a part-time student, the amount of educational assistance must not exceed \$500 143.21 per semester or term of enrollment. For the purpose of this paragraph, a part-time 143.22 undergraduate student is a student taking fewer than 12 credits or the equivalent for a 143.23 semester or term of enrollment and a part-time graduate student is a student considered part 143.24 time by the eligible institution the graduate student is attending. The minimum award for undergraduate and graduate students is \$50 per term. 143.26
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 197.791, subdivision 5a, is amended to read: 143.27
- Subd. 5a. Apprenticeship and on-the-job training. (a) The commissioner, in 143.28 consultation with the commissioners of employment and economic development and labor 143.29 and industry, shall develop and implement an apprenticeship and on-the-job training program 143.30 to administer a portion of the Minnesota GI Bill program to pay benefit amounts to eligible 143.31 persons, as provided in this subdivision. 143.32

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144.1	(b) An "eligible employer" means an employer operating a qualifying apprenticeship or
144.2	on-the-job training program that has been approved by the commissioner.
144.3	(c) A person is eligible for apprenticeship and on-the-job training assistance under this
144.4	subdivision if the person meets the criteria established under subdivision 4, paragraph (a).
144.5	The commissioner may determine eligibility as provided in subdivision 4, paragraph (c),
144.6	and may deny or terminate benefits as prescribed under subdivision 4, paragraphs (d) and
144.7	(e). The amount of assistance paid to or on behalf of an eligible individual under this
144.8	subdivision must not exceed the following:
144.9	(c) A person is eligible for apprenticeship and on-the-job training assistance under this
144.10	subdivision if the person is:
144.11	(i) a veteran who is serving or has served honorably in any branch or unit of the United
144.12	States armed forces at any time;
144.13	(ii) a nonveteran who has served honorably for a total of five years or more cumulatively
144.14	as a member of the Minnesota National Guard or any other active or reserve component of
144.15	the United States armed forces, and any part of that service occurred on or after September
144.16	<u>11, 2001;</u>
144.17	(iii) the surviving spouse or child of a person who has served in the military and who
144.18	has died as a direct result of that military service, only if the surviving spouse or child is
144.19	eligible to receive federal education benefits under United States Code, title 38, chapter 33,
144.20	as amended, or United States Code, title 38, chapter 35, as amended; or
144.21	(iv) the spouse or child of a person who has served in the military at any time and who
144.22	has a total and permanent service-connected disability as rated by the United States Veterans
144.23	Administration, only if the spouse or child is eligible to receive federal education benefits
144.24	under United States Code, title 38, chapter 33, as amended, or United States Code, title 38,
144.25	chapter 35, as amended.
144.26	(d) The amount of assistance paid to or on behalf of an eligible individual under this
144.27	subdivision must not exceed the following:
144.28	(1) \$3,000 per fiscal year for apprenticeship expenses;
144.29	(2) \$3,000 per fiscal year for on-the-job training;
144.30	(3) \$1,000 for a job placement credit payable to an eligible employer upon hiring and
144.31	completion of six consecutive months' employment of a person receiving assistance under
144 32	this subdivision: and

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145.1	(4) \$1,000 for a job placement credit payable to an eligible employer after a person				
145.2	receiving assistance under this subdivision has been employed by the eligible employer for				
145.3	at least 12 consecutive months as a full-time employee.				
145.4	(e) No more than \$5,000 in aggregate benefits under this paragraph subdivision may be				
145.5	paid to or on behalf of an individual in one fiscal year, and not more than \$10,000 in				
145.6	aggregate benefits under this paragraph may be paid to or on behalf of an individual over				
145.7	any period of time.				
145.8	(f) If an eligible person receives benefits under subdivision 5 or 5b, the eligible person's				
145.9	aggregate benefits under this subdivision and subdivisions 5 and 5b must not exceed \$10,000				
145.10	in the eligible person's lifetime.				
145.11	(d) (g) Assistance for apprenticeship expenses and on-the-job training is available for				
145.12	qualifying programs, which must, at a minimum, meet the following criteria:				
145.13	(1) the training must be with an eligible employer;				
145.14	(2) the training must be documented and reported;				
145.15	(3) the training must reasonably be expected to lead to an entry-level position; and				
145.16	(4) the position must require at least six months of training to become fully trained.				
145.17	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 197.791, subdivision 5b, is amended to read:				
145.18	Subd. 5b. Additional professional or educational benefits. (a) The commissioner shall				
145.19	develop and implement a program to administer a portion of the Minnesota GI Bill program				
145.20	to pay additional benefit amounts to eligible persons as provided under this subdivision.				
145.21	(b) A person is eligible for additional benefits under this subdivision if the person meets				
145.22	the criteria established under subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (1). The commissioner				
145.23	may determine eligibility as provided in subdivision 4, paragraph (c), and may deny or				
145.24	terminate benefits as prescribed under subdivision 4, paragraphs (d) and (e). The amount				
145.25	of assistance paid to or on behalf of an eligible individual under this subdivision must not				
145.26	exceed the following amounts:				
145.27	(b) A person is eligible for additional benefits under this subdivision if the person is:				
145.28	(i) a veteran who is serving or has served honorably in any branch or unit of the United				
145.29	States armed forces at any time;				
145.30	(ii) a nonveteran who has served honorably for a total of five years or more cumulatively				

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145.31 <u>as a member of the Minnesota National Guard or any other active or reserve component of</u>

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146.1	the United States armed forces, and any part of that service occurred on or after September				
146.2	<u>11, 2001;</u>				
146.3	(iii) the surviving spouse or child of a person who has served in the military and who				
146.4	has died as a direct result of that military service, only if the surviving spouse or child is				
146.5	eligible to receive federal education benefits under United States Code, title 38, chapter 33,				
146.6	as amended, or United States Code, title 38, chapter 35, as amended; or				
146.7	(iv) the spouse or child of a person who has served in the military at any time and who				
146.8	has a total and permanent service-connected disability as rated by the United States Veterans				
146.9	Administration, only if the spouse or child is eligible to receive federal education benefits				
146.10	under United States Code, title 38, chapter 33, as amended, or United States Code, title 38,				
146.11	chapter 35, as amended.				
146.12	(c) The amount of assistance paid to or on behalf of an eligible individual under this				
146.13	subdivision must not exceed the following amounts:				
146.14	(1) \$3,000 per state fiscal year; and				
146.15	(2) \$10,000 in a lifetime.				
146.16	(d) If an eligible person receives benefits under subdivision 5 or 5a, the eligible person's				
146.17	aggregate benefits under this subdivision and subdivisions 5 and 5a must not exceed \$10,000				
146.18	in the eligible person's lifetime.				
146.19	(e) (e) A person eligible under this subdivision may use the benefit amounts for the				
146.20	following purposes:				
146.21	(1) licensing or certification tests, the successful completion of which demonstrates an				
146.22	individual's possession of the knowledge or skill required to enter into, maintain, or advance				
146.23	in employment in a predetermined and identified vocation or profession, provided that the				
146.24	tests and the licensing or credentialing organizations or entities that offer the tests are				
146.25	approved by the commissioner;				
146.26	(2) tests for admission to institutions of higher learning or graduate schools;				
146.27	(3) national tests providing an opportunity for course credit at institutions of higher				
146.28	learning;				
146.29	(4) a preparatory course for a test that is required or used for admission to an institution				
146.30	of higher education or a graduate program; and				
146.31	(5) any fee associated with the pursuit of a professional or educational objective specified				
146.32	in clauses (1) to (4).				

147.1	(d) If an eligible person receives benefits under subdivision 5, the eligible person's
147.2	aggregate benefits under this subdivision and subdivision 5 must not exceed \$10,000 in the
147.3	eligible person's lifetime.
147.4	(e) If an eligible person receives benefits under subdivision 5a, the eligible person's
147.5	aggregate benefits under this subdivision and subdivision 5a must not exceed \$10,000 in
147.6	the eligible person's lifetime.
147.7	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 198.006, is amended to read:
147.8	198.006 SUPPLEMENTAL PROGRAMS.
147.9	(a) The commissioner shall must work with federal, state, local, and private agencies to
147.10	develop alternative institutional and noninstitutional care programs for veterans to supplement
147.11	the mission of the homes. Veterans shall be afforded the least restrictive, most appropriate
147.12	level of care available.
147.13	(b) The commissioner may work with federal, state, local, and private entities to make
147.14	available appropriate dental services for veterans homes residents. The commissioner may
147.15	engage with the United States Department of Veterans Affairs to support the dental benefits
147.16	program authorized under this paragraph.
147.17	(c) The commissioner may provide adult day care center programs that offer therapeutic
147.18	and rehabilitation health care services to veterans and support services for caregivers of
147.19	veterans. If the commissioner provides adult day care center programs, the commissioner
147.20	may collect fees from program participants. The commissioner is authorized to apply for
147.21	and accept federal funding for purposes of this paragraph.
147.22	Sec. 11. [609.1056] MILITARY VETERAN OFFENDERS RESTORATIVE JUSTICE
147.23	SENTENCE.
147.24	Subdivision 1. Offenses as a result of military service; presentence supervision
147.25	procedures. (a) Except as provided for in subdivision 2, paragraph (f), in the case of a
147.26	person charged with a criminal offense that is either Severity Level 7, D7, or lower in the
147.27	Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines, including misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor offenses,
147.28	who could otherwise be sentenced to county jail or state prison and who alleges that the

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offense was committed as a result of sexual trauma, traumatic brain injury, posttraumatic

stress disorder, substance abuse, or mental health conditions stemming from service in the

United States military, the court shall, prior to entering a plea of guilty, make a determination

147.32 as to whether the defendant was, or currently is, a member of the United States military and

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whether the defendant may be suffering from sexual trauma, traumatic brain injury, posttraumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, or mental health conditions as a result of that person's service. The court may request, through existing resources, an assessment to aid in that determination.

(b) A defendant who requests to be sentenced under this section shall release or authorize access to military service reports and records relating to the alleged conditions stemming from service in the United States military. The records shall be filed as confidential and remain sealed, except as provided for in this paragraph. The defendant, through existing records or licensed professional evaluation, shall establish the diagnosis of the condition and its connection to military service. The court, on the prosecutor's motion with notice to defense counsel, may order the defendant to furnish to the court for in camera review or to the prosecutor copies of all medical and military service reports and records previously or subsequently made concerning the defendant's condition and its connection to service. Based on the record, the court shall make findings on whether, by clear and convincing evidence, the defendant suffers from a diagnosable condition and whether that condition stems from service in the United States military. Within 15 days of the court's findings, either party may file a challenge to the findings and demand a hearing on the defendant's eligibility under this section.

If the court determines that a defendant suffers from a substance abuse disorder, the court shall order a Rule 25 assessment under Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6615, and follow the recommendations contained in the assessment. If the court determines that a defendant suffers from posttraumatic stress disorder, traumatic brain injury, or other mental health conditions, the court shall order a mental health assessment conducted by a licensed mental health professional and follow the recommendations contained in the examiner's report.

(c) If the court concludes that a defendant who entered a plea of guilty to a criminal offense is a person described in this subdivision or the parties stipulate to eligibility, and if the defendant is otherwise eligible for probation, the court shall, upon the defendant entering a plea of guilty, without entering a judgment of guilty and with the consent of the defendant, prosecutor, and victim, defer further proceedings and place the defendant on probation upon such reasonable conditions as it may require and for a period not to exceed the maximum sentence provided for the violation unless extended by the court to complete treatment as per section 609.135, subdivision 2, paragraph (h). If the veteran has previously received a stay of adjudication for a felony offense under this section, the court may in its discretion sentence consistent with this section or deny the use of this section on subsequent felony offenses. If the court denies a stay of adjudication on this basis, the court may sentence

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pursuant to the guidelines, application or waiver of statutory mandatory minimums, or	or a
departure pursuant to subdivision 2, paragraph (d).	

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- (d) Upon violation of a condition of the probation, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided by law, including sentencing pursuant to the guidelines, application or waiver of statutory mandatory minimums, or a departure pursuant to subdivision 2, paragraph (d).
- (e) As a condition of probation, the court may order the defendant to attend a local, state, federal, or private nonprofit treatment program for a period not to exceed that period which the defendant would have served in state prison or county jail, provided the court determines that an appropriate treatment program exists. Pursuant to section 609.135, subdivision 2, paragraph (h), the court may extend an offender's probation if the offender has not completed court-ordered treatment.
- (f) The court, in making an order under this section to order a defendant to attend an 149.13 established treatment program, shall give preference to a treatment program that has a history 149.14 of successfully treating veterans who suffer from sexual trauma, traumatic brain injury, 149.15 posttraumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, or mental health conditions as a result of 149.16 that service, including but not limited to programs operated by the United States Department 149.17 of Defense or Veterans Affairs. If an appropriate treatment provider is not available in the 149.18 offender's county of residence or public funding is not available, the Minnesota Department 149.19 of Veterans Affairs shall coordinate with the United States Department of Veterans Affairs 149.20 to locate an appropriate treatment program and sources to fund the cost of the offender's 149.21 participation in the program. 149.22
 - (g) The court and the assigned treatment program shall, when available, collaborate with the county veterans service officer and the United States Department of Veterans Affairs to maximize benefits and services provided to the veteran.
 - (h) If available in the county or judicial district having jurisdiction over the case, the defendant may be supervised by the veterans treatment court program under subdivision 3. If there is a veterans treatment court that meets the requirements of subdivision 3 in the county in which the defendant resides or works, supervision of the defendant may be transferred to that county or judicial district veterans treatment court program. If the defendant successfully completes the veterans treatment court program in the supervising jurisdiction, that jurisdiction shall sentence the defendant under this section. If the defendant is unsuccessful in the veterans treatment court program, the defendant's supervision shall be returned to the jurisdiction that initiated the transfer for standard sentencing.

150.1	(i) Sentencing pursuant to this section waives any right to administrative review pursuant
150.2	to section 169A.53, subdivision 1, or judicial review pursuant to section 169A.53, subdivision
150.3	2, for a license revocation or cancellation imposed pursuant to section 169A.52, and also
150.4	waives any right to administrative review pursuant to section 171.177, subdivision 10, or
150.5	judicial review pursuant to section 171.177, subdivision 11, for a license revocation or
150.6	cancellation imposed pursuant to section 171.177, if that license revocation or cancellation
150.7	is the result of the same incident that is being sentenced.
150.8	Subd. 2. Restorative justice for military veterans; dismissal of charges. (a) It is in
150.9	the interest of justice to restore a defendant who acquired a criminal record due to a mental
150.10	health condition stemming from service in the United States military to the community of
150.11	law-abiding citizens. The restorative provisions of this subdivision apply to cases in which
150.12	a court monitoring the defendant's performance of probation under this section finds by
150.13	clear and convincing evidence at a public hearing, held after not less than 15 days' notice
150.14	to the prosecution, the defense, and any victim of the offense, that all of the following
150.15	describe the defendant:
150.16	(1) the defendant was granted probation and was a person eligible under subdivision 1
150.17	at the time that probation was granted;
150.18	(2) the defendant is in compliance with the conditions of that probation;
150.19	(3) the defendant has successfully completed court-ordered treatment and services to
150.20	address the sexual trauma, traumatic brain injury, posttraumatic stress disorder, substance
150.21	abuse, or mental health conditions stemming from military service;
150.22	(4) the defendant does not present a danger to the health and safety of others including
150.23	any victims; and
150.24	(5) the defendant has demonstrated significant benefit from court-ordered education,
150.25	treatment, or rehabilitation to clearly show that granting restorative relief pursuant to this
150.26	subdivision would be in the interest of justice.
150.27	(b) When determining whether granting restorative relief under this subdivision is in
150.28	the interest of justice, the court may consider, among other factors, all of the following:
150.29	(1) the defendant's completion and degree of participation in education, treatment, and
150.30	rehabilitation as ordered by the court;
150.31	(2) the defendant's progress in formal education;
150.32	(3) the defendant's development of career potential;

151.1	(4) the defendant's leadership and personal responsibility efforts;
151.2	(5) the defendant's contribution of service in support of the community;
151.3	(6) the level of harm to the community from the offense; and
151.4	(7) the level of harm to the victim from the offense with the court's determination of
151.5	harm guided by the factors for evaluating injury and loss contained in the applicable victim's
151.6	rights provisions of chapter 611A.
151.7	(c) If the court finds that a case satisfies each of the requirements described in paragraph
151.8	(a), then upon expiration of the period of probation the court shall discharge the defendant
151.9	and dismiss the proceedings against that defendant. Discharge and dismissal under this
151.10	subdivision shall be without court adjudication of guilt. The court shall maintain a public
151.11	record of the discharge and dismissal.
151.12	(d) If the court finds that a defendant placed on probation under subdivision 1 does not
151.13	satisfy each of the requirements described in paragraph (a), the court shall enter an
151.14	adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided by law, including sentencing pursuant
151.15	to the guidelines, application or waiver of statutory mandatory minimums, or a departure
151.16	pursuant to paragraph (e).
151.17	(e) If the charge to which the defendant entered a plea of guilty is listed under subdivision
151.18	1, paragraph (a), and is for an offense that is a presumptive commitment to state
151.19	imprisonment, the court may use the factors of paragraph (a) to justify a dispositional
151.20	departure or any appropriate sentence, including the application or waiver of statutory
151.21	mandatory minimums. If the court finds that paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (5), factors, the
151.22	defendant is presumed amenable to probation.
151.23	(f) This subdivision does not apply to an offense for which registration is required under
151.24	section 243.166, subdivision 1b, a crime of violence as defined in section 624.712,
151.25	subdivision 5, or a gross misdemeanor or felony-level domestic violence offense.
151.26	Subd. 3. Optional veterans treatment court program; procedures for eligible
151.27	defendants. (a) A county or judicial district may supervise probation under this section
151.28	through a veterans treatment court using county veterans service officers appointed under
151.29	sections 197.60 to 197.606, United States Department of Veterans Affairs veterans justice
151.30	outreach specialists, probation agents, and any other rehabilitative resources available to
151.31	the court.
151.32	(b) "Veterans treatment court program" means a program that has the following essential
151.33	characteristics:

152.1	(1) the integration of services in the processing of cases in the judicial system;				
152.2	(2) the use of a nonadversarial approach involving prosecutors and defense attorneys to				
152.3	promote public safety and to protect the due process rights of program participants;				
152.4	(3) early identification and prompt placement of eligible participants in the program;				
152.5	(4) access to a continuum of alcohol, controlled substance, mental health, and other				
152.6	related treatment and rehabilitative services;				
152.7	(5) careful monitoring of treatment and services provided to program participants;				
152.8	(6) a coordinated strategy to govern program responses to participants' compliance;				
152.9	(7) ongoing judicial interaction with program participants;				
152.10	(8) monitoring and evaluation of program goals and effectiveness;				
152.11	(9) continuing interdisciplinary education to promote effective program planning,				
152.12	implementation, and operations;				
152.13	(10) development of partnerships with public agencies and community organizations,				
152.14	including the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; and				
152.15	(11) inclusion of a participant's family members who agree to be involved in the treatment				
152.16	and services provided to the participant under the program.				
152.17	Subd. 4. Creation of county and city diversion programs; authorization. Any county				
152.18	or city may establish and operate a veterans pretrial diversion program for offenders eligible				
152.19	under subdivision 1 without penalty under section 477A.0175. "Pretrial diversion" means				
152.20	the decision of a prosecutor to refer an offender to a diversion program on condition that				
152.21	the criminal charges against the offender shall be dismissed after a specified period of time,				
152.22	or the case shall not be charged, if the offender successfully completes the program of				
152.23	treatment recommended by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or a local,				
152.24	state, federal, or private nonprofit treatment program.				
152.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021.				
152.26	Sec. 12. REVISOR INSTRUCTION.				
152.27	The revisor of statutes must renumber the provisions of Minnesota Statutes listed in				
152.28	column A to the references listed in column B. The revisor must also make necessary				
152.29	cross-reference changes in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules consistent with the				
152.30	renumbering.				

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153.1	Column A		Column B		
153.2	197.791, subdivisio	197.791, subdivision 5a		197.791, subdivision 6	
153.3	197.791, subdivisio	197.791, subdivision 5b		197.791, subdivision 7	
153.4	197.791, subdivisio	<u>n 6</u>	197.791, subdiv	ision 8	

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S1831-2

3.972 AUDITS OF AGENCIES.

- Subd. 2c. **Audits of the Department of Transportation.** The legislative auditor must audit, as resources permit, the programs and services administered by the Department of Transportation.
- Subd. 2d. **Audits of the Department of Public Safety.** The legislative auditor must audit, as resources permit, the programs and services administered by the Department of Public Safety.

16E.0466 STATE AGENCY TECHNOLOGY PROJECTS.

- Subdivision 1. **Consultation required.** (a) Every state agency with an information or telecommunications project must consult with the Office of MN.IT Services to determine the information technology cost of the project. Upon agreement between the commissioner of a particular agency and the chief information officer, the agency must transfer the information technology cost portion of the project to the Office of MN.IT Services. Service level agreements must document all project-related transfers under this section. Those agencies specified in section 16E.016, paragraph (d), are exempt from the requirements of this section.
- (b) Notwithstanding section 16A.28, subdivision 3, any unexpended operating balance appropriated to a state agency may be transferred to the information and telecommunications technology systems and services account for the information technology cost of a specific project, subject to the review of the Legislative Advisory Commission, under section 16E.21, subdivision 3.

16E.05 GOVERNMENT INFORMATION ACCESS.

- Subd. 3. **Capital investment.** No state agency may propose or implement a capital investment plan for a state office building unless:
- (1) the agency has developed a plan for increasing telecommuting by employees who would normally work in the building, or the agency has prepared a statement describing why such a plan is not practicable; and
 - (2) the plan or statement has been reviewed by the office.

16E.071 E-GOVERNMENT ADVISORY COUNCIL.

Subdivision 1. **E-Government Advisory Council established.** The E-Government Advisory Council is established for the purpose of improving online government information services to citizens and businesses.

- Subd. 2. Membership. The council shall consist of nine members as follows:
- (1) the state chief information officer or the chief information officer's designee;
- (2) one public member appointed by the speaker of the house;
- (3) one public member appointed by the senate Subcommittee on Committees of the Rules and Administration Committee;
- (4) five members appointed by the governor representing state executive branch agencies that are actively involved with private businesses, the private business community, or the public; and
- (5) one member appointed by the governor who is knowledgeable in public access to government data.
- Subd. 3. **Initial appointments and first meeting.** Appointing authorities shall make the first appointments to the council by September 1, 2013. The first member appointed by the speaker of the house shall serve until the first Monday in January 2015. The governor shall designate three initial appointees to serve until the first Monday in January 2015. The term of the other three initial appointees of the governor and the first member appointed by the senate shall be until the first Monday in January 2017. The chief information officer or the chief information officer's designee shall convene the council's first meeting by November 1, 2013, and shall act as chair until the council elects a chair at its first meeting.
- Subd. 4. **Terms; removal; vacancies; compensation.** Membership terms, removal of member, and filling of vacancies are as provided in section 15.059, except that members shall not receive compensation or be reimbursed for expenses and except that terms of initial appointees are as provided in subdivision 3.
 - Subd. 5. Chair. The council shall annually elect a chair from its members.

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S1831-2

- Subd. 6. **Duties.** The council shall recommend to the office the priority of North Star projects and online government information services to be developed and supported by convenience fee receipts. The council shall provide oversight on the convenience fee and its receipts in the North Star account. The council shall by majority quorum vote to recommend to approve or disapprove establishing the convenience fee on particular types of transactions, the fee amount, and any changes in the fee amount. If the convenience fee receipts are retained by or transferred to the private entity in lieu of deposit in the North Star account, the council may audit the private entity's convenience fee receipts, expenses paid by the receipts, and associated financial statements.
 - Subd. 7. **Staff.** The office shall provide administrative support to the council.
 - Subd. 8. Sunset. The council shall expire the first Monday in January 2017.
- Subd. 9. **Reports.** By June 1, 2014, and every year thereafter, the council shall report to the office with its recommendations regarding establishing the convenience fee, the fee amount, and changes to the fee amount.

16E.145 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY APPROPRIATION.

An appropriation for a state agency information and telecommunications technology project must be made to the chief information officer. The chief information officer must manage and disburse the appropriation on behalf of the sponsoring state agency. Any appropriation for an information and telecommunications technology project made to a state agency other than the Office of MN.IT Services is transferred to the chief information officer.

1160.03 CORPORATION; BOARD OF DIRECTORS; POWERS.

- Subd. 9. Contributions to public officials; disclosure. Each director shall file a statement with the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board disclosing the nature, amount, date, and recipient of any contribution made to a public official, political committee, political fund, or political party, as defined in chapter 10A, that:
- (1) was made within the four years preceding appointment to the Enterprise Minnesota, Inc. board; and
 - (2) was subject to the reporting requirements of chapter 10A.

The statement must be updated annually during the director's term to reflect contributions made to public officials during the appointed director's tenure.

116O.04 CORPORATE PERSONNEL.

- Subd. 3. Contributions to public officials; disclosure. The president shall file a statement with the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board disclosing the nature, amount, date, and recipient of any contribution made to a public official which:
- (1) was made within the four years preceding employment with the Enterprise Minnesota, Inc. board; and
 - (2) was subject to the reporting requirements of chapter 10A.

The statement must be updated annually during the president's employment to reflect contributions made to public officials during the president's tenure.

135A.17 PROVISIONS TO FACILITATE VOTING.

Subd. 2. **Residential housing list.** All postsecondary institutions that enroll students accepting state or federal financial aid may prepare a current list of students enrolled in the institution and residing in the institution's housing or within ten miles of the institution's campus. The list shall include each student's current address. The list shall be certified and sent to the appropriate county auditor or auditors for use in election day registration as provided under section 201.061, subdivision 3. A residential housing list provided under this subdivision may not be used or disseminated by a county auditor or the secretary of state for any other purpose.

155A.23 DEFINITIONS.

Subd. 2. **Board.** "Board" means the Board of Cosmetologist Examiners.

201.061 REGISTRATION ON OR BEFORE ELECTION DAY.

Subd. 7. **Record of attempted registrations.** The election judge responsible for election day registration shall attempt to keep a record of the number of individuals who attempt to register on

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election day but who cannot provide proof of residence as required by this section. The record shall be forwarded to the county auditor with the election returns for that precinct.

204C.12 CHALLENGES TO VOTERS; PENALTY.

Subd. 3. **Determination of residence.** In determining the legal residence of a challenged individual, the election judges shall be governed by the principles contained in section 200.031. If the challenged individual's answers to the questions show ineligibility to vote in that precinct, the individual shall not be allowed to vote. If the individual has marked ballots but not yet deposited them in the ballot boxes before the election judges determine ineligibility to vote in that precinct, the marked ballots shall be placed unopened with the spoiled ballots. If the answers to the questions fail to show that the individual is not eligible to vote in that precinct and the challenge is not withdrawn, the election judges shall verbally administer the oath on the voter certificate to the individual. After taking the oath and completing and signing the voter certificate, the challenged individual shall be allowed to vote.