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SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

S.F. No. 1015

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DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS		
02/15/2021	393	Introduction and first reading		
		Referred to Energy and Utilities Finance and Policy		
03/24/2022	5626	Withdrawn and re-referred to Finance		

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3	relating to energy; establishing a process to compensate businesses for loss of business opportunity resulting from sale and closure of a biomass energy plant.
1.4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.5	Section 1. BIOMASS BUSINESS COMPENSATION.
1.6	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
1.7	the meanings given.
1.8	(b) "Biomass plant" means the biomass plant identified under Minnesota Statutes, section
1.9	116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (f).
1.10	(c) "Early termination" means the early termination of the power purchase agreement
1.11	authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.2424, subdivision 9, with the biomass
1.12	<u>plant.</u>
1.13	(d) "Operating income" means a business's revenue minus its operating expenses.
1.14	Subd. 2. Office of Administrative Hearings; claims process. (a) The chief
1.15	administrative law judge of the Office of Administrative Hearings must assign an
1.16	administrative law judge to administer a claims award process to compensate businesses
1.17	negatively affected by the early termination. The chief administrative law judge may develop
1.18	a process, prescribe forms, identify documentation affected businesses must submit with
1.19	claims, and issue awards to eligible businesses consistent with this section. The process
1.20	must allow, but not require, an authorized representative from each business that applies
1.21	for compensation to appear in person before the assigned administrative law judge to provide
1.22	evidence in support of the business's claim.

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2.1	(b) The chief administrative law judge may contract with and use the services of financial
2.2	or other consultants to examine financial documentation presented by claimants or otherwise
2.3	assist in the evaluation and award of claims.
2.4	(c) Records submitted to the Office of Administrative Hearings as part of the claims
2.5	process constitute business data under Minnesota Statutes, section 13.591.
2.6	(d) An award made under this section is final and is not subject to judicial review.
2.7	(e) An award made under this section does not constitute an admission of liability by
2.8	the state for any damages or other losses suffered by a business affected by the early
2.9	termination.
2.10	Subd. 3. Eligibility. To be eligible for an award of compensation, an affected business
2.11	must meet the following criteria:
2.12	(1) as of May 1, 2017, the affected business was operating under the terms of a valid
2.13	written contract, or an oral contract that is sufficiently supported by business records, with
2.14	the company operating the biomass plant or the fertilizer plant integrated with the biomass
2.15	plant to supply or manage material for, or receive material from, the biomass plant or the
2.16	fertilizer plant integrated with the biomass plant;
2.17	(2) the affected business is located in the state; and
2.18	(3) as the result of the early termination, the affected business suffered:
2.19	(i) decreased operating income; or
2.20	(ii) the loss of value of investments in real or personal property essential to its business
2.21	operations with the biomass plant.
2.22	Subd. 4. Types of claims. (a) An eligible business may make claims for a compensation
2.23	award based on either or both:
2.24	(1) decreased operating income; or
2.25	(2) the loss of value of investments in real or personal property essential to its business
2.26	operations with the biomass plant.
2.27	(b) To establish and quantify a claim for decreased operating income, an eligible business
2.28	<u>must:</u>
2.29	(1) demonstrate its operating income over the past five years derived from supplying or
2.30	managing material for, or receiving material from, the biomass plant;

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3.1	(2) presen	t evidence of any	alternative busin	ess opportunities it has pu	rsued or could
3.2	pursue to mit	igate the loss of re	venue from the t	ermination of its contract	with the biomass
3.3	plant; and				
3.4	(3) demor	nstrate the amount	that the business	's annual operating incom	e, including
3.5	operating inc	ome from any alte	ernative business	opportunities, after the ter	mination of the
3.6	business's cor	ntract with the bion	mass plant is less	than the five-year average	of the business's
3.7	annual operat	ting income before	e the early termin	ation.	
3.8	(c) To esta	ablish and quantif	y a loss of value	of investments in real or p	ersonal property
3.9	<u>claim, an elig</u>	tible business mus	t provide sufficie	ent evidence of:	
3.10	(1) the ess	ential nature of the	e investment mad	le in the property to fulfill	the contract with
3.11	the biomass p	olant;			
3.12	(2) the ext	tent to which the e	ligible business is	s able to repurpose the pro-	perty for another
3.13	productive us	e after the early ter	mination, includi	ng but not limited to the us	se, sales, salvage,
3.14	or scrap value	e of the property f	or which the loss	is claimed; and	
3.15	(3) the val	lue of the eligible	business's nonde	preciated investment in th	e property.
3.16	<u>Subd. 5.</u> I	Limitations on aw	v ards. (a) A com	pensation award for a dec	reased operating
3.17	income claim	must not exceed	the amount calcu	lated under subdivision 4,	, paragraph (b),
3.18	clause (3), m	ultiplied by two.			
3.19	(b) The us	se, sales, salvage,	or scrap value of	the property for which a l	oss is claimed
3.20	must be dedu	cted from a comp	ensation award for	or a loss of value of invest	ments in real or
3.21	personal prop	perty claim.			
3.22	<u>(c)</u> A payı	ment received from	n business interr	uption insurance policies,	settlements, or
3.23	other forms o	f compensation re	lated to the term	ination of the business's co	ontract with the
3.24	biomass plant	t must be deducted	l from any compe	ensation award provided un	nder this section.
3.25	<u>Subd. 6.</u>	Priority. The chief	f administrative l	aw judge may give priorit	y to claims by
3.26	eligible busin	esses that demons	strate a significan	t effort to pursue alternati	ve business
3.27	opportunities	or to conduct othe	er loss mitigation	efforts to reduce its claim	ed losses related
3.28	to the termina	ation of its contrac	et with the compa	ny operating the biomass	plant.
3.29	<u>Subd. 7.</u>	Awarding claims.	If the amount pr	ovided for compensation i	n the biomass
3.30	business com	pensation account	established unde	er section 2 is insufficient t	o fully award all
3.31	claims eligibl	e for an award, all	awards must be	adjusted proportionally ba	used on the value
3.32	of the claim.				

Subd. 8. Deadlines. The chief administrative law judge must make the application 4.1 process for eligible claims available by August 1, 2021. A business seeking an award under 4.2 4.3 this section must file all claims with the chief administrative law judge within 60 days of the date the chief administrative law judge makes the application process for eligible claims 4.4 available. All preliminary awards on eligible claims must be made within 120 days of the 4.5 deadline date to file claims. Any requests to reconsider an award denial must be filed with 4.6 the chief administrative law judge within 60 days of the notice date for preliminary awards. 4.7 All final awards for eligible claims must be made within 60 days of the deadline date to file 4.8 reconsideration requests. The commissioner of management and budget must pay all awarded 4.9 claims within 45 days of the date the commissioner of management and budget receives 4.10 notice of the final awards from the chief administrative law judge. 4.11 Subd. 9. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2023. 4.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 4.13 Sec. 2. BIOMASS BUSINESS COMPENSATION ACCOUNT. 4.14 Subdivision 1. Account established. A biomass business compensation account is 4.15 established as a separate account in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. 4.16 Appropriations and transfers to the account must be credited to the account. Earnings, such 4.17 as interest, and any other earnings arising from the assets of the account are credited to the 4.18 account. Funds remaining in the account as of December 31, 2023, must be transferred to 4.19 4.20 the renewable development account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779.

4.21 Subd. 2. Funding for the special account. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 4.22 <u>116C.779</u>, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), on July 1, 2021, \$20,000,000, and on July 1, 2022, 4.23 \$20,000,000 must be transferred from the renewable development account under Minnesota 4.24 Statutes, section 116C.779, to the biomass business compensation account established under 4.25 subdivision 1. The transferred funds are appropriated to pay eligible obligations under the 4.26 biomass business compensation program established under section 1.

4.27 Subd. 3. Payment of expenses. The chief administrative law judge must certify to the 4.28 commissioner of management and budget the total costs incurred to administer the biomass 4.29 business compensation claims process. The commissioner of management and budget must 4.30 transfer an amount equal to the certified costs incurred for biomass business compensation 4.31 claim activities from the renewable development account under Minnesota Statutes, section 4.32 116C.779, and deposit it in the administrative hearings account under Minnesota Statutes, 4.33 section 14.54. Transfers may occur quarterly throughout the fiscal year and must be based

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5.1	on quarterly cos	t and revenue repo	rts, with final certifica	ation and reconciliation	on after each

- 5.2 <u>fiscal year.</u> The total amount transferred under this subdivision must not exceed \$200,000.
- 5.3 Subd. 4. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2023.
- 5.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.